

# Cooperstown Courier.

NO. 32. VOL. 1.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1883.

\$2 PER ANNUM

## THE COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING  
By Ed. D. STAIR.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
One copy, one year, - - - \$2.00  
Six months, - - - - - 1.00  
Cash invariably in Advance.

Official Paper of Griggs County

### LOCAL LACONICS.

—R. C. Cooper paid Fargo a flying visit this week.  
—More perfect harvest weather would be difficult to conceive.  
—David Bartlett has been appointed deputy district clerk by Mr. Jorgensen.  
—Judge Wm. Glass returned last evening from a visit to Fargo in the interest of his clients.  
—The invincible machine man, Fred Buchheit, is down at Fargo enjoying a little quietude.  
—The ever-smiling Allen B. Kent is up from La Moure, where he and his partners now "hang out."  
—This season's No. 1 Hard is held at \$1, on board cars, by those who have thrashed around Casselton.  
—Mrs. Jas. McNeal, of Jackson, Mich., has arrived in Griggs county, and is now enjoying its salubrious climate.  
—General Manager Roberts and Vice-President Lenham were passengers on the first train into Cooperstown.  
—We notice three new residences going up on the north side of town, and we shall look for three more every week now.  
—A twenty-foot steamer now floats from the elevator staff. It is the handiwork of Misses May Crane and Lulu Lenham.  
—Track Master Hanley is rushing down sidetracks and pushing general improvements in the Cooperstown railroad yard.  
—Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Pickett passed last Sunday with friends in Sanborn, returning on the first train to Cooperstown, Monday.  
—A party of our city Nimrods spent last Sunday at Willow lake, but it is hardly probable they shot any game on the day mentioned.  
—Peter Nelson returned on Tuesday from his sad trip to Decorah, Iowa. His brother, Samuel, stopped for a brief visit at Lanesboro, Minn.  
—The big Willard excursion party will stop five minutes at Sanborn next Tuesday and let the people see what effect good beer will produce on "bloods."  
—Miss May Crane and Miss Lulu Lenham rode to Cooperstown on our initial train from Sanborn, Monday. They are guests of Mrs. Pickett at the Palace.  
—"Uncle Bill" Lenham, it is said, gives the boys wholesome "spreads" at his restaurant. He proposes to keep his boarders fat, if good viands will do it.  
—N. P. Martin, auditor of the N. P. railroad, enjoyed the comforts afforded by the Palace, Wednesday and Thursday, as did also W. G. Paine, of St. Paul.  
—Among Wednesday's arrivals at the Palace were D. K. Grant, St. Louis, Mo., T. O. Rodell, Salina, Kansas, A. D. Murrell and Wm. Moon, of Annetta, D. T.  
—Chas. Scott, Esq., of the Fargo Headquarters, came up to Cooperstown Wednesday and took a few pointers on hotel keeping by putting up at the Palace.  
—W. B. Phelps, a rising attorney of Fargo, dined and supped at the Palace Tuesday. He took in a harvest scene on the Cooper farm and was highly entertained.  
—The Lisbon Star, under guidance of its new director, C. E. Johnson, promises to shine brighter than ever before. There is no discount on the Star, when you want a paper of enterprise.  
—Mrs. A. S. Richardson, accompanied by her daughter and niece arrived from Jackson, Mich., Monday, and joined Mr. Richardson, who is opening a fine farm near lake Jessie, next day.  
—Mr. H. C. Fitch is demonstrating his proficiency as a hotel man to the great satisfaction of his patrons. The Palace is fast gaining reputation as the best kept hostelry in North Dakota.  
—Conductor McClarion informs us that until further notice trains on the S. C. & T. M. railway will leave Cooperstown at 8 a. m., daily (except Sundays) returning leaves Sanborn at 4 p. m.  
Call and examine the Fall Clothing opening to-day at Whidden Bros.

—Waldorf Bros., tenants on the Cooper farm, are cutting their grain with a Plano binder at the rate of 22 acres per day. Pretty good work for one machine.  
—Business at the Bank of Cooperstown is on the boom, and that solid institution seems to enjoy complacently the increasing volume of its transactions.  
—The heart of the Dakota farmer is glad, and well it may be with this clear, cool, unprecedented harvest period, and their upwards of twenty bushels of No. 1 Hard per acre half secured.  
—Miss Barnard has received notice from the department that on and after Sept. 20 this office will be supplied daily by mail over the S. C. & T. M. railway, which road has been designated route No. 35,018.  
—Wallace E. Humphrey, of Ellsburg, well known in this county from his connection with the Red River Land Co. and the county seat fight of last fall, fell dead from paralysis of the heart on the 18th inst.  
—The wedding presents of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pickett have arrived, and if one is to judge from variety, utility and beauty of the list, he must conclude that friends of the happy pair are legion down in Wisconsin.  
—The New York Commercial Advertiser wisely remarks: "Dakota claims to be the only country where a girl without a dollar to her name is fully appreciated. Higher education girls without dollars should go to Dakota and marry for love.  
—That informal literary meeting didn't meet Wednesday evening, and all on account of the committees not preparing therefor. The committee was composed of Messrs. \_\_\_\_\_, but perhaps it's best not to mention them this time.  
—In a contest between the Plano and Champion harvesters a few days ago the former came out one lap ahead, according to the decision of Mr. Mills, on whose farm the trial occurred. Fred Buchheit operated the Plano and Holliday Bros. the Champion.  
—That game abounds in these regions is not only evidenced by the big "strings" the hunters bring in, but is also affirmed by the ammunition sales of our dealers. Stevens & Enger alone have sold 225 pounds of powder since the sporting season commenced.  
—The L. E. & L. Co. are bringing in a full assortment of lumber, etc., as rapidly as cars can be handled on temporary sidings. They will carry a heavy stock of timber and building material and calculate that their prices will not be lowered in North Dakota.  
—Some of our citizens kindly—or unkindly—furnished a few cases of beer for the railroaders to get gloriously "chuck" on, Tuesday, and staggering men were numerous on the streets. Be it said to the credit of Cooperstown saloonists that they promptly closed their doors and averted what might have proved a general jamboree.  
Big line of fall clothing on the way to Whidden Bros.  
—A. M. Pease, of Sanborn, has become interested in Cooperstown by the purchase of M. Hunter's harness shop and business. Mr. Pease took possession of the establishment Monday, and it is his intention to keep a full stock of everything pertaining to the trade. Mr. Hunter will probably remain a citizen of this place.  
—The towns of Harvard, Odell and Hannaford are now platted and on the market, and each place promises to be quite a burg. The Lenham E. & L. Co. will erect elevators or warehouses at each point, and the railroad company will lend its influence to the development of these embryo towns by putting in sidetracks, depots, etc.  
—Young ladies in Cooperstown are scarce, therefore they cannot be too particular with their hearts. They should guard against "spondees." A prominent physician announces the startling intelligence that the "normal beat of a healthy heart is iambic, and that when it is trochaic, pyrrhic, or like a spondee there is something wrong."  
—A party of the Palace's transient guests consisting of N. L. Lenham, W. H. Kiser, H. A. Maynard, N. P. Martin and son, C. A. Roberts, M. Kiser and J. M. Burrell accompanied by R. C. Cooper, launched upon the wide prairie last Wednesday, and game suffered fearfully. In fact their success was so marked that a large portion of the party sallied forth early yesterday morning and again to-day.  
Paints and Oils of all kinds at Odegard & Thompson's.

—Supt. Davis, of the L. E. & L. Co. thinks that by doing some "tall" work the elevator at this place will be in readiness for the reception of grain by the 15th of September. Very little will be thrashed before that time.  
—The Hope House has been leased by H. O. Nieman, of Wisconsin, and the Hope Pioneer passes to the ownership of W. F. Warner, the worthy and capable young man who has had charge of it from its inception. "W. F." here's hoping that golden ducats may plentifully pour into your printer pockets and your purse become plethoric with greenbacks.  
—The Lenham Elevator and Lumber Company offer \$50 in premiums to farmers of Griggs and Barnes. They will give \$10 for the best sheaf of wheat; \$10 for the best sheaf of oats; \$10 for the best sheaf of barley; \$10 for the best samples of prairie grass, and \$10 for the best samples of vegetables. Three competent men have been selected as judges, and the samples have to be delivered at the company's office to-morrow.  
—Mr. H. Crofoot, one of the wealthiest farmers of St. Joseph county, Indiana, visited the Buchheit Bros. last week and became so infatuated with our soil that he declared his intention to straightway induce his sons to locate in Griggs county. He says if no more work was put on the land down in his region than the farmers allot to their fields here they wouldn't be able to raise white beans.  
—A Peoria girl planted a lot of feathers with the hope that they would bring forth an early crop of spring chickens. She is closely related to the young lady who wouldn't eat veal because she thought she never afterward could look a cow in the face. The latter young lady is a sister to the Cooperstown gent who told Dr. Newell he could not look a hog in the back because he had been eating so much ham at Merrill's.  
—T. A. Ohmstead, chief inspector of wheat at Duluth, having heard rumors of a light crop in Dakota feared his business of inspecting at 25 cts. per car load might suffer this fall and therefore came out to see about it. He gazed upon the fields of grain that surround Cooperstown and went home rejoicing, feeling sanguine that the inspection of Griggs county wheat alone would keep the traditional wolf from his door. It might be added that the Board of Grain Inspectors of Dakota have adopted his rules verbatim to govern the inspection and grading of grain in Dakota Territory for the year ending August 1st, 1884.  
—Dakota girls are the universal newspaper topic, not only of western papers but of journals throughout the width and breadth of the land. There are many distinct traits possessed by the Dakota girl that entitles her to all the attention she is receiving. These modern feminines are not afraid to sleep alone once or twice a month on their claims, notwithstanding the wolves may howl around the door and the gophers play hide and seek about the shanty like so many mice. Then again the Dakota girl isn't backward about admitting her age to be at least 21, and even swearing that she is, for that is the price of 100 acres of good land, to her. The Dakota girl takes the ball of wax, and no mistake.

### Average Crops.

- 100 per cent. of wheat means thirteen bushels per acre.
- 100 per cent. of corn means thirty-two bushels per acre.
- 100 per cent. of oats means thirty-six bushels per acre.
- 100 per cent. of rye means eighteen bushels per acre.
- 100 per cent. of barley means twenty-four bushels to the acre.
- 100 per cent. of potatoes means one hundred bushels per acre.

Several pieces and remnants, dress goods marked away down to make room for fall stock at Whidden Bros.  
We will not be undersold in North Dakota. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.  
A large lot Grain Sacks for sale low at Whidden Bros.  
Look out for the engine when the bell rings. 10 lbs. Brown Sugar for \$1 at Whidden Bros.  
We are receiving lumber of every description daily. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.  
Come and examine the new stock of Hats & Caps at Whidden Bros.  
People are hereby warned to look out for the largest stock of clothing and furnishing goods ever brought to Cooperstown at Odegard & Thompson's.  
Harvesters can find the best glove made by calling for Lippitt, Leak & Co's genuine California buckskin.

## THE IRON HORSE AT LAST

Echoes its Shrieking Voice in the Sacred Precincts of Coopers-town, the Hub of Griggs County.

Our Condition Considered from a Clear, Cool, Candid Stand-point is Real and Assuring.

Why Griggs County has and Must Continue to Catch the Cream of Immigration.

The Capital City in Her New Relation.

All is now excitement, joy, enthusiasm and push in Griggs' capital. Men hurrying hither and thither with their elastic tread; mechanics busy with their pressing duties; merchants waiting upon their customers with exultant mien; the throngs of strangers in our streets and the sighs of the great steam civilization itself tell the story. The many who had grown impatient and those who had become despondent watching and longing for the engine of civilization, now pulsate and sparkle with the germs of a new life. Last Monday will be recorded as the most important epoch in the history of Cooperstown, for at two o'clock on that day the iron horse came gliding as smoothly into our place as though it had always been accustomed to so doing. Already farmers and others are pouring into our city seeking information in regard to transportation of freight and supplies. In a few days the streets of Cooperstown will be thronged with hundreds of teams freighted with golden cereal, and a new era will thus be touched by the conversion of No. 1 Hard into shining ducats that will serve to satisfy obligations and procure comforts.  
The advent of the Sauborn, Cooperstown and Turtle Mountain railroad will be fraught with far different and more satisfactory results than those usually experienced by frontier towns. The headlight flashes upon and the iron steed echoes its first voice to a town already well developed—a place thrifty, solid, and established by a class of sturdy pioneers who of themselves form a powerful nucleus as the magnet gathers particles of steel. With her educational institute, her bank, her immense elevator, her extensive mercantile houses, her elaborate hotels, her liveries, her unexcelled society, her mechanics, her artisans, and with her liberal portion of professional men of eminent attainments, the initial train touches Cooperstown—the heart of a glorious county—with her magic wand of civilization, and as Minerva sprang forth armed from the brain of Jupiter, so does Cooperstown arise fully clothed with all these evidences of its reality and with a wealth of magnificent natural advantages in the background. The visitor from the outer world will here behold no solitary electric light shedding from the top of a hotel its lonesome rays over an unpeopled townsite, but instead he will look upon a live, bustling mart, built upon the faith of men to whose untiring zeal and energy it stands a monument more enduring than bronze or marble.  
A few years ago the waters of the Sheyenne rippled indolently along through what is now our fertile county, singing its tuneful notes to an untutored race; a few seasons since the antelope grazed and the wild ox wallowed undisturbed where now stand the imposing business houses, the public and private edifices of Griggs county's capital. Less than twelve months ago the townsite of Cooperstown stood unenviored with naught save the horizon and the majestic landscape of its surroundings. Why this metamorphosis of to-day exists is easily accounted for by the three words: "March of Immigration." The productive soil of Griggs, its pure waters, its noble streams lined with sturdy timber, its beautiful inland lakes abounding with fish and affording grand sites for elegant homes, combined with the striking natural advantages of the townsite form the magnet that has drawn so largely upon the over-populated eastern and middle states.  
Consider the fact that what there is of Cooperstown has been materialized and developed in the brief period of eight months and in the absence of railway facilities, three-fourths of the lumber, material, etc., having been freighted by wagon forty miles. Reader, when you conceive the difficulties, the heavy tax of expense and endurance that was required to lay the foundation for this prosperous little city the conclusion must be reached that Cooperstown is built upon the solid

rock of natural resources. Towns in great numbers spring up constantly in the Northwest after that great essential of development, the railroad, has been put within their reach, but the instances are scarce where towns have benefited on the start adverse conditions such as Cooperstown has overcome. She emerges trimly from a tempestuous sea into clear sailing and in due time will register in port with a cargo of five thousand souls.  
The importance, the value and the influence that will be exerted upon our county and town by this iron highway that touches us to-day is inestimable. That Griggs will in the future enjoy an enviable place in the sisterhood of North Dakota counties, and that Cooperstown will rank among the foremost of Northwestern cities is not extravagant to expect, if the combined advantages of soil, water, fuel, climate, society and railway facilities count anything. Yes, an epoch has been marked, a new era has dawned upon Cooperstown and Griggs county seldom experienced in even this glorious land of the blest.  
Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros.  
Prices that compete with Fargo, Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.  
Before purchasing call and price the Pork, Beef, Hams and Bacon just received in large quantities at Whidden Bros.  
Buy the California Buck Glove, manufactured by Lippitt, Leak & Co., at Whidden Bros.  
Go to Nelson & Langlie's for your harvest supplies and get good fresh goods at the lowest bottom prices.  
One case Ladies' Felt and Straw Hats, Turbans, etc., trimmed ready for wearing just opened at Whidden Bros.  
Best 5 cent smoke; the "Nestor" at Odegard & Thompson's.  
Those famous California Buck Gloves can be found at Odegard & Thompson's. Harvester don't forget it.  
Machine oils of all kinds at Nelson & Langlie's.  
It will surprise the smoking community to smoke that "University" at Odegard & Thompson's.  
Look out for a car load of salt at Odegard & Thompson's.  
Kerosene and Machine oil for sale at Whidden Bros.  
A full line of Dry Goods just opened at Whidden Bros.  
Ask your merchant for a pair of Lippitt, Leak & Co's harvest gloves. The best made.  
Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros.  
A carload of Valley City Flour just received and for sale low at Whidden Bros.  
Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros.  
Campbell & Sabin make loans on FINAL PROOF.  
Lippitt, Leak & Co. are manufacturers of Genuine California Buck Gloves and Mittens, hand made and warranted not to rip, at San Francisco, Cal.  
**The Cars Have Arrived,**  
and Whidden Bros. are selling Salt at \$3 per bbl. Ground Feed \$20 to \$35, per ton, and all heavy goods at lower rates than formerly.  
**CARD.**  
Park Ave. Hotel, Mandell, is a neat and commodious two-story house; complete and furnished luxuriously; is one of the best kept hotels in the Territory, is homelike and strictly first-class in every particular, capable of accommodating fifty guests. Situated in the picturesque valley of the Sheyenne, amidst forest and hill, in a climate where summers are absolutely perfect and where tourists can find rest and recreation, with boating, fishing, hunting of every kind of game known to the Northwest, berry and plum picking. Easy access by two railroads—it is destined to become a favorite resort. Terms of the House as low as any of like accommodations. Farmer's rates made to suit.  
MARTIN ROBINSON, Prop.  
THEO. F. KERR, M. D.  
Physician and Surgeon!  
Cooperstown, Dakota.  
Office in Newell's Drug Store.  
A. F. GROVES, M. D.  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Official Surgeon for N. P. R. R. Co. Office over Burns Co. Bank, SANBORN, D. T.  
JOSEPH HOGGARTH  
HAS OPENED A  
Wagon, Repair & General Jobbing  
Shop. All work promptly executed. A call solicited.  
COOPERSTOWN, - DAK.  
**FARMERS ATTENTION!**  
Having purchased a new  
**STEAM THRESHER!**  
We are prepared to thresh grain on short notice in the best manner, and at reasonable charges. A call solicited.  
B. B. BROWN & Co.

# Cooperstown Courier.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DA.

Congressman Ryan, of Kansas, lately interviewed in Washington by a correspondent, gives this glowing account of things in his state. "Kansas produces about 30,000,000 bushels of wheat and will raise about 175,000,000 bushels of corn this year. The oat crop, too, is enormous; I never saw such a yield. In fact, all the crops are good. We have had several good years in succession now, and the result is that our people have got clear of debt, and this year will leave them with a nice surplus."

The most earnest advocates of the Edmunds law for the suppression of polygamy in Utah admit that it has proved a complete failure. It was supposed by disfranchising polygamists, and placing the electoral machinery in the hands of a commission authorized by Congress the anti-Mormon voters would be able to control the Territorial Legislature of Utah. The recent election has served to dispel this illusion. The Mormons had things pretty much their own way and the Legislature is overwhelmingly under their control. Members of the commission are not quite so despondent. They argue that the law of disfranchisement operates as a stigma upon polygamy, and that the young and ambitious who are as anxious as Gentiles for political preferment, will keep clear of polygamous alliances.

Earthquakes in this country are frequently chronicled, but they have been very light compared to those in distant lands. But the San Francisco Chronicle refreshes our memory of the earthquakes in California which are well-nigh forgotten. One of these occurred in 1868 and the other in 1871. Of the former the Chronicle says: "If it had continued thirty instead of five seconds it would have reduced this city to a jumble of ruins." Of the other, whose greatest violence was felt in the interior of the state, it says: "A different affair was that of 1871, which, in ten seconds threw down every house in Lone Pine and killed forty per cent of the population. Had San Francisco been where Lone Pine was, the destruction would have exceeded that at Lisbon in the last century."

The election of a senator for New Hampshire completes the roll of the senate for the next congress. There have been twenty-six elections for the senate for the next congress, and of these fifteen were in the last congress, leaving eleven who are entirely new men. Of the old senators re-elected four are republicans and eleven are democrats; of new men who had no seats in the senate of the last congress eight are republicans two are democrats and one readjuster. The democrats have lost two senators,—one in Oregon and one in Virginia—and they have gained one in Louisiana. The republicans have got one of their party in the place of doubtful David Davis, and they have gained one from the democrats in Oregon. The senate will stand 38 republicans, 36 democrats and 2 readjusters.

A Hartford gentleman wrote to the secretary of the general delivery of the postoffice at London for information as to the general delivery of mail matter in England and received reply that there is no village and but few hamlets in the United Kingdom without a delivery of letters from house to house. In some thinly inhabited districts letters are not delivered every day, but twice or three times a week but with rare exceptions letters are delivered even in the rural districts six days in the week, if not seven. The frequency of the delivery depends upon the number of letters, the hours of the arrival of the mails and the cost of providing the service. As a rule all towns and most of the considerable villages have deliveries from house to house twice a day. Of the 910 head postoffices thirty have one delivery per day, 350 have two, 390 have three, 115 have four, seven have five, six have six, and one (Liverpool) has seven daily deliveries.

Adjutant General Drum of the regular army takes great interest in the militia of the States. He thinks there should be a national militia of at least 200,000 strong, uniformed and equipped by the United States exactly as federal troops are uniformed and equipped. There should be artillery and cavalry in the quota which each state would be expected to furnish. The United States should furnish armories where they were needed and every other thing which the state did not provide or which the militiamen could not obtain at slight expense. The militia ought to be regarded as the reserve of the regular army. It ought to be so officered and so trained that it could be mobilized within 48 hours. The nation could depend upon its militia. It could well afford to spend five or ten millions a year in preparing such an army and a million or two a year in keeping it up. Gen. Drum will embody these ideas in a report to be submitted to congress, and possibly something may come of it in due time.

## PITH OF THE NEWS.

### EVENTS IN WASHINGTON.

A letter has been received at Washington by Gen. Swain, from Fort Leavenworth, stating that Maj. Edward B. Grimes, quartermaster, who has been very ill at that post for some time with dropsy, is failing so rapidly that no hope remains for his recovery. He was appointed assistant quartermaster of the volunteers in 1862, and was transferred to the regular army in May, 1865, being promoted in March, 1882 to major. His present duty is as depot quartermaster at Fort Leavenworth. In 1876-8 he was on duty at St. Louis, and was a prominent witness at the whisky conspiracy trial, and prior to that served at St. Paul, Bismarck, Chicago and other points.

The treasury department has awarded gold medals of honor to Joseph Cardrad and Alfred Cardrad for heroism displayed in saving from drowning April 16, William Marshall, keeper, and Edward Chambers and Edward Lasley, assistant keepers, of the Spectacle reef light house near Bos Blanc Island, Lake Huron.

The acting secretary of the interior on the 20th inst., issued an order disbarring from practice before the interior department Jenkins A. Fitzgerald, pension agent, of Washington, he having failed to disprove the charges of fraudulent practices preferred against him.

### NEWS OF THE RAILROADS.

The Manitoba road expects to handle 18,000,000 bushels of Red River wheat instead of 14,000,000.

### GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

A cane grower's meeting was held on the 20th inst., in Union hall, in Mankato, and an organization perfected to be known as the Central Southern Minnesota Cane Grower's association. The following officers were elected: Allan Moon of Eagle Lake, president; George M. Jefferson, Nicollet, secretary; B. H. Preston, Lefroy, treasurer; committee on by-laws and resolutions, H. A. Simon, J. Pressnall, J. D. Quane. After election of officers a general discussion was held on the merits of general methods of cane growing and sorghum manufacture.

The cushion carom game of billiards at San Francisco, 300 points, \$500, between Sexton and Schaefer, was won by the former in forty-nine innings. Schaefer's best run was 46, Sexton's best, 28. Time of game, one hour and thirty-five minutes. The fourth night billiard tournament between Schaefer and Wallace, champion game, 600 points, for \$500, was won by Schaefer in seventeen innings.

Revenue Agent Horton of Boston has brought suit for \$25,000 damages against Carter, claiming libel in a letter written by Carter to the president of the United States regarding Horton's appointment as internal revenue agent, in June last.

Cattle men in North Wyoming inform Gen. Howard that Indian depredations are getting to be scandalously frequent, and that unless the government wakes up they will take the matter in their own hands.

The steamer Alaska, which came in on the 20th, made the passage in seven days and forty-seven minutes, which is within an hour of the best west-bound passage ever made.

The profits of the Moody & Sankey hymn-books have been in the neighborhood of \$400,000. The profit funds have been applied to charitable and evangelical purposes.

The town of Middlefield, Mass., celebrated its one hundredth anniversary on the 15th inst. The exercises were held in a tent capable of holding 2,000 people.

The Minneapolis Turners captured the first prize at the New Ulm turnfest.

An important gold discovery is reported from the Yukon river in Alaska.

### CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

Red Wing Special. A bold burglary with intent to steal was perpetrated the 18th inst., at the residence of John Ek, who lives in the Third ward. Ek is employed as lime burner, and leaves his home about 12 o'clock midnight to engage in his work. The entrance was made shortly after Ek had left, and it so frightened Mrs. Ek to see the burglar inside that she cried murder and called for assistance, which was luckily heard by neighbors, who at once started in pursuit of the offender, with the result that he was, after a few hours' search, found and brought before Justice Graham. He gives his name as George Hoffman, and says he came from Minneapolis. To the charge of burglary with intent to steal he pleaded not guilty, waived examination, was bound over in \$500 to answer to any indictment that may be brought against him by the grand jury at the next term of the district court. No bail was furnished, and the defendant went to jail.

Last week a young girl, seventeen years of age, named Laura Stiles, called at the municipal court room, at St. Paul, and obtained a warrant for the arrest of one Lawrence S. Ball, charging him with being the father of her expected child. Ball was arrested, and the two appeared before Judge Burr and were married. Ball did not deny the statement made by the girl. He quickly assented to the ceremony, and at its conclusion the ill-mated pair separated without exchanging a word. The bride is almost a child in appearance, while the groom is a healthy robust individual weighing fully 225 pounds.

Richard Fanning, twenty years old, employed as hall boy in the Sherman house, Chicago, was arrested recently on a charge of having committed heavy robberies while employed in a similar capacity in the Parker house, Boston. He made a partial confession and started for Boston in charge of detectives from that city.

Capt. Heydt, an old man, while seated on the sidewalk in front of the Washington hotel, in Baltimore, on the 20th inst., was violently assaulted by Hugh Resiborough, from the effects of which he died. Capt. Heydt went to Baltimore several months ago from Ohio. He served in the Eighteenth Ohio regiment.

Gov. McCutcheon of Montana, has ordered a postponement of the hanging of Carl Adolphson, the murderer, who was to have been executed on the 18th inst. The date, as changed, is Feb. 7, next. Adolphson spends his time with his Swedish Bible and minister.

A male child about two weeks old, richly

dressed, was found nicely packed away in a large valise and placed upon the top of a threshing machine near a public road about a mile from Glyndon. The parents of the babe are unknown.

Witnesses in the James' trial at Gallatin, Mo., are in receipt of threatening notes. James' friends claim that it is a device to excite adverse public sentiment.

Peter Smith of Maysville, O., was killed by a blow from a billy in the hands of Pres Lawson, one of his employes.

### RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

An extensive saw mill at Rat Portage, Manitoba, belonging to the Rainy Lake Lumber company, burned on the 19th. The mill, which cost nearly \$200,000, was completed last spring. The entire outlay in connection with the enterprise was \$500,000. It is a total loss. A quantity of lumber, shingles, laths, etc., was burned, valued at \$100,000. Intense excitement prevails in Rat Portage over a rumor that the mill was set on fire by Manitoba special constables.

Oscar Leistikow, a little seven-year-old son of John Leistikow of Winona, was killed on the 20th by being kicked by a mule at the stables of Laird, Norton & Co. Leistikow has charge of the stables, and on visiting them about 7 o'clock discovered his boy lying unconscious in a shed at the rear of the barn, with a severe wound in his head. He was removed to the house, and lingered until about 10 o'clock, when he died.

A young man named George McCune, brother of Attorney E. L. McCune of Bismarck, dropped dead on the depot platform in the city, on the 19th inst., while waiting for the east-bound train. He was of a wealthy and prominent family of Columbus, Ohio, and was upon the point of starting for home after a visit to his brother. Heart disease was the supposed cause of his death.

A fire on the night of the 23rd totally destroyed the large sash, door and blind factory of Williamson, Libby & Co. of Oskosh. Their warehouse was saved. Loss, \$35,000; insurance, \$23,000. The factory was filled with stock. The fire originated in the mill, and within a minute after the alarm was given all was in flames.

A fire at Wellington, Ill., Saturday night burned Fisher's mill and carriage shop, with contents. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$15,000. Another mill owned by M. D. Keenly, loss, \$2,000; no insurance. Carriage shop owned by John Atkinson. Loss, \$3,000; no insurance.

Dan McGuire, a laborer from the Keystone farm, was drowned on the 23d, while bathing in the Red Lake river, near Fisher. The body has not yet been recovered.

McDowell & Son's large paper mill at Lambertville, N. J., was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The loss exceeds \$50,000; insurance \$10,000.

A workman dropped a soldering iron in a keg of lard oil at the Empire oil works at Long Island City. A 500-gallon fire resulted.

The Charleston News and Courier reports great injury to cotton by drouth and great threatened.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

John Chinick of Miles City, Mont., who accidentally shot himself July 22, died on the 22d inst. He was founder of Miles City, and came of a good family from England in his sixteenth year. He was especially prominent in this country on account of his long-protracted suit with the Union Pacific railroad, in regard to a disputed land claim, involving the location of Miles City. He leaves a family in good circumstances.

Gov. Hubbard of Connecticut, whose daughter Nellie has made him famous by marrying his coachman, has lost his fortune of \$500,000 in Wall street. He is regarded as the best lawyer in the state, and the misfortune came through setting his son up as a New York broker.

Gen. W. D. Washburn telegraphed the mayor of Rochester to draw upon him for \$1,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the cyclone.

Miss Jennie Flood, the California heiress, is engaged to marry Baron Beaumont of England, who has blue blood and an empty purse.

### FOREIGN NEWS GOSSIP.

The second son of Prince William of Prussia, who is the grandson of the emperor, was christened at Potsdam, on the 19th inst., with imposing ceremonies. All the members of the imperial family, the duke of Edinburgh, duke of Albany and the king of Rumania were present. The presence of the king of Rumania is regarded as giving force to the idea that the alliance between Italy, Germany and Austria is about to receive fresh strength by the accession thereto of Rumania.

Pensacola, Aug., 23.—Great excitement was caused by a report that two cases of yellow fever had been found in the city. Everyone who could possibly leave the city made preparations for so doing, and the scene at the depot the night of the 22d, baffled description. It is estimated that 600 people left for different points, and about 100 got away this morning early. Tranquility was restored, however, by an official announcement that no case existed in the city.

The German Emperor's famous horse Ganges, on which he made his entry into Berlin after the war of 1866 and 1870, has recently been killed; but having undergone the taxidermic process, he now stands in the atelier of Prof. Siemens, and is to be reproduced in bronze in the great equestrian statue of the Kaiser for the soldiers' monument at Leipzig. The horse will afterward be placed in a public gallery at Berlin.

A dispatch from Hong Kong says a European tide waiter at Canton, in an altercation recently with some coolies, drew a revolver and killed a boy and wounded two men. He was arrested, and now awaits trial. The outrage has an exasperating effect upon the populace, who were already excited by the action of the French in Tonquin.

The North German Gazette, Bismarck's organ, replying to the attacks of French journals on Germany and their cry for revenge, declares that France threatens the peace of Europe. It says such a state of affairs cannot continue without serious danger, and that the passions fomented by such agitation may burst the bonds of peace.

The pope has written Cardinal Delucchi,

### JUDGE BLACK DEAD.

Death of Judge Jere S. Black of Pennsylvania, Who Passed Away With a Prayer on His Lips.

York, Pa., Special Telegram, Aug. 19.—Brookie is in mourning. Judge Black, the central figure of Brookie, lies cold in death. His death was peaceful and calm, and his eventful life went out beautiful as the setting of a summer sun upon the cloudless sky. His death was a courageous one, and in hope of a blessed immortality. At 2:15 o'clock he breathed his last. Kissing his wife good-by, he turned over on his side, and with a smile playing upon his lips he passed away. His two sons, Chauncey F. and Henry, his daughter, Mrs. Hornsby, and his son-in-law, Mr. Hornsby, and A. F. Farquhar, were present when the vital spark fled. Shortly before death had laid his icy hands upon him, he spoke with confidence of the future, saying to his son Chauncey he had no fear of crossing the dark river when his Heavenly Father awaited him on the other shore, ending, "I would that I were as comfortable about what I leave behind in the world." When his beloved wife knelt by his bedside comforting him with her sympathy and love, he gave utterance to the following impressive prayer: "Oh, thou most beloved and merciful heavenly Father, from whom I had my being, and in whom I have ever trusted, if it be thy will, grant that my suffering end and that I be called home to thee. And oh bless and comfort thou my Mary."

The judge's illness only dates from Monday last, and from the first approach of the fatal and painful disease, he was perfectly resigned, feeling that it would terminate fatally. After his case became critical, and it was found necessary to resort to a surgical operation, he observed that the doctors were in council, and asked his import. They told him of the intended operation, and that they had asked the consent of the family. Good humoredly and with his accustomed wit, he remarked: "You have reckoned without your host. I am the victim and the only one to be consulted. I will not submit. I can hold out until Drs. Attee and Garnett can be summoned in consultation." Agreeably to the judge's desire the doctors were brought and he consented to the operation. It was successfully performed, but blood poisoning followed, which was the immediate cause of his death. All through his sickness, although suffering intense agony, he was cheerful, and his great mind gave vent in frequent scintillations of witty utterances, and at times he repeated selections from his favorite authors, Bryant's Thanatopsis and the words of Lady Macbeth. In his dying moments the jurist lost none of his force of character, his gentility and brightness of disposition, and his flow of language, when not under the influence of opiates. Judge Black suffered greatly during his illness, but his last moments were without acute pain, and he passed quietly away, retaining consciousness within a few minutes of his death.

Jeremiah Sullivan Black was born in Somerset county, Pa., Jan. 10, 1810. His ancestors came from the north of Ireland and settled near the present site of York, Pa., the home of the statesman, early in the seventeenth century. His father, Henry Black, being a farmer, Jerry, as he was familiarly called, passed his early years upon the virgin fields of the clearing among the glades, and his love of rural life remained with him through all his days. It also fixed his religious faith and turned him to the Campbelite church, which he joined at the age of twenty-eight. He received his first academic training in the schools about his own home, but he completed his studies at a private academy in Fayette county. He had an immense legal practice from the first and in 1838 he married Miss Mary Forward, his preceptor's daughter, who survives him. In 1842 Gov. Porter appointed him judge of Common Pleas. He was made chief justice of the supreme court of the State in 1851, by drawing the short term of three years, after having been chosen upon the ticket with Lewis, Grosvenor, Lowery, and Coulter, under the new constitutional provision, making the judges elective. In 1854 he was re-elected to the supreme bench by a large majority. Afterwards he became Attorney General of the United States under Mr. Buchanan. Judge Black's loyalty during those trying months is unquestionable. The late member of that cabinet, furnished in January, 1877, a written tribute to Judge Black's unwavering loyalty during that period; and Judge Holt another of his cabinet colleagues, has said: "No man could have been more ardent or earnest in his attachment to the union or more persistent in urging those things calculated to save it from the designs of the southern men than Judge Black."

As a lawyer he was considered one of the greatest in the country. Two years ago he published a vigorous defense of the Christian religion in the North American Review against the onslaughts of Robert G. Ingersoll.

### The Minnesota State Fair.

General George B. Loring United States commissioner of agriculture has been engaged to deliver the annual address at the Minnesota State Fair at Owatonna Sept. 6th. The 25th Annual Fair of the Minnesota State Agricultural Society will be held at the City of Owatonna, commencing Sept. 23 and holding the entire week. The new buildings on the grounds are nearly completed and are second to none in the state. All will be in readiness when the fair opens.

The 400 stalls for horses and cattle and the pens for sheep have already been taken and the society are going to put up 100 more to accommodate the display which promises to be the largest and finest ever brought together. The exhibitors come from Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota and are among the most prominent importers and breeders in the United States. All the different breeds of horses, cattle and swine will be upon exhibition.

Lawrence, Straight & Co., the famous creamery men of our state will put up and operate a first class creamery on the grounds during the Fair, making from 250 to 300 pounds of butter daily, thus giving the farmers of this state an opportunity to see how creamery butter is made.

The machinery and other exhibits will be upon a scale commensurate with our great state. In the fact the coming State Fair promises to be the largest and best ever held by the Society, and places it in the front rank of the great fairs of our country. Reduced rates can be from all points to the Fair, and extra and excursion trains will be run on the different railroad to the Fair, and all stock and articles for exhibition carried free. Owatonna is making preparations to take care of all who come.

Baron Von Wallendorf, the Austrian scientist, is dead.

prefect of the congregation: Cardinal Patrick, bishop of Fruzzali, Cardinal Hergetrother, denying the charges that the papacy has any desire to stand in the way of the government of Italy, and urging them to defend the church by adducing evidence from the archives of the vatican, showing the charges are unfounded.

A dispatch to the Times from Hong Kong recently says that Haidoung, Tonquin, has been taken by the French. They also captured 150 cannon and \$5,000 in Annamese cash. The Annamites fled into the interior.

A cable letter from London says the Shalra manuscript of Deuteronomy, which has caused such lively controversy in literary circles is pronounced by Dr. Neubaus and Prof. Sayce a forgery, without any claim of authenticity.

Mignot Lane, manufacturer of cigars and dealer in loaf tobacco, Havana, has suspended. Liabilities from \$500,000 to \$700,000. He claims to have a real estate that will cover his indebtedness.

Extensive flour mills near Killucan, West Meath, Ireland, were burned recently. Three persons perished. Loss, \$35,000.

The Irishmen of County Sligo will send another Home Rule member to parliament.

### KNIGHTS TEMPLAR IN LINE.

Imposing Parade of the Commanderies Attending the Conclave in San Francisco. Affording the 'Friscans a Memorable Spectacle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—The grand procession of Knights Templar, which took place this afternoon, was admitted to be an unequalled success. The entire population of San Francisco and 75,000 strangers have declared it so, cheering, throughout the entire route, what is the best represented, if not the most numerous concourse ever held in this or any other country. To the people of this city it was eminently gratifying, after a time of momentary discouragement. They have spared no pains or expense to return the compliment extended representatives of this coast to the Chicago conclave. As early as 8 o'clock this morning crowds began gathering in the streets, along which the procession would pass and by 9 o'clock Market street was rendered impassable extension on the roadway, which, by police orders, had been kept clear for the passage of the knights. At 9:30 commanderies began to arrive, taking up the position assigned them in the streets off Market reserved for the purpose. At 10 o'clock all had arrived, and at that hour the scene presented from the gallery of the Baldwin hotel was one not easily to be forgotten by San Franciscans who had the good fortune to witness it. On one side a mass of decorations, extending as far as the triumphal arch, flanked the participants of the richly clad knights, representing every State and Territory of the United States. At 10:30 the order was given by the captain general to move forward. The platform of mounted police spurred their horses over to clear the way, followed by a detachment of police on foot. The first commandery that led off was the California commandery No. 1, their silver embroidered velvet cloaks and plumed hats with richly caparisoned black horses, attracting marked attention. Following them came the Golden Gate and Oakland commanderies, the grand master, Gov. Sir George Perkins, riding a milk white charger, and accompanied by his staff. Next in order came various commanderies of California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Nevada and Arizona, each preceded by their respective bands. These completed the three first divisions, after which up to the fourth division, came commanderies of States east of the Rocky mountains. Among the latter were Washington No. 1, Hartford, Damascus, Jacksonville, Florida, and Cyrene, No. 5, Middletown, Conn., who in the person of Knight Bradman Leroy, represented his commandery. Then came the St. Bernard of Chicago. The tenth and last division was composed of the Grand Encampment of the United States, led by Sir William Knet, past grand commander of California. The real Hawaiian being selected by the grand commandery of this state as the official orchestra of the conclave, immediately preceded Baron commandery, which acted as special escort to Grand Master U. S. Dean. Following them on white chargers came Grand Master accompanied by a numerous and brilliant staff. The procession terminated with Dewitt Clinton commandery, Virginia City, Neb., mounted on black steeds and acting as grand guard of honor to the grand divisions after which up to the honors of the day. The knights first proceeded to the pavilion, where addresses were delivered by Gov. Sherman of California, ex-Gov. Perkins, mayor of the city, and others. Then they marched to Vesuvius avenue, where they were reviewed by the grand master, after which the march through the city began. It occupied an hour in passing given points. As the march proceeded 3,750 knights took part, representing 366 commanderies from forty-six States and Territories. In a word, every State and Territory in the United States were represented.

### A Twelve Pound Nugget.

There are two things, at least, that rough men ordinarily respect,—and those are a woman who is a woman, and a baby. In the early days of mining in California, a true woman ruled as a queen in a miners' camp, and if she was the mother of an infant, she reigned as an empress. A good story is told by the California Eye, which is worth repeating:

Nestled close by the saloon at Grand Forks, in the very heart of the peaks of the Sierras, was the home of Henry Miller, a brother of Joaquin Miller. He had a very sensible woman for a wife, who bore him a beautiful son.

When the child was three weeks old, Mr. Miller, in a wagging way, told the "boys" he had "struck it rich," and had at that very time a nugget at his house that weighed twelve pounds. If any of them doubted his word, they could call at the house any time and be convinced. In a few minutes a delegation of miners filed out of the saloon and made a straight line for Miller's home.

They were very courteously received by Mrs. Miller who listened to the story of their errand, and with a twinkle in her eyes, concluded to keep up the joke. The speaker of the party began: "They tell us, Mrs. Miller, that your husband has struck it rich."

"Indeed, he has," replied Mrs. Miller.

"Has he pre-empted his claim?"

"I think he certainly has."

"What price does he ask for his mine?"

"I really don't think he would take a cool million for it."

"Is the specimen very fine?"

"Indeed, it is more precious than diamonds to me."

"Let us see it will you?"

"Certainly," said Mrs. Miller, as she advanced to the cradle and lifted out a handsome, twelve-pound boy, and exhibited it to the astonished gaze of the good-hearted but puzzled miners. They took the joke very good-naturedly, and laughed heartily, left the house without a very ceremonious leave-taking. Mackay, the millionaire, was one of the duped miners.

# ROCHESTER IN RUINS.

## A Fearful Tuesday Evening which Sees the Minnesota Town a Victim of Cyclonic Wrath.

### Hundreds of Buildings Shattered, 26 People Killed and 80 Other Unfortunates Injured.

### Five Hundred People Left Houseless to View the Melancholy Scene of Ruin.

### Nearly all Public Buildings Damaged and a Loss of \$300,000 Inflicted.

#### RUINED ROCHESTER.

HORRIBLE WORK OF THE CYCLONE.

ROCHESTER, Special Telegram, Aug. 22.—The citizens of Rochester are wan of cheek and hollow-eyed, and well they may, since they passed last evening as evil a quarter of an hour as ever fell to the experience of man, and to this succeeded a night of horror, such as made men used to the terrors of a stricken field wince and shudder. The storm first came at 7 in the evening and lasted from twelve to fifteen minutes. Not until after 6 o'clock were the residents the least alarmed, which is the strangest, when it is remembered that a month ago cyclonic fury vented itself but a few miles from here. By 7:10 the southwest quarter had assumed that sickly greenish tint which serves as a drop curtain for such dire work. In a few moments the green changed to copper, then to bronze, with whitish edges and lateral lines of flying sand athwart it in every direction. Next was noted that dead and dreadful inverted cone, with height seemingly immeasurable and murkiness appalling. With the speed of a cannon ball it came down the valley of insignificant Silver creek, and when within half a mile of the devoted city, its roar could be heard. Cellars were rushed to by almost every one, but a few of the hardier ones stayed at points of vantage near the edges and witnessed the attack of the resistless monster.

Full 300 feet in the air it rose, and in its whirling mass were trees and stones, animals and debris of every conceivable description. The dome of the court house melted from view, though touched merely by the hem of the wind. Trees snapped like cat-o-nine tails, or stranger still, were twisted as corkscrews in the hands of a Titan, and lifted bodily into the air with tons of earth clinging to their roots. Animals were dashed against stone walls, and their backs and bones crushed to powder. The roar of the fierce surge was like nothing ever heard before. The atmosphere was saturated with electricity, and pellets of rain and hail were driven vertically as if shot from a rifle. Fifteen minutes of this terror, and then a silence. By 8 o'clock the stars were shining as peacefully as if cyclones were unknown; but the silence was soon broken by the groans of the dead, dying and the sorely wounded. The northern part of the city, fortunately not the larger or thickly settled portion, had been changed from a habitable place to maze of mangled matter, a desert with signs of woe and terror scattered everywhere. Not a house stood where 300 had been at 7 o'clock. Most of the dwellings were of the poorer class but many were pretty, carefully tended and decorated houses. The citizens on the South side quickly repaired in crowds to the scene of direst disaster and went to work. All night long by the fitful light of lanterns at first and later aided by the moon they toiled.

SCORES OF BODIES mangled, cut, torn and bruised, some breathing, some breathless, were taken out. By sunrise those of the dead or wounded who had friends were speedily borne to private homes. The majority were taken to Rommel's hall, a large building on Broadway, where cots were hastily prepared for the wounded. The dead were taken away by friends or to W. H. Seward's undertaking place on Broadway. Physicians and nurses were soon to the fore, and everything possible done to alleviate suffering. The wounded were in a horrible plight, and a walk through the hall where they lie, even now, makes one faint. The cuts and bruises are generally about the upper part of the body, and childish faces are seen with wounds on them so ghastly that even the physician shudders as he uses sponge and needle. Into the cuts dirt and even powdered stone were forced in many instances. Cellars seemed of little or no protection, since, while some of the houses above them blew away, those to the west were crushed bodily into their depths. Think of two mothers, as late as noon to-day,

SEEKING FRANTICALLY FOR LOST CHILDREN, seeing three who corresponded in size with those they sought, but all so marred by dirt and blood and wounds that even maternal love could not tell whether to say "mine" or not. The scenes around the demolished houses were heartrending; men, women and children crying bitterly and almost bereft of reason. An absolute doubt exists in many cases as to where the site of their home was; ever a dreadful uncertainty and a haunting dread, and through it all the breeze sighing gently, the moon smiling calmly and men working bravely. The rising sun showed the utterness of the desolation. Queer freaks there were, of course. Here stands a wall, and on it hangs an unbroken looking-glass, while a heavy stove, crushed into fragments, lies on the floor near by. There, swaying to and fro in the breeze, is the family rocking chair, while a few feet from its horse lies

#### MANGLED AND DEAD.

A feather bed yonder twisted like a rope, and touching its edge a student's lamp, with even the chimney intact. Down near the river stands the large Cole mill, with a cyclonic bite taken from its western end. To the south of it is a train of eight loaded cars turned and twisted as if of straw, while in the race at the northern side are two more cars blown bodily from the track and into the water. The owner of the mill was lifted fifty feet vertically and hurled against a bank and killed. Not a bone in his body was left unbroken. Rochester, as every one knows, was a beautiful city, and as much on account of its trees as anything. A "core" of years will not restore its pristine loveliness in this direction. Some of the streets in the best part of the city are impassable, and looking up or down them one sees nothing but a tangled mass of trunks and foliage jammed across the roadway. Scarcely a residence—Mr. Van Dusen's is about the only one—that has not suffered more or less; and in many cases heavy chimneys were crashed through the roofs and garrets into the floors below. But description is utterly unable to portray the results of a storm which, in the worst of its path, absolutely

SWEPT PART OF THE EARTH AWAY, leaving nothing of grass or tree, or shrub. The relief committee is doing all possible, and residents are subscribing all they can, but help is needed, and speedily. Rochester gave liberally to relieve those who suffered in the July cyclone, and now feels justified in calling for aid to meet the horrors and alleviate the sufferings consequent on the worst calamity Minnesota has ever known, confined in the same space. Superintendent Sanborn, of the Winona & St. Peter, is here, and is doing all possible to repair damages. Passengers transferred around the ruins of the bridge over the Zumbro and the Horton elevator, which lies bodily across the track. The telegraphic facilities are very poor. Not a pole in or near the town was standing this morning, and hundreds of messages are sent in for transmission to absent friends. In addition to the damages in Dodge county

already sent are the following: The family of A. Van Frank are all seriously though not fatally hurt. The following have had barns and houses leveled to the ground:

Henry Chapman; house of Charles Ezenton, former proprietor of the Hotel St. Louis; L. Derby, Frank Bay, W. E. Chamberg, (the latter had seven head of cattle killed and the horse blown from twenty-one others; tough, but true; Christian Oleson, whose wife is fatally hurt, mother-in-law killed and little daughter shockingly cut; Gunderson, Ole Murda, A. Mosenburg.

THE DAMAGES IN ROCHESTER. Following is a detailed account of the damages in Rochester:

ON ZUMBROTA STREET. W. S. Booth, residence unroofed; court house, tower down, unroofed; new academy, wrecked; high school house, tower off, chimneys down; Congregational church, spire down; Cook house, partially unroofed; Heaney's block, unroofed; J. A. Cole's mill, unroofed; Chadbourne's block, unroofed. ON BROADWAY. Stocking's brick block, blown down; Beardley's building, down; Rommel's block, unroofed; Beder's block, side and end blown out. Several smaller buildings were partially unroofed and sheds and outhouses demolished. North of the railway not a whole building is standing, and as yet it is impossible to give a list of all the owners who have suffered. The principal losers are as follows: On and near the track

Loss. Demot. \$5,500 Vandusen & Co. \$6,000 Whitten & Judd's elevator 1,000 (total loss) 10,000 Mr. Horton's total loss will reach \$15,000, his farm being destroyed. Rochester Harvester works, utterly ruined; loss, \$30,000. Marvin Commack's Crescent creamery and cooper shop, with barns, sheds, etc. \$1,000. L. Tondro's Cascade mill; \$5,000. Roundhouse, all gone; \$2,000. T. A. & A. Whiting's elevators, slightly injured; \$1,000. Horace Leland, house and barn; one of the handsomest places in the city; \$6,000. John R. Cook's place leveled to the ground, \$2,000. J. W. Cole, large Zumbrota flouring mill, \$30,000. One and one-half acres of land, out of it; engine house and cooper shop destroyed. Broadway bridge, \$6,000. Railway bridge, \$6,000. Three hundred homes were utterly destroyed.

THE KILLED. The following is a list of the killed as far as known: John M. Cole, miller; Mrs. Zierath; August Zierath, hotel keeper, son of the above; Miss Zierath, his sister; Mr. Osborne and infant child; Mahan McCormick; M. Heizer; W. Higgins; Mrs. Steele, an old lady, daughter of Lewis Many; Mrs. Weatherbee; Jacob Heizer, farmer on Chadbourne's place; Mrs. Schultz; Child of George Hansen, missing, probably dead; Mrs. McQuilian, daughter of Lewis Irving, missing, probably dead; Mrs. Charles Quick and child; and many others not identified.

THE INJURED. The following is a list of the injured as far as known, but is necessarily very incomplete: John Ruidt, wife and child; George Hansen; S. A. Welch, shoulder sprained; Charles Quick and four children, one fatally; Dr. Weatherbee, dying; Mrs. Osborne and little girl; Hazzerly, head hurt; Dr. R. Eaton, head badly cut and bruised; Enos Matteson; Fred Clough; Charles Clough, nephew of John Polz, leg arm and nose broken; Annie Zierath; Otto Bire; John Hone; Dan Roth; Mrs. Roth; Mrs. Jane Bradley; Mrs. Humphrey Marshall; Humphrey Herson; Mrs. Chapman, old lady; Ed Chapman, her son; Mrs. Chapman, his wife; Mrs. Carter, widow; John M. Quilan; Dan O'Brien, probably fatally; Mr. Gerdy; Mrs. Gerdy; Mr. McCormick; Frank Schultz, badly hurt on head and limbs; Mrs. Smith; infant child of Fred Rick; William Leach; R. E. Williams; John Scherck, badly cut; Mito Sweeney; Oscar Hawk; Mrs. Irwin and three children, two badly; Neise Hansen, wife and child, latter badly; three children names unknown; Edward Coon, leg broken.

BEFORE THE CYCLONE. The weather throughout the day had been unsettled but not unusually threatening. Clouds would form and disappear, forming again heavier than before. The wind was mostly from the southeast, blowing scud clouds with it, while away above the rain-bearing stratum drove from the northwest all day. About 3 o'clock a black cloud rose in the west, very threatening, but it passed harmlessly by with a furious wind and some drops of rain. At 5 a low black bank lay in the southwest. It rose rapidly, but presented only the appearance of an ordinary thunder shower. As it neared the

city it began to assume a horrible appearance. The whole sky was tinged a ghastly green, and the masses of clouds swept around here and there in gigantic circles. Wherever it was possible people took to their cellars, and in no case where that was done was life lost. In the upper part of the city the darkness was at no time great; but at the lower part of town it grew dark as night.

#### FILLING EVERYONE WITH TERROR.

Then came the awful roar so well known as the precursor of a cyclone, and the storm burst upon the doomed city. Houses were as straws in the grasp of this terrible power and no tree, of whatever size, in the track of the storm withstood its fury. The whirling, swaying funnel led the broken country west of the city and struck the farm of Mrs. Patouts, lying two miles south, where the timber, buildings and grain, both standing, shocked and stacked, were wholly destroyed. Thence it moved down the valley of the Cascade toward the northeast, with a track about a mile wide. The dwelling of Mathew Engel, a large two-story frame building, was raised in the air and dashed back a shapeless mass of ruins. His barn, a new, large substantial one, shared the same fate. The house and outbuildings on the farm of John R. Cook were

CRUSHED PERFECTLY FLAT. The family of the tenant, Mr. Ecker, was in the cellar and escaped. On Mr. Ainslie's place, just north of here, all was laid flat but the house, which was partly unroofed. On Dr. Eaton's farm, the family took refuge in the stone basement of the barn and barely escaped with their lives. The condition of things in the northern part of the city defies description. A few splintered stumps and scattered boards remain to show where the Third ward was. The buildings in this part of the city were mostly one-story frame houses. Many of them without cellars, and there was the greatest destruction of life. The mill and dwelling of L. Tondro are a total ruin, while the immense Zumbro planing mill, John M. Cole, proprietor, is badly wrecked, huge pieces of the building being torn out and carried off.

#### MR. COLE'S FATE.

Mr. Cole, who was in the mill when the cyclone reached it, thinking his house a safer place, started for it, but had not gone twenty feet before he was caught up by the wind, carried a distance of eight or ten rods and dashed to the earth a mangled corpse. The residences south of the railroad to Zumbro street all suffered, losing roofs, windows and chimneys. The shaded residence streets are almost impassable from broken trees, pieces of roofs and debris of all sorts. On Broadway the tin roofs are off from Zumbro street north, and much of the plate glass is shattered. The First ward suffered the least, many dwellings escaping without any injury whatever.

#### OTHER TOWNS WIPED OUT.

Reports from outlying towns are coming in slowly, and show that the damage is not confined to this city. Pleasant Grove is reported annihilated, two persons being killed and ten wounded. The town of Salem lay in the track of the cyclone southwest of here, and is said to be wiped out. The top story of the court house is badly wrecked. The cupola was carried several rods, and the building left exposed to the weather. The tower of the school house lies on the ground, and the roof is damaged. The roof of the Methodist church was blown away, and the walls are half crumbled down. The steeple of the Congregational church knocked several holes in the roof in its fall. A children's picnic just returned from the country had taken refuge in the school, but all escaped badly scared. Had some of the children been at home they must almost certainly have been killed. A fine new building belonging to George Stocking and occupied by him as a grocery lies a total wreck. A. D. Vedder's farm machinery warehouse is completely demolished and the machinery scattered. The railway depot is unroofed and badly riddled. The roof of G. W. Van Dusen & Co.'s elevator was carried away, and the warehouse adjoining crushed. H. T. Horton's

ELEVATOR LIES ACROSS THE RAILWAY TRACK, and the warehouse and offices of Whitten & Judd are a mass of ruins. The Rochester harvester works are completely pulverized, not two feet of the wall remaining standing. All of the machinery is a total loss. The railway bridge is gone. Superintendent Sanborn is here with a force of men, and railway communication will soon be secured. A thousand people are homeless and dependent upon the charity of others for shelter and the necessities of life. The resources and sympathies of the citizens are taxed to the utmost, and help is badly needed from abroad. An impromptu hospital has been made in Rommel's hall, and about forty sufferers are being cared for by a volunteer corps of nurses. The damage in the city cannot be less than half a million and in the surrounding country an estimate is impossible. Fences are all gone, cattle injured and at large, stacks of grain and hay have totally disappeared and crops of corn and potatoes are beaten flat.

#### IN DODGE COUNTY.

In the townships of Westfield, Ashland and Canisteo there were five deaths—Mrs. Helmbrecht, Mrs. Christian Oleson and infant, an old lady, mother of Mrs. Ole Mulda, and one man, name not learned. Young Mrs. Mulda is fatally hurt, as is Andrus Frederickson. Joseph Thornbury, north of St. Charles, Winona county, was killed, and his wife and other inmates of the house injured. In Pleasant Grove, ten miles south of Rochester, at 4 o'clock, three hours earlier than the big storm, a cyclone struck several homes, killed two persons and wounded ten. The storm, so far as can be learned, started in Westfield township, near the west line of Dodge county. It continued through Dodge and Olmsted and into Winona counties, a distance of about sixty miles, and varied from two and a half to three-quarters of a mile in width, being the widest where it started. In the path of the storm nothing worth saving except the acreage is left. In Rochester the damage to the principal buildings is:

Court house unroofed; main tower and part of roof off. High school and Methodist church, walls down, roof and spire gone. Insane asylum, part of roof on east wing gone; not badly damaged, and the patients all right. Spire of the Congregational church gone.

George Stocking's and A. D. Vedder's brick blocks ruined.

Every elevator more or less hurt. Horton's elevator lifted bodily and thrown across the railroad track. Cole's mill destroyed. Rochester Harvester works, total wreck. Depot unroofed.

#### SOUTH OF THE RAILWAY.

The following business buildings south of the railway were simply unroofed and slightly injured: Cook's hotel, Stebbins & Co., Horton's Opera House block, Ozmeier & Booth, W. H. Seward, J. A. Cole's mill, Rommel's block, T. P. Hall & Co., Mrs. P. Graf, Broadway house. But few dwelling houses north of the track were badly damaged, but a great many barns and fences have disappeared. All kinds of stock are running at large through the country, more or less bruised and crippled, and almost unrecognizable on account of the coating of mud and filth. The barn of R. B. Hall blew across the railway track about two miles west of here. The hired man, went out to signal a train, not understanding the railway code, gave a false signal, and the train was badly wrecked. The fireman was instantly killed and horribly mangled and three or more passengers and train men severely injured. The resources of charity in this city were severely taxed by the cyclone a month since, and without outside aid it will be impossible to prevent an immense amount of suffering and destitution. Rochester extends an urgent appeal to her sister cities of Minnesota for aid in this, her time of trouble.

#### The Ruined City.

Rochester, the county seat of Olmsted county, is a city of about 6,000 inhabitants. It was one of the handsomest cities of the many of which Minnesota can boast. It is laid out regularly, with broad streets, shaded by numerous trees, with the Zumbrota river winding its way through the city from north to south, with a fine public park in the center of the city. Rochester contains many handsome public buildings, among which are the State hospital for the insane, the Olmsted county court house, the high school, the Cook House, and other hotels. The city has been noted for its many beautiful residences, with large and well-kept grounds, betokening the wealth and taste of their owners. The State fair was for several years held at that point, the extensive grounds being located in the suburbs of the city. The Southern Minnesota Fair association had taken possession of the buildings and grounds, on the removal of the State fair to Owatonna, and elaborate preparations were making for an exhibition this fall, which promised to rival the State exhibition. The grounds were large and well provided with all the necessary buildings, with a fine race track. Rochester was incorporated as a city in 1858. The first religious organization was the Methodist, which established a church in 1856. An Episcopal society was organized in 1860, and a Presbyterian society in 1861. Each have fine churches, ranging in cost from \$4,000 to \$30,000. Besides these there are fine Catholic, Lutheran and Universalist churches which are an ornament to the city. The high school building was erected a few years ago at a cost of \$75,000. The county buildings, which occupy one of the finest locations in the city, cost \$140,000. There are two weekly newspapers, the Rochester Record and the Rochester Post. In 1867 the Winona & St. Peter railway was completed to Rochester, which has now become one of the great primary wheat markets of the Northwest. There are in the city five large flouring mills, an iron foundry, woolen mill and carriage factory. Rochester has been visited by severe storms in former years, lying within the now apparently well defined track of atmospheric disturbances, which crosses the southern portion of Minnesota from West to East, but the present is the first occasion when serious damage was obtained.

#### THE TRAIN ACCIDENT EXAGGERATED.

The story about the train between Rochester and Zumbrota was exaggerated. The wind blew the switch open and the train ran off about half a mile west of town, turning over the whole train and killing William Higgins, fireman, of Dodge Center.

#### RELIEF MEASURES.

The promptness with which the call by Gov. Hubbard for aid at Rochester was met by contributions is a splendid indication for Minnesota. St. Paul starting off by raising \$1,000 a minute for the first five minutes after learning of the news, Stillwater giving \$1,000, Red Wing \$500 and other cities according to their abilities and public spirit, shows that the prosperity of the State has not spoiled her people.

#### Civil Rights Decision.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A decision was rendered by Judge Mills in the police court to-day in the civil rights case of Rev. George H. Smith (colored) of Norwich, Conn., against James W. Bell, proprietor of a restaurant. The ground of complaint was that the defendant had denied the accommodations of his restaurant to the plaintiff on account of the latter's color, and suit was brought to enforce the criminal provisions of the act of March 1, 1875. The court holds that

Under the common law an inn keeper is bound to take in and receive all travelers and wayfarers, and by the act of March 1, 1875, it is made criminal to discriminate against a traveler on account of "race and color or previous condition of servitude." A restaurant keeper has a right to establish certain regulations as to hours of meals, and to designate certain places or seats for customers, but such hours and seats must be the same for all, or if any discrimination be made it must be made upon some principle or for some reason that the law recognizes as just and reasonable, and not on account of "race, color, race or previous condition of servitude." All guests of an inn or restaurant must be given equal privileges and places designated for them; must be accessible to all respectable persons at a uniform rate of charges. From these principles it follows that the defendant in discriminating against the complainant on account of race and color was guilty of misdemeanor and incurred the penalty prescribed by the second section of the civil rights act of 1875. Judgment is entered accordingly.

This case is in some respects a novel one, since it is the first attempt to enforce the penalty under the second section of the civil rights act, which makes a violation of the law a misdemeanor, and it is the first effort made to enforce the criminal provisions of the law in a Territory where Congress has exclusive and absolute legislative jurisdiction.

#### NOAH'S ARK.

Finding the Ancient Vessel in a Glacier on Mount Ararat

A Constantinople newspaper announces the discovery of Noah's ark. It appears that some Turkish commissioners appointed to investigate the question of avalanches on Mount Ararat suddenly came upon a gigantic structure of very dark wood protruding from a glacier. They made inquiries of the inhabitants (Q. 1,725 in their report). These had seen it for six years, but had been

afraid to approach it, because a spirit of fierce aspect had been seen looking out of the upper window. Turkish commissioners, however, are bold men, not deterred by such trifles, and they determined to reach it. Situated as it was among the fastnesses of one of the peaks of Mount Ararat, it was a work of enormous difficulty, and it was only after incredible hardships that they succeeded. The ark, one will be glad to hear, was in a good state of preservation, although the angles—observe, not the bow or stern—had been a good deal broken in its descent. They recognized it at once. There was an Englishman among them who had presumably read his Bible, and he saw that it was made of the ancient gopher wood of scripture, which, as every one knows, only grows on the plains of the Euphrates. Effecting an entrance into the structure, which was painted brown, they found that the admiralty requirements for the conveyance of horses had been carried out, and the interior was divided into partitions fifteen feet high. Into three of these only could they get, the others being full of ice, and how far the ark extended into the glacier they could not tell. If, however, on being uncovered, it turns out to be 600 cubits long, it will go hard with disbelievers in the Book of Genesis. "Needless to say," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "an American was soon on the spot and negotiations have been entered into with the local pasha for its speedy transfer to the United States."

#### Disappointments of Travelers.

New Brunswick correspondence Belcast (Me) Journal. The trip thus far has been a series of disappointments to me. I supposed that when I struck the Provinces that I should see a different people, three legged or double headed or something of that sort, but they are just like anybody else, even to the nose. This blue nose business that we hear so much of, is a fable, a sort of fairy story as it were. The people don't have blue noses at all, they sport the same bright red nose that is so common in the states, and that so much resembles the top of a crenelated stake. The shop windows are full of Harpers' and Frank Leslie's and Seaside's, and Police Gazettes, and U. S. liver pads, and chest protectors, and corsets, and soaps, and the fences are painted with patent medicine advertisements, and the deceased Lydia Pinkham's face beams on me from the columns of the newspapers just as it does at home. And then I had supposed that we were the only people who could jaw about taxes, and tariff and the administration; but bless me, how I hung my head in shame as I read some of the editorials in their papers, and saw the words "libel," "misceant," "drunkard," "peculator," "fraud," &c., applied to the members of the city and provincial government, and felt that our editors were in their A. B. C.'s when it came to clear bookguarding and calling pet names.

But the Bay of Fundy was something that I knew there was no romancing about. Here was the grand canning establishment of the world, where fog was put up that would keep in any climate, and where 'twas rougher than Gov. Bulwer's closing speech in the Twinkley investigation. Did I lose my grip on this too? Well rather. It makes me tired when I think of the lies I have believed for the last fifty years. If I were rich I would travel through this world, and then write a history of it, leaving out all the lies that I have always believed, and filling it so full of truth that it would burst the covers off. The passage across the bay was delightful in every respect. No fog, no rough water, and no sick women looking into wash bowls, and the weather was warm enough so that one could go on deck and gaze at the scenery and view nature I did not bother much about the scenery, but I took in much the nature there was. There was some female human nature, about old enough to vote, that I watched pretty closely, to see that she did not fall overboard, and I don't recollect of seeing anything except water till we arrived at Digby, across the bay, some 40 miles from St. John.

#### Strange Death By Lightning.

Mr. Robert Claiborne is a brother to Mrs. T. P. Leathers, wife of the captain of the Natchez. He is postmaster at Point Coupee, besides having the agency of the Pool line and other boats at that point. Last Tuesday evening, while the steamboat Blanks was lying at the landing, Mr. Claiborne started down the levee toward where she was tied, followed a short distance behind by two negro men, mounted on mules carrying the mail bags. When nearly to the boat he was seen to fall to the ground suddenly beneath a white blaze of light that hovered around him for an instant, and the two negro men at the same time were hurled off their mules to the ground. Those on the boat who witnessed the phenomenon rushed ashore, and almost at the same moment the two negroes recovered their feet and came up to where Mr. Claiborne had fallen. They found him a corpse, black as ink all over. An examination of the body disclosed the fact that the electric fluid had penetrated the body in two currents, penetrating his right and left breasts respectively, and making two apertures where they entered, like bullets would have made. The lightning traversed his body. A lot of silver coins in one of the pockets of his pantaloons was melted and fused together in an indistinguishable mass. The two negroes felt the force of the shock sufficiently to be thrown from the mules they were riding without being seriously injured thereby. The sun was shining in an unclouded sky at the time the thunderbolt came down. A phenomenon similar in its fatality and strangeness occurred some weeks ago by which two men were killed under a tree near Bay St. Louis, being struck dead by lightning while the sun was shining. Silver and gold coins in their pockets were melted and blackened as in the case of Mr. Claiborne. —Vicksburg (Miss.) Herald.

The saloon of Ellis & Lee, at Walkerville, Mont., has been burned. Loss \$5,000, partly insured.

# THE COURIER.

FRIDAY, AUG 31, 1883.

The corner stone of the Dakota capital will be laid Sept. 5, and the occasion will be appropriately celebrated, jointly with the reception of the Villard party.

If in the great struggle of life, in the toil and toil of the great heap of civilization you find yourself in the press, extricate yourself if you can, push your way to the outside—otherwise our great Western tracts—where your mind, body, lungs and pocketbook can expand. The subtle saying "there's room on top" has like a modern juggernaut been the idol to which ambitious thousands have sacrificed. Break from the chains of habit and hesitation which bind you, and whether you are fifteen or fifty, there is a field for you here, and with the spirit of your forefathers burning within you, set forth, as they and "Go West."—Ex.

A lady writes to the Fargo Argus, noticing the attacks of a measly tenderfoot upon Dakota, and says: "I have lived in the country for nearly four years; have ventured on the open prairie in a tarpapered shanty two winters; and I don't think any of us would be taken for veteran soldiers, judging from the scars we bear. If the farmer of this territory can make enough through the short summer so that he can afford to toast his shins through the winter, all right. I think it is much better than lying in bed with typhoid fever or inflammation of the lungs and dozens of other diseases that we know nothing of on the prairies of Dakota."

## Does Advertising Pay.

Following will be found a portion of an interview held by a representative of The St. Joseph Herald with Mr. Bullene of the firm of Bullene, Moore & Emery, of Kansas City, the oldest and most extensive dry goods establishment in the west. It gives business men a "pointer" or two that they should heed:

"If it is a fair question, how much money does your house expend in advertising?"  
 "Last year our advertising bills amounted to over \$10,000. This year they will amount to between \$12,000 and \$15,000."  
 "That is for newspaper advertising alone?"

"Certainly. The newspaper is the only proper medium for a live merchant to employ. I wouldn't give a cent a bushel for circulars, doggers and signboards. When you find a merchant attempting to do business without advertising in the newspapers you can make up your mind he is not very anxious for customers. The people read the newspapers nowadays."  
 "You advertise regularly—that is constantly, I observe?"  
 "Yes, sir! Our contracts are for six months and a year. The 'dull season' is the very time to advertise. People are always ready for a bargain, you know. Our policy is to put as much money into newspaper advertising as into store expenses—that is, rent and light. All the successful merchants of to-day owe their success to legitimate newspaper advertising."

The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains.

Holliday Bros. have the finest line of Machinery handled by any one firm in the Golden Northwest.

Money to loan on chattels by Jacobson & Serungard.

Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros.

I am now prepared to furnish money on final proofs at the most reasonable rates obtainable. WM. GLASS, Attorney and Loan Agent.

**BYRON ANDRUS,**  
 Law and Real Estate,  
 COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

Special attention given to business before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo. Farm Lands and Town Lots bought and sold on commission.

**COOPERSTOWN LOTS!**  
 For sale at first hands.

**BLACKSMITHING!**  
 The Place for Blacksmithing  
**AS IT SHOULD BE**  
 —IS AT—

**MOORE & SANBURN'S**  
 On Roberts St., Cooperstown.

**HORSESHOING** receives special attention and is done in the Best and Most Careful manner. **JOBING** of every description. A trial solicited.

**J. S. RICKETTS,**  
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Special Attention given to Business before the U. S. Land Office.

SANBORN, DAK.

**DAVID BARTLETT,**  
 Attorney & Counsellor  
 AT LAW.  
 COOPERSTOWN, D. T.  
 Office over Stevens & Enger's hardware store, Burrell Ave.

**MRS. H. J. CURTISS,**  
 DEALER IN  
**MILLINERY!**  
 and FANCY GOODS.  
 SANBORN, DAKOTA.  
 Ladies are cordially invited to call and examine the stock.  
 Rooms on Third Street.

**CONRAD GERTHS,**  
 House and Sign Painter,  
 GRAINER, KALSONIMER,  
 PAPER HANGER, ETC.  
 COOPERSTOWN, D. T.  
 All work promptly and faithfully executed. A call solicited.

**J. G. MYERS,**  
 Painter, Grainer,  
 and PAPER HANGER,  
 COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.  
 All Work in the Line of  
 Painting, Graining,  
 Kalsomining, Decorating,  
 or Paper Hanging, done Expediently.  
 All Work Warranted.  
 A Trial solicited.

**J. W. SHANNON,**  
 —DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—  
**Furniture**  
 —AND—  
**UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.**  
 SANBORN, DAK.  
 Agent for the New Howe and New Home Sewing Machines.

**IVER JACOBSON,**  
 —AND—  
**COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.**  
 COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

**A. B. ZINCG,**  
 —DEALER IN—  
**REAL ESTATE.**  
**GRAIN**  
 —AND—  
**SANBORN TOWN LOTS.**  
 Money to Loan for Final Proofs, and Settlers Located.  
 Also Agent for N. P. Ry. Lands.  
 SANBORN, DAK.

**COOPERSTOWN**  
**MEAT MARKET!**  
 —BY—  
**Andrew Johnson,**  
 A Full Line of Fresh and Salt  
**MEATS,**  
 Salt & Canned Fish,  
 Sugar Cured Hams,  
 SPICED ROLLS, ETC.,  
 Constantly on Hand.

**Highest Cash Price**  
*Paid for Live Stock.*  
 We are determined to give the public entire satisfaction, to which end we respectfully solicit all to call.  
 ANDREW JOHNSON.

**THE**  
**NORTHERN PACIFIC**  
**RAILROAD.**  
 TO THE LAND EXPLORER.  
 TO THE BUSINESS MAN.  
 TO THE FARMER.  
 TO THE MECHANIC.  
 TO THE LABORER.  
 TO THE SPORTSMAN.  
 TO THE TOURIST.  
 TO THE MINER.

**TO ALL CLASSES!!**  
 For the Raising of Wheat!  
 For the Raising of Stock!  
 For Ready and Cash Markets!  
 For a Healthy Climate!  
 For Sure and Good Crops!  
 For remunerative Investments!  
 For Business opportunities!  
 For Wied scenery!

**The Northern Pacific Country**  
 has NO EQUAL.  
**SAVE MONEY** By purchasing tickets through, also buying them before getting on train.  
 Round Trip Tickets are at all Ticket Offices to all stations, reduced rates.  
 Coupon Tickets are sold at Sanborn to all Eastern and Northern points, at lowest rates.  
**Pullman Sleeping Cars** without change on all trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fargo and Duluth; for beauty and comfort these cars are unsurpassed.  
**Elegant Horton Chair Cars** on day trains, between Fargo and Mandan. These cars are seated with new reclining chairs and offer special attractions to the traveler.  
**Superb Dining Cars** without exception the finest on the continent, are run on all trains. First class meals 75 cents.  
 G. K. BARNES,  
 Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. R. WHIDDEN. J. B. WHIDDEN.  
**WHIDDEN BROS.**  
 Beg to announce that their mid-summer stock is now complete in every department, and their prices are uniform and low throughout.  
**GROCERIES & CANNED GOODS**  
 In this department the goods have been SELECTED WITH CARE, and laid in very low.  
**DRY GOODS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!**  
 We now offer a COMPLETE LINE of these goods at prices that defy competition.  
**BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS!**  
 Having sold off our old stock we are offering a new line which for PRICE and QUALITY can't be beat in North Dakota.  
**FLOUR, GROUND FEED AND SALT.**  
 A CAR LOAD of each just received which we are selling at lower rates than ever before offered in COOPERSTOWN.  
**FURNITURE!**  
 We will endeavor to keep this department stocked with SALEABLE GOODS at as low prices as ever.  
**Wooden Ware, Crockery, Glassware, Majolica Ware and Table Cutlery always on hand.**  
 COME ONE; COME ALL, and see the biggest stock at lower prices than you can possibly buy the same quality of goods for in this or any other country. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past we would solicit a fair share in the future, and do as well if not better than before. **WHIDDEN BROS.**

**THE HARVEST**  
 Is here and every farmer, every person that buys goods, should consult their own best interests by calling at the store of  
**Nelson & Langlie**  
 Where can be found an Immense and Fresh Line of  
**DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,**  
**BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,**  
**Gents' Furnishing Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Provisions.**  
 Our stock in all its branches is now COMPLETE and ATTRACTIVE and will be sold at the Very Lowest Living Prices. Every article marked in PLAIN FIGURES and ONE PRICE TO ALL.  
**Call and see Our Stock and Prices Before Purchasing Elsewhere.**  
**NELSON & LANGLIE.**  
 Opposite Hotel and next door to Stevens & Enger's Hardware.

**NEW STOCK. Moderate Charges. NEW RIGS.**  
**DAVIS & CO.,**  
 PROPRIETORS OF THE BURRELL AVENUE  
**LIVERY!**  
 FEED AND SALE STABLES.  
 We respectfully announce to the public at large the opening of our stables in Cooperstown. Driving and work horses will be constantly on hand and for sale at inside figures.  
**OUR LIVERY DEPARTMENT**  
 Is equipped with easy vehicles and fast traveling stock, with which we wait upon the public with reasonable prices. Special attention paid to the wants of Land Lookers.  
**DAVIS & CO.**

**Farmers of Griggs County!**  
 Your attention is called to the following facts that the **ESTERLY TWINE BINDER** will work in all conditions of grain, is the lightest draft and most durable machine made, and that the **STANDARD MOWER** will cut grass from six inches to six feet tall. That the **MINNESOTA CHIEF THRESHERS** and Straw Burning Engines take the lead all over the great Northwest for rapid and clean threshing.  
 We also keep a full line of Wagons, Buggies, Gang Plows, Pumps, Household Sewing Machines, etc. We keep a full line of extras for all kinds of machines we sell.  
**BUCHHEIT BROS.**

**BUILDERS' HARDWARE.**  
 NEW LINE AT THE  
**LUMBER YARD**  
**BOUGHT FOR CASH.**  
 Will be sold at Sanborn prices. Strong, cheap locks (not duplicated) a specialty.  
**LENHAM ELEVATOR & LUMBER CO.**

**\$72** a week made at home by the industries. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Cashy outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address **Tate & Co., Augusta, Maine.**  
**J. C. YANCEY,**  
**Tonsorial Artiste,**  
 COOPERSTOWN, D. T.  
 With towels clean, and razors keen I greet the public of Cooperstown. A call solicited from all.

**N. L. Lenham's**  
**INSURANCE AGENCY**  
 Representing the following old and reliable companies.  
 Cash Assets.  
 ETNA, of Hartford, \$9 054 611 00  
 HOME, of New York, 7 208 489 00  
 UNDERWRITERS Agency  
 N. Y. 5 125 957 00  
 GER. AMERICAN, N. Y. 3 704 274 00  
 North British & Mercantile  
 N. Y. 3 265 875 00  
 PHENIX, Brooklyn N. Y. 3 295 827 00  
 SPRINGFIELD, Springfield, Mass. 2 395 288 00  
 St. Paul Fire and Marine, 1 048 673 00  
 GERMAN, Freeport, Ill. 1 185 979 00  
 Policies promptly written on Business, Residence, Farm and other property.  
 At Sanborn by C. A. VANWORMER, office in Barnes County Bank Building.  
 At Cooperstown by H. G. PICKETT, office in Bank of Cooperstown.  
 Your Insurance business is respectfully solicited.

**AMERICAN FARMER**  
**FREE**  
**TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.**  


All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the "AMERICAN FARMER" a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is \$1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the grower contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

**REST** not life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something might and sublime leave behind to conquer time." \$66 a week in your own town. \$5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes; ladies make as much as men, and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

**READ THE**  
**Chicago Ledger!**  
 The oldest and most reliable story paper published in the West. It is a large eight-page paper, full of interesting stories, society news and humor. Every new subscriber receives a book as a premium. Price \$1.00 per year. Sample copies free. Address: **CHICAGO LEDGER**, Chicago, Ill.

**WISE** people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address **STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.**

**NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.**—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 14, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 28th day of August, 1883, viz: Mary J. Harsh, 1/2 E No. 10435 for the e 3/4 s 3/4 of section 4, township 16 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Benjamin B. Brown, T. H. Pinkerton, Alex. B. McHardy, James Ames, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office.  
 HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
 Wm. Glass, Attorney. 104a 24.

**NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.**—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 12th day of October, 1883, viz: Herman A. Michaelis, D. S. No. 12919 for the n 1/2 w 3/4 of section 10, township 14 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Chris H. Fromm, Ferdinand Fenner, Henry Fenner, Charles Williams, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Byron Andrus, judge of the probate court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office.  
 HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
 Byron Andrus, Attorney. 107a 21.

**Estray Notice.**  
 In the matter of certain two stray ponies taken up by S. B. Langford of section 6, township 14, range 58, on June 23d, 1883, described as follows, to-wit: One sorrel gelding weighing about 800 pounds, with mane cut short and having no brand, and being about 12 years of age; value, \$50; one bay pony mare, weighing about 700 pounds, and being about 7 years of age, with ringbones on each hind foot and having no brand; valued at \$20. Notice is therefore given that said ponies have been regularly appraised and may be recovered by the owner on proving property and paying charges any time before August, 1884.  
 30-32. **WILLIAM GLASS**

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., June 4, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of August, 1883, viz: Allen N. Adams, H. E. No. 11335 for the s 1/2 of n w 1/4 and s 1/2 of n e 1/4 of section 18, township 147, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Joseph Allen, H. O. Houghton, William Alton, Martin A. Hagen, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony herein to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1883 at his office. H. O. Houghton, who filed D. S. No. 9610 on the 23d day of April, 1883 are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 10th day of August, 1883, and show cause if any you have, why said Allen N. Adams should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land.

Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. On application of claimant the above notice of final proof is hereby continued until September 6th for taking testimony and September 11th for making payment. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney.

NOTICE.—Timber Culture.—U. S. Land Office Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Peter Stewart against Ole Rasmussen for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 7203 dated July 18, 1882, upon the southeast quarter (s e 1/4) section 6, township 144, range 60, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said Ole Rasmussen has failed to break or cause to be broken five acres of said land during the first year of said entry or at any time heretofore, and before July 29, 1883, contrary to the act of June 14, 1878, and the Timber Culture laws; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 18th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. Campbell & Sabin, Attys. a3-31.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 24, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of September, 1883, viz: Thomas O. Skattebo, D. S. No. 10844 for the n w 1/4 of section 25, township 144 n, range 50 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Knud E. Steen, Thomas G. Stee, Thomas Knudsen, Christ Jackson, all of Barnes and Griggs counties, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John W. Scott, of Valley City, and John A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Scott & Squires, Attys. a3-27.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 23, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of September, 1883, viz: Daniel T. Wilson, D. S. No. 11297 for the n e 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Varnum Van Vleet, C. H. Moseley, Ed. Selwood, Spencer Leigh, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-26.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 7, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 4th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry E. Tolman, H. E. No. 10681 for the northeast quarter of section 32, township 147 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: James B. Martin, of Portland, Traill county, D. T., and Alex. B. McHardy, Allan Pinkerton and Rufus Pinkerton of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. G. A. White, Portland, attorney. a17-21.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 3, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 4th day of October, 1883, viz: Louise M. Hurd, D. S. No. 13578 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 32, township 147 n, range 58 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Barnum Van Vleet, Edwin Sellwood, Daniel T. Wilson, Spencer Leigh, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Byron Andrews, judge of probate of Griggs county, D. T., at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a17-21.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Helen Hogenson, D. S. No. 14490 for the southwest quarter of section 22, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Chas. Hunter, Frank Hunter, Anton Hanson, Edward Hanson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Andrew H. Husel, D. S. No. 14491 for the southeast quarter of section 24, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George W. Bathey, Herbert G. Chamberlain, Chas. Hunter, Frank Hunter, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Charles A. Hunter, D. S. No. 14492 for the northeast quarter of section 22, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Samuel Sanborn, Mark Sutherland, John T. Fosboidt, H. H. Olson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Jacob H. Hanson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Serungard, a notary public at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of October, 1883, and of claimant before register and receiver U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: James H. Giest, D. S. No. 14330 for the southeast quarter of section 30, township 145 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Robert Martin, James H. Giest, Archie Sutherland, Daniel Sinclair, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Charles A. Hunter, D. S. No. 14493 for the southeast quarter of section 24, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George W. Bathey, William Brownfield, Andrew H. Husel, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Charles A. Hunter, D. S. No. 14494 for the southeast quarter of section 22, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George W. Bathey, William Brownfield, Andrew H. Husel, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of October, 1883, viz: Ole Halverson, D. S. No. 10103 for the southeast quarter of section 36, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Bolkan, Andrew Larson, N. E. Nelson, John Torin, all of Norddell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Scramgard, a notary public at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, 1883, and of claimant before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Nola E. Nelson, H. E. No. 10228 for the south half of southeast quarter of section 26, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Halverson, Ole J. Skrien, C. P. Bolkan, Ole Bolkan all of Norddell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of October, 1883, viz: Halver Halverson, H. E. No. 11440 for the n 1/4 s w 1/4 and s 1/2 n w 1/4 or section 30, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Mathias Evensen, Even Evensen, Erick Heyerdahl, Isaac Isaacson, all of Sanborn, Barnes county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Christian Johnson, D. S. No. 12444 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 4, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Scramgard, Jans C. Strom, John Knutson and Andrew Berg, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Christian Johnson, D. S. No. 12444 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 4, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Scramgard, Jans C. Strom, John Knutson and Andrew Berg, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., July 23, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Peter Stewart against Ole Rasmussen for abandoning and also for wholly failing to make any improvement on settlement as required by the homestead laws upon the land embraced in his Homestead Entry No. 11101, dated July 18, 1882, upon the northeast quarter (n e 1/4) section 6, township 144, range 60, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 12th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. Campbell & Sabin, Attys. a3-31.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 3, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 26th day of September, 1883, viz: James Kennedy, D. S. No. 10090 for the s w 1/4 of section 12, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Samuel Sanborn, Manly J. Davis, George W. Bathey, Frank Hunter, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony herein to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 25th day of September, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 30, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Nels P. Nelson against Thomas B. Davidson for abandoning Homestead Entry No. 9747, dated March 6th, 1882, upon the s w 1/4 section 28, township 148 n, range 58 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 5th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a17-21.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Samuel Sanborn, D. S. No. 14528 for the northwest quarter of section 26, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Chas. A. Hunter, Henry Bettelner, Robert Moore, Robert Pinkerton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The money to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a17-21.

Summons.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA. (188.)

County of Barnes and Third Judicial District. Christopher C. Phillippe, Plaintiff,

against

Hattie Phillippe, defendant.

THE TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, by and in the name of the above NAMED DEFENDANT: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action a copy of which will be filed in said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at his office in Cooperstown, in Griggs county, within thirty days after the date of this summons; and if you fail to answer to said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in his complaint. Dated at Cooperstown, Dakota Territory, August 6th, 1883.

IVER JACOBSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Mark Sutherland, D. S. No. 14192 for the northeast quarter of section 26, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Frank Hunter, George W. Bathey, William Brownfield, Andrew H. Husel, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

Stray Notice.

In the matter of certain three stray colts taken by Peter Fiero, on June 1st, described as follows: To wit: One bay mare two years old (spavined); 1 black yearling (gelding); 1 black yearling (mare). Notice is hereby given that the same have been appraised according to law, and are now in the possession of the said Peter Fiero, at the "Schoonmaker Farm" at Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The same may be recovered by the owner on proving property and paying charges.

WILLIAM GLASS, J. P.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 28, 1883. Notice is hereby given that this office by Paul J. Nelson against Charley Clark for abandoning Homestead Entry No. 11669, dated November 4th, 1882, upon the n w 1/4 section 28, township 148 n, range 58 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 5th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver.

North Dakota will convene at Fargo, Sept. 12, in the interests of name preservation.

Southern Dakota wheat is thrashing from twenty-three to thirty bushels to the acre.

The family of a Swede named Olson has gathered a car load of buffalo bones near Carrington, which sold for \$5 a ton.

It took Fargo just about 15 minutes to raise upwards of \$3,000 to help relieve the Rochester cyclone sufferers. That's a sample of Dakota charity that the niggardly east can smoke.

Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros. Raw and boiled Linsseed Oil at Odegard & Thompson's.

Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros.

School books at Odegard & Thompson's.

Try a pound of Fancy Cakes. You can buy them from Whidden Bros.

I have a large quantity of lime for sale. S. A. WOOD, Willow, D. T.

Everybody buys those juicy Lemons from Whidden Bros.

L. E. Booker, President. J. K. Musselman, Cashier. STEELE COUNTY BANK, HOPE, D. T.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED. Collections of all kinds will receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

CORRESPONDENTS: U. S. NAT'L BANK, New York. NAT'L GER. AM. BANK, St. Paul.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 22, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry A. Maier, H. E. No. 9842 for the southwest quarter of section 10, township 148 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Perry Cade, George Prindle, Joseph C. Valley and Henry P. Gies, all of Lee P. O., Nelson county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before George A. White, a notary public at Portland, Traill county, D. T., on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. G. A. White, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 22, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 26th day of Oct. 1883, viz: Frank J. Pfeifer, D. S. No. 14403 for the lot 2, 3, 4 and 5 of section 18, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Edward Erick, Ole Thorn, William T. McCullough, Max M. Netzer, all of Hagen, H. O. Houghton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Byron Andrews, judge of probate court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23d day of Oct. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Byron Andrews, Attorney. a10-28.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 8th day of August, 1883, viz: William D. Allen, H. E. No. 10300 for the s w 1/4 of section 30, township 147 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Joseph Allen, Alton N. Adams, Mar- tin A. Hagen, H. O. Houghton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. And you Wm. G. Collins, who filed D. S. No. 9549 on the 4th day of April, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 5th day of Oct. 1883, and show cause if any you have, why said Wm. D. Allen should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney. a24-28.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry O. Houghton, H. E. No. 10218 for the northeast quarter of section 20, township 147 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Erik Vester, A. N. Adams, B. B. Brown, John Hogenson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses and claimant to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a21-05.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Even C. Evensen, D. S. No. 10348 for the s w 1/4 of section 8, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Richard H. Larson, Lewis T. Hull, Helen Pederson and Nicolai Svenson, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. John N. Jorgensen, Attorney. a17-21.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 24th day of September, 1883, viz: Spencer Leigh, H. E. No. 12561 for the w 1/2 n e 1/4 and w 1/2 s e 1/4 of section 32, township 145 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Daniel T. Wilson of Cooperstown, Griggs county, Dak.; Charles Moseley, Peter Fiero, Edmund Sellwood, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 25th day of September, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Albert Rorford, D. S. No. 14518 for the southwest quarter of section 32, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Charles Retzlaff, Charles Frost, Herman Retzlaff, John Ressler, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. And you Alton S. Siedel who filed D. S. No. 14518 on the 31st day of August, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of October, 1883, and show cause if any you have, why said Albert Rorford should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of October, 1883, viz: Ole Halverson, D. S. No. 10103 for the southeast quarter of section 36, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Bolkan, Andrew Larson, N. E. Nelson, John Torin, all of Norddell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Scramgard, a notary public at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, 1883, and of claimant before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Nola E. Nelson, H. E. No. 10228 for the south half of southeast quarter of section 26, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Halverson, Ole J. Skrien, C. P. Bolkan, Ole Bolkan all of Norddell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of October, 1883, viz: Halver Halverson, H. E. No. 11440 for the n 1/4 s w 1/4 and s 1/2 n w 1/4 or section 30, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Mathias Evensen, Even Evensen, Erick Heyerdahl, Isaac Isaacson, all of Sanborn, Barnes county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Christian Johnson, D. S. No. 12444 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 4, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Scramgard, Jans C. Strom, John Knutson and Andrew Berg, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Christian Johnson, D. S. No. 12444 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 4, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Scramgard, Jans C. Strom, John Knutson and Andrew Berg, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a3-10.

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., July 23, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Peter Stewart against Ole Rasmussen for abandoning and also for wholly failing to make any improvement on settlement as required by the homestead laws upon the land embraced in his Homestead Entry No. 11101, dated July 18, 1882, upon the northeast quarter (n e 1/4) section 6, township 144, range 60, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 12th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. Campbell & Sabin, Attys. a3-31.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 3, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 26th day of September, 1883, viz: James Kennedy, D. S. No. 10090 for the s w 1/4 of section 12, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Samuel Sanborn, Manly J. Davis, George W. Bathey, Frank Hunter, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony herein to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 25th day of September, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney. a10-14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., July 30, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Nels P. Nelson against Thomas B. Davidson for abandoning Homestead Entry No. 9747, dated March 6th, 1882, upon the s w 1/4 section 28, township 148 n, range 58 w, in Griggs county, Dakota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 5th day of September, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a17-21.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Samuel Sanborn, D. S. No. 14528 for the northwest quarter of section 26, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Chas. A. Hunter, Henry Bettelner, Robert Moore, Robert Pinkerton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The money to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a17-21.

Summons.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA. (188.)

County of Barnes and Third Judicial District. Christopher C. Phillippe, Plaintiff,

against

Hattie Phillippe, defendant.

THE TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, by and in the name of the above NAMED DEFENDANT: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action a copy of which will be filed in said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at his office in Cooperstown, in Griggs county, within thirty days after the date of this summons; and if you fail to answer to said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in his complaint. Dated at Cooperstown, Dakota Territory, August 6th, 1883.

IVER JACOBSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Mark Sutherland, D. S. No. 14192 for the northeast quarter of section 26, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Frank Hunter, George W. Bathey, William Brownfield, Andrew H. Husel, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. a10-14.

Stray Notice.

In the matter of certain three stray colts taken by Peter Fiero, on June 1st, described as follows: To wit: One bay mare two years old (spavined); 1 black yearling (gelding); 1 black yearling (mare). Notice is hereby given that the same have been appraised according to law, and are now in the possession of the said Peter Fiero, at the "Schoonmaker Farm" at Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The same may be recovered by the owner on proving property and paying charges.

WILLIAM GLASS, J. P.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry O. Houghton, H. E. No. 10218 for the northeast quarter of section 20, township 147 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Erik Vester, A. N. Adams, B. B. Brown, John Hogenson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses and claimant to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. a21-05.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 26th day of Oct. 1883, viz: Frank J. Pfeifer, D. S. No. 14403 for the lot 2, 3, 4 and 5 of section 18, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Edward Erick, Ole Thorn, William T. McCullough, Max M. Netzer, all of Hagen, H. O. Houghton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Byron Andrews, judge of probate court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23d day of Oct. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Byron Andrews, Attorney. a10-2

## TERRITORIAL NEWS.

**NOTE.**—The items of news under this head are gleaned from our exchanges and from special telegrams, and are given our readers simply as showing some of the important events now transpiring within the territory. We do not vouch for the truth or falsity of these items or endorse the sentiments they express only in so far as they are in accord with the well-known policy of this paper.

### The Conference at Fargo.

The conference called by the mayor of several different cities of North Dakota, to take action in regard to the action of South Dakota in assuming the name of Dakota for the state, was organized to-day. Col. W. D. Plummer, of the Fargo Republican, was elected chairman and E. A. Henderson, of the Dakota Capital, secretary. The following preambles and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The people of Dakota living south of the forty-sixth parallel of latitude have called a convention of the people of that section only, to meet at Sioux Falls on the 5th day of September, to consider the question of statehood; and

WHEREAS, The promoters of said convention in an aggressive and unauthorized manner are appropriating the name of Dakota, which the people north of the forty-sixth parallel alone have made famous as a trade mark all over the civilized world; therefore be it

Resolved, That a convention of the citizens of that portion of the territory lying north of the forty-sixth parallel be held at Fargo on the 12th day of September, to take definite action in the matter, and to consider any collateral issues regarding statehood that may be presented. And

Resolved, That the representation be the same as at the convention held last year at Grand Forks, with the addition of two delegates from every county organized since then and one delegate from every unorganized county in North Dakota.

There were about thirty representative men present from various portions of the territory, but what is generally termed "The Ring" was conspicuously absent.

A resolution was passed which stated that the sense of the convention was for division. But the appropriation of the name would be better fought to the bitter end. The general statement that wheat from north Dakota had made the territory a grand name and great fame all over the civilized world, and that for a few counties down in the south part to try to steal the emigrative reputation would not only result in a grand kick but it would, if persisted in, bring about an organized effort to defeat their plans. Dakota wheat is a source of fame and all comes from north of the forty-sixth parallel, and south of Dakota seems to be posing in the attitude of plunderer of the fame for selfish and unholy purposes.

**Destructive Storm in Dakota.**  
GRAND FORKS, Dak., Special Telegram, Aug. 20.—The severest storm of the summer swept over a portion of North Dakota early Sunday morning. There is great anxiety here regarding the damage done to crops. From the best sources of information I can say that the damage as a whole is comparatively small; but in places where the cyclone struck with hail the fields are badly hurt. Reports have been received as far west as the Cheyenne river, south of Devil's lake, where hail pounded the crops into the ground, and the damage in the Cheyenne valley is estimated at \$50,000. The storm passed in a northeasterly direction. It was very severe south of Hump lake, and at Mapes and Michigan City, on the western line of the Manitoba road. At Mapes several claim shanties were blown down. North of Larimore the storm again struck hard, and several farmers lost nearly all their crops. Several buildings were blown down there and one or two persons injured. In Gilby and Johnston townships, twenty miles northwest of Grand Forks, hail did considerable damage. The storm appears to have spent itself on reaching the Red river. On the north line of the railroad scarcely any damage was done. No damage was done within twenty miles of Grafton, and no damage south of that place at all. Wild rumors of a terrible devastation are entirely ungrounded. The storm has been severe in places, but, as compared with the acreage sown over which it passed, the damage was very slight.

**AROUND LARIMORE.**  
LARIMORE, Dak., Special Telegram, Aug. 20.—The most serious hail and wind storm that has swept this region for a number of years visited here Sunday morning. It ranged from southwest to northeast and from reports for a distance of over sixty miles, doing great damage. Many farmers near here are ruined, losing from 500 to 600 acres of grain each. John Murphy lost 610 acres, which was estimated a few days ago at an average of nearly forty bushels per acre, and the entire field will be a total loss. Numerous houses and barns were blown down. The loss to this vicinity is placed at over \$70,000. The storm also did great damage in Cheyenne valley, several hundred acres being totally destroyed.

**Land Fraud Inquisition.**  
MITCHELL, Dak., Special Telegram, Aug. 21.—Special Agent James, of the interior department, has had before the United States commissioner an important land fraud case, which has utilized the entire time of the court for six days. Gibbs & Mixer of Miner county are the accused, and charged with the creation of false and fraudulent contests to the number of twenty-five, and presenting the same to the United States land office here. Gibbs' case has been on trial for the past week, and the testimony thus far shows that these parties manufactured during January last fourteen of this kind of papers, and subsequently presented them at the land office, and the desired result was obtained. The government has an accomplice of these parties on the stand, and his statements fully substantiate the charges made in the complaint by the government. Experts corroborate the testimony of witnesses as to the handwriting on the affidavits of contest. The case has been closed by the government. The defense secured adjournment for a few days to prepare their case.

**The Territorial Tax.**  
The board of equalization completed its work of equalizing taxes recently, and the result is far more satisfactory than had been anticipated by the most sanguine believers in the promising con-

dition of Dakota and her financial safety. Notwithstanding the fact that appropriations were made for the construction of large public buildings throughout the territory during the last session of the legislature, the general tax levy is one-fifth of a mill less this year than it was last. This is accounted for by the vast and rapid increase of settlement and the consequent increase of taxable property. The assessed valuation of the territory as returned with the exception of a few counties which have not yet reported, is about \$70,000,000. The assessment made is 3-10 mill for general purposes, and 3-10 mill for the payment of interest on the outstanding bonds. Last year the tax for general purposes was 3 1-2 mills, and 2-10 of a mill for interest on securities. This will show a decrease of 1-10 or one-fifth of a mill in the levy, with the small public debt of \$394,000, and at the end of the year, the territory will have ten magnificent public buildings.—Bismarck Tribune.

**Dakota Grain Grades.**  
The board of grain inspectors for Dakota have adopted the following rules governing the inspection of grain in the Territory of Dakota for the year ending Aug. 1, 1884.

**Spring Wheat—No. 1** hard spring wheat—Must be composed mostly of the hard varieties of spring wheat, which must be sound, well cleaned, and weigh not less than 58 pounds to the measured bushel. No. 1 spring—Must be cleaned, weighing not less than 58 pounds to the measured bushel. No. 2 hard spring wheat—Must be sound and reasonably clean, composed mostly of the hardest varieties of spring wheat, and weigh not less than 56 pounds to the measured bushel. No. 2 spring wheat—Must be sound and reasonably clean, and weigh not less than 56 pounds to the measured bushel. No. 3 spring wheat—Shall comprise all wheat fit for warehousing, not good enough for No. 2, weighing not less than 54 pounds to the measured bushel. Rejected spring wheat—Shall comprise all wheat fit for warehousing, but too low in weight or otherwise unfit for No. 3. Note—All wheat that is in a heating condition, or too damp to be considered safe for warehousing, or that has any considerable admixture of foreign grain or seeds, or is badly hurt, whatever grade it might otherwise be, is pronounced "condemned." Rice wheat will in no case be inspected higher than rejected. Wheat containing any mixture, however light, of Rice wheat, (sometimes termed "Goose wheat" or "California") is liable to grade rejected, however high it might otherwise grade.

**Oats—No. 1** white oats shall be white, clean and bright, and weigh not less than thirty-two pounds to the measured bushel. No. 2 white oats must be nearly white, reasonably clean, and weigh not less than twenty-nine pounds to the measured bushel. No. 3 white oats shall be mainly white, and not equal to No. 2 white in other respects. No. 2 mixed oats shall include light and dark mixed, reasonably clean, reasonably free from other grains, and weigh not less than twenty-nine pounds to the measured bushel. No. 3 oats, all merchantable oats unfit for No. 2 shall be graded No. 3. Rejected, all damp, unsound, dirty, or from any other cause unfit for No. 3.

**Barley—No. 1** to be plump, bright, sound, clean and free from other grain. No. 2 barley—shall be sound, reasonably plump, reasonably clean, and free from other grain, good matting barley, but may be slightly stained, testing not less than 47 pounds to the measured bushel. No. 3 barley—shall include straws, discolored, but reasonably sound barley, and fit for matting purposes, weighing not less than 43 pounds to the measured bushel. Rejected barley—Shall include all damp, musty, damaged, or for any cause unfit for matting purposes, or largely mixed with other grain.

**Washington Ideas of Admission.**  
Washington Special.

Another matter of great interest here is the admission of Dakota as a member of the Union—the thirty-ninth state. The proposition will be opposed by the democratic house of representatives unless a territory democratic in politics is admitted at the same time. Democrats do not relish the idea of two additional republican members of the senate which that body would have on the recognition of Dakota. They would admit that, with its abominable polygamy, two democratic plural-wives senators and three democratic votes in the electoral college rather than Dakota should come in alone, either as alone or divided with reference to an additional state now or in the future. They say a great mistake was made in 1876 in the admission of Colorado; that without the three electoral votes of that state it would have been impossible for the republicans to have elected their ticket that year, and the contest may be just as close in 1884 as it was then. At any rate they do not want to give the republicans any advantages. No matter what the wants of Dakota may be, and whether the interests of its people would be best promoted by changing their political condition from that of a territory to a state, they must be punished for being republicans unless some territorial community of democrats can be found who are anxious to assume the duties and responsibilities of statehood. The interests of the party must be cared for in preference to the welfare of the people. They will look to the party first and the country afterward. The question is likely to produce more discussion during the approaching session than the tariff will, for the democrats will handle the tariff question very gingerly. They cannot take any definite action on that without losing votes, and votes are precious, in their estimation, at this time.

**Burned to Death.**  
HURON, Dak., Special Telegram, Aug. 20.—A special to the Leader from Athol, Spink county, gives an account of the burning this afternoon of the residence of Fred Zelltow, living near that town. Mr. Zelltow, with his cousin, Mrs. Dollman, were caught beneath the falling roof while endeavoring to remove the household goods from the building. They were both badly burned. A little four-year-old son of Mrs. Dollman ran into the house after his mother, and, before he could be rescued, was severely burned about the head and face. The recovery of the unfortunate persons is considered very doubtful.

The Spink County Agricultural society will hold its first annual fair at Redfield on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 26, 27, 28.

Byron Smith of Minnesota is making trouble for Sioux Falls people by claiming a part of the town site.

St. Joseph's academy, Fargo, under the care of the Presentation nuns, will open on the first Monday in September.

Alexander McKenzie is trying to negotiate for money with which to build water works in Bismarck.

If the water in the Red river continues to fall at the rate it has lately, when the time comes for shipping wheat by steamer the boats will not be able to get up to Fargo. The water is now lower than it has been since 1869.

# Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the oft repeated verdict of visitors that

## COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER!  
THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

## GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

## GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL,

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

## UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T.,

Dr. J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T.  
Plans Sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

### Little Blossom's Step-mother.

Little Blossom sat on the vine-wreathed piazza of her father's house, looking the very picture of childish despair. Her flower-tinted face, which had won for her the pet name of Blossom, flushed and stained from weeping and disfigured by a very decided frown.

In her chubby dimpled arms she clasped a Maltese kitten, to whom, child fashion, she confined her troubles. "Papa is going to bring me home a cross, hateful step-mother," she sobbed. "like Tommy Dyke has. Tommy says his step-mother scolds him dreadful, and last week she made him give away his little dog 'cause it knocked down her poll parrot's cage! Oh, dear! Oh, dear! Now I suppose I'll have to give you away, you precious darling little kitten!" The thought of losing her pet caused a fresh burst of tears and sobs, and she hugged the dog closely that it mewled with pain. At last her face brightened.

"I know what I'll do," she said wisely. "I'll go down to Aunt Mary's and tell her all 'bout it. Praps she'll let me stay with her and be her little girl."

She had often been to her aunt's with her father, and with no doubts about finding the place disturbing her little head she set out upon her journey, with her kitten in her arms.

But kitty did not like the idea of being taken away from his home, and began scratching and mewling at a great rate, and at last escaped from the arms of his little mistress, scampered away, and was soon out of sight.

Blossom stood looking after it with a very mournful air, feeling almost heart-broken.

"Lost your kitten, little girl?" questioned a deep voice.

She turned round to see an old colored woman at her side, dressed in a yellow gown, a blue apron, and a red sash festooned at the neck, with an immense brass ear-ring. In her ears were long black earrings, which almost reached to her shoulders.

In spite of her dark skin she had rather a pleasant face, and her interest in Blossom's lost pet at once won the child's confidence.

"Yes, mam," she answered, "and it was such a pretty one, a real Maltese; papa gave it to me for a birthday present. I was taking it to Aunt Mary's 'cause my step-mother 'll make me give it away. I don't know 'actly where Aunt Mary lives, but I guess I can find it."

"I know your Aunt Mary, honey," said the woman, with a sweet smile. "Come with me, dearie, and I will take you to her."

"You know my Aunt Mary," said Blossom, eagerly. "Oh! I'm drefin glad; and putting her little hand into the woman's rough, coarse palm, she walked along by her side as contentedly as if she had known her all her life."

After what seemed to her a very long journey they came to a little white-washed hut surrounded by sunflowers, the tallest of which reached above the roof.

"I lives here, lovey," said the woman, "come in and rest awhile and I will give you something nice to eat."

Blossom obediently trudged after her, for she began to feel quite hungry.

But once inside the house the woman's manner changed.

"I want your necklace," she said gruffly.

Blossom opened her blue eyes in amazement. "My necklace?" she echoed.

"Yes! give it to me quick! to pay for all my trouble in bringing you here."

When the lady clasped her close and kissed her just as her own dear mother used to do, she thought that having a stepmother was not such a dreadful thing 'oo."

"But when he tells his farmer, he say, 'No; you dead moder promise I shall keep you till twenty-two year old. You cannot go.'"

"Kind say he very grief; but he will after all, and when the next day her precious darling kitten found its way back to the house, and came mewling and purring about her feet, she thought she was the happiest little girl in all the world."

### AMERICAN SNOBBERY.

How It is Illustrated at the Great Watering Place.

Letter to Springfield Republican.

Newport differs from most places of its kind in being a summer residence rather than a resort. Its transient visitors are not many and they are usually the guests, in a strict sense, of the cottagers. There is not, nor has there been for a long time, any inducement there for summerers to stay at hotels. In the first place, the accommodations are not desirable, and, secondly, hotel people, as they are called, are not favorably regarded by the cottagers, who, as a rule, look down upon them and treat them with conspicuous disdain.

In order to have any position, or to be socially accepted, one must have a cottage which, in local significance, means a spacious, handsome, very costly villa with grounds, horses, plate, pictures and whatever modern sumptuousness demands. Newport makes a deal of assumption in respect of family, high-breeding and the like; but what it most requires is wealth. Nobody can be a Newporter, in the social sense, without an ample fortune, and having that, unless there be very serious objections the way is easy. Newport is, judged by its pretense, a downright snam, and cannot be otherwise; for it pretends to be a community of the best kind of persons in the best kind of circumstances. The circumstances must be admitted; but the persons cannot be, without great discrimination and numberless exceptions. Some very fine, highly cultured, most estimable men and women may be found here, of course; but many of their associates are of a very different order, having neither birth nor intellect nor training nor delicacy nor tact to recommend them. But they have abundance of money, and have acquired such knowledge of customs, forms and external manners as passes for breeding in what styles itself "good society." Society, nowadays, is necessarily mixed all the world over, particularly so in a democracy like ours. It is, in any large sense, none the worse, but rather the better, for this mixture, since otherwise, it would be inane, monotonous, dull to stupidity. But this is not the idea, indeed it is the very reverse of the idea, of the summers here. They claim, at least inferentially, that they possess all the social virtues, and that anything and everything akin to meanness or vulgarity is foreign to their nature—a claim which obviously cannot be allowed. It would be easy to mention, if one were ill-natured, certain well-known men and women, prominent in social circles here, who are the antipodes of what they pretend to be. Their acquaintances—it would be untrue to say their friends—laugh at and criticise them privately; but they receive, and flatter them publicly, because they are rich, and because it would be both imprudent and inconvenient to offend them. Thus Newport society is an epitome and a reflex of society abroad and at home.

The season—meaning cottage or villa life—is as gay as money and elaborate preparation can make it. More villas are uncoccupied this year than were last year, or the year previous, in consequence of their owners being abroad, and of other causes; but the absent ones are not missed in the endless round of formal festivity. Every day there are very expensive and very ambitious breakfasts, luncheons, dinners, dances, receptions, parties, indeed, of every variety; each person trying to outdo his neighbor, and, in his own opinion, succeeding. This is called gaiety, and is such, according to social definition though, to persons not professionally fashionable, it would be extremely tiresome, if not repulsive. It is tiresome, unquestionably, to those who participate in it; but they are glad to tire themselves in what they consider so good a cause, and are content to pass their years in this pompously empty manner. The chronicles of the day read very much alike. Mrs. John Jacob Astor gave an elegant luncheon yesterday to a dozen of her most intimate friends. Mrs. Paron Stevens will give a german at her elegant villa to-morrow evening. August Belmont drove a party of his friends in his drag to his beautiful farm in the adjoining township last Tuesday. William R. Travers has invited a party of his New York friends to dinner at the Casino next week. James R. Keene will give a magnificent fish breakfast next Wednesday to several English capitalists now in town. James Gordon Bennett will take a cruise in his yacht, which has just been refitted at enormous expense, toward the close of the present month. So it runs, day after day, week after week; the "season" closing as it began, leaving everybody fatigued and nobody benefited.

### AMERICAN SNOBBERY.

How It is Illustrated at the Great Watering Place.

Letter to Springfield Republican.

Newport differs from most places of its kind in being a summer residence rather than a resort. Its transient visitors are not many and they are usually the guests, in a strict sense, of the cottagers. There is not, nor has there been for a long time, any inducement there for summerers to stay at hotels. In the first place, the accommodations are not desirable, and, secondly, hotel people, as they are called, are not favorably regarded by the cottagers, who, as a rule, look down upon them and treat them with conspicuous disdain.

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Oscar Wilde, the apostle of aestheticism is back again to New York. He comes to reap another harvest of glittering American dollars. His return was by no means a triumphal affair, for scarcely a dozen knew it or cared about it. The news of his utter social collapse there had preceded him to New York, and the probability now is, that so far from being lionized, feted, petted and caressed, so strong is the force of example in canons of taste, he will be left by people this side the Atlantic severely alone.

Lucy Hooper writes from Paris that there are reasons which will compel Madame Sarah Bernhardt Damala to leave the stage for a brief period.

Perry Davis' Pain Killer is an excellent regulator of the stomach and bowels, and should always be kept on hand, especially at this season of the year, when so many suffer from bowel complaints. There is nothing so quick to relieve in attacks of cholera.

The Minneapolis sinking fund board has \$35,000 to salt down in city bonds.

Wells' "Rough on Corns."—Lgc. Ask for it complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

The Nobles county fair will be held at Worthington Sept. 18, 19 and 20.

BUCKHANNON, W. VA.—Drs. Newlon & Blair report that Brown's Iron Bitters are giving general satisfaction.

Look Out. See that every bottle of Allen's "Iron Tonic Bitters" bears the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn. All others are base frauds, gotten up to deceive the public, and defraud us. The very fact of their being initiated, is a compliment to them, for if they had not proved a grand success, there would have been no imitations. Apply the test of the signature all the same.

The building of a new school house in Monticello is progressing rapidly.

SKINNY MEN—Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence. \$1.

The town well at Brown's Valley is 165 feet deep and flowing.

No matter what your ailment is, Brown's Iron Bitters will surely benefit you.

An Important Discovery. Other towns outside of Minnesota are fast finding out that Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier is a sure cure for all poisonous diseases of the blood, skin eruptions, &c. That Noyes Bros. & Cutler and Merrill, Sahlgard & Twing, wholesale agents, St. Paul, Minn., are selling three times as much as they ever did before, is conclusive proof of its merits. Sold by all druggists.

The Travers County Agricultural society has been organized.

INFLUENZA, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-Laba." \$1.

The Georgia house voted \$1,000,000 for a new capital.

WOODBERRY, MD.—Rev. W. J. Johnson says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters in my family and they have proven a splendid health invigorator."

We recommend Wise's Axle Grease. Instantly Relieved.

Mrs. An Laour of New Orleans, La., writes: "I have a son who has been sick for two years; he has been attended by our leading physicians but all to no purpose. This morning he had his usual spell of coughing, and was so greatly prostrated in consequence, that death seemed imminent. We had in the house a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs purchased by my husband who noticed your advertisement yesterday. We administered it according to directions and he was instantly relieved."

The Minnesota wheelman's meet opens August 30, at Minneapolis.

Don't die in the house. "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bedbugs, etc.

Baker's Pain Expectorant cures pain in Man and Beast. For use externally and internally.

The Frazer Axle Grease is the best and, intrinsically, the cheapest.

For nearly 34 years I have been a victim of Catarrh. I have tried many remedies, receiving little or no relief. I bought one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and derived more real benefit from that than all the rest added together. You can recommend it as being a safe and valuable medicine.—A. L. Fuller, Danby, N. Y.

Ladies and children's boots and shoes cannot run over if Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners are used.

Personal—Men Only. The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Brex's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address, N. Y.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirit and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the Ferro-Phosphoric Acid of Cassary's, made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Wise's Axle Grease never gums.

### Nast in Retirement.

Thomas Nast finds himself at forty-three years of age, living a happy life. When a correspondent visited him at Morristown, N. J., a few days ago, he saw the caricaturist galloping on a handsome gray horse toward the Nast mansion. The house is on the edge of the town and is surrounded by groves, lakes, lawn, and flower gardens. Birds swarmed and sang among the trees and shrubs; children with trained dogs for playmates gambled on the green. The interior is rich in furniture of costliest woods, inlaid in rare mosaics; china and glass from the master workmen of Japan, and Venice; bronzes, marble statues, armor, tapestries, rugs, relics from Pompeii, books printed before Columbus landed and parchments written in the days of the first crusade. In the midst of such surroundings Mr. Nast enjoys life and finds keen pleasure in his work.

Articles of incorporation of the Mankato Axe works have been filed with the secretary of state. The capital stock is \$25,000, and the incorporators are W. S. Mills, John F. Meagher, George E. Brett, J. L. Washburn, John A. Willard, C. D. Taylor and John Klein.

Rev. Dr. McCosh seems to have no difficulty in raising funds for Princeton. Of the \$200,000 needed to carry out the designs for promoting philosophy there, \$150,000 have already been promised.

### The Multicharge Gun.

New York Tribune's Reading Special. What is intended to be one of the greatest improvements in modern warfare is the Lyford-Haskell multicharge gun, which was finished at the Scott foundry in New York recently. It has been undergoing construction for over two years, and has been shipped to Sandy Hook. There it will be tested in the presence of leading officers of the army and navy of the United States and foreign countries. The last congress made a special appropriation for this purpose. Since the invention of cannon, four hundred years ago, they have all been constructed on the same principle, that of containing all the powder in the breach, and the Lyford-Haskell has the first

deviation. The weapon underneath contains four pockets which each hold twenty-eight pounds of powder, while the breach itself only eighteen pounds. As the projectile starts from the breach the force of this entire one hundred pounds of powder is concentrated on it, one pocket after another rapidly discharging its contents. The gun is twenty-five feet long and weighs twenty-five tons. It is rendered doubly strong by a steel lining, and it is thought can send a projectile through a solid piece of iron twenty-four inches thick. It will shoot from twelve to fifteen miles, and is intended for both harbor and naval defense.

The present gun was manufactured at a cost of over fifty thousand dollars, and Mr. Haskins has personally supervised its construction. The projectiles with which it is loaded weigh from one hundred to one hundred and fifty pounds each. A company with a capital of ten million dollars has been organized for the manufacture of the gun. Ex-Gov. Cornell, ex-Senator Platt and ex-Insurance Commissioner John F. Smythe, of New York, are interested in the company.

The two ends of the Northern Pacific were united the 22nd at the mouth of Gold creek, fifty-five miles west of Helena, Mont. Ten miles of track were laid that day between 5 and 3 p. m., when the last spike was driven.

### TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, AND MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, Fullness after eating, excessive extension of body or limbs, Excitation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Flitting at the Heart, Itches before the eyes, Highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. An Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is so prompt, removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous health. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect **ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.** Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 31 Murray St., N. Y.

### TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a glossy black by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

### TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

Boring Wells with the famous "TIPPET" Well Boring and Rock Drilling Machine to Very Profitable!

\$25 to \$40 A DAY Often Made!

Machines Made to Run by Horse, Hand or Steam Power. Send for Catalogue. Address: LOUIS J. TIPPET, 251 Broadway, N. Y.

### CATARRH HAY-FEVER.

I have been a Hay-Fever sufferer three years. I have often bought Ely's Cream Balm and used it in the highest doses, but did not take much stock in it because it cured me only for a few days. A friend persuaded me to try the Balm, and with the most wonderful success. T. S. Green, Syracuse, N. Y.

### ROSE-COLD.

A POSITIVE CURE ELY'S CREAM BALM. Unequalled for cold in the head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. 50 cents a package, by mail or at druggists. ELY BROTHERS, Oswego, N. Y.

### YOUNG MEN LEARN TELEGRAPHY here and we will give you a situation.

Circle free. VALZANTINE BROS., Jacksonville, Va.

### JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

Sold by ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION-1878.

### EDUCATIONAL.

1883. THE NEW CALENDAR of the 1884 NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIO Beautifully Illustrated, 64 pages. SENT FREE to persons who send names and addresses to: E. TOURJEE, Franklin St., Boston, Mass. The Largest and best appointed Music Library and Art School, and 110 M. For young ladies, in the world. RAIL PHOTOGRAPHY—Anything you want, 25c each, 5 for \$1. Catalogue free. J. H. Morris, Chase, Mich.

### RESOLVING CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Sold by druggists.

### CHICAGO SCALE CO.

2 TON WAGON SCALE, \$10. 3 TON, \$20. 4 TON \$30. Beam Scale Included. 20 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, \$5. The "Little Detective," 1/2 oz. to 25 lb., \$1. 300 OTHER SIZES. Reduced PRICE LIST FREE.

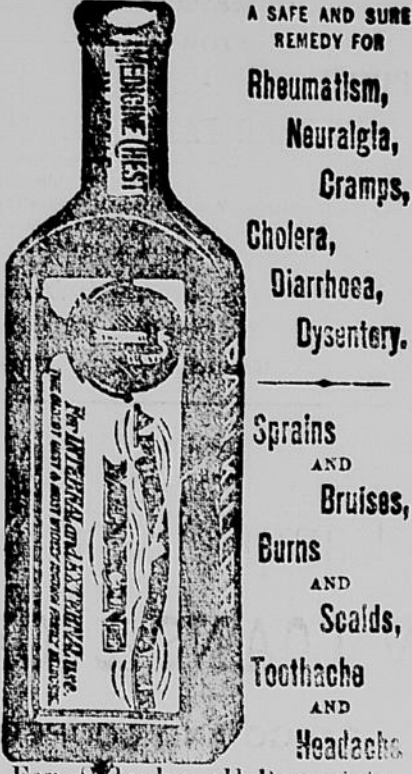
### FORGES, TOOLS, &c.

BEST FORCE MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, \$10. 40 lb. A. H. and Kit of Tools, \$10. Farmers save time and money using odd jobs. Blower, Anvil, Vice, and Other Articles at LOWEST PRICES. WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

### HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by increasing vital power and rendering the physical functions regular and active, keeps the system in good working order, and protects it against disease. For constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaints, these Bitters are a sure cure. They are also a sure defense against malarial fevers, besides removing all traces of such diseases from the system. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

### PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer



A SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR

- Rheumatism,
  - Neuralgia,
  - Cramps,
  - Cholera,
  - Diarrhoea,
  - Dysentery.
- Sprains AND Bruises, Burns AND Scalds, Toothache AND Headache.

For Sale by all Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and finest selling Medical Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE. The great Homeopathic School. For Catalogues, address E. S. Bailey, M.D., 3034 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

PENSIONS obtained for all Soldiers and their heirs. For further information, address with stamp, E. H. GEORGE & Co., Washington, D. C.

\$72 A WEEK, \$12 a day at home, weekly made. One by outfit. Address: Farn & Co., Augusta, Me.

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### CLINICAL SPECULATORS

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### FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the World. Get the genuine. Every package has our Trade-mark and is marked **FRAZER'S SOLD EVERYWHERE.**

### LAW DEPARTMENT UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

Course of study, two years of 38 weeks each. Separate class for first and second year students. Students who have read elsewhere may be admitted to the senior class on examination of first year's course, and graduate in one year. Fall Term begins Sept. 8, 1883. For further particulars address J. H. CAMPBELL, Dean of Faculty, Madison, Wisconsin.

### THE BREYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8x11 1/2 inches, with over 3,300 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy FREE to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you.

### MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

232 & 239 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

### Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

### W. W. N. U.

No. 34. When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

FIRST-CLASS, Airy Rooms, FAIR CHARGES.

# PALACE HOTEL!

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.  
**H. C. FITCH,** Proprietor.  
BILLIARD PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

This house, which has but recently been opened to the public, is all that can be desired by the Tourist, The Prospector or the Commercial Man, to whom it especially caters. No expense has been spared in equipping this veritable Palace of the prairie, which now offers the fat of the land in its dining room, and the comforts of a luxurious home in its apartments.

Game abounds in the vicinity, affording special attraction for Sportsmen or men desiring a brief respite.

Rooms Singly or En Suite.

N. W. CAMPBELL, Attorney at Law. FRED A. SABIN, U. S. Surveyor. F. C. HOLMES, Attorney at Law.

Campbell, Sabin & Co.,  
**LAW, LOANS & COLLECTIONS**  
FARGO AND COOPERSTOWN,  
NORTH DAKOTA.

Practice in all of the courts in Dakota and before the Land Department at Washington,

LOAN MONEY ON FINAL PROOF

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**FILING PAPERS!**

CONTESTS, AND

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Collections made in all parts of North Dakota.

KEENEY BLOCK, OVER POST OFFICE,  
Fargo. Cooperstown.

Look out for Low Prices  
in Pork, Sugar Cured  
Hams, Spice Roll Bacon,  
Shoulders, Breakfast Bacon,  
Extra Mess Beef. We  
will have a car load in a  
few days.

OEGARD & THOMPSON.

### Tin Discovered in Dakota.

Under prominent head lines the Denver Tribune announces the finding of tin ore in large quantities in Dakota by these remarks:

"For the first time in the history of the United States tin has been discovered in large quantities. There are few who are acquainted with the details of the affair, and these have been kept as quiet as possible. Efforts have been made for many years to discover this valuable mineral in this country, and notwithstanding the fact that this mineral has been claimed to have been discovered, investigation has proved the reports to be untrue. A little tin, it is said, has been found in Wisconsin, but this is doubted by mining experts, as they think that some of the mines where it was claimed this mineral was alleged to have been found were 'salted' by the Cornwall miners who came to this country.

The finding of tin in large quantities, to which this article refers, was not in Colorado, but in Dakota, and if the expectations of the parties interested only prove true a general rush is expected in that direction. Some time ago a gentleman who is a friend of Mr. Benjamin D. Spencer, a broker of this city, was prospecting in Dakota in the neighborhood of Harney's Peak, which is named in honor of Gen. Harney. At length a piece of property was located and the development was begun. Mica in large quantities was found, but as the development was proceeded with, this partially gave out and tin took its place. Mr. Spencer was at once communicated with, and some of the ore was forwarded to him for the purpose of having it assayed. He broke the ore in half, and gave a portion of it to Mr. E. E. Burlingame to have assayed. Mr. Spencer kept a portion of the ore for the reason that the reports of the discovery of tin had often been made before, and that if the assay developed the fact that the ore was tin ore, he could at once go to Dakota and compare the mineral sent him with that in the mine from which it had been said it was taken.

ORE IN LARGE QUANTITIES.  
Mr. Burlingame, of Denver, assayed the specimen given to him for that purpose and found that it ran well in tin with little copper. He reported the result of his labor to Mr. Spencer, and that gentleman at once started for Dakota. He remained there for some time and returned to the city a few days ago."

The Republican gives a lengthy interview with Mr. Spencer and that gentleman asserts emphatically that tin ore has been discovered in much larger quantities than ever before in the country, and makes known plans of future development. The discovery of tin in Dakota's precincts simply adds to her unlimited and varied resources.

### The Rushford.

There is no better made wagon than the RUSHFORD.  
The Lenham E. & L. Co. handle the RUSHFORD.  
You can save 20 per cent. by paying cash for the RUSHFORD.  
You can not buy a better wagon; you are "liable" to get an inferior one.  
Call at the Lumber Yard and examine the RUSHFORD.

MUIR & CHRISTIE,  
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.  
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Plans, Specifications and Estimates Furnished on Application. A call solicited.

Siton & Pinkerton,  
COOPERSTOWN, D. T., are Prepared to do all kinds of

**THRESHING!**  
in the very best manner. We have a new steam thresher and will guarantee all our work.

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Attorney at Law. Notary Public.

JACOBSON & SERUMARD,  
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LAW AND LAND OFFICE.  
Money to Loan.  
Final Proof a Specialty.

G. F. NEWELL, M. D.  
**Physician and Surgeon!**  
Corner of Lenham Ave. and Tenth St.,  
Cooperstown, Dakota.

HAS A FULL LINE OF—  
**PURE DRUGS,**  
MEDICINES,  
TOILET GOODS  
and STATIONERY.  
Will examine and prescribe for patients, compound prescriptions and practice surgery generally.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of October, 1888, viz: Carl Carlson, D. S. No. 8824 for the w 1/2 s w 1/2 and w 1/2 n w 1/4 section 6, township 144 n., range 58 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Jacob Olson, Ole Kittleson, Jacob Halverson, Kittle Olson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before: Byron Andrus, judge of the probate court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1888 at his office.  
HOLMACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Byron Andrus, Attorney. 43155.

JOHN N. JORGENSEN,  
Clerk of District Court,  
**Land Attorney,**  
AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.  
COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK.

Money Invested and Taxes paid for Non-Residents.  
Money to Loan on Real Estate on Reasonable Terms.  
Correct Abstracts of Griggs County Always on Hand!  
**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.**  
Office Over Nelson & Langlie's Store, COOPERSTOWN.

DAVID BARTLETT, Attorney-at-Law. J. STEVENS, Land Attorney.

**BARTLETT & STEVENS,**  
Solicitors of Claims and Attorneys in Land Cases,  
COOPERSTOWN, NORTH DAKOTA.  
will attend to all matters before the Land Office and Interior Department.  
Special Attention to Contests and Final Proofs.

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Money to Loan on Final proofs, Real Estate and Chattels.  
Farm Lands and town lots for Sale.  
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**LAND ATTORNEY,**  
AND LOAN AGENT.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION Given to FINAL PROOFS and CONTEST CASES.  
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Real Estate Bought and sold on Commission.  
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**HOMESTEADS,**  
AND  
**Tree Claims!**  
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Office over Dr. Newell's Drug Store.

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NEGOTIATORS OF  
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