

Cooperstown Courier.

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THE COURIER.

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By Ed. D. STAIR.

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Official Paper of Griggs County

LOCAL LAONICS.

—Wheat is coming on finely.
—C. A. Renwick, of Hope, was in town Monday.
—A few farmers have already commenced backsetting.
—Farmers are chuckling over crop prospects, and well they may.
—Holiday Bros.' new office has been undergoing a coat of fresh paint.
—Stevens & Enger now have their hay and stock scales in running order.
—The Muir & Christie building shows indications of a very tasty front, when completed.
—The mail between Cooperstown and Mardell now leaves this place Friday afternoons.
—Fred. Sabin, the invincible land attorney, spent three days of the present week in Fargo.
—Government surveyors are now at work in town 148, range 60, to the great satisfaction of numerous settlers.
—Boyum & Holland received another car load of farm machinery this week, and continue to whoop things up in their line.
—When it comes to crops Griggs county gets there; in fact she can double discount any pretending rival and win the game.
—Buchheit Bros. report a good trade in the farm machinery line. They are rustlers and get no more business than merited.
—The Courier is looking for an unknown curiosity in the shape of a man who ever settled in Griggs county and regretted it.
—H. H. Wasem, the leading merchant of Hope, dined at the Merrill House yesterday. Cooperstown's solidity rather astonished him.
—The Hillsboro Banner calls loudly for the establishment of a meat market at that place, and assures some man a bonanza business.
—The Willow Lake region has this week been honored by a visit from no less a person than the genial F. C. Holmes, our "member" from Connecticut.
—An overcoat that "strayed" into Manly Davis' stables has been left at this office for the claimant, who can obtain the same by calling and "proving up."
—The house of James Bothwell in 146, 60, was struck by lightning during last Thursday's storm. Several of the family were shocked, though not seriously injured.
—Thieving has been exceedingly numerous in these parts of late. A necktie social may yet have to be resorted to in order to put a quietus to this kind of business.
—How about a base ball club in Cooperstown? Are the boys going to let the organization of one go by default when we have such good timber for an excellent nine.
—A. B. Kent, G. H. Gray and A. R. McDonald surprised their old friends at this place last Saturday by their return from Devil's Lake. They report things as lively up there.
—The great Cooper farm will probably yield an average of twenty bushels of No. 1 Hard per acre, which is not so bad for an "off" year. Griggs county soil is the stuff and no denying that.
—If this cool weather continues there is no telling how great the wheat yield will be. Such favorable weather for grain has never been excelled, and beats the calculations of our old timers.
—Mr. John Syverson, lately of St. Johns, this territory, has arrived in Cooperstown and comes to stay. He has accepted a position with Odegard & Thompson, the pioneer merchants.
—The Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain road has a new ticket collector and general "boss." The change is apparently a good one, for Mr. McClarion seems a competent, obliging man.
—J. M. Burrell, one of our bank proprietors, is now acting as cashier in the absence of Mr. Pickett, while Mr. Siegfried, who has had temporary charge, returns to his old position in the Barnes County Bank.

—The golden spike of the Sanborn & Cooperstown railroad will be driven upon completion of the road to this place. Miss Julia Cooper will pound the precious spike into its wooden bed.

—C. C. Phillippee, after a long round of continuous duty in superintending the construction of the hotel and institute building, took a "lay off" last Friday, and departed for Fargo and intermediate points.

—Two of the horses stolen at Sanborn last week were captured at Larimore by the officers, and also one of the thieves. These rascals should be severely dealt with, for they are getting most too numerous and bold.

—A half mile race course has been laid out on section nineteen, just east of town. The track will be put in good shape under charge of our local "sports," and then we may look for a little excitement on the turf.

—While in Sanborn Tuesday we noticed that Mrs. H. J. Curtiss had moved her millinery establishment to very spacious quarters on Third street, where she now displays a finely assorted stock as one could desire to see in her line.

—The Steele County Bank, a new and important institution of Hope, is represented in these columns by a card. A bank at Hope had become a pressing necessity to the public of that vicinity, and it will no doubt prosper abundantly.

—Two new towns are to be platted between Sanborn and Cooperstown on the Turtle Mountain road by the company, one at Daisy's and the other on Bald Creek. Grain warehouses, sidings, etc., will be supplied to each town at once.

—Miss Julia Cooper, of Chicago, is spending her second summer in Griggs county at the residence of her whole-souled uncle, "R. C." Miss Cooper can hardly realize the transformations that have taken place since she left here in September last.

—L. Ed. Davidson, editor of the Valley City Record, passed a few pleasant moments with the Courier scribe yesterday. In company with T. O. Scattebo and H. G. Horn, of the same place, he was enroute for Devil's Lake, whither they go for a few days recreation.

—We have seen the wheat fields of several counties since the last issue, and while crops are generally looking good, the yield in the vicinity of Cooperstown promises to fairly eclipse anything in North Dakota. Candid men must admit that Griggs county possesses some of the very best soil known.

—Hon. S. B. Dutcher, of Brooklyn, and a prominent figure in New York state politics, attended divine services in Cooperstown last Sunday. Mr. Dutcher is viewing for the first time this great Dakota wonderland and expresses especial satisfaction with a section of virgin soil he owns in Griggs county.

—The Carrington News man has been to Devil's Lake and tells a long tale in these few words: "There seems to be so little breaking done this season adjacent to the towns on the Devil's Lake, that there is a very poor prospect ahead of Grand Harbor, Devil's Lake City, etc., for a good business next year."

—The tracklayers on the S. C. & T. M. railway struck last Friday for better "hash." Supt. Fernald thought their action "not justifiable" and therefore gave each striker his time and now has a new force which he secured at Fargo. The strike interrupted business for a few days but the goose again hangs high.

—F. T. Caughey, a prominent grain dealer of Union City, Mich., and C. W. Shumway of the same town, were in town to see the sights and their old friend, D. T. Wilson, who steered them about both town and county. Mr. Caughey has great faith in the ultimate greatness of Dakota and invests his odd dollars accordingly.

—Persons patronizing papers, please pay promptly: the pecuniary prospects of the press possess peculiar power in pushing public prosperity. Pay the printer promptly; if promptly paying patrons his pocketbook plensh, printer puts pen to paper in peace, paints pictures of passing phases pleasantly, and people peruse his paper pleasantly.

—The many words of praise that have been piled upon the name of Cooperstown by visitors induces the assertion that you might as well try to make a graven image hear, or endeavor to play an accordion with buckskin mittens on, as to try to convince any man who has seen our town that it is to be other than a substantial, bustling little city.

Who are Lippitt, Leak & Co,

—F. J. Haynes, the famous Fargo photographer, started for Cooperstown last week, but missing connection at Sanborn he returned. After returning from his trip with the presidential party he will visit the great terminal town of Griggs and take views of our principal buildings, wheat fields, etc.

—Mr. J. B. Cooper, brother to Griggs county's R. C. Cooper, and an extensive fruit grower of California is in this place, the guest of the latter. Miss Caro Smith, of Delevan, Wis., a niece of Mr. Cooper, is also enjoying the bracing atmosphere of this county. Mr. Cooper is a man of extended experience and observation, therefore his opinion that Dakota must from virtue of her unparalleled resources and advantages become at an early period one of the greatest empires of the American Union, is of more than ordinary weight.

—The big elevator to be erected at this place by the Lenham E. & L. Co. is being framed at Sanborn ready for speedy erection upon arrival of the cars. The Company are making arrangements which they believe will enable them to pay at least five cents per bushel more for grain than can any buyer chained to the Millers' Association. Evidently the people of Cooperstown, and all other points where they may erect elevators, are in great luck, for what counts more for a town or vicinity than an unequalled wheat market?

—Crops all over North Dakota have braced up wonderfully since the damp weather commenced, but nowhere have they approached anything like a comparison with the excellent condition of the grain in Griggs county. Strong, deep loam with heavy clay subsoil has done wonders for crops hereaway this season, and close observers will more than ever appreciate the merits of good soil. Light soil does well enough in a favorable season, but when it comes to drouth—or freshets either—the soil of Griggs county captures the full crop.

—No candid man can enter Jamestown and take a good view of the city without thinking or exclaiming: "lovely, thrifty, substantial!" At least so thought President R. C. Cooper, of the S. C. & T. M. railroad and the Courier's apostle after they had been piloted about that city by genial Editor Burke. A very fine court house, just approaching completion attracted Mr. Cooper's especial attention and after he had looked the edifice through and learned that it cost but \$35,000 he at once gave out a standing offer of \$35,000 to any man who would erect a like building in Cooperstown. With two steam printing offices that each publish a daily, with her flour mill, planing mill, her railroad facilities, her grand location and her excellent class of intelligent, drive-ahead people, Jamestown prospers not beyond her merit.

—On Friday night of last week while D. T. Wilson and Dan. McDonald were making a survey of the railroad they discovered a horse thief running at a break-neck speed on the thousand-dollar pacer of our able physician, T. F. Kerr. The news was promptly spread and in less time than it takes to tell it Sheriff Johnson and a posse of less than thirty blood thirsty men was soon scouring the country for the thief and horse. But the excitement was so intense that this party of would-be lynchers were sure to take the opposite direction from that which the bold rascal was madly pursuing. Therefore, it has to be chronicled that after riding hard for nearly two days the vigilantes returned without their thief, but with the privilege of looking upon the gentle stolen pony as he peacefully stood eating in his stall. The horse had returned of his own accord, having been turned loose by the thief. Thus endeth the first horse-stealing lesson.

—We have spoken time and again with exultant pride of Cooperstown's magnificent hotel as it has reached its various stages of completion, and now that it is on the brink of being formally opened to an anxious public we must refer to it again. Mine host Fitch and his force have put in solid work since they arrived, one week ago, and the house now presents the appearance of a wealthy home, so elaborately carpeted and furnished is each room. The halls and every room in the house is covered with rich, heavy carpets, while none but the best of furniture is used. The parlors are especially fine, and it can be truthfully stated that no town in Dakota can boast of as handsomely and completely equipped a hotel as we have in our place. Mr. Fitch is evidently the right man in the correct place, and Cooperstown has reason to feel congratulated in securing him as her landlord. About the middle of next week it is expected the house will be in full running order.

THE COUNTY'S BACKBONE.

Results of the First Inventory of Griggs' Wealth.

One year ago Griggs county was organized, and the first assessment upon her valuables has just been made. The following report of the assessor is indeed flattering to a county scarcely old enough to toddle, and speaks volumes for the soil that has induced this remarkably lively settlement and improvement. The record shows up as follows:

Acres of land, assessed.....	\$ 211,985.00
Value of land assessed.....	894,443.00
Town lots, assessed.....	124,438.00
Value of mills.....	10,218.00
Number of houses.....	801
Value.....	70,382.04
Number mules.....	194
Value.....	19,660.00
Number of cattle.....	1,416
Value.....	44,536.00
Number of sheep.....	159
Value.....	572.00
Number Swine.....	116
Value.....	684.00
Number carriages.....	413
Value.....	12,623.00
Moneys and credits.....	3,250.00
Household furniture.....	78.00
All other property.....	48,806.00

Total valuation of all property in county, real and personal 1,238,576.00

As the assessment on property is scant two-thirds actual cash valuation the county possesses about \$2,000,000.00 in improvements. Can any "yearling" county of this or any other country make a better showing?

—Minneapolis is reported to ship annually beyond her local consumption, 1,650,870 barrels of flour.

—The leading produce markets report activity in wheat and flour with an advance in wheat. It is said the foreign advances indicate still further advance.

—I. L. Roche, late treasurer of Traill county, has resigned his position after first having made good an \$8,000.00 deficiency in his accounts. It is thought he has been made a fool by certain politicians.

—Carrington is suffering from the presence in goodly numbers of vile and degraded females. The bummelement has a strong hold in that place, and the News has its hands full to successfully advocate suppression of the vile dens.

—The report of Carrington's destruction by storm it appears was not accurate. An extra issued by the News reports the damage as light, the only buildings destroyed being the shabbily constructed shanties. Verily, Dakota is doomed to go without supplying material for a single cyclone disaster item.

—Jamestown Capital: Our lively neighboring city, Cooperstown, is preparing for a grand celebration when the first locomotive reaches the town. They have chosen the Fargo silver-tongue, Col. Pat. Donan, as orator. La Moure established a most excellent precedent for Hope or Larimore or Carrington to follow in this case. Can't somebody steal him?

—Peek's Sun asks the editors of the Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois papers why they do not switch off some of their cyclones and tornadoes into Dakota. It will be time enough for that when Dakota is admitted into the union. South Dakota is progressing in that direction.

—A very sad casualty was the death by lightning on Monday of Rev. E. Prindle and his son-in-law H. M. Covell, of Sanborn. The men were lathing in a new house being erected by Mr. Covill when a discharge of atmospheric electricity struck the building, shattering it considerably and instantly killing both men. Mrs. Prindle was sitting upon some staging not five feet from the men, but escaped unharmed, save a severe shock.

—Salt for sale by the barrel at Whidden Bros., and one car load in transit will be sold low at depot on arrival.

—Paints and Oils of all kinds at Odegard & Thompson's.

—Wall Paper and House Lining for sale at Whidden Bros.

—I have a large quantity of lime for sale. S. A. Wood, Willow, D. T.

—"Casady" Sulkys at Holiday Bros.

—Campbell & Sabin make loans on FINAL PROOF.

—On arrival of the cars Whidden Bros. will offer a car load of Flour at lower rates than any ever sold in Cooperstown, quality considered.

—Ladies' and Gents' fine dress shoes in great array at Odegard & Thompson's. Call and inspect.

Best brand of canned goods just opening at Whidden Bros.

—A good office on ground floor for rent. Apply to David Bartlett.

—Chew and smoke the celebrated "Golden Seal" tobacco for sale by Whidden Bros.

—The office of Byron Andrus will remain at the old stand where he will be pleased to see his old customers. 24

—The latest crop report made up by the authorities in the east, puts wheat at 98 per cent. of a crop in Dakota, 28 in Indiana and 35 in Illinois. That is probably not far out of the way.

—Raw and boiled Linsseed Oil at Odegard & Thompson's.

—Have you found out who Lippitt, Leak & Co. are?

—A few Baby Carriages for sale at Whidden Bros.

—Look out for a car load of salt at Odegard & Thompson's.

—"Champion" Mowers at Holiday Bros.

—Examine the "Champion" Binder; the most durable machine made. Holiday Bros.

—A car load of plows must be sold within the next few days by Geo. Morrison, and they are being offered at actual cost. Catch on at once. Next to Davis' livery.

—I am now prepared to furnish money on final proofs at the most reasonable rates obtainable. WM. GLASS, Attorney and Loan Agent. 25

—Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros.

—Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros.

—That Vermont Maple Syrup at Odegard & Thompson's is fine.

—Everybody buys those juicy Lemons from Whidden Bros.

—Oxen bought and sold at Odegard & Thompson's.

—The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains.

—Holiday Bros. have the finest line of Machinery handled by any one firm in the golden Northwest.

—Soda Water and Ice Cream at Odegard & Thompson's.

Good Span of Horses,
In good flesh and weighing 2900, for sale. Enquire at this office. 26-2

Celebrated Fargo Flour.
A car load just received at Odegard & Thompson's.

DAVID BARTLETT,
Attorney & Counsellor
AT LAW.
COOPERSTOWN, D. T.
Temporary Office in the COURIER Building, Lenham Ave.

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Physician and Surgeon!
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LAW AND LAND OFFICE.
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Final Proof a Specialty.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Official Surgeon for N. P. R. R. Co. Office over Barnes Co. Bank, SANBORN, D. T.

BYRON ANDRUS,
Law and Real Estate,
COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.
Special attention given to business before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo. Farm Lands and Town Lots bought and sold on commission.

COOPERSTOWN LOTS!
For sale at first hands.

G. F. NEWELL, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon!
Corner of Lenham Ave. and Tenth St.,
Cooperstown, Dakota.

HAS A FULL LINE OF—
PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET GOODS
and STATIONERY.
Will examine and prescribe for patients, compound prescriptions and practice surgery generally.

Cooperstown Courier.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAY.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

GOSSIP FROM WASHINGTON.

By direction of secretary of the interior, a party under John H. Renshaw will leave Washington in a few days, en route for the Yellowstone National park, to make a topographic survey of the park. Another party under Arnold Hague, will make a geological survey of the park. It is now settled that the president will start on his contemplated trip to the Yellowstone valley about the 1st of August next if nothing should occur to interfere with his present plans. The arrangement for the trip are in the hands of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan. The party will number about ten persons and be gone five or six weeks. The president will join Gen. Sheridan and other members of the party at Chicago. It is proposed to go direct to Yellowstone with as few stops as possible. The president has abandoned all idea of visiting Newport.

The navy department was thrown into a state of high excitement on the 11th by the appearance of a very pretty young girl named Mamie Roe. She wore a wide belt in which she displayed significantly a large pistol and a bowie knife. "I am looking for a clerk," she said, "and if I find the villain I will kill him on sight." She showed determination and was anxious to find the individual, whose name she would not divulge. After roaming about awhile Mamie was finally induced to give up her weapons and leave the building. The navy department clerks are anxious to find out who the lamb is that Mamie wants to slaughter.

The war department has received a communication from ex-Paymaster Wasson, relating to his membership in the Army Mutual Aid association. He says: "My dues in the organization have been paid up to next December, and in justice to my family I hope if I am dropped it will not be until after that time." The communication will be read to the committee at the next meeting. It is hinted by some that Wasson premeditates suicide while in prison, as the above association only disburse upon the death of a member, and he wants to make sure of the money before he commits the act.

Postmaster General Gresham has forwarded to the postmasters of New Orleans and New York copies of his decision in the lottery case, together with orders directing those postmasters to discontinue the delivery of money orders or registered packages to agents of the Louisiana Lottery company. Counsel for the lottery company has submitted to the postmaster general the question as to whether, under his recent decision, registered letters addressed to the agent in Washington could be withheld. This question the postmaster general has not yet decided.

A large delegation of leading Georgia republicans arrived in the city recently, for the sole purpose of securing the scalp of General Longstreet. They want it, and judging from the way they talk they want it badly. Just what Gen. Longstreet has done to offend these wire pullers in his party, nobody seems to know, though the visitors boast that they have enough against his official head to more than warrant the president in cutting it off.

A circular of instruction is being prepared at the internal revenue bureau, for the guidance of collectors, with reference to the liability of biters to tax as a beverage. The collectors will be instructed to assess the dealers and rectifiers with regard solely to the actual use to which the biters are put. A raid will be made upon Hostetter, Plantation, Rock and Rye, Kidney Gin, Strickland's compounds, and all such medicated drinks.

Mr. Sherman is a member of the committee to revise the rules of the senate. He says there will be no general meeting of the committee to consider the subject until October, when sessions will probably be held in Washington. In the meantime Chairman Frye and one or two other members of the committee will confer together, and arrange business for the full committee.

Alexander Rivers, of Virginia, United States district judge, retired, has written a letter to the president denouncing the Mahone coalition, and reminding him of the fate of vice presidents who, after getting into the White house, betrayed their party friends. Rivers is a republican, and has been a readjuster.

In accordance with the resolution of congress directing the president to notify the British government of the termination of certain articles of the treaty of May 1871, relating to the fishery question, the British government has been so notified, and these articles will terminate July 2, 1885.

Postmaster General Gresham has been the recipient of numerous congratulatory dispatches from the soldier element for appointing Miss Van Lew, late postmistress at Richmond, Va., to a position in the post-office department.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

D. K. Smith, who lately resigned the superintendency of the Northern division of the Manitoba, to accept a position with the Union Pacific, had been appointed superintendent of the South Park division of the latter road, with headquarters at Como, Colo. Mr. Smith succeeds G. W. Evans, resigned. No one has yet been appointed to fill the vacancy in the Manitoba, but it is generally expected that E. Ryder, late of the Minneapolis & St. Louis will receive the appointment.

It is rumored that the Chicago & Northwestern railway will swallow the Green Bay, Winona & St. Paul railroad at an early day; and it is said an order for its purchase has already been given. The bonded debt of the Green Bay road is \$5,400,000, and the floating debt \$480,000. The line is 208 miles long, with two short branches.

A meeting of the general managers of the Northwestern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Rock Island & Pacific and Northern Pacific roads is so held in Chicago, at an early date, for the purpose of conferring together with regard to arrangements for through traffic to the Pacific coast from connecting lines with the Northern Pacific.

According to the Railroad Gazette the five months of the current year, to the end of May, show a total of 720 railroad accidents, 183 killed and 713 injured; a monthly average of 144 accidents, 37 killed and 143 injured. The month of May was considerably below the average for the year.

GENERAL NEWS GOSSIP.

In compliance with instructions from Gen. Sheridan's headquarters, orders have been issued directing Capt. J. N. Wheelan, Second Cavalry, to march with his troop from Fort Custer, Mont., by wagon road to the vicinity of Mammoth springs, in the Yellowstone National park, in season to arrive there and establish the command in camp by the 8th of next month. Besides the necessary wagon transportation for the camp equipages, ten pack mules will be sent from Fort Custer.

A number of dissatisfied couples had their matrimonial bonds dissolved in court at Chicago, on the 7th. Mrs. Henrietta Somerville's husband had for a year past, according to the lady's story, been in the habit of spitting tobacco juice in her face, blackening her eye, and otherwise abusing her. Witnesses were brought forward to show that Somerville's ill-treatment of his wife had been continuous almost since their marriage, which took place in St. Paul in 1877.

A jury in Chicago found a eleven-year-old girl named Lulu Lanib to be a dependent and fit to be sent to the industrial school. Later it was found she was an heiress having a grandmother in possession of a \$20,000 Colorado farm, and Mr. T. W. Harvey has in his possession \$5,000 to which the girl is said to be entitled.

Dr. Dawley of Antigo, Wis., wrote morphine by mistake for quinine in a prescription, and killed his patient, a Bohemian boy, recently. There is great excitement at Antigo among the Bohemians, and threats of violence are made. It is not thought that Dawley will be prosecuted.

George Purcell found a middle-aged woman recently, wandering around in the woods near Mount Holly, Ky., perfectly nude. It is claimed that she is the woman who, a year ago, confessed the murder of her infant while a patient at the city hospital at Louisville.

Ex-Senator Tabor of Colorado denies the rumor that he paid \$5,000 to Architect Hill to secure the location of the Denver post-office buildings. He states he never had any dealings with Hill, except in the most public manner.

A Washington correspondent says Mary Clemmer Ames and her new husband, Edward Hudson, look like a benignant old aunt and her nephew, her husband being many years the younger of the two.

The Georgia legislature has a bill pending to prohibit marriages with Chinese. It is said there isn't a Chinaman in the state. The one that was at Waynesboro was driven out after marrying a white girl.

Five of the old Minnesota bonds, which were held by the Thompson estate, but lost in transit by rail, were adjusted by the state auditor recently. The accrued interest on each was about \$800.

The cost of keeping in first-class style a horse and carriage in New York city is from \$40 to \$45 a month.

Braintree estimates the total wheat crop at 443,360,000 bushels.

The New Hampshire senatorship is still floundering.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

Two young roughs, Billy Herber and another, whose name is unknown, stole two horses from the livery stable of Hudson & Planding, at Aberdeen, Dak., and started for the Missouri river west. Upon discovering the loss, two hours after pursuit was commenced, and the young thieves were soon overhauled near Freeport, twenty-five miles west, and brought back to Aberdeen, where they are in custody. The horses were recovered also.

Five Western Union telegraph operators along the Manitoba division of the Northern Pacific railroad have been engaged in swindling the public for several months past. Their mode of operation was by overcharging, destroying copies, etc. H. W. Filbert, for a long time in the employ of the government at Miles City, is said to have organized the scheme, and owing to the detection of one of the parties, he flew, in what direction is not known.

Two Philadelphia gentlemen, Messrs. Townsend and Lewis, had an adventure with masked robbers between Benton and Fort Maginnis. The robbers surrounded them, and after nosing around the wagon a little, rode quietly off into the brush without molesting the travelers. It is thought that the masked rascals were watching for the paymaster.

Frank Garrett, a brother of Mike Garrett, now in jail at Savannah, Mo., on a charge of outraging Miss Belle White, was detected by Mrs. Joseph Holt in an attempt to outrage her little daughter. He ran away when discovered, and a posse of vigilantes are hunting him with excellent prospects of a lynching when caught.

A negro named Ed Clay, on the 8th., assaulted Mrs. John A. Day, at her residence at Huntsville, Ala, but was frightened away by her screams. Her husband came up with the negro and filled him with bullets. At the preliminary trial before a justice he was discharged.

RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

John Maskee, eighty-five years of age, a laborer employed with other men in removing earth from the surface of the rock at the Stockton quarries, was instantly killed about 3 o'clock on the 7th by a land slide. A body of earth and stone four feet square fell a distance of ten feet on his head, literally crushing him to death. He was unmarried and had no relatives in this country.

A heavy rain storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning and very high winds passed over the western part of Wisconsin recently, doing great damage to crops, railroads and county roads.

Fire in the oil refinery of Paine, Aollett & Co., near Wellsville, O., entailed a loss of \$10,000. McFerron, one of the employes, was burned to death.

Six brick stores at Gilman, Ill., owned by E. Werger, were burned. Loss, \$18,000; insurance, \$7,500.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Gen. John A. Halderman, the United States minister to Siam, recently had the pleasure of presenting to the rajah of Tuluban a handsome gold medal and gold inlaid Winchester rifle—tokens from the United States government in appreciation of the rajah's kind services to the officers and crew of the American bark Coringa which wrecked on the coast of Siam in November, 1880. Gen. Halderman visited the rajah at Tuluban, going thither in the King of Siam's steam yacht Volant, which was placed at his service by his majesty, and accompanied on the voyage by Kun Bin, son of the prime minister, and Mr. A. Balfour, superintending engineer of the Siam navy.

A Washington paper says Mr. Windom will sail for Europe this week, and be gone a month or more. His voyage is for business purposes only, and is perhaps in connection with the placing of a large lot of Mexican railway bonds in England. The ex-secretary is in fine health and spirits. He experiences a pleasure in his new business enterprises altogether greater than that derived from political sources. He has unbounded confidence in the future of railway enterprises in the southwest.

Capt. William H. Loughton, for thirty-five years a captain on the upper Mississippi, and one of the most popular and best known river men between St. Louis and St. Paul; died at his home in Plattesville, Wis., on the 7th. He was sixty years of age and died of paralysis caused by an injury of the spine about a year ago.

Elizabeth Stuart Phelps is trying in earnest to get a pardon for Waterman, the wealthy embezzler of the Pacific mills in Lawrence. She says that five years of imprisonment, out of the twelve to which he was sentenced, has shattered his health.

James Harker, president of the First National bank of Storm Lake, Iowa, died suddenly on the 7th inst. He was formerly a member of the Wisconsin legislature and was widely known in that state. Cause of death, apoplexy.

Society in Hartford, Conn., is convulsed with horror at the marriage of Christopher Spencer, the millionaire inventor of the Spencer rifle, to Georgette Rogers, his late wife's nurse girl. She is twenty-five, he fifty.

Gen. W. D. Washburn has left for his old home at Livermore, accompanied by his brother, Hon. F. B. Washburn of Illinois. The two are to erect a library building at Livermore as a memorial to their father.

Robert Hare Powell, a leading operator in bituminous coal and well-known iron manufacturer, died suddenly at Saxton, Pa., the 19th inst, aged fifty-seven years.

Ezra Daggett, who trotted his horse Boston, ninety miles in a race with a catamaran and was arrested at New Haven for cruelty, has been released.

Sutler, a Milwaukee photographer, has discovered a successful method of using the electric light for photostuffing.

Mollie Garfield, they say, is the really handsome member of the family. She is sixteen and blooming.

Senator Bayard is three doctors of laws, having received the degree from Harvard, Yale and Dartmouth.

Gen. Sheridan's mother still lives in the hour where he was born at Perry, O.

Mr. Windom will sail for Europe next week.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

The pauper emigrants who were returned to Ireland by order of the American authorities on the steamers Furnessia and Spain, were landed at Queenstown on the 10th. All accounts agree in describing them as a wretched class of people. One family, consisting of a man and his wife and five children, were left lying on the wharf for three hours before the officials, who had not been advised of their coming, provided for their wants.

Mrs. O. J. Ennis until recently a prominent correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and at present the self-confessed mistress of Maj. Charles Henry Blackburn, one of the most celebrated criminal lawyers of Ohio, was in the Cincinnati police court on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. She wrangled through the streets, letting off Comanche war whoops taught her by her husband in Texas.

The sentence upon Edward Harrington, brother of the member of parliament, Timothy Harrington, and publisher of the Kerry Sentinel, Ireland, for printing notices inviting people to join the Invincibles, was confirmed recently, Harrington having appealed against the sentence. Brosnan, foreman printer at the Sentinel office where the notice was printed, was discharged.

M. D. Lesseps and son have come to London to conclude arrangements for the construction of the second and parallel Suez canal agreed upon. M. De Lesseps has agreed to reduce the tolls 25 and 30 per cent. to give an increased representation in the canal directory to England, and to allow the English to control the canal management at Port Said, Ismailia and Suez.

Twelve bishops, including Cardinal McCabe and Archbishop Croke, were absent from the meeting of the Catholic hierarchy in Dublin, the 6th., which adopted resolutions denouncing state-aided emigration and favoring the cultivation of tracts of land in Ireland, which could maintain the surplus population.

Stead & Stevenson, drygoods merchants of Winnipeg, have assigned in trust, with liabilities about \$50,000. Mr. Stevenson is also engaged in the hardware and grocery business, which will also be effected.

According to advices from Behira, says an Alexandria dispatch, the cattle plague ended with the death of all the cattle in that district. The cotton worm is now doing great damage there.

Wales wanted to knight Irving, the actor, and Victoria couldn't see it, and now the aristocracy are beginning to discover that Irving is plebeian anyhow.

Twelve soldiers were killed at Tripoli by the explosion of a bomb while being removed.

The Wisconsin Ravishers.

Wahpeton, Dak., Special: Sheriff Bower and District Attorney Monahan of Lafayette

county, Wisconsin, arrived on the 10th with requisitions for John L. Martin and Michael McMahon, the two young men charged with having committed rape near Darlington, and started for Wisconsin with their prisoners. Mr. Monahan said that the victim of the young brutes is Isabella Polson, about eighteen years old, the daughter of a respectable Norwegian farmer; that she was terribly outraged, her collar bone being broken and her whole body showing marks of violence. She has not been able to speak aloud since. McMahon is said to be a hard case, and was arrested last January for stealing turkeys from the father of the unfortunate girl. McMahon is nineteen and Martin eighteen years old.

Iowa Greenback Convention.

The state greenback convention at Des Moines, on Wednesday, was called to order by E. H. Gillette, chairman of the state central committee, who made a short speech, advocating a stand in favor of prohibition, and woman suffrage. A temporary organization was effected, as follows: Chairman—W. S. Kinworthy of Mahaska. Secretary—J. W. Muttley of Polk.

The permanent consisted of Chairman, W. S. Kinworthy of Mahaska; vice president, T. G. Lee of Hamilton; secretary, J. Burke of Jasper; assistant secretary, W. H. Robb of Union; reading secretary, W. Muttley of Polk.

The Hon. J. B. Weaver was nominated for governor, Sanford Kirkpatrick of Wapello for lieutenant governor, D. W. Church of Adair for supreme judge and Miss Abbie O. Canfield of Des Moines county for superintendent of public instruction.

The platform demands the abolition of all banks of issue and the substitution of legal tender currency; the volumes to be strictly regulated by congress; we favor the unrestricted coinage of gold and silver; that the national debt be paid as rapidly as possible; that forfeited land grants should revert to the people; that patent laws should be amended; civil service reform; that all public officials, as far as practicable, including the president and vice president, shall be elected by a strict vote of the people; a low tariff; abolition on the railroad commission, equal political rights for all men and women; that the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage should be prohibited, and the will of the people as expressed at a non-partisan meeting of June 27, 1882, be respected and carried out. We demand congress shall immediately pass such laws as will place the soldiers on an equal footing with the bondholder.

Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

The Pennsylvania State Republican Convention was held at Harrisburg on Wednesday. A more harmonious convention, considering the incongruous elements, was never held in the state. It began by making Col. Todd of Carlisle its temporary chairman, recognizing the Garfield element. Col. Todd having been a Garfield elector in 1880. This was followed up by the unanimous selection of John Cessna, of Bedford, as permanent chairman, the stalwart element being embodied in Cessna. On taking the Chair, Mr. Cessna said: Let all stalwarts prove themselves independents; let all independents show themselves stalwarts; and henceforth let us have neither stalwarts or independents, but only republicans.

On the sixth ballot William Linsey was nominated for state treasurer, receiving 140 out of 240 votes. Mr. Linsey is the present cashier of the state treasury.

On the fifth ballot, Jerome B. Niles of Tioga was nominated for auditor general, receiving 157 votes out of 243, his principal opponent being Col. T. J. Grimeson, at present in the internal revenue service. These are the only offices to be chosen this year. The only special feature of the platform, is a plank which declares that after the national debt is paid, as fast as the conditions will permit, the surplus revenue should be distributed among the several states, on the basis of population, to relieve them from local taxation and to enable them to educate and to care for their people. The other resolutions declare for protection, advise an economical administration of the government, ask congress to provide for the redemption of the trade dollar, protest against pauper immigration, endorse the party and the president and condemn the Democracy of the State, put civil service reform on the back, and proclaim the necessity of certain reforms in the administration of State and municipal governments.

United Workmen in Litigation.

Waterloo, Iowa, Special Telegram, July 9.—The quo warranto proceedings instituted by the supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen against the grand lodge of that order, comes before the circuit court which is in session now. The grand lodge, it will be remembered, was suspended by the supreme lodge, because of their refusal to pay the relief assessments ordered by that body. The grand lodge retained its unity, and a new grand lodge, holding allegiance to the supreme lodge, was formed. The action pending is to establish whether the old grand lodge has any right to use the name and the paraphernalia of the order. The attorneys for the defense were in the city to-day, and state that their first action will be the filing of a motion asking for a more specific statement in regard to the place of incorporation of the supreme lodge. It is claimed that that body was incorporated in Kentucky, and as such has no legal right to do business in Iowa without conforming to the insurance laws of this state. The grand lodge of Iowa has about 9,600 adherents in this state, and the supreme lodge claims 2,000 loyal members; but the officers of the grand lodge only concede them about 600. The attorneys for the plaintiff are Messrs. Lane & Rodgers of Davenport, and H. C. Hemenway of Cedar Falls. The defendants are represented by H. B. Fouke of Dubuque, J. D. Nichols of Stanton, J. J. Tolerton of Cedar Falls, and Horace Boiss of Waterloo. The case will probably go to the supreme court, no matter what the decision of the lower courts may be.

A Sensational Murder Trial.

At Orlando, Fla., the trial of Archibald B. Newton for killing Samuel McMillan near Sanford last October, closed with a verdict of guilty. The circumstances of the murder were highly sensational. McMillan had the reputation of being a miser, and supposed to have a large sum of money always about him. Newton, an East Indian by birth, lived near and was poor. McMillan disappeared Sept. 30, and shortly afterward Newton and wife were very flush of money. On Oct. 17 McMillan's headless body was found in Crystal lake, partly consumed by fishes, with a rope

around the waist tied to a keg of nails. The rope and nails were proved to be Newton's. The evidence was entirely circumstantial, and the trial bitterly contested by eminent counsel employed by English relatives of Newton.

Notable Murder Trial in Florida.

At Orlando, Fla., the trial of Archibald B. Newton for killing Samuel McMillan near Sanford in October last closed with a verdict of guilty. McMillan had the reputation of being a miser and was supposed to have kept a large sum of money always about him. Newton who is an East Indian by birth, lived near McMillan and was poor. McMillan disappeared on Sept. 30 last, and shortly afterwards Newton and his wife seemed to be flush of money. On Oct. 17 McMillan's headless body was found in Crystal lake. Around the waist was a rope which was tied to a pot of nails. The rope, pot and nails proved to be the property of Newton. The evidence was wholly circumstantial, and the trial was bitterly contested by eminent counsel employed by English relatives of Newton.

How They Married in Boston.

Roston Saturday Evening Gazette.

The statistics of marriage in this city the past year are interesting. The number of marriages registered during the year was 4,631, an increase of 261 over the previous year. The most marriages occurred in November and the smallest number in March. There were 3,998 grooms who were married for the first time. Of this number 345 married widows, and 3 married brides who had been twice widowed. There were 583 grooms who were married for the second time. Of these 418 married spinsters, 160 were united to widows, and 5 married brides who had been twice widowed. Of the 46 grooms who had been twice widowed 25 married spinsters, 14 married widows, and 4 were united to brides, who had lost two husbands. Of the 4 remaining grooms who were over 70 years of age, 2 married spinsters and two married widows. Of the 84 minor grooms, 4 were 18 years of age, 26 were 19 years, and 61 were 20 years old. Of the 62 minor brides 4 were 15 years of age, 13 were 16 years, and 45 were 17 years of age. There were 114 marriages, of which both grooms and brides were colored, 23 of which the grooms were colored and the brides white, and there was an instance of the marriage of an Indian to a colored bride.

THE MARKETS.

ST. PAUL. WHEAT—The market has been quiet and stagnant so far as demand was concerned. Nothing better could have been expected, with all the flour markets dull and the general uncertainty of the future. There is now no incentive to speculation, either on the part of the buyer or the seller, inasmuch as the fluctuations of price are so inconstant that they make it difficult to make a profit on speculation. The tendency has been downward, and declines have ensued during the week, but holders have been strong, even when obliged by the inevitable to submit to lower bids. Their feeling seemed to be that as soon as reliable statistics can be had, there will be revealed crop shortage that will hereafter affect values. In the absence of demand for flour, there has been wheat movement, and things are only drifting. On Tuesday the market was dull, and prices were nominal at the following: No. 1 hard, \$1.09; Southern, \$1.10; year, \$1.05; No. 2 hard, spot, \$1.05; No. 2 asked, all asked. All that can be done is to wait, feeling that one man's guess is as good as another man's, and that the prospect of any may not pan out according to the exact condition of things. Receipts for the week have been light.

CORN—Prices have weakened during the week. The demand has been limited, consumers confining themselves to answering actual wants. On Tuesday the inquiry was limited, while holders were desirous of selling, influenced by the declines in other markets. Receipts for the week were moderate, but ample for the demand. Closing prices: No. 2, 45c asked; year, 47c; No. 3, 46c asked; rejected, 41c asked. Sale: 1 car No. 3, 46c, f. o. b.

OATS—Prices have strengthened during the week, induced mostly by a rumor in Chicago. Some dealers here, though submitting no quotations, have an idea that values will yet be lower. It was reported on 'change yesterday that a bet had been made that No. 2 mixed oats for the year would yet sell here for 35c. Demand here has been only in accord with the actual wants of buyers. Stocks fair. Tuesday's market was only moderately active. Closing figures: No. 2 mixed, 30c bid, 31c asked, for spot; July and August, 30c bid, 31c asked; No. 2 white, 29c bid, 30c asked; No. 3 mixed, 29c bid, 30c asked; No. 2 white, 32c bid, 33c asked; No. 3 white, 30c bid, 31c asked; 30c asked. Tuesday's sales: 1 car No. 3 mixed, 30c; 1 car No. 2 mixed, August, 31c.

MINNEAPOLIS.

WHEAT—The holiday interfered with trade for two days and a business meeting spoiled another day. At the opening \$1.07 1/2 was the highest bid for No. 1 hard, spot, but at the close \$1.09 1/2 bid, with no sales, though there were sales at that figure Monday. For No. 1 hard, seller the year, \$1.04 1/2 was bid, and \$1.05 asked, while for spot \$1.10 was asked. For No. 2 hard, for spot, \$1.04 was bid, with no sales. No. 2 Northern was offered at 95¢ for spot, but no sales. No. 1 hard, spot, \$1.09 1/2; seller the year, \$1.04 1/2; No. 2 hard, \$1.04; No. 1 Northern, \$1.03; No. 2, 95¢; No. 3, 91¢. Sellers' disposition: No. 1 hard, \$1.07; No. 2, 97¢; No. 3, 97¢; No. 1 regular, \$1; No. 2, 97¢; No. 3, 97¢; No. 4, 77¢.

CORN—Has been very dull and lower. There were bids of 37 1/2¢ for No. 2, seller the year, Tuesday. Quotable at 46¢ for No. 2, spot, seller August, 47¢; condemned, 44¢ 1/2, by sample.

OATS—Opened low, but advanced 1¢ 1/2 during the week, with light sales. Quotable at 36¢ for No. 2 mixed; white, 37¢; rejected, 33¢ 1/2, by sample.

CHICAGO MARKET.—Flour, dull and nominal; Regular wheat opened weak and lower; closed at inside prices: 98 1/2¢ August; \$1.04 1/2 August; 1.02 1/2 September; \$1.03 1/2 October; \$1.04 1/2 November; 98 1/2¢ the year; No. 2 Chicago spring, 98 1/2¢; No. 3, 82¢; No. 2 red winter, \$1.04 1/2. Corn, demand active; closed strong and higher at 50 1/2¢ cash and July; \$1.06 1/2 August; September and October; 40 1/2¢ the year. Oats, steady and higher; 34 1/2¢ cash; 35¢ July; 29 1/2¢ August; 28 1/2¢ September and October; 27 1/2¢ the year. Rye, steady and unchanged, at 55¢. Flax seed, higher at \$1.27. Pork, unsettled and lower; \$13.00 1/2 13.65 cash and July; \$13.67 1/2 13.70 August; \$13.85 13.87 1/2 September; \$13.92 1/2 13.95 October; \$13.25 13.30 the year. Lard, active and easier; 88.65 cash and July; 88.72 1/2 88.75 August; 88.82 1/2 88.85 September; 88.92 1/2 88.95 October; 88.62 1/2 88.65 the year. Bulk meats in fair demand, but lower; shoulders, 86.50; short ribs, 87.50; do clear, 87.75. Butter quiet and unchanged. Eggs dull. Whisky steady and unchanged. Freight—Corn to Buffalo, 2c. Call—Wheat, opened active; declined 1/2¢ for September; declined 1/2¢ for October. Corn, firmer; advanced 1/2¢ for July and August and 1/4¢ for September and October. Oats, firmer; advanced 1/2¢ for July, August and September. Pork, demand active; 5 lower for August and September. Lard, quiet and 1/2 1/2¢ higher for August; advanced 2 1/2¢ for September and October. 2 1/2¢ for October. Receipts: Flour, 5,000 bbls; wheat, 19,000 bu; corn, 234,000 bu; oats, 120,000 bu; rye, 7,000 bu; barley, 1,800 bu. Shipments—Flour, 3,100 bbl; wheat, 7,500 bu; corn, 292,000 bu; oats, 58,000 bu; rye, 2,100 bu.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.—Special Telegram.—The markets all opened lower. Wheat and provisions were especially weak early, pork selling down about 8 1/2¢ per bbl from Monday's high closing and rallying only 30¢. Wheat rose about 2¢ from the lowest point, on continued report of drought in Dakota and some charters for wheat here and in Chicago. Corn was also strong on liberal starters, all closing a shade off from the highest point. We look for a more active market in wheat, and the more conservative men now advise purchases on all the breaks. We quote closing market for wheat: July, 97 1/2¢; August, 99 1/2¢; September, \$1.02.

TERRITORIAL NEWS.

THE DAKOTA CAPITOL.

The Recent Meeting of the Commission at Bismarck to Open Bids—No Conclusion. Bismarck Tribune: The capitol commission met at the reading room this morning at 10 o'clock, to consider plans for the Dakota State capitol. Mr. Castner, of Knight & Castner, architects, St. Paul, explained their plans which were designed specially for the Dakota capitol. They are a fine specimen of Grecian architecture and seem to be exceedingly well adapted for the purpose for which they are intended. They were accompanied by complete specifications, and the building can be completed for about \$300,000, including lighting and heating. Mr. W. R. McPherson of Omaha, Neb., presented the plans for the court house at Lafayette, Ind., and those of the four-story building at Anderson, Ind., which he offered to adapt to state house purposes and give a guarantee could be built for \$300,000, of Jobet limestone. The buildings are imposing and would doubtless answer the purpose well, but Mr. McPherson had not had time to prepare detailed estimates of cost. Mr. Caulkins, of Caulkins & Telford, Minneapolis, presented their plans which have heretofore been referred to in the Tribune, in the best possible light. They are modeled after the State house at Albany, New York, which cost \$12,000,000, and is not yet complete, giving all of the points of excellence to be found in that structure and affording ample room for the legislature and all State or Territorial officers. The walls of this building complete, and such rooms as are now needed, complete, will cost \$301,000 built of brick, trimmed with cut stone and iron cornice. The building is practically fire proof. Should this plan be chosen Dakota's capitol will be one of the most imposing in the land. Other plans remain to be examined, and the commission adjourned to meet at 1 p. m. Mr. Caulkins paid a high compliment to the brick and terra cotta works of the locality, and expressed belief that our home pressed brick would be found to be equal to the best in the United States, while its use would save largely in expense.

The commission met this afternoon and deferred the selection of plans until detailed estimates to accompany each can be secured, that will enable them to choose a plan that will surely come within the \$300,000 it is proposed to use in construction. A very elegant design was also presented by F. B. Long, of Minneapolis, to cost \$298,000. A photograph of the State capitol of Minnesota was sent by Mr. Buffington, together with a pencil sketch showing proposed changes in that plan. The Minnesota building cost \$320,000.

The Fourth at Devil's Lake.

At the Devil's Lake Indian reservation the Fourth was observed with great ceremony and enthusiasm by the 1,000 resident Indians, all of whom were camped in their tepees, 150 in number, on the plateau west of the agency building. The tents were pitched the day before, and the food furnished the Indians by Indian Agent John W. Crausie, Indian Trader Frank Palmer, Post Traders Peck and Shook was cooked at night by the Indians for the great feast in which they all shared in common at noon. Among the old chiefs present were Reanejika, Wanata, Little-Fish, Iron-Pearl, Left-Bear, Sippo-Ax-Handle, and Ovyanka. The Indians had abundance of dog meat, coffee, and crackers. The 300 resident Indian farmers made a fine display of stock, which, together with the wagons, oxen and ponies, showed unusual thrift and commendable progress in civilization. The day's exercises consisted of a sham battle or a stampede of 100 bucks racing around a long course. The Indians were besmeared with war paint and wore many war trappings. Many were naked up to the hips, their bare legs being striped with var-colored paints. Subsequent to the feast the afternoon was spent in the exciting game of lacrosse, and horse and foot races. The feature of the day's sport was the wild dance participated in by hundreds of the Indians, richly bedaubed with war-paint, sleigh-bells, bear-claws, beads, feathers, shells, arrows, tomahawks, pipes, and ornaments of skin, which exercise was witnessed by thousands of visitors. In unison with the beating of drums suspended on ornamented poles near a stand containing the trophies of old victories, the Indians danced for hours at night without intermission in all imaginable postures, gestures, and with incantations and war whoops. The dance has no religious significance. It is permitted at rare intervals, and affords them much innocent sport. Maj. J. W. Crausie, Indian agent, and Maj. J. S. Courad, commandant at the military post, aided by the agency police and a small detachment of the post cavalry, preserved order, and the day's exercises were not marred by accident or trouble. At noon a salute of thirty-eight minutes was fired at the fort. Hundreds of visitors came from the north shore.

Dakota Wheat Inspectors.

Bismarck Tribune: Judge J. E. West of Yankton arrived in the city yesterday morning, and has been moving around among our wheat buyers and leading farmers in his capacity as public wheat inspector. A bill was passed at the last session of the territorial legislature providing for the appointment of three wheat inspectors, whose duty it is to examine into the matter of wheat grading, transportation, etc., and establish as nearly as possible a uniform grade for the government of transactions in Dakota. In accordance with the provisions of the bill, Messrs. R. E. Fleming of Fargo, John Fadden of Grand Forks and J. E. West of Yankton were appointed as such inspectors. At the first regular meeting of the commission in Fargo on Thursday, Mr. Fleming was elected president, Mr. Paxton of Fargo secretary, and Mr. West was appointed a committee of one to visit Bismarck and vicinity. The latter gentleman stated to a Tribune reporter that it will be a very difficult matter to determine upon a grade which will be satisfactory to all parties concerned, as different elevator men buy for different markets. A standard that would be favorable to the Duluth buyer might conflict with the Chicago regulations, while the latter's standard would not be satisfactory to the Minneapolis association; and as the action of the inspectors cannot control operations outside of Dakota, they must use great care and discretion in order to do no injustice to the operators within the Territory. They will hold a meeting at Minneapolis on Monday to confer with the Millers' association and men who are interested in the buying of grain, as well as the grain inspectors of Minnesota. Proceeding slowly and cautiously, inviting members of the various boards of trade of the Territory, men who are engaged in buying and shipping grain, farmers and business men, to confer with them, they will endeavor to establish a system which will be just to the producer and buyer, and endeavor to complete their work and publish a full report before the present crop is ready for the market.

"I saw a great wheat country during my recent visit to Winnipeg," said P. D. Armour of Chicago. "The Canadian Pacific has great prospects, and nothing can stand in the way of its advancement. I am, however, not pleased with the policy pursued by the road. The Canadian people are speculators, and the land has only lately been thrown open to purchasers. The prices asked are

too high for most of the people coming to Winnipeg, and 1,400 newly arrived immigrants have recently left Manitoba for the land of Dakota with its magnificent offers to settlers."

The property and franchises of the Southeastern Dakota Telephone company have been sold to the Lowell syndicate for \$70,000.

Water was struck in the artesian well at Ashton, Spink county. The water is of the finest quality, being entirely clear and pure, and sufficiently cool to make it palatable for drinking purposes. The well is now flowing at the rate of 1,000 gallons per minute.

The Deadwood flouring mills shipped 85,000 pounds of flour by bull train to Pierre, from there it goes up the river to Cheyenne agency. This is the first shipment of flour from the Hills, and ten times that amount has been contracted for to follow soon.

Chicago Inter Ocean:—When Dakota knocks at the door next year she cannot be dismissed with a nod or a kick. She will have the population, the enterprise, and the commerce, and fair-minded people will unitedly demand her rights.

County Commissioner Matt McGuinness of Grand Forks, while slightly under the influence of liquor, was run away with by a spirited horse and thrown violently to the ground. He received concussion of the brain and for ten hours remained unconscious. Physicians express doubts as to his final recovery. He came to this country fourteen years ago, being driven from Ireland as a Fenian.

The plans for the capitol submitted to the commissioners by the various architects have been exhibited to the public. The plan of Caulkins & Telford of Minneapolis will probably be adopted. It is a very beautiful design and will require about \$300,000 for the completion of the building. The commissioners will sell the lots contained in the 160 acres surrounding the capital grounds at public auction this fall.

William Duggan, brother of Coroner Duggan, of Grand Forks was arrested on a charge of seduction, preferred by Sophia Miller, a twenty-year-old Norwegian girl, who is about to become a mother. Duggan is a married man having a wife and children in Canada. He acknowledges having seduced the girl under promise of marriage, and also to having borrowed and spent \$100 of her money. In default of \$200 bail he was committed to the county jail.

Yankton Herald: By the consolidation of revenue districts Gov. Pennington, who has held the position of collector here for several years, loses his place. While the Herald has had a good many lively tilts with the governor in a political way in years past, it has no hesitancy in now saying that his administration of the office has given general satisfaction and there is no suspicion of any government funds having stuck to his fingers. Gov. Pennington is one of our most valued and enterprising citizens, and we regret exceedingly that he has not been retained.

Within nine months 150 postoffices have been established in the Territory.

Brother Gardener on Marriage.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"I understand," began the president, of the Lime Kiln Club, as the meeting opened in due form, "dat quite a number of de members of dis club am gwine to be mar'ied doorn' de summer. Dat's all right, an' I wish 'em much joy, an' shall be glad to witness de obsequies of each an' ebery one. But, I want to say a few words in general. In de first place, am you gwine to marry fur love or fur a sort o' bizness partnership? If you answer fur love, let me warn you to be sartin dat you doan' mistake de sentiment. Many a young man who thought his heart torn by love has plunged into matrimony to diskiver dat he simply had a admiration fur a \$30 set of false teeth an' a high instep. If you answer fur a sort o' bizness partnership, let me warn you not to expect too much. You won't love de woman, an' she won't trust you. It will be a sort o' boss trade in which both parties will be cheated and both continuer to be mad about it. You kin git along arter a fashion, an' people who see her on your arm at a circus won't know how you fight at home.

"If you mus' marry, let common sense have a show in de transaction. Doan' go off yer feet becase you meet a gal who kin sing like a robin, smile like a rose an' jump off a street kyar widout boderin' de driver to stop. A wife has much to do beside singin' an' cultivatin' dimples. If you am gwine to marry, ax yourselves how fur \$10 per week will go when divided up fur clothes an' pervishuns an' house rent an' fewel an' incidentals. Befo' you fall in love with a gal who looks to sweet fur anythin' in a red plush sacque, kinder figger on how many sich duds your income would afford her. Befo' you am all broke up ober a gal who plays de planner, talks French, paints landscapes an' reads poetry, jist sit down and figger who am to cook yer meat an' taters, patch yer cloze, darn your socks an' help ye make \$12 buy \$15 worth of things. Befo' ye let a pair o' flashin' eyes an' a cunnin' dimple captivate ye, look aroun' a little an' see if de owner has got a temper like a wildcat. Marriage is a lottery simply becase people take each odder unsight an' unsee. Let us now prognosticate to bizness."

Ex-Paymaster Wasson, the defaulting paymaster, guarded by Lieut. Bartlett and three non-commissioned officers, has started from San Antonio, Texas, for the Lansing, Kan., penitentiary, to serve out his eighteen months' sentence. He desired to publish a further statement but permission was denied.

Vincennes, Indiana has a butter dish factory which turns out 80,000 to 90,000 dishes per day.

Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the 'oft repeated verdict of visitors that

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER!

THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL,

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T.,

Dr. J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T.
Plats Sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

THE COURIER.
FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1883.

Dakota has 648 postoffices, and they are increasing at the rate of seven a week.

Fargo Argus: A farmer at Oconto, Wisconsin, reports that the hail storm last Friday was so severe as to knock the horns off a yearling steer in his pasture. Dakota is out of the range of all the annoyances of the elements.

A man one hundred years old recently filed a claim at the Huron Land Office. He says he came west to grow up with the country. 'Tis truly surprising to think of the great things that are being accomplished in the Northwest. Next.

Fargo Argus: The Dakota papers are discussing a subject of deep interest to the Northwest settler, viz: deep ploughing and thorough cultivation. The Dakota fields suffered somewhat from the dry weather, but it is found it is said that where deep ploughing has been done and the soil thoroughly pulverized, the wheat has suffered little.

The Type World: There are now 11,196 newspapers and periodicals published in the Union, which is 585 more than were issued a year ago. The greatest growth was in Dakota, where the dailies increased from 43 to 63 and the weeklies from 103 to 243. Since May, 1873, 153 new postoffices were established in Dakota, while the increase in all the other territories together amounted to only 140. Dakota's growth in wealth and population was in the same proportion as in its newspapers and postoffices.

New Stage Line.

We are running a first-class covered stage between Cooperstown and the track, and invite the public to ride with us, if comfort and speed are desired.
DAVIS & CO.

Notice of Dissolution.

By mutual consent the firm of Andrus & Jorgensen in this day dissolved.
Cooperstown, July 2, 1883.
BYRON ANDRUS,
JOHN N. JORGENSEN.

CONRAD GERHES,
House and Sign Painter,
GRAINER, KALSOMINER,
PAPER HANGER, ETC.
COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

All work promptly and faithfully executed. A call solicited.

BLACKSMITHING!

The Place for Blacksmithing
AS IT SHOULD BE
— IS AT —

MOORE & SANBURN'S
On Roberts St., Cooperstown.

HORSESHOING receives special attention and is done in the Best and Most Careful manner.
JOB-BING of every description. A trial solicited.

J. G. MYERS,
Painter, Grainer,
and PAPER HANGER,
COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

All Work in the Line of

Painting, Graining,
Kalsomining, Decorating,
or Paper Hanging, done Expeditiously.

All Work Warranted.
A Trial Solicited.

J. S. RICKETTS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Special Attention given to Business
before the U. S. Land Office.

SANBORN, DAK.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of August, 1883, viz: Iver O. Eimon, D. S. No. 1883 for the s e 1/4 of section 34, township 145 n, range 61 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Andrew I. Anderson, J. S. Byington, J. Benson, Karinus Hegge, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Flittie & Halverson. j2963.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., June 29, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Thomas C. Kelly against Charles Mason for abandoning his Homestead entry No. 10761, dated June 13, 1882, upon the s e 1/4 of section 14, township 148 n, range 57, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of August, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
McMay. j27417.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 5, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of August, 1883, viz: Victor LeClair, Jr., H. E. No. 9835 for the s e 1/4 of section 6, township 148 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Elmer Olson, Ezra W. McCrea, Isaac Miller, A. R. Miller, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court of Griggs county, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office; and that of claimant before register or receiver of said office August 10th, 1883.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
j22j25.

MRS. H. J. CURTISS,
DEALER IN
MILLINERY!
and FANCY GOODS.
SANBORN, DAKOTA.

Ladies are cordially invited to call and examine the stock.
Rooms on Third Street.

J. W. SHANNON,
—DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—
Furniture

—AND—
UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.
SANBORN, DAK.

DR. G. L. VIRGO,
—Dealer in—
Drugs and Patent Medicines
DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES, ETC.
MARDELL, DAKOTA.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
PROFESSIONAL CALLS
Promptly attended night or day.

COOPERSTOWN
MEAT MARKET!

—BY—
Andrew Johnson,
A Full Line of Fresh and Salt
MEATS,
Salt & Canned Fish,
Sugar Cured Hams,
SPICED ROLLS, ETC.,
Constantly on Hand.

Highest Cash Price
Paid for Live Stock.

We are determined to give the public entire satisfaction, to which end we respectfully solicit all to call.
44f **ANDREW JOHNSON.**

J. STEVENS. A. ENGER
Stevens & Enger,

—DEALERS IN—
HARDWARE
AND
STOVES,

TINWARE,
Carpenter Tools,
Builders' Material,
Iron, Nails, Glass,

Putty, &c.

BLACKSMITH COAL,
GUNS, AMMUNITION,
ETC., ETC.
COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

Prices Low and Goods First-Class.

You are very respectfully invited to give us a call, examine our goods and get prices before buying.
21f **STEVENS & ENGER.**

IVER JACOBSON,
—AND—
Attorney
—AND—
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

A. B. ZINCC,
—DEALER IN—
REAL ESTATE.
GRAIN
—AND—
SANBORN TOWN LOTS.
Money to Loan for Final Proofs, and Settlers Located.
Also Agent for N. P. Ry. Lands.
SABNORN, DAK.

W. R. WHIDDEN. J. B. WHIDEN.
Whidden Bros.,
Further announce that having opened a
GENERAL BUSINESS
In Cooperstown with the intention of remaining and marching along in line with the development of Griggs County, they shall endeavor to buy the
BEST GOODS at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,
Sell at fair living profits and give their customers the advantage of every dollar saved by close buying. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we

Guarantee Satisfaction Every Time
And any goods taken that are not as represented can be returned. Monthly accounts opened with responsible parties. In stock and to arrive a large lot of

FURNITURE,
Consisting of Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Springs, Mattresses, Bureaus, Office Desks, etc. A full line of Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Ready-Made Clothing, etc. The best quality of

FLOUR
Always in stock. Dried Fruits, Sugars, Syrups, Meats, Oils and Canned Goods of every description arriving daily.
Cooperstown, July 1, 1883.

ATTENTION!
Nelson & Langlie
Respectfully call attention of the people of Cooperstown and vicinity to their new and varied stock of...

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!
Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Provisions.

Our stock in all its branches is now COMPLETE and ATTRACTIVE and will be Sold at the Very Lowest Living Prices. Every article marked in PLAIN FIGURES and ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Call and see Our Stock and Prices Before Purchasing Elsewhere.
Opposite Hotel and next door to Stevens & Enger's Hardware.

NEW STOCK. Moderate Charges. NEW RIGS.

DAVIS & CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF THE BURRELL AVENUE
LIVERY!
FEED AND SALE STABLES.

We respectfully announce to the public at large the opening of our stables in Cooperstown. Driving and work horses will be constantly on hand and for sale at inside figures.

OUR LIVERY DEPARTMENT
Is equipped with easy vehicles and fast traveling stock, with which we wait upon the public with reasonable prices. Special attention paid to the wants of Land Lookers.
DAVIS & CO.

Farmers of Griggs County!
Your attention is called to the following facts that the **ESTERLY TWINE BINDER** will work in all conditions of grain, is the lightest draft and most durable machine made, and that the

STANDARD MOWER will cut grass from six inches to six feet tall. That the **MINNESOTA CHIEF THRESHERS** and Straw Burning Engines take the lead all over the great Northwest for rapid and clean threshing.

We also keep a full line of Wagons, Buggies, Gang Plows, Pumps, Household Sewing Machines, etc. We keep a full line of extras for all kinds of Extras for all kinds of machines we sell.
BUCHHEIT BROS.

BUILDERS'
HARDWARE.

LUMBER YARD
BOUGHT FOR CASH.

Will be sold at Sanborn prices. Strong, cheap locks (not duplicated) a specialty.
COOPERSTOWN LUMBER CO.

J. C. YANCEY,
Tonsoial Artiste,
COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

With towels clean, and razors keen I greet the public of Cooperstown. A call solicited from all.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of August, 1883, viz: Anna H. Svenson, D. S. No. 8863 for the northwest quarter of section 32, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Lars Pederson, John Michaelson, E. C. Evenson, and Ole O. Mognuson, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the District Court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. j26410.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 20, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 8th day of August, 1883, viz: Charles Needham, D. S. No. 10770 for the s e 1/4 of section 6, township 145 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Allice Nicol, J. Nicol, Henry Diner, E. J. Palmer, all of Cooperstown, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. j26410.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 28, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 14th day of August, 1883, viz: George W. Baker, H. E. No. 9637 for the s e 1/4 of section 4, township 148 n, range 57 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Harry H. Smith, Perry Cady, Alfred D. Murrill, George M. Lewis, all of Traill county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
John N. Jorgensen, Attorney. j26410.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 5, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 21st day of August, 1883, viz: Elisha J. Fitch, H. E. No. 10770 for the s e 1/4 of the n e 1/4 of section 16, township 145 n, range 55 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Tulevson, John Pates, Charles H. Frost, C. Arestad, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. j213417.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 5, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 14th day of August, 1883, viz: Knut O. Stee, H. E. No. 9822 for the southeast quarter of section 20, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Andrew Nelson, John Moiry, Christoffer Gihertson and Thomas K. Fjell, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. j213417.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 28, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 14th day of August, 1883, viz: Mone P. Lomen, H. E. No. 12314 for the southwest quarter of section 22, township 148 n, range 56 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole P. Anderson, Ole T. Rockne, Andrew K. Johnson, Ole L. Brunerud, all of Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1883.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Flittie & Halverson. j213417.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 14, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 28th day of August, 1883, viz: Mary J. Harsh, H. E. No. 10435 for the e 1/2 s e 1/4 of section 4, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Benjamin B. Brown, Rufus Pinkerton, Alex. B. McHardy, James Ames, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Wm. Glass, Attorney. j213417.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., July 13, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Gilbert Gilbertson against Chas. S. Wilcox for failure to comply with the law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 32582 dated March 8, 1882, upon the s e 1/4 of section 4, township 146 n, range 58 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 5th day of Sept. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
G. A. White, Attorney. j27417.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., June 29, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Nana Kelly against James T. Masters for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 11045, dated June 11, 1882, upon the n w 1/4 of section 18, township 145 n, range 56 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 22nd day of August, 1883 at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
j27417. s&c.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., June 29, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by John Hyder against John H. Dahl for abandoning his homestead entry No. 10624, dated June 11, 1882, upon the s e 1/4 of section 14, township 145 n, range 57, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 22d day of August, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
j27417. s&c.

NOTICE—U. S. Land office, Fargo, D. T., July 11, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Edward P. Wright against George C. Wright for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 11801 dated November 21, 1882, upon the s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 and lots 3, 4 and 5 of section 8, township 146, r. 59, in Griggs county, Dakota, Ter. with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of August, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
C. J. Paul, Attorney. j27417.

NOTICE.—Timber Culture. U. S. Land Office, Fargo D. T., July 7, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Andrew Carlson, against Robert L. C. Brown for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture entry No. 5663 dated May 24, 1881, upon the northwest quarter section 10, township 146 n, range 57 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said Robert L. C. Brown failed to break or cause to be broken the first five acres required by law during the first year of said entry, or to cultivate or cause to be cultivated by crop or otherwise said first five acres during the second year of said entry and also that he failed to break or cause to be broken the second five acres required by law during the second year of said entry or at any time heretofore; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 28th day of August, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.
O. Serungard. j27417.

AN AMOROUS POLITICIAN.

His Progression in Politics through Petticoat Persuasion.

Translation from the French.

I propose to relate the gallant and political adventures of M. de Montsegur, deputy of the arrondissement of Saint-Chamand, department of the Saône-Inférieure.

Montsegur was elected deputy in February, 1871, in the most unexpected manner. He had no political antecedents, and had hardly reached the age of parliamentary eligibility—twenty-five years. Montsegur possessed a fine estate in the environs of Saint-Chamand. He commanded a battalion of mobiles during the war, behaved bravely, and was wounded at Metz on January 10, 1871. He was in the ambulance at Sainte-Croix when he received the news of his election to the Bordeaux assembly.

As soon as he recovered from his wound he went direct to the theater of Bordeaux, about the beginning of March. At that moment France had no particular opinions, and Montsegur shared the opinions of France. Nevertheless, the majority of the chamber inclined in favor of the restoration of the monarchy, for the simple reason that the empire had finished badly, and the republic had made a bad beginning.

Montsegur studied the list of his colleagues. He found the names of two of his friends among the members of the Right Centre, or the monarchial group. He went and sat by them, and during five years, from 1871 to 1876, peacefully, amicably, and on every occasion voted with his group.

During these five years Montsegur spent a great deal of money. He was young, rich, a bachelor, master of his life and fortune, and he made a very stupid use of both. He fell in love with a young person whom I shall call Turlurette, and who from time to time played little roles in the Palais-Royal Theatre. Turlurette was a blonde, with large black eyes; her heart was very large, and her hand was very small. The thing which contains is not all ways larger than the contents, and the smaller a woman's hand is the more money it can hold. This is how, during the course of this legislature, five or six hundred thousand francs had passed from Montsegur's pocket into the tiny hands of Turlurette.

In the elections of 1876 Montsegur wished to be re-elected. He had contracted a taste for political life, and had begun by fulfilling his duties conscientiously. He was assiduous in his attendance at all the chambers, and took part in person in all the votes, shouted enthusiastically when he saw his group enthusiastic, and groaned when he heard his group groan. In short, he was a model deputy. His afternoons belonged to his country, his evenings to Turlurette.

But in 1876 there was a real contest. Montsegur had to contend against a radical and against a legitimist. He managed matters very well; he declared that the form of government was almost indifferent to him; that he could accept the republic easily, provided it inclined toward monarchy, or monarchy, provided it inclined toward the republic. He was elected by a majority of six thousand; the legitimist polled two thousand, the radical candidate five hundred.

Montsegur resumed his functions at the chamber, and found Turlurette more blonde and more greedy than ever. And so he continued to see his money slip through his fingers until the day when Lambertin, his colleague, who was member and secretary of the Left Centre, invited him to dinner. Mme. Lambertin was a delicious brunette, slender, and yet plump in places where plumpness is pleasing. Her waist measured eighteen and a quarter inches; her shoulders were irreproachable. And so she took pleasure in doing the honors to her guests; she even displayed a little more than these dazzling shoulders; in this respect, indeed, she went to the extreme limit, and showed all that can be shown at a political dinner.

It was a political dinner. Mme. Lambertin was a very intelligent woman, and very ambitious. She was perfectly aware of the insignificance of her husband; all his value and merit were due to her, Laura Lambertin. Her name was Laure. It was she, and she alone, who had made Lambertin municipal councillor, mayor, councillor-general, deputy, secretary of the Left Centre, etc. Now she wished to make him minister, and the way to the ministry was the presidency of the Left Centre. This was why she was working to increase this group, and to stock it with her friends.

Mme. Lambertin took possession of Montsegur after dinner, and treated him in a corner to a very eloquent political discourse. The country was Left Centre! Why was not M. de Montsegur Left Centre? Laure Lambertin talked with much force and warmth. Her animation added to her beauty. Montsegur did not listen to Mme. Lambertin. He looked at her talking. He remained there motionless, lost in the contemplation of those ideal shoulders and of their appurtenances. He had heard many orators formerly, when he used to be present at the sittings of the chamber; but neither Thiers, nor De Broglie, nor Gambetta had succeeded in producing upon him such an impression. One night at the presidency, after dinner, M. Thiers had celebrated at length the virtues and charms of the Left Centre. Montsegur had been proud against the eloquence of Thiers; he yielded before the eloquence of Mme. Lambertin. But then Thiers was not decolleté!

Montsegur felt himself softly attracted toward the Left Centre, when Madame Lambertin said to him:

"Believe me, monsieur, believe me, ours is the only group!"

Laure Lambertin had an excellent dressmaker; the corsage of her dress was a masterpiece of boldness and precision. Montsegur's eyes rested complacently on the clear indication of the contours of a pretty left centre and a pretty right centre, forming a harmonious group. Montsegur said that he thought it would be very agreeable to belong to the Left Centre group. He became one of the habitués of the salon of Lambertin. And he forgot Turlurette.

Finally, one day, Montsegur went and had his name inscribed among the members of the Left Centre. There was a cry of joy in all the liberal press! The monarchists were coming over to the republic! The surprise and indignation of Montsegur's political friends were great. They pronounced the word "treason."

"Pooh!" he replied, "France has advanced; I advance with France."

Montsegur's flop insured his re-election at Saint-Chamand. The district had advanced; it would have rejected Montsegur member of the Right Centre; it acclaimed Montsegur member of the Left Centre, and gave him a majority of seven thousand. The principal editor of the Saint-Chamand Liberal declared that Montsegur, "with admirable political insight, had seen the

reefs on which the chariot of the republic was running." But yet, in reality, that was not what Montsegur had seen.

He returned to the chamber more deeply smitten and more Left Centre than ever. He little thought what was in store. If the district of Saint-Chamand had advanced, the district of Bargeton, the constituency that Lambertin represented, had advanced more rapidly still, and in order to keep his seat Lambertin had been obliged to join the Republican Left group.

When the electoral period was over—it seemed eternal to Montsegur—his first visit was made to Madame Lambertin, and he showed himself very anxious to resume their previous friendship, but Madame Lambertin stopped him gently, and said:

"Mon ami, which group do you intend to join?"

"Which group? Can you imagine that I have ever entertained the thought of abandoning the Left Centre?"

"Oh, you know!" she replied, "we have abandoned the Left Centre—Edouard has joined the Republican Left!"

"The Republican Left!"

"Yes; and what Edouard has done you cannot fail to do—you surely owe him that."

Madame Lambertin had such a charming and irresistible way of pleading her causes, that she always won in the end. Two hours after this conversation, Montsegur went and put his name down among the members of the Republican Left.

And so Lambertin and Montsegur passed arm in arm, from the Left Centre to the Republican Left. This group was more important. Madame Lambertin was obliged to double her zeal and ardor; she was admirable; she displayed marvelous activity. Success crowned her efforts, and in the course of the first session she managed to obtain in her new group the same popularity that she had so valiantly conquered in the old one.

But poor Montsegur was a little neglected. Madame Lambertin had no time to spare with him. He was conquered; she felt sure of it.

During three years Montsegur remained under the charm; broke his chain, resumed, and broke it again. He was deeply smitten, and very unhappy.

Finally, on the eve of the elections of 1881, after an explanation—warm on his part, cold on hers—Montsegur went off in a huff to Saint-Chamand. His electoral committee there was presided over by a large manufacturer named Brinquart, who had lived long enough to have been an ardent Philippist under Louis Philippe, ardent Cavaignacist under Cavaignac, ardent Bonapartist under Bonaparte, ardent Theist under Thiers, ardent Greyvist the day of the election of Grey, and ardent Gambettist now that it was easy to see that Gambetta would one day be a sort of emperor of the republic.

Montsegur was obliged to assemble his committee, and give an account of his labors and his votes during the session that had elapsed.

The committee listened to Montsegur coldly. The apothecary, Mignonnet, asked permission to address the meeting. Brinquart granted the permission, and Mignonnet was very severe on Montsegur: "He had been weak, timid, irresolute; he had not heard the voice of France, and yet France had spoken clearly enough. France wished to be obeyed. Forward was her word!" Thus Mignonnet. Montsegur replied that he had gone forward until he was beginning to feel the need of a little repose and that he thought that the majority of the nation were of his opinion. This declaration produced a disastrous effect. The apothecary manifested the most violent indignation at the idea that repose was possible for France. Brinquart, seeing that Montsegur was going to plunge deeper into the mire, adjourned the meeting brusquely, and taking Montsegur aside, said to him:

"You are on the wrong track. Come and dine with me to-night. We shall be alone, and able to talk quietly."

Brinquart was by no means a fool. He might easily have supplanted Montsegur at the election, only he felt no desire to leave his business and go to Paris to potter among the five hundred and fifty sovereigns of France. He did not wish to be deputy himself, but he did not wish Mignonnet to be deputy either. He wished to spare Saint-Chamand the disgrace of the election of the apothecary, who, although a free-thinker was an ass.

Montsegur went to dine with the Brinquarts in the evening. There were five at table—M. and Madame Brinquart, M. Lucien Brinquart, lieutenant in the Second hussars, Mademoiselle Adrienne Brinquart and Montsegur himself. During the dinner Brinquart addressed long speeches to Montsegur, impressing upon him the necessity of advancing in his ideas, of abandoning the Republican Left as he had already abandoned the Left Centre. The future was for the Republican Union; the man of the future was Gambetta; one ought always belong to the party of the future.

But Montsegur did not listen to Brinquart's panegyric of the Republican Union any more than he had listened on a certain evening to Madame Lambertin's celebration of the glories of the Left Centre. He was looking at Adrienne. He had just been smitten for the third time. Brinquart went on talking and talking, Montsegur went on admiring and admiring.

Still Brinquart's remarks could not remain without reply. Montsegur declared simply that he had resolved not to take another step toward the Left. He did not mind if he lost his seat. Now that he was installed in the country, he had recovered the former way of living. He was happy to walk, and drive, and ride about more the country.

"Do you ride, monsieur?"

This was the first time that Adrienne had spoken. The phrase seemed delicious to Montsegur. He found her voice warm and musical.

"Yes, mademoiselle," he replied "Do you like it?"

"Very much, mademoiselle."

"So do I, passionately. I ride every morning with my brother."

Politics were abandoned, and the conversation turned on dogs, horses, and hunting, subjects as inextinguishable as politics.

Montsegur, I have told you, easily fell in love. It is a great resource in life. In an instant, as if by magic, the sweet and restful vision of this young girl had driven from Montsegur's mind the disturbing memory of Madame Lambertin. One thing alone cures love and that thing is love.

The day after the dinner, at seven o'clock in the morning, Montsegur was in the sad-

dle, and posted in the woods just opposite the gate of Brinquart's park. He remained there an hour, invisible, but himself seeing very distinctly. Had she not said on the previous night: "I ride with my brother every morning?" And about eight o'clock Montsegur saw the brother and sister appear. They entered the wood. Montsegur followed them, and taking a cross-cut, he joined them, as if quite accidentally, in the bend of an alley, and the three went riding together in the fine autumn morning.

Whilst parties after dinner followed whilst parties, and rides succeeded rides. At the moment of the meeting of the chambers, Montsegur had asked for leave of absence on account of ill health. Strange to say, M. Brinquart had not said another word about progress, or about joining the Republican Union.

Three months passed in this way and Montsegur was thinking of sending for his Aunt Caroline from Paris to make the official offer of marriage, when an event happened which induced him to manage matters brusquely, and to sin against the rules of correctness. It was a very small event; a simple pressing of hands. One night, when Montsegur was going away, Adrienne shook hands with him so sweetly, so caressingly, that he suddenly felt himself full of impatience and full of hope. During three months not a single word had troubled the complete innocence of their conversations; and yet, softly drawn towards one another, they had found the means of expressing their love merely by a pressing of the hands. There are so many ways of talking love.

Those hand-pressings had passed through many phases and many shades of meaning. The first were rapid, uncertain, hesitating. Then friendship came, and then a sort of companionship. Then they shook hands frankly, openly, cordially, in a brotherly manner. But after that, and as if a fluid had circulated secretly in their interlaced fingers, both on the same day had felt the same confusion and the same embarrassment. The hand-pressings became short, nervous, and agitated. The crisis had been short. Sentiments of sweetness and tranquility had, at the same time, won their souls, and the hand-pressings became long, languid, tender, confiding, trusting, to such a degree that on that last night Adrienne's hand remained in the hand of Montsegur while they exchanged, in a voice that was by no means shaken by emotion, some words that were quite significant. Adrienne suddenly blushed. She must have said to herself: "My hand! Where is my hand? And how long has it been there?" She disengaged herself brusquely.

This was the reason why, the next morning, Montsegur entered, serious and grave, the study of Brinquart. He began by this phrase, which he had long premeditated: "My dear Monsieur Brinquart, I have a serious confession to make to you."

His voice trembled. Brinquart looked at him, and said:

"I know what it is."

"You know!"

"You are in love with Adrienne, and you come to ask her hand. Do you think I have my eyes in my pocket? You are a charming fellow, you have a nice fortune, we are neighbors, and never has there been the slightest discussion between us as to boundaries and what not—a fact very much to the credit of both of us. In short, I shall be very happy to call you my son-in-law, and so will my wife. You won her heart the first day she saw you. And as we did not interfere when we saw you falling in love with Adrienne, otherwise you may rest assured that we should not have authorized all those cavalcades and moonlight rides. As to Adrienne, I do not expect to and any obstacle on her side. I will confess her; the confession is not likely to be long. Go and take a walk in the park for half an hour. When you return you shall have a definite answer."

Montsegur obediently walked through the park. As he approached the chateau, coming back, he saw a hundred yards ahead of him, in the bend of an avenue, a white dress. It was Adrienne. She had come to meet him, courageously, alone, and when she came near him not a word was necessary. Adrienne's reply was in her eyes, in her smile, in the artless and frank emotion of her whole being. She took Montsegur's arm. They returned slowly toward the chateau. When two people have too much to tell each other, the best way to come to a mutual understanding is to say nothing at all. However, when they reached the steps, Adrienne stopped, and, with a little embarrassment, said:

"Papa has only given his consent on one condition."

"Oh! whatever condition he likes or you like!"

"I, for my part, do not mind. I assure you I do not mind; indeed the point is so perfectly indifferent to me that I do not quite understand what I am going to ask you. This is what papa desires; that you will again be a candidate for the chamber, and that if you are elected you will join the group of the Republican Union. Is that the name?"

"Yes; that is it."

"Do you consent?"

"Do I consent? With all my heart; and I will adore Gambetta, but on the condition that you will allow me to adore you also."

"Oh, I will allow you that."

And so love once more secured the re-election of Montsegur. The apothecary presented himself at the polls, but only to be crushed. Montsegur was re-elected.

When Montsegur went to put his name down on the list of the Republican Union, another deputy was just signing his name on the register—and that deputy was Lambertin.

"Ah!" he cried, when he saw Montsegur, "you are doing as I am, you are right. France is advancing; we must follow her. Mme. de Montsegur is doubtless at Paris with you. You must bring her to see us. My wife will be enchanted to make her acquaintance."

Rewarding a Brave Woman.

The secretary of the treasury has awarded the gold life-saving medal to the famous Ida Lewis, now Mrs. Ida Lewis Wilson, in recognition of her services in rescuing a number of persons from drowning since the passage of the act authorizing such awards. Most of the rescues made were under circumstances which called for extreme and heroic daring and involved the risk of Mrs. Wilson's life. The following summary of her achievements in life-saving is taken from the records of the treasury department. The whole number of lives Mrs. Ida Lewis has saved since 1834, so far as known, is thirteen. In all those cases, except two, she relied wholly on herself. Her latest achievement was the rescue last February of two fishermen from Fort Adams, near Newport, R. I. The men were passing over the ice near Lime Rock light-house, where Mrs. Lewis resides, when

the ice gave way and they fell in. Hearing their cries, Mrs. Wilson ran out with a clothes-line, which she threw to them, successively hauling them out at great risk to herself from the double peril of the ice giving way beneath her; and of being pulled in. Her heroism on various occasions has won her the tribute of her State legislature, expressed in an official resolution; the public presentation to her of a boat by the citizens of Newport; a testimonial in money from the officers and soldiers of Fort Adams for saving their comrades, and medals from the Massachusetts Humane society and the New York Life-saving Benevolent association. To these offerings is now fitly added the gold medal of the United States Life-saving service.

Internal Surgery.

From the Baltimore Sun, Nov. 4.

A lecture delivered at the University of Maryland, on the 23d of September, by the eminent surgeon, J. Marion Sims, and reported in the Maryland Medical Journal, is of interest to non-professionals from the importance of the advances in modern surgery therein indicated. Taking for his subject peritoneal surgery, or, to express it less technically, internal surgery, the distinguished lecturer proceeded to show that the operator of the near future will undertake to treat wounds of the internal organs with almost as much familiarity and freedom as those of the exterior of the body. The danger of laying open the body is not nearly so great as is generally supposed, and with their numerous successes in ovariotomy, in extirpating the spleen, the kidney, the uterus, in opening the bladder, the gall-bladder, and making Caesarian and other incisions, surgeons have gained a daring which must insure great benefits to suffering humanity. Referring to the case of President Garfield, he said that when the case was first reported to him he had said that if the bullet had entered the internal cavity of the body he would not hesitate to "cut into the abdomen, suture the intestines, if needed, tie the bleeding vessels, cleanse thoroughly the peritoneal cavity and insert a drainage tube. The recent records of abdominal surgery show with what impunity we can and do penetrate the abdomen, and not only justify but render imperative such interference." Dr. Sims insists upon the great importance of draining the internal cavity of the body when any organ it contains has been injured by a gunshot wound, and thinks, after observing many cases, that death from internal wounds is commonly due, not to peritonitis, but to septicemia, brought on by the presence of blood and serum which have not been removed. "There is no more danger," says the doctor, "of a person dying from a gunshot or other wound of the peritoneal cavity than from ovariotomy." Whatever internal organ has been injured the drainage is absolutely required, and "to secure this drainage it is necessary to open the abdominal cavity without delay."

Young Widows.

Voltaire, in "Zadig," tells an interesting story of how his hero pretended to have died in order to test the fidelity of his widow. The lady wept disconsolately for a whole day, vowing that she could not survive her lord. On the second day a handsome young clergyman came to console her and she wept less; on the third day she and the divine had already formed matrimonial projects, which were only cut short by Zadig's timely resurrection. Zadig, as a philosopher, ought to have known better than to put his wife to a hazardous test; but, having done so, he was quite right to bear his disappointment with the equanimity which he seems to have shown. Women cannot wear weeds eternally. Why should they do so? Once the first anguish of bereavement has been assuaged, they remember that crying spoils the eyes, and frowning wrinkles the complexion.

A KENTUCKY ROMANCE.

The Love of Two Brothers and Two Sisters With an Unexpected Denouement.

From the Falmouth (Ky.) Independent.

In a certain part of our country there lives a family in which there are two brothers just entering on the prime of youthful manhood; a short distance from them—in fact in the same neighborhood—there lives another family in which there are two sisters also in the prime of maidenhood; beautiful, fascinating and attractive. These young people being near neighbors, and coming in contact with each other often, almost naturally it would seem, fell in love with each other, the eldest brother with one of the sisters and the younger with the other. All went smoothly for a time, and these young people enjoyed themselves, and dreamed bright dreams of the future, and no doubt in imagination constructed fairy palaces of love, and gardens, like Paradise, which should be only filled with beautiful flowers and fruits of happiness and unalloyed enjoyment. Then, as a matter of course, the question of marrying arose, which must be referred to the parents of the young ladies for approval. The eldest brother had no difficulty in obtaining their consent to his marrying the young lady, and the wedding day was fixed upon. Then the young brother went to the parents and made known his attachment for the other sister and their mutual desire to "splice and travel the road of life together." But the old folks were decidedly opposed to having more than one of their girls marry into "that family," and plainly informed him that if he wanted a wife he must go elsewhere to get her, intimating that he must desist further attention to the young lady in question. But the young man was determined that if his brother married one of the girls he would marry the other. So he went to the young "lady of his love" and told her the circumstances of the situation and desired her if she loved him to prove her love by running away with him. To this she agreed, and the night was fixed upon when they should carry out their mutual agreement. But now comes the strangest part of the story. The two young ladies resembled each other very much in looks, voice, etc., and by some strange freak, when the night of the elopement came and the young man went to the appointed place of meeting, he found a woman there whom he thought was the right one, but she was not. Unconscious of this however, he took her to the place where the marriage ceremony was to be performed before he found out that he was with the wrong girl. Most won-

ful to relate, he thought that after he had gone to all this trouble he would get married any way, so he asked her if she would have him, and she in order to carry out the joke, said she would, and they were married then and there. It appears that she had overheard him making arrangements to elope with her sister, and knowing the place of meeting determined to go there ahead of her and thus fool the young man, for whom she entertained a secret liking, although she was engaged to be married to his brother. Our informant also states that after they had lived together for some time the elder brother, determining to make the most of the situation, took unto himself the other sister.

Talk of People.

The Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia Press writes of the late Edward Laboulaye: "I remember his telling me with considerable glee, during an interview that I had with him in 1869, of coming into his lecture-room one morning and hearing one lady in the audience say to another, in a hoarse whisper, 'Oh, its Laboulaye, we shall get nothing but America this time.'"

A romance in real life is reported in the Dublin papers from Druagheda. Twenty-eight years ago a man living at the latter town deserted his wife, and went to California. Meanwhile, the deserted wife, supposing her husband to be dead, married a second time. Four weeks ago, however, the first husband returned from America and inquired for his wife, who has been living in England employed as a factory operative. The man had acquired wealth, and has now taken his wife and relatives back with him to America, the second husband being fortunately dead.

Dr. Gallaudet, of the National college for Deaf Mutes in Washington, lives in an elegant house built in every detail according to plans designed by him when he was a boy of fourteen. In his own room, on the high carved head-board of his bed, hang five pairs of tiny shoes—the first shoes worn by his little ones, of whose baby steps the whitened toes and the wrinkled uppers tell a delightful story. He calls them talismans against bad dreams.

Kentucky gave birth to the only man who was ever at one and the same time the pastor of three churches, the editor of two newspapers, and the conductor of a campmeeting. This phenomenon is Ben Deering, who lives in Carthage, Mo., where he "runs a church and a newspaper, has a church and a newspaper in Cartersville, a church in Webb City, Mo., and is now devoting his leisure time conducting a camp meeting in Kenton county, Ky."

A special dispatch from London says the story of Victoria's intended abdication is absurd. The English people never imagined any such thing, and the court circles are much amused at the reports circulating in America. The temper of the queen is too well known to admit of any speculation upon the royal succession not based upon her death. Her whole course, domestic and public, and all her actions, state and personal, have shown her to be possessed of a fully developed love of power and a tireless disposition to rule. The Prince of Wales knows his mother well enough to know that he will never be king while she is living.

Mr. Mott, a member of the Salvation army in Syracuse, having led astray another member, a young girl of seventeen and being requested to do her the justice of marrying her, replies that he has a great mission in converting the world and has no time for marrying. He took an active part in the salvation meeting the other night. He says he was doing as Jesus did, and was free from sin. He carried the flag in the streets and prayed three times. There was great disorder and indignation at Mott's impudence in praying and speaking.

Hester Stuart writes of the old maid: Her days are days of pleasantness, and her nights are nights of peace. She goes to bed when she pleases, and does not leave one ear uncovered to listen for the uncertain steps and wavering night-key of a late coming husband. Neither does she turn restlessly on her pillow beside a sober, snoring spouse, and wonder and wonder, where the children's school-books or the family's flannels are to come from; but she drops into peaceful slumber to dream of her old love, and wakes to wonder whether married life with him could ever have become the sordid, meager affair which it is to so many husbands and wives."

Chased for a Kiss.

Col. Spencer appeared in the police court, New York, to plead for the discharge of Mrs. Julia Miller. The lady was not present, but was represented by a cousin. When Col. Spencer waxed pathetic she rubbed her eyes vigorously with a handkerchief. When he commented on the injustice done his client she tossed her head haughtily and looked indignant. At its conclusion Justice Gardner formally discharged Mrs. Miller. Then Mrs. Miller's cousin bounded from her chair with a glad hurrah. She ran up to Col. Spencer and endeavored to embrace him, but he waved her away, saying: "Let's have no kissing." She then fought her way through the array of chairs which were clustered about the desk, and bore down on Judge Gardner. He saw her coming and endeavored to escape, making for the large safe that stands in the corner of the examination room, but before he could scale it the lady had her arms around him. He glanced frightfully over his shoulder, and seemed to shrink within himself. His agony was of short duration, for the sombre-draped lady pressed a kiss on his beard, where she supposed his mouth was, and then bounded off to thank some one else.—New York Journal.

A close definition of the agnostic, and which that class of negative philosophers will probably accept, was given by President Seelye at Amhurst yesterday—"One who will neither grow in knowledge nor teach others to grow."

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The Land Department at Washington.

Mr. Campbell is an experienced lawyer of several
years standing and has just left a position as clerk
of the Fargo U. S. Land Office, which position he
accepted for the express purpose of obtaining a
thorough knowledge of all land questions.

Mr. Sabin has been for the past three years a
member of the U. S. survey corps on their work in
Western Grand Forks, Nelson, Griggs, Foster and
Wells counties, and was one of the surveyors in
towns 145 and 147 of ranges 59 and 60.

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Cass county has 26,000 population.
Traill county has \$50,000 in the treas-
ury.
Dakota has 50 Masonic lodges with a
total membership of 1,738.

Thieves are running off large numbers
of horses in Ramsey county.

Charlemagne Tower, Esq., has pre-
sented to Tower City a valuable library
of 1,500 volumes.

Five thousand bushels of new wheat
from different sections recently arrived
at St. Louis, and some of it sold at \$1 a
bushel.

The wheat crop of Illinois this year
is estimated at 18,000,000 bushels. The
prospects now are that Dakota will more
than equal those figures. In some former
years Illinois has gone as high as 45-
000,000.

As every year passes by it shows the
farmers of Dakota that careful tillage of
the soil pays here as well vs in the east.
A gentleman who has been over the Val-
ley much this year stated to an Argus
reporter the other day that on the aver-
age those who had carefully prepared
their land, and had put in good seed,
would receive a yield twice as large as
where the work was slovenly done.—
Argus.

Oscar Wilde is lecturing in London
upon his experiences in America, and
speaks of the American girl as a "pretty
oasis of unreasonableness and a desert
of common sense."

Poker is rapidly becoming quite the
cake in fashionable circles. A young
man who would hold the esteem of his
lady, must now know the relation of a
"straight" to a "full hand," and the dif-
ference between a "jack pot" and a "bob-
tail flush." And the young lady, well,
unless she is ready to "blow in" her seal-
skin sack, her jewelry or her back hair,
she can hardly be considered a "thorough-
bred."

We will tell you next week who
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pair ponies. One a bay mare with ring-
bone and scar on rump, and the other a
sorrell with main cropped.

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