Cooperstown Courier.

VOL. 1. NO. 36.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1883.

THE COURIER. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING By Ed. D. STAIR.

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Official Paper of Griggs County

LOCAL LACONICS.

-Building operations are brisk.

-Joe Buchheit is on his claim in Willow. may you see the Dakota & Great South-

-Mr. Brophy's residence is up and enclosed.

next year. -Oats have been bringing 30 to 33 cents this week.

-About five carloads is now averaged per day at the elevator.

-J. M. Burrell, banker, came up last night for a sniff of metropolitan air.

Fey Flannels and Groveland Suit-ings for Ladies' wear at Whidden Bros. tain to be considerable higher, and again the company at this place take orders at -John Oie is now dealing out sixteen

ounces to the pound at Nelson & Lang- suit purchasers. lie's. Brown entertained, in a manner char-

-Fred Sabin is back from a business trip to Jamestown and several other inconsequental places.

-Saturday evening's accommodation company of young folks and others not brought twenty-nine guests for the Palso young. Music, song, games, social intercourse and the splendid repast ace to entertain over Sunday.

Joseph Allen will remove from his served made it an enjoyable event, infertile claim to Cooperstown, and he deed. will build a cottage of his own.

igan is tersely told by these lines from -Fall plowing is well advanced among the small farmers of the county, and the the Saline Observer: "The season of 1883 will be noted as a season of exthreshing season is at its zenith. extremes. From May 12 to July 20

-Ten or twelve young people from this place rusticated in Mardell and dined at the Park Avenue, Sunday.

-The fronts on Nelson & Langlie's and Stevens & Enger's store have been beautified by a coat of fresh paint this week.

-A neat new awning over the sidewalk at Whidden Bros.' emporium now protects goods on display from the bright autumnal sun.

-Conductor McClaren's family have arrived, and that worthy perforater of fortunate listener. tickets will make Cooperstown his home in the future.

-Notwithstanding that this is one of the glorious months of "R." the succulent bivalve has not appeared in Cooperstown as yet.

-It is noticed that commercial men having the eight originally charged with and now make it a point to Sunday over in the crime together with an additional Cooperstown. The Palace is what bring man, Douglass, indicted. The trial will 'em here so plentifully.

-Efforts are being make to get a post office established at Mr. Mateson's, on that the average yield of wheat in this

-The No. 1 wheat produced in South -Were it not for the fact that our Dakota brings from ten to fifteen cents thoughts on the topic are interrupted per bushel less than the No 1 Hard of by fingers that smart and muscles that The Boundless Resources of Da-North Dakota, and oats down there are ache from too frequent contact with not selling for half the price obtainee by loaded grain sacks we would like to tell the farmers hereabouts. our readers just what we know about

some splendid work with their "Eclipse" threshing machine, and are confining their field of operations to the Valley and the northern part of the county.

-Cooperstown has its railroad at last,

and now Stair and the Courier will

whoop 'er up. Shake, Stair, we congrat-

ulate you.-Tower City Herald. All

right Bro. Cornell here's our ET, and

ern an accomplished fact 'ere this time

If you want Dry Goods, just see the stock at Whidden Bros.'

-Farmers and town people will save

money and possibly inconvenience to

themselves by laying in their winter's

supply of fuel now. Prices are almost cer-

-On Friday evening last Mrs. J. N.

acteristic of the well known hospital-

ity of Meadow Brook Farm, a large

-The uncertainty of weather in Mich-

(seventy days) there fell twenty-six in-

ches of water, and from July 20 to Sep-

tember 7 (forty-nine days) less than one-

-Chester Kingsley, late of the Hope

House, has gone back to Minneapolis

from whence he came. The Pioneer

credits him with being a great boomer,

but wherein the title is appropriate we

cannot discern. Such unreasonable, in-

cessant bragging as he was wont to ut-

ter can only result in disgusting the un-

-Messrs. Smart and Glass returned

from Fargo and Valley City Sunday

evening. They appeared before the

grand jury in the case of Griggs county

against the Hope mob who stole the rec-

probably occur at next term of court.

-While it cannot truthfully be said

fourth of an inch."

-Anderson & Erickson, who live on farming. That there is plenty of hard the north line of this county, are doing work in the business is certain, but we are equal to it, especially as we can do most of it by proxy. We are a granger of no mean degree, and flatter ourselves

that we have outdone R. C. Cooper on quality of wheat, though he may have raised a few bushels more, and as for our oats, they weighed 371 pounds to the bushel of measurement.

Personal Pointers.

Al. Berg, of the Fargo Republican, enjoyed life in Cooperstown the first of the week.

Mrs. J. F. Bronson and Miss Lina Barnard, of Sanborn, visited friends of the metropolis last Sunday.

J. A. Dole, of Jamestown, an old time friend of Landlord Fitch, paid that gentleman a visit this week and became enraptured with Cooperstown and the Palpresent prices and deliver at any time to ace.

Theo. Otzen, an attorney of Bismarck, and an acquaintance of Postmaster Barthe week. He owns some splendid lots of Cooperstown. in the Hub of Griggs.

J. B. Murray, of New York City, in best land for the least money.

J. W. Waldorf, who reads the Courier regularly at South Bend, Ind., is in town population.

F. J. Blodgett, an accomplished newspaper man recently from New York but ness assured the world. now engaged in holding down a good claim near Eckleson, and agent H. J. Curtiss of Sanborn, picked their teeth at the Palace Sunday. In his new uniform Mr. Curtiss appears like a general. It will be gravifying for his many friends to learn that Geo. B. Clark is S., C. & T. M. is brisk. now on the broad highway of recovery

from his long siege with a terrible abcess erected at this point. in the throat. George has suffered untold pain, and while he is not entirely pletion, and shows off in good style. out of misery's bondage yet, he is comparatively easy.

Things Hard to Understand.

ords last fall, and were successful in Why F. C. Holmes is called "Senator," Why No. 1 Hard don't bring \$1 per bushel.

Why cold weather always comes when least desired.

Why piety always strengthens as

SOAP UNDER THE SOIL.

kota have a Special Acquisition from Griggs County.

Cooperstown Possesses a Soap Mine.

itless resources must do so with feelings of superlative pride. Her unequalled richness for agricultural pursuits, her adaptability for the production of the very best wheat known, her growing Dakota. Lenham Elevator & Lumber manufacturing interests, her railroad facilities, her exhaustless mines of tin, gold, silver and coal, all combine to make Dakota absolutely the grandest territory -a section of country that stands without a rival on this or any other continent. But the latest developement that is calculated to give this territory a still higher place among the commonwealths of the land and bring her the extreme

Soap mines have for ages been the standing subject of a joke, but no longer can this subject be trifled with, for soap nard's family, has been in town part of has actually been found under the soil,

Last Wednesday the laborers who are digging a reservoir on the railroad quest of good land came to Cooperstown grounds came upon some dirt of a yel-Monday, and has here found the object lowish color, that upon investigation of his trip to North Dakota, namely, the proved to possess the qualities of soap. It readily removes dirt from the skin and makes a good suds. The only discovery similar to this was made in Yelmaking preparations to remove to this low Medicine county, mention of which county next spring. Mr. W. is one of the Courier made a few weeks since, those get-up-in-the-morning men and he and so this place will stand almost will prove a desirable acquisition to our without competition in the mining of soap. Thus are great possibilities opened up to Cooperstown, and cleanli-

Railroad Notes.

The telegraph line will be finished next week.

- A large reservoir is being sunk near the water tank site.
- Freight and passenger traffic on the
- A two-stall engine house is soon to be
- The passenger depot is nearing com-
- Operations on an immense water tank have been commenced by the company at this point.

A large and well finished section house will be erected in Cooperstown, for which lumber is already on the ground.

The extensive system of side tracks being put in by the company at this place will greatly facilitate the large amount of yard work required here.

\$2 PER ANNUM

Save oats and horseflesh by using the light draft Casaday Sulky Plow. It only costs ten dollars more than the old fashioned landside machines.

WDo not pay old time war prices when you can buy anything you need cheaper at Nelson & Langlie's.

Codegard & Thompson's.

Every citizen of this great and popu-ular territory who reflects upon her lim-at Nelson & Langlie's.

-A new stock of Ladies' Trimmed hats, at Odegard & Thompson's.

Come and Examine the Wool Goods in great variety at Whidden Bros.'

Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros. 137 A carload of Valley City Flour just received and for sale low at Whid-den Bros.'

For Ladies Only.

A full assortment Wool Yarns, Sax-onys and Zephyrs, for sale at Whidden Bros.'

The Cars Have Arrived,

envy of eastern states devolves upon Cooperstown. Soap mines have for ages been the than formerly.

The Rushford.

There is no better made wagon than he RUSHFORD. the

The Lenham E. & L. Co. handle the RUSHFORD.

You can save 20 per cent. by paying cash for the RUSHFORD.

You can not buy a better wagon; you are "liable" to get an inferior one. Call at the Lumber Yard and examine the RUSHFORD.

Notice to Builders.

Scaled proposals will be received until Saturday Oct. 6, 1883, for the erection of two school houses in Fork Centre township, the material therefor to be furnished by board. Plans can be seen and bids deposited with Supt. Kerr, in Cooperstown. Right to reject any or all bids reserved. Dated this 27th day of Sept., 1883. ANDREW K. JOHNSON, J. G. MYERS, Clerk.

ANDREW K. JOHNSON, Clerk.

THEO. F. KERR, M. D.



Dice in Newell's Drug Store.



N. L. Lenham's INUSRANCE AGENCY

Representing the following old and re-liable companies. Cash Assets

ÆTNA, of Hartford......\$9 054 611 00

tion to his store for household purposes, and last week he had to put in more marked right here that Griggs county shelves to accommodate his increasing had an exceptionally large crop last seasbusiness.

-Mrs. W. C. Jimeson and children, of Willow, have been stopping at the grain not affecting crops hereabouts a Palace this week. Mr. Jimeson will particle. erect a house in Cooperstown for his winter residence.

-In a saloon brawl Wednesday night a railroader with artistic inclinations estimated by about fifteen per cent. It portrayed an elaborate Italian sunset is now a foregone conclusion that the scene on the phisiognomy of another one million acres seeded in the territory railroader. No arrests.

-Of all the threshers hereabouts we have seen but one propelled by horse failure heralded by the eastern papers in power, and that confines its operations July, and we must say it is a decidedly to the Valley, where it would be diffi- satisfactory collapse of crops for all concult for a steamer to get around.

-Any discrepencies in the Courier this issue can be charged up to our threshing account. Garnering grain has had more attraction for us this week than the old story of running a paper.

& Langlie has gone east, which is a warning for everyone to look out for an immense stock of winter goods, which bought in a cheap market will be sold cheaper than usual.

Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes in great variety at Whidden Bros.'

-The cellar for Dr. Kerr's new residence is excavated and the structure will dence is excavated and the structure will rise just as soon as the contractors can and orders the newspaper stopped it is in when they retire at night. get at it. Work in the building line is amusing to see the presistence with pressing and one has to have his order which he hangs about until his neighin early to receive attention.

\$

closing the door when you come in or go has withdrawn his patronage. This obout. If it were not for fear of giving servation, reader, is a general one-not offense we would like to offer a similar founded upon any recent experience of offense we would like to offer a similar founded upon any recent experience of the barber shop, will get mad as a maniac "Household." White, "I suggestion regarding the mouths of some our own; though human nature is pret- if he has to wait five minutes for his din-Eldredge at Holliday Bros.' people when they get through talking. Ity much the same the world over.

section 16, t 147, r 58, which is not far vicinity is larger than last year's crop, from the discontinued office of Lybeck. it is a fact that it grades much higher. -Dr. Newell is now building an addi- Hardly a load comes to town but that goes for No. 1 Hard. It might be re-

on, the long continued wet weather that his pick, don't join the benedict ranks. proved almost fatal to Red River Valley

-As threshing continues it becomes more and more evident in all parts of Dakota that the yield has been under-

last spring will yield an average of twenty bushels to the acre. This is the great

cerned. ---Wheat is firm here at 82 cents, and has an upward tendency. No. 1 Hard tache. was held at \$1.06 in Duluth. Wednesday, and \$1.03 to \$1.05 in Minneapolis. The market in these places was not as active as it might have been at last account, as -S. A. Nelson, of the firm of Nelson buyers don't seem anxious to purchase. except at lower figures, and holders are indifferent about selling except at an future fertilizer. advance. It is conceded at the leading markets that farmers now hold the key to the situation, and that by holding off legislature. a triffe they will force better prices.

Mittens and Gloves to no end at Whidden Bros.'

bor's next week's copy is brought in, and -Call at Odegard & Thompson's for your winter supply of Flour and Pork. the eagerness with which he scans its columns to see if there are indications -It is now a good time to practice of the concern "going up" because he meet again than to those whose good opinion we have reason to cultivate.

Why Fred Sabin is so lavish with his heart-breaking smiles.

Why a failure of crops has never been known in Dakota.

Why Justice Glass has resolved never to wear the matrimonial yoke.

more shade trees.

Why the price of wheat in Fargo hard-ly equals Cooperstown quotations.

Why so many bachelors of modest worth are located in Griggs' capital.

Why it is impossible for a woman to pass a mirror without looking atherself. Why Judge of Probate Andrus has never yielded to the machinations of matrimony.

Why some enterprising man don't es-tablish a straw paper mill at Cooperstown.

Why the best land in America sells for so nominal a figure as do the fertile acres of Griggs at the present time.

Why John N. Jorgensen will persist in his futile attempts to produce a mus-

Why the desire to make a fool of one's self springs eternal in the human breast. low at Whidden Bros.' Why the desire to make a fool of one's Why Dr. Newell will insist on being so satirical in his arguments at the literary.

Why farmers will persist in burning their straw, when it is so valuable as a

Why Dave Bartlett's eloquence has never won him an heiress or a seat in

Why Cooperstown merchants can and do sell goods cheaper than dealers in neighboring towns.

Why John Holliday and Manly Davis

Why men will pay their whiskey bills and let the grocer who has kept the body and soul of his family together whistle for his pay.

Why it is so much easier to be polite

Why the man who will wait for an hour with tranquility to get shaved at man" for a new sewing machine. The the barber shop, will get mad as a maniae "Household." White, "Davis" and ner.

The holes for telegraph poles are all dug between Sauborn and this place. The poles have arrived and will all be set within a day or so, after which it will take four days to string the wire. North British & Mercantile N.Y. PHCENIX, Brooklyn N.Y. 3 295 327 00 SPRINGFIELD, Spring-field, Mass. St. Paul Fire and Marine. 1 048 673 00 GERMAN, Freeport, Ill. 1 185 979 00

-The enterprising firms who recite new "pieces" in the advertising columns Why enterprising citizens don't set out this week are, Whidden Bros., Buchheit Bros. and Nelson & Langlie.

50 pieces Dress Prints and Ginghams at Whidden Bros.'

Gr"Casady" Sulkys at Holliday Bros.' GFor your Winter Cloaks, Dolmans, Shawls, Dress Goods, Trimmed Hats, go to Odegard & Thompson's.

Collegard & Thompson have re-ceived the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods ever brought to the county, "and don't you forger it!"

Ladies and Gents' Underwear at Whidden Bros.'

Casady Sulkies at Holliday Bros,' FPaints and Oils of all kinds at Odegard & Thompson's.

Grone case Ladies' Felt and Straw Hats, Turbans, etc., trimmed ready for wearing just opened at Whidden Bros.

Best 5 cent smoke; the "Nestor" at Odegard & Thompson's.

Machine oils of all kinds at Nelson & Langlie's.

We are receiving lumber of every description daily. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

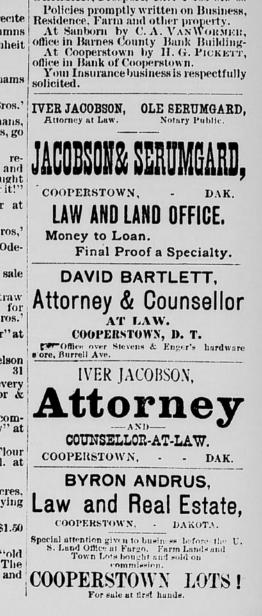
munity to smoke that "University" at Odegard & Thompson's.

137 Best Valley City Straight Flour \$3.25 and Salt only \$2.75 per bbl. at Nelson & Langlie's.

The job of backsetting 60 acres near town, can be secured by applying at the Courier office.

Mens Grain Plow Boots only \$1.50 at Nelson & Langhe's.

Solver Now is the time to bone the "old



Cooperstown Conrier.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAY.

Fire is devastatingtarm lands in the New England states, and serious damage is being entailed to crops and buildings. The losses will foot up more than a million dollars. Many small farmers have lost their sole possessions except the blackened land itself. From Long Island, and some portions of New Jersey come reports of ravages by forest fires. The long continued dry spell in he eastern states has left all material in be of service to the friends of Col. Ilges in a very inflamable state.

Frank James, surviving brother of Jesse James, has been declared not guilty of murder by a jury at Galla in, Mo., after a formal trial lasting several days. The verdict was received by demonstrations of joy by his crowd of friends in attendance. It follows that James enjoys greater prestige to-day than if he had never murdered and plundered his fellow beings. It must be that the yellow covered literature exerts a morbidly sentimental public spirit over its many readers in that state.

It is now believed that the surplus of the post office department for the year ending June 30th, will be three million dollars, or almost double that of the last fiscal year. Should this prove true and the steady increase of mail business go on, it is highly probable that the experiment of two-cent letter postage will vindicate itself by a freedom from department deficit during the very first year of its introduction. In that case, it will be less difficult to persuade Congress to risk one cent postage than it was to reduce the rate from three cents to two.

The sharp frost which recently visited the most of the Northern states was particularly severe in New England. The Connecticut river valley is a very important tobacco-growing region, and it was here that the Tuesday frost was most sharply felt. In some places the mercury fell to thirty degress, and the result was that in those places the tobacco leaves were frozen stiff and utterly ruined. Cutting was also about haif over: many crops were standing in the fields, not ripe enough to cut. In four counties of Massachusetts the loss is estimated at \$125,000. Farmers' losses range from \$500 to \$2,500 each, and as tobacco is their chief crop many of them are disheartened at the sudden destruction in a single night of the fruit of their season's labor.

Some two years ago Mr. Blaine was put on the scent of more than a million dollars of property belonging to the defunct confederate government, but owing to the non-committal propensity of those that knew most about its whereabouts it has never been unearthed. Now the question is again revived, but it appears that nobody knows of a certainty that the government had any great amount of wealth, but it is taken for granted that it ought to have had, and so the conclusion is readily drawn that it did have. The amount is estimated a the tidy figures of \$30,000,000, and it is and the thought to be stowed away in various three English and continental banking houses. Perhaps an inquisition of some sort might force some members of the old confederate government to disclose what they know in the premises The British government proposes to establish 50,000 Irish families, or about 200,000 persons, above the great lakes in British America, giving them implements for tilling the soil, with the privilege of paying for the land on long time. This is proposed as a means of relieving the over-populated districts of Ireand to some extent, and as a preparation for certain land reforms to be instituted by the government upon that island. There are 40,000,000 Irish in the world, 5,200,000 onlyof whom remain in Ireland. Those in other countries are prosperous, and their success may well induce these at home to accept the chance offered them in the Cannadian settlement scheme. There is nothing worse in this, than if the United States government took 50,000 families from the over-crowded slums of our arge Atlantic sea-board cities and gave em an excellent chance to strike out or themselves in the great grain fields of themselves in the great grain fields of the Northwest or the cattle country of the southwest. The scheme is to accept only those that will go of their own free will from the over-crowded portions of will from the over-crowded portions of Ireland. The 200,000 impoverished Irish, who accept the government's offer to set them up as respectable farmers in Manitoba, will be wiser than hose who reject it. It must be a thriftless family of four or five persons that cannot take a new farm in that virgin soil, with implements to till it, and pay a mortgage of \$500, or even \$1,000, in ten years. Canada has long complained that European emigrants have so generally turned their faces toward the United States, that she will no doubt be delighted with this new Irish colonization scheme, and greet the new-comers of next year with open hands.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS IN WASHINGTON. The Sunday Capital says: "No decision was reached in the army and navy court mart'al cases laid on the president's desk

during his absence in the West. It is known that he h s some reluctance to meet the issue presented in the case of Col. 11ges. In Montana he met many friends of that officer, indeed every one seems to be his friend in the region where he has served so long and so well, who made the strongest appeals for a lenient view of the testimony in the case when the president came to act finally upon the proceedings of the court. It is also believed that the review of the their efforts to save him.

The following are recent postoffice changes: Postmasters commissioned, Wisconsin: Benjamin L. Crandall, Dakota, Wisconsin: Benjamin L. (Trandall, Dakota, Iowa: Jacob Loy, Loy; George W. Nash, Nu-gent, James A. Laft, S. rgeant Bluff; J. S. Fin-ster Hartley; George F. Loper, Holly Springs; D-kota; E. Wagness, Grand Harbor; Abner B. Allen, Winfred. Special Service Discon-tinued—Dakota: Bloomington, from Sept. 30; Kirkwood, from ~ept 30. F. R. Bennett has been appointed postmaster at Odebolt, Iowa, vice Ward Van Deusen, resigned. The civil service avagination for places

The civil-service examination for places in the city postoffice at Washington have not been as satisfactory in their results as was expected by the friends of the new law. Several candidates have successfully passed the examinations and been placed upon upon the eligible list, but being compelled to commence at the lowest grade, which pays a salary of only \$000 a year, nearly all those who have been appointed resigned the of-fice, prefering to run their chances of doing better in private lite.

Proof impression upon silk fibre paper have been made at the bureau of engraving and printing of the entire series of paper mongy of the United States, from the de-nomination of \$1 up to \$1,000, and of all denominations of the 5 per cent. bonds. The collection has been bound in handsome and

attractive style in Russian leather, and it is intended for presentation to the Russian rovernment, which made a formal request for the same. A prominent officer of the government is authority for the statement that the new postal notes are made so simply that their counterfeiting would be very easy. Numer-outs complaints have been received, especi-ally from banking institutions, relative to the flimsy character of the new notes, and a pretty fair imitation of one of them, for a small amount, has been sent to the secret service bureau for investigation.

Commissioner of Pensions Dudley is determined to break up the rings, inside and outside of the office, engaged in swindling pension claimants, and has adopted a ver rigid rule toward clerks in the pension of tice who have in the remotest way been connected with outside parties in these practices.

The increase in the sales of public lands during the last fiscal year exceeded that of the previous year by 38½ per cent., and that of the fiscal year of 1881 by 82 per cent.

NEWS OF THE RAILROADS.

Work upon the St. Paul & Northern Pacific between St. Paul and Sauk Rapids, Minn., is being carried along as rapidly as circumstances will permit. The track is now completed from the junction with the Manitoba road to the site for the bridge over the Mississippi in Minneapolis, and the work of grading is being carried on all along the line between Minneapolis and Sauk Bapids. The contract for the culvert over Basset's creek in Minneapolis has been closed and work thereon will be com-menced soop. The culvert and accompanying construction at this point will prob-ably cost in the neighborhood of \$40,000, work will occupy two or nonths. Work has been months. begun upon the joundations for the bridge over the river, and it is expected that in a ture will be in place by February, and the bridge will be ready for opening some time next spring. A force of workmen has been engaged for the past two weeks in moving the fence along the line of the old Manitoba r md. On the whole, matters are proceeding very satisfactorily, and if the weather holds open late, great progress will be made this fall. The length of track fully completed in Minneanolis-(rom the junccompleted in Minneapolis- from the junc-tion with the Manitoba road to the bridge site-is two miles.

It is rumored at Des Moines, on good authority, that the new Canadian, La Crosse & Southwestern road is negotating for the St. Louis. Des Moines & Northern road, now running from Des Moines to Boone.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

The report of the commisioners of the State of New York shows 363,374 emigrants landing at the Port of New York from Aug. 3, 1885, to June 30, 1884, inclusive. The largest number landed in any one month, 6,953, was in May, 1883 and the smallest, 8,343, in Japuary of the same year. The duty imposed on the board of returning paupers, and persons unable to take care of themselves to the post from whereas there themselves to the port from whence they came, has been carefully exercised, and a large number of undesirable persons has been sent back.

In the case of Richards Vjar et al. vs State of California, involving the title of lands claimed to be within the limit of the Los Angeles Mexican grant, the secretary of the interior has decided that applicants to purchase under the seventh section of the act of 1866 have no valid claim under such act, the land being in no sense within the claimed limits of the grant.

The monitor Miantonomah, which left the Washington navy yard on the morning

Paul Boner sues the Western Union Telegraph company at Philadelphia for failing to send him a dispatch from Asbury Park offering him \$75 a month as pianist. He lost the place.

Men about the falls at Minneapolis, Minn., are beginning to look anxiously for rain be fore a severe freeze-up comes, lest there should be a dearth of water for winter use in running the mills.

Elizabeth, N. J., hopes to settle her \$6, 000,000 of debt at 50 cents on the dollar, which means a tax of 25 per cent. on her \$12,000,000 assessed valuation.

+ Bradford Lewis & Son of Walpole, Mass. cotton waste and cardboard manufacturers have failed. Liabilities, \$50,000; assets nominally the same.

New Tacoma, a thriving young town in Washington Territory, already has forty lawyers, the total population being but 3.500.

1 La Crosse has contributed \$1,514 for the Rochester sufferers.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

Two tramps boarded a freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad at Marrietta recently. Climbing over tops of cars, they meta brakeman and railroad policeman, Berger of Philadelphia. Drawing pistols the tramps ordered the two men to throw up their hands, which they did, and after-wards the officer and brakemen catching the tramps off their guard grabbed them. Seeing they were being worsted, one of the tramps jumped off the train and escaped. Officer Berger fired at the remaining one, who, putting his hands to his body, fell from the train apparently wounded. The train, which was running rapidly at the time, stopped as soon as possible, but nothing could be seen of the tramps. The object is believed to have been robbery.

On the 19th inst., as Mr. Lattin, the jailer at Mankato, Minn., went into the county jail to lock the prisoners in their cells, he was seized by four stalwart prisoners, one being the negro who was recently arrested at St James, Minn., for stealing a watch and money. He grappled with the negro and threw him on the floor when the other prisoners came to the negres's assistance, and pulling Lattin off they all made their escape. Mrs. Marks the Sheriff's wife, hapened to be ou tside the corridor, and at tempted to close the door, but failed. The took and captured one man, the other three making their escape. The three at large are the negro and two fellows who were arrested at Mapleton. Minn., a couple of weeks ago for disturbing the peace and resisting an officer. Rev. Albert F. Vedder, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at West Milton, Saratoga county, New York, has been arrested as principal and Dr. James A. Pat-terson of Albany, N. Y., as accessory to the crime of abortion The complainant, Annie Walter, twenty-five, daughter of Silas Walter, a farmer of West Milton, alleged that Patterson performed the opera-tion of the computer of Mest tion at the request of Vedder. It was par tially successful. The woman was danger ously ill, but recovered sufficiently to go to Albany and make a consplaint. Vedder was arrested as he was about to enter the Methodist Episcopal church at Kingston, where he was to preach. He was taken to Albany and sent to jail. Both deny their guilt.

cnue peanut vendor was walking with bis wife. At the corner of Second street two sports drove up in a carriage. One of them slight d and gave the husband a thorough drubbing, while his comrade ran off with the wife.

Thomas Gallagher, the murderer of Walter Hanlar, gave himself up recently. Great excitement prevails at Sandy Hill, N. Y., near where the murder was committed, and there is strong talk of ivnching.

J.H. Haven of Rutland, Vt., has sgain been arrested, charged with embezzling \$40,-000 while treasurer of the Rutland railroad company. Bail of \$10,000 was furnished.

RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

On the morning of the 15th nst., Mr. Foster, living near New Posen, Minn., went

Foster, living near New Posen, Minn., went away to a neighber's to kelp in threshing, and his wife and two sons went out to work in a hay field half a nile from the house, leaving little Maud Foster in the care of a man named Mason, who makes his home there. About 10 o'clock Mr. Mason lett the child in the house alone, and went away on horseback to the place here the threshing crew were at work. A few minutes after he had left, Mrs. Foster heard screams in the direction of the house, and looking that way s' e saw the child rushing from the way see saw the child rushing from the the Washington navy yard on the morning of the 10t inst., anchored on the night of the 14th off Sandy Hook for the purpose of repairing her machinery, which had be-come disabled during her trip. On the 15th inst., she reached Brooklyn. It is expected that Mullan tunnei will be Draw Way see saw the child rushing from the house, its form completely enveloped in fames. By the time the agonized mother could reach the spot the poor girl was lit-erally roasted from head to foot, and life nearly extinct. A doctor was sent for, but to no use; the child died in its half-crazed mothers arms soon after his arrival.

At Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 19th inst. the works of the Enterprise Carriage company were burned. The company makes cheap carriages and employed 200 men. Loss, \$30,000. The building was partially insured. The carriage company was fully insured.

While at work on a new barn building on August Belmont's farm at Babylon, I. I., five men on the scaffold were precipitated to the ground by the breaking of the support. John Metz was instantly killed. August Nichols intally and the other three seriously inju.ed.

As an Omaha gravel train was coming fram work at an early hour on the 16th inst., neared their yard at Ashland, Wis., they struck and instantly killed, and utter-ly cut to pieces, an unknown tramp. The coroner's jury failed to discover his name or residence. or residence.

The extensive sash factory and planing mill of Campbell & Breckenridge, occupying about a quarter of a block of ground, burned on the 17th inst., Loss \$90,000 insurance \$51,000.

Seven of the thirteen ice houses at North Chelmford, Mass., belonging; to the Boston ice compary, were burned on the 12th inst. Loss $\frac{1}{235,000}$; insurance $\frac{520,000}{2000}$.

The packing house of F. S. Andrews at New Haven, Conn., has been burned. Loss, \$25,000; insured. Forty men are thrown out of employment.

A fire at Casey, Ill., recently destroyed eleven houses and several offices. Loss \$80 000.

FOREIGN NEWS GOSSIP.

A Hong Kong correspondent says the French are in difficulties through want of troops. Many Chinese are deserting to the black flags. Lari, their chief, is very powcrful. France may have negotiated with him. F reigners have been seen fighting on the side of the black flags. Gen. Bouet admits he was unable to hold his position after the last fight. The F buying steamers and horses. The French are still

It is reported from Huancayo, Peru, that 3,000 Monternos, who had collected near Izzuchace for the purpose of sacking that

ficent map showing the proposed standard time on the lines of railroad on the Ameri-cal continent. There are five standards proposed, one for each of the five great dis-tricts, and indicated in colors. both, as the animal's body was found near that of the dead man. Cn First avenue south, Minne polis, Minn., on the 11th inst., a Washington av tricts, and indicated in colors. and it is their intention to prepare their plant and commence working the vcin in the near f ture, having bought the land for the purpose of developing its resources and not for speculation.

Fred Douglass, speaking of the colored national convention to be held at Louisville, says he does not think that the coavention will nominate anybody. It will probably say that the colored race ought to have a more liberal share in the distrito have a more internal share in the distri-bution of offices, and may go so far as to demand a colored cabinet officer. If the convention does anything in the way of nom-inating or endorsing anybody, it will be Robert T. Lincoln. There is only one name on the other side that would have any weight with the colored members. any weight with the colored people, and that is Ben Butler. He stands vory well with the colored people of the south.

A Mrs. D. K. Smith has been in St Paul for the past few days, trying to find her

Junius Brutus Booth, the veteran actor and manager, who has been ill at Manchester by the Sea, is in a critical condition and rapidly singing. All hopes of his recovery have been abandoned, and Mrs. Agnes Booth is at his bedside. Edwin Booth has also been there.

Senator Sharon says he is the largest real estate owner in San Francisco, having \$11,-000,000 worth there.

The Postal Notes.

The present order for postal notes was cenvered in 6,244 books, containing 500 notes each. These were t ken in charge by the superintendent of the money order system and sent to postmasters Aug. 15. The Memer Lee bank note company, which received the contract for the notes, are now busy get ing ready a reserve of 4 books, a number which has always to be kept on hand. The notes are sent to the various postmasters in packages of one or more postmasters in packages of one or more books. The new notes are not meant to take the place of money orders. The uni-form fee for the postal note is three cents. It may be drawn on any office specified, or on the office where it is received, but after the extinguing of three months the net is the expiration of three months the not is The expiration of three months the not is not paid, and a certain form has to be made out, and the notes are redeemed at the postoffice department. Sums from 1 cent to \$4 99 may be sent, but no fractional part of a cent. The note may also be re-ceived and passed for currency for three months months.

A Serious Fire Casualty in Wis-

consin. The home of Frank Campe, an old resident of Appleton, Wisconsin, caught fire on the 13th inst., and burned to the ground. There was no insurance on the house, and the loss is about \$1,000. A crowd gathered round the house when the alarm was given, and thinking the inmates were out did nothing but wait for the fire department. While they were looking at the burning house, a door flow open and the father rushed out perfectly mad with fright. He had to be seized and held. As soon as it was learned that the family were in the house, the excitement was intense. A. young man named Brown rushed into the building, grabbed a little boy about three years old, and threw him out of a win-The boy was terribly dow. burned and died before noon. Another young boy that was thrown out of a window was badly cut around the legs and a city, were attacked by a small body of men belonging to the Pacific forces. After a live. While the dectors were sewing up city, were attacked by a small body of the live. While the dectors were sewing up to the Pacific forces. After a live. While the dectors were sewing up the cut across the abdomen, which exposed the cut across the abdomen, which exposed the inwards, the little fellow showed himself a hero, never making a noise, but gazed around with a trightened look. Three other children escaped. Brown who went into the house had his arms and face badly burned, and will be laid up for some time. While the children were being taken out another band of men went to the bedroom window and broke in the glass. The heat was so intense that no one could enter. The second window that w s broken in happened to be near a bed, and one of the men grabbed a woman by the hair, and with the aid of another man, she and her six weeks old child were pulled out. The babe was unirjure.², but the woman was badiy burned from the soles of her feet to her head. Her flesh is burned down her back like raw beef. She cannot i ve. How her husband got out and how the building caught file are matters of conjecture. John Tracy, who pulled the woman out, says that she was wrapped in heavy blankets and that she was burned while they were trying to get her out of the window. Tracy's hands and face are scorceed quite badly.

Mr. John Simpleton, one of Dubuque, rliest and most esteemed citizens, died at at city Sept. 6th aged seventy-five years.

A legal gentleman in Racine, Wis., who has been closely related with the highest officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, says he has good reasons for believing that the right of way procured by the company by a special bill in congress last year, to build their new in congress last year, to build their new line from Milwaukee to Chicago along the lake shore, will be utilized before next fall and that he believes that the location of a new depot near the proposed line is a good indication that work will begin before many indication that work will begin before many months.

A Larimore paper says that it looks now as though Larimore would be the winter terminus of the St. Paul. Minneapolis and Manitoba road, the same as last year. Travel to Devfl's lake is not liable to be

Vice President Oakes, of the Northern Pacific railroad, furnishes the following in regard to the finances of that company: Earnings \$15,000,000; expenses 60 per cent. \$9,000,000, leaving \$5,000,000. Fixed charges \$9,000,000, leaving \$3,000,000 Fixed charges -Iuteret on \$45,000,000 bonds and \$4,500, 000 scrip in round numbers \$3,000,000; tax-es, \$500,000; balance, \$2,500,000. Which wou'd permit a dividend of 6 per cent. on \$38,000.000 preferred stock, and leave a sur-plus of some \$250,000.

A special from Brownsville, Tex., states that the progress of a train on the Merida railroad, Yucaton, was delayed many hours by immense swarms of locusts, which cov-ered the rack, and when the wheels crushed them made such a lubricant that the fric-tion between the wheels and rail was de-stroyed, and progress was impossible.

J. T. Odell, assistant general manager of

Richard Michaelis, editor of the Chicago Freie Presse, has caused the arrest of Anton Hessing, Washington Hessing, Herman Restarts Zeituag, for criminal ibel. in in charging Michaelis as a blackmailer, be-cause he offered \$10,000 for the \$80,000 judgment against Hessing, Sr., obtwined by the United States several years ago in the "first hete?" of whisky suits. The account "first batch" of whisky suits. The accused gave bail for trial Sept. 21.

Eight hostile Apaches attacked the hay camp at Antelope Springs, Arizona, on the 17th. Only two men were present at the time of the attack. George Ward was killed at the first fire. Amcs Williams es caped and brought the news to the city.

wenty armed citizens immediately started in pursuit of the hostiles. The Indians were undoubtedly a portion of the hostiles left in the Sierra Madres by Gen. Crook.

The Lake Benton News is authority for the statement that the man Lovelace, for overcharging whom on a pension claim M. E. Mathews and C. W. Andrews were arrested by United States Marshal Denny, is not at all an injured individual, but one who has been guilty of fraud and breach of cont act. The trial will doubtless elicit all the facts.

The body of a man has been found in the woods eight miles from Sheboygan, Mich., and identified as that of Frank Devereaux, the Northern Pacific railroad, has received from W. F. Allen, Philadelphia, a magni-in a bear fight, which resulted fatally for in a bear fight, which resulted fatally for

It is stated that the czarina lately detected one of the imperial chamberlains in the act of placing Libilist documents in her apartments, and he, fearing the conse-quences, suicided. The authorities endeavored to prevent the fact being made public.

A box of dynamite has been discovered within the precincts of Yileliz Kiosk, the residence of the Turkish sultar. A Circassi n guard at the palace has been exiled.

The cure of Cayna, Peru, it is alleged. caused the assassination of Leodora Merales, governor of Huamico, whose head was paraded through the streets.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Prominent members of the G. A. R. at Pittsburg, Pa., have received a letter from Paul Vandervoort, ex-commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., in which the recent action of Postmaster General Gresham, in re moving him from service is reviewed moving from from service is reviewed a length. Vandervoort admits that he was absent from duty 255 days the last fiscal year, but says this was by permission of Pestmaster Generals Howe and Gresham. Under Howe his pay went on, but since Gresham came into power he has only been paid for the time on duty. In any event, he says, the charge has been withdrawn and it is now urged against him that be, went to Idaho contrary to instructions from

Division Superintendent White, hence h pension. This charge he denies, an s his visit to Idano was for the purpos suspension. of ins ructing men on the new routes, and that White wanted him to stay longer than he did. He complains that he was removed without notice or investigation, and Gresham has been imposed on, and that he will be satisfied with nothing short of reinstatement.

Ex- Congressmen F. C. Deering and W. L. Eaton of Osage, Iowa, and Capt. J. C. Standing, o Chrnito, Iowa, representing a syndicate of lowa capitalists, have completed the purchase of twenty-five acres of valuable coal lands, of General Land Agent Weymiss of the Northern Pacific. The lands are located on the east side of the Missouri river, sixty miles orthwest of Bismarck, and contain a nine toot vein Bismarck, and contain a nine foot year outcropping on the bank of the river, 150 feet below the surface. This is the first coal development east of the Missouri, and the coal is in quality much superior to the lignite found west of the stream. The field scems to be quite extensive and it is understood that the syndicate will prohable

Fashion Makes Fools of Us All.

Darwin, in his "Descent of Man," sums up some of the most remarkable fashions in regard to the person: "In one part of Af-rica the eyelids are colored black; in anoth er the nails are dyed yellow or purple. In many places the hair is dyed of varied tints. In defierent countries the teeth are stained black, red, blue etc., and in the Malay Archipelago it is considered shameful to have white teeth like a dog. Not one great country can be named, from the polar regions in the north to New Zealand in the south, in which the aborigines do not tatoo themselves. In Kordofan and Dafur it is considered a great attraction to have bumps on the body, and to achieve them incisions are made and salt rubbed in. In the Arab countries no beauty can be perfect till the cheeks or temples have been gashed. In South America a mother would be consid-ered guiity of culpable indifference to her children if she did not employ artifice to shape the calf of the leg after the fashion of the conntry. In the Old and New Worlds the shape of the skull was formerly modified, during infancy, in the most extraordinary manner, as is still the case in many places, and such deformities are considered rnsmental," just as pinched waists and dwarfed feet are with us.

Near Harrington, Del., a locomotive and three cars passed over a child as it lay sleeping between the rails. The child was but slightly hurt.

SIOUX FALLS CONVENTION.

SIOUX FALLS, Special Telegram, Sept. 14 .-A report has been prepared by the judiciary committee on the preamble to the constitution, and it will likely come before the convention to-morrow. The report made several days ago by the committee on preamble to the constitution was found to be unsatisfactory, the preamble involving, as it does, several legal points, and it was referred to the judiciary. The judiciary report will be introduced by some argument from the committee, giving the scope of the claims of the people of South Dakota to ftatehood, and it is probable that the argument will be adopted by the convention, with instructions to submit it to concrease at the time the constitution is presented for ratification. The report of the committee is as follows: It is clear that the United States government in

The time the constitution 14 presented for ratification. The report of the committee is as follows: It is clear that the United States porerument in the treaty of cession by France of the province of the province of the treaty of cession of such cession that it would dmit and incorporate into the union of the United States according to the principle of the federal constitution the inhabitants of the cettars of the built scontars, and permit them to enjoy all the rights, advantages and immunities of the ditters of the built for the test of the cession that in accordance with the views of some of the ablest public men of this country, several States have already been admitted into the Union of the cession of the test of this treaty by the compact contained in the ordinance of concress of July 13, 1787, and the act and deed of the cession of Virginia, it was expressly agreed as among the rights and privileges thereby secured to inhabitants therein such States and the whenwer any of the said States should be admitted by its delease into the congress of the United States or an equal fooling with the original states in all respects whateover, and should be at liberty to form a permanent constitution and state government be Renhilican econstitution and state government be Renhilican the cession of Mirch 3, 1849, all and singular the rights of the White States and the whenwer and States in the territory each with ange 25.1834, April 30, 1836; June 21.853, should be at iberty to form a permanent constitution and state government the rights of the best of the territory actives of the White States are of the territory each with an excert do the territory and Mirch 3, 1849, all and singular the rights and Mirch 3, 1849, all and singular the rights of the territory actives to the Mirch and excerted to the the states are of the weight and the state state in the territory state in the teritory shall be territory states when were and solo down and whent

to the constitution. **PREAMBLE.** We, the people of Dakota, through our repre-sentatives in convention assembled, accepting the guarantees of the federal constitution, and relying upon the pledged faith of congress in extending to the inhabitants of this portion of the territory of the United States the rights, priviles and immuni-ties secured to the people of the territory north-west of the Chioriver by the ordinauce of 1787, in-cuding the right to form for ourselves a State constitution and government and be admitted into the Union on an equai footing with the original States, such right being for france of the Province of Louisiana, having com-piled with all of the conditions necessary to admis-sion, manifesting profound reverence for the su-prene rules of the universe, in order to form a more prefect and more indepeed of posterily the bless-ings of likery, do ordain and establish this consti-tution or the State of Dakota. Judge G. C. Moody, chairman of the judi-

Judge G. C. Moody. chairman of the judi-ciary, who wrote the report, says that if the representative people of North Dakota in an authoritative manner represent to this conven-tion that it is desired that South Dakota should

tives; No. 13 Aurora and Gerauid, 2 representa-tives; No. 13, Lake and Miner, 3 representatives; No. 15, Brookings, 2 representatives; No. 16, Kingsbury and Clark, three representatives; No. 17, Bealle, three representa-tives; No. 18, Hand, two representatives; No. 19, Hyde, one representative; No. 20, Sully Potter, Walworth and Campbell, and all of that portion of the Territory lying north of the said counties and south of the 45th parallel of north latitude, three representatives; No. 21, Hughes, two representatives; No. 22, Faulk, Edmunds and McPherson, and all that por-tion of the Territory north of said counties and south of the forty-sixth parallel of north lati-tude, two representatives; No. 28, Spink, south of the forty-sixth parallel of north lati-tude, two representatives; No. 224, Spint, three representatives; No. 24, Codding-ton, three representatives; No. 25, Duell, one representative; No. 26, Hamilton, one repre-sentative; No. 27, Grant, one representative; No. 28, Roberts, one representative; No. 29, Brown, and all that portion of the Territory north of said county and south of the forth-sixth parallel of the north latitude, three representa-tives; No. 30, Day, and all that portion of the Territory north of said county and south of the forty-sixth parallel of north lat-litude, one representative; No. 31, Pennington, two representatives; No. 33, Lawrence, Butte and Man-dan, five representatives. A DEADLOCE.

A DEADLOCK.

During the morning hour the report of the committee on schedule was partially coneidered. A deadlock occurred on the seventh section, which presumes that State legislature, county and town officers have been elected. The question arose, will it be expedient to elect these officers when the constitution is presented in November for ratification; or shall we wait until we be admitted to State bood? Some of the longest heads contended that congress would consider the constitution more favorably if a full complement of officers are elected and their certificates presented for ratification by congress with the constitution, and that the work of the convention will only be half completed if they are not elected. Gen. F. M. Ziebach, one of the brightest and most influential men in the convention, known throughout the Territory as the squatter governor, in a thrilling speech, advocated not only the election of legislative, State and county officers, but two members of congress and two United States senators. The subject was finally made the special order of the morrow that

PROHIBITION, the special order for 10:30 to-day, might be taken up.

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., Special Telegram, Sept. 15.-This has been a field day for debaters in the constitutional convention. At the very opening of the convention, at 8 o'clock this morning, the question: "Shall we elect State morning, the question: "Shall we elect state and county officers and congressional repre-sentatives at the election to ratify the constitusentatives at the election to ratify the constitu-tion in November, and then elect two United States senators and present them to congress with the constitution, or shall we wait until we are admitted to Statehood?" came up in the consideration of the report from the committee on schedule, and was a bone of conten-tion until the adjournment at 5:30 this starmon, when it went over as on echedule, and was a boby of conten-tion until the adjournment at 5:30 this afternoon, when it went over as the special order for to-night, and at the night session it was not decided, and was made the order for Monday at 9 o'clock. The debate grew exceedingly interesting at times, and took a wide latitude, developing all of the underly-ing principles upon which this move to State-hood is based. The question was one merely of policy. Several delegates held that to elect congressmen and senators, and present them to congress for ratification with the constitu-tion, would prove more conclusively the carn-estness and sincerity of the people, showing they were ready on the instant to assume all the functione of Statehood, while others contended that it would hazard the charces for Statehood and handicap the committee to be sent to congress with the concommittee to be sent to congress with the con-stitution, in that it would be claimed that the citizens were as cager for office as Stategovcitizens were as cager for office as Stategov-ernment because they presented both issues at once. About two dozen amendments were of-fered, most of them being tabled, some setting dates next spring and snummer for the election of officers, other stipulating in clearer and more specific terms that the officers elected should not assume power nor be entitled to compensation until congress ratifies the constitution, and others striking out or avoiding the question by ambiguous terms of language. To-night the convention is seemingly no nearer conclusion than this terms of language. To-night the convention is seemingly no nearer conclusion than this morning, and the question seems about equally divided with odds in favor of electing officers. The affirmative side of the issue has gained some strength on the argument that to elect officers will bring out the full yote on the con-stitution and by emit-time more strengt those stitution, and by enli-ting more strong y those

having an interest in scenario the seats to which they are elected, will insure more energy in the campaign for S atchood. Since prohibition, the election of State offi-cers and a few other issues have taken up sc

THE REPORT FROM THE JUDICIARY

The space of them have been putting that there is that the four years. In case of re-election, it shull be four years. In case of re-election, it shull be tweive years, and the third successor's term shall be tweive years. Provision may be made for the voluntary retirement of supreme judges at any siderable opposition to the creation of five is eight years. Provision may be made for the voluntary retirement of supreme judges at any time after they arrive at the age of seventy years, provided that they have been in the actual disposed of them have been pouting that there is one of them have been pouting they there could at that they have been in the actual disposed of them have been pouting two years, more time was speut upon a clause forbidding county and other judges to receive any fees or pay other than their regular salaries, it was held that they regular salaries, it was held that they would suick the work unother than their regular salaries, it was held that they sould suick the work unthes and, and the section was mended so that they may receive fees for that work. During the consideration of the report on judiciary and ment was offered to the section was smealed so that they may receive fees for that work. During the consideration of the report on judiciary and ment was offered to the section was smealed so there. In y other point. As the report was at first reported county judges were compelled to take the land to the form y lined. States hand offices without receiving pay for them other than their regular salaries. The term of a judge of the circuit court shall be four years. The term of a judge of the circuit court shall be four years. The term of a judge of the circuit court shall be four years. The judicial circuits are arranged as follows: First Circuit—The counties of Union, Clav, Lin-coln, Turner, Hanson, Lake, Minnehaha, McCook and Miner. Second—Yankton, Bon Homme, Charles Mix, Bocond—Yankton, Bon Homme, Charles Mix, Boulas, Hutchinson, Davison, Aurora, Brude, Burfalo and Jerauld. Thid—Brookines, Mocdy, Kingsbury, Clark, Hamlin, Deucl, Grant, Codington, Day, Roberts, the Wahpeton and Sisseton reservation, and all that strip of territory now included between the north list of the other qualifications prescribed by this section."
A delegato, in opposing the amendment, said the state lying between these counties and south of the forty-sixth parallel ot north latitude, and including all such portion of the State lying west of the State point was covered by anthe consideration of the report on judiciary an amendment was offered to the section which provides that for the purpose of re-election no supreme judge shall be deemed to have loss

A delegate, in opposing the amendment, said it was intended especially for Judge Edgerton, yet he didn't object to it for that reason, but because the point was covered by an-other section, and he wished to avoid repetition. The amendment was with-drawn. In the report on corporations and tanking a section was inserted directing that the legislature shall provide wholesome laws from time to time regulating the tariffs charged by transportation companies and other laws by transportation companies and other laws the section." from time to time regulating the tariffs charged by transportation companies and other laws governing the carriage of products and passen-gers, as to fair rates, and provides also for the election by a voto of the people of a board of commissioners, to be composed of three mem-bers, who shall not be interested in any way in any transportation company, and whose func-tions shall be to see that all laws relating to transportation are enforced. During the consideration of the report there was some hot shot fired at the rairoad cor-porations of the country. A resolution was was some not snot mod at the random comportations of the country. A resolution was offered during the day by A. B. Melville of Huron, and referred to the legislative commit-tee, directing that whenever 5,000 legal voters bettion the legislature for the submission of any amendment to the constitution, asking that a question be submitted to the vote of the nearly is shall be so submitted to the vote of the that a question be submitted to the vote of the people, it shall be so submitted at the next election thereafter, and if a majority of the legal voters are recorded in favor of the amendment it shall then become a part of the constitution. It is understood that the reso-lution will come before the convention for in-corporation in the constitution.

STOUX FALLS, Special Telegram, Sept. 18 .-The constitution of the State of Dakota is ready to go before the people for ratification or rejection. It was pronounced a finished document to-night after a day of almost ceaseless toiling. As stated in the PIONEER PRESS dispatch last night, the bulk of important matter was then completed, and to day the less consequential articles were ground out with a rush. However, the constitution as it now is, cannot be said to be a hurriedly constructed one, by any means. On the contrary, it has been pre-pared with all the nicety of care that 135 of the brainiest men of South Dakota could give it. There are no experimental features in it, and yet it is not without original ideas, as a review of the document will disclose. The varied country, and the many nationalities of people and kiuds of interests to be fostered and anticipated compelled the authors to go into almost every channel that has ever been followed by constitution-makers. The preimble last produced in these dispatches was a lopted without amendment, as were also the remarks of the committee upon reporting it, and the observations of the committee will go out with, but not be incorporated in, the con--titu ion to the people.

tiiu ion to the people. THE CONSTITUTION. Name, boundary and seat of government: The name shall be the State of Dakota; the boundaries bein where forty-sixth degree of north latitude intersects the western boundary line of the State of Minnesota, thence south to Nebraska, thence west along the northern boundary of that State and to the twenty-seventh deg. of west longilude, thence north to the forty-sixth parallel, and east to the place of beginning; the seat of government shall be and remain at Yankton until removed by law. DECLARATION OF InGHTS. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by parties in all civil cases, and in all crim-nal cases less than felony. No religious tests or qualification for any office of trust under the State, and ne rend in all by rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or

large. After five years the number of supreme The hereoff FROM The solutionary indiges at the retirement of supreme court judges at shall be four years. In case of re-election, it shall be four years, and the third successor's term shall be twelve years, and the third successor's term shall be twelve years. Provision may be made for the

First District -The counties of Union, Clay Yankton, Bon Homme, Charles Meix, Douglas Hutchinson, Turner, Lincoln, Minnehaha, Mc-Cook, Hauson, Davison, Aurora, Brule, Buffalo, Jerauld, Sanborn, Miner, Lake and Moody.

Second-All other portions of the State not in cluded in the First district. Senatorial Districts-District No. 1, county of

Cinced in the prist district. Senatorial Districts-District No. 1, county of Union, one senator: No. 2. Clay, one senator: No. 3, Yankton, two senators: No. 4. Boa Homme, one senator: No. 5. Charles Mix, Brule and Euffalo, one senator: No. 6, Douglas, one senator: No. 7, Turner, one senator: No. 8, Lincoln, one senator: No. 9, Minochaha, two senators: No. 10, Moody, one senator: No. 11, Hanson and Mc-Cook, one senator: No. 12, Davison and Sanborn, one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jerauld, one sen-ator: No. 14, Lake and Miller, one senator; No. 15, Brookings, one senator: No. 16, King-bury and Clark, one senator: No. 16, King-bury and Clark, one senator: No. 17, Beadle, one senator: No. 18, Hand and Hyde, one senator: No. 19, Hughes, one senator: No. 20, Sully, Potter, Walworth and Campbel: and all that portion of territory north of said counties and south of forty-sixth parallel of north latitude, one senator: No. 21, Faulk, Ed-munds and McEiserson and all that portion of the Territory north of said counties and south of the twenty-sixth parallel of north latitude, one senator: No. 22, Bink, one senator: No. 23, Cod-dington, one senator: No. 24, Douel and Hamlin, one senator: No. 25, Graut and Roberts, one synator: No. 20, Brown and all that portion o territory lying between said county and

dincton, one sonator: No. 24. Deuel and Hamlin, one senator: No. 25. Grant and Roberts, one sonator: No. 25. Grant and Roberts, one derived the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude, one sen-tater: No. 27. Day and all that portion of the Ter-tritory north of said county and south of the forty-sixth parallel of north lati-tude, one senator. No. 28. Penning-ton. Custer, and Fall River, one senator: No. 29. Lawrence, Butte and Mandan, two sena-tors. Representative districts—District No. 1, Un-ion, two representatives: No. 2, Cay, two repre-sentatives: No. 3, Yankton, three representatives: No. 4 Bouhomme, three representatives; No. 5 Charles, Mir, Brule and Buffalo, three repre-sentatives; No. 7, Turner, two representa-tives: No. 6, Douglas and Hutchison, three repre-sentatives; No. 7, Turner, two representa-tives; No. 13, Lakes and Miner, 3 represen-tives; No. 13, Lakes and Miner, 3 representatives; No. 16, Kingsbury and Clark, three representatives; No. 16, Kingsbury and Clark, three representatives; No. 16, Kingsbury and Clark, three representatives; No. 17, Beadle, three representa-tives; No. 18, Hand, two representatives; No. 19, Hyde, one representative; No. 20, Sully, Potter, Waiworth and Campbell, and all of that portion of the Territory lying morth of the said counties and south of the 45th parallel of north latitude, three representa-tives; No. 27, Grant, one representatives; No. 22, Faulk, Edmunds and McPherson, and all that por-tion of the Territory north of said counties and south of the forty-sixth parallel of north lati-tude, two representatives; No. 23, Smik, three representatives; No. 24, Coding-ton, three representatives; No. 23, Smik, three representatives; No. 24, Coding-ton, three representatives; No. 25, Duell, one representative; No. 26, Hamin, one repre-centative; No. 27, Grant, one repre-sentative; No. 30, Day, and all that pertion of the

across public and private cofporate lands, for the construction of ditches, canals and flumes for the purpose of conveying water for domestic purposes, for the irrigation of agri ultural lands and for min-ing, milling and manufacturing purposes, and for drainage, upon payment of just comparation. AMENDMENTS AND REVISION OF THE CONSTITU-TION.

TION. If 5,000 legal voters shall petition the first leg-

TION. If 5,000 legal voters shall petition the first leg-islature sitting after this constitution shall be rati-field by congress, to amend the constitution in any particular, then the legislature shall submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the peo-ple at a general or special election thereafter, in such manner as the legislature shall prescribe, and if the neople shall approve and ratify such amend-ment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the constitution. CORFORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL AND BANKING. All railroads, canais, and other transportation companies, are declared to be common carriers, and subject to legislative control, and the legisla-ture shall have power to enact laws regulating and controlling the rates of charges for transportation of passengers or freight of such common carriers from one point to another in the Stats. The legis-lature shall provide by law that in all elections for directors or managers of incorporated companies every stockholder shall have the right to vote in person or by proxy the number of shares of stock owned by him for as many persons as there are directors or managers to be elected, or to cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors multiplied by the number of his shares of stock shall equal, er to distribute them on the shall see fit; and such or to distribute them on the same principle among the many candidates as he shall see fit; and such The many calculates as he beam see at an activity of all corporations, steept religious and charitable, shall be subjected to a uniform rate of taxation. COMPENSATION OF PUBLIC OFFICERS. The salaries of ensutive officers shall be:

General 1,000 Superintendent of Public Instruction and Secretary of State

CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE. There shall be two representatives to congress from at large, and the legislature shall choose two United States senators. This resume covers the sali ent points of the constitution, and gives the reader a fair com-prehension of what it contains. The document would occupy eight or nine columns of the

prehension of what it contains. The document would occupy eight or nine columns of the ProNEER PRESS, and is being classified into about twenty hve articles. The convention has ordered 10,000 copies of the constitution to be printed in the English language and 1,000 each in the Sendinavian and German languages, to be distributed among the voters of the proposed State, with the following <u>ADDRESS</u>: We, your delegates, have done the work which you committed to our hands, and as a result pre-sent the constitution until by careful re-search into all authorities and precedents we were fully satisfied that we had the right to take every size here provided. There is no doubt remaining that we have full war-rant for all our actions, not only in our sense of justice, but in formal exactments and decisions by the hielest authorities known under our courts and constitutions. In the progress of our work, as was to be expected, opposing views have been warmly urged, but the result finally reached has been heartily adopted. It therefore remains for you to set your seal upon this instruments be declaring through your bailofs that you accourt this as the constitution of your State. You and yoe alone can breathe the breath of life into this work which we have done in your name. By your volce of approval you make it instinct with life, and, at the same time, lift yourselves out of bondge into the condition of freemen, exercising all your own right of self-government, were no one can abridge your enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happines." THE STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE was selected to-day, and is composed as fol-

THE STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE was selected to-day, and is composed as fol-

Ink of Ale Backoff is composed as follows:
B. L. Baker of Aurora county: E. M. Bowman, Batte; S. W. Duncan, Bulle; James H. Stevens, Bon Homme; Leroy W. White, Brookings: E. A. Hermau, Buffalo: John H. Drake, Bowen; E. H. Flynn, Custer; A. B. Lucas, Charles Mir; C. G. Sherwood, Clark; E. B. Dawson, Clav; O. G. Williams, Codington; A. W. Hager, Davison; R. Ruggles, Day; P. A. Gatchell, Duei; J. F. Cailahan, Douclass: H. E. Rech, Edmunds; A. S. Stowari, Fall River; P. E. Knox, Fank; N. L. Lothian, Grant; Henry Miller, Hand; E. C. Johnson, Hyde; F. D. Foster, Hanson; J. B. Cheever, Hamlin; Solom M. Dabol, Hutchinson; James Ward, Hughes; C. W. McDonald, Jerauld; C. B. Macdonald, Kinesbury: Arthur F. Smith, Lake; Frank J. Washabaugh, Lawrenss; O. S. Gifford, Lincoln; S. H. Bronson, Miner; R. F. Pettigrew, Minnehalis; H. M. Williamson, Moody; J. E. Ratan, McCook; C. L. Wood, Pennugton; D. M. Hunt, Spink; John E. Whiting, Sanborn; Jam & Brywn, Potter; J. H. Westover, Sully; Vail P. Thielman, Turner; C. F. Wallahan, Union; W. S. Bowen, Yankton.

The convention virtually closed up all the work to-night, and many of the delegates will leave the city on the morning trains. The report of the committee on arrangement and phra-cology will be made to-morrow, however, rendering the constitution in its final comple-tion, and its adoption will be but a matter of form. At to-night's session the matter of the election of State and legislative matter of the election of State and legislative officers was reconsidered, and delegated to the arbitrary power of the executive committee for determination, and at a midnight session of the committee it was decided to postpone the election to a time beyond that when the constitution will be submitted for ratification to be fixed by the committee at a meeting to be held at Huron at some future time. Although these who had most strongly opposed the elect rs had become reconciled to opposed the elect is had become reconciled to the determination to do so, and there appeared to be good feeling over the ontlock. It is ba-lieved to be wise to withdraw this, the only objectionable feature of the convention's whole proceedings.

not assume the name of Dakota without a prefix, that he will move to instruct the committee that will present the constitution of this convention to congress for ratification to ask congress to insert a prefix so that the name will be South Dakota. Before the preamble is adopted, however, it may be amended so that the beginning will read: "We, the people of Dakota south of the forty-sixth parallel," etc., which it is believed will remove the objection being uttered by the people of Dakota north.

APPORTIONMENT.

To-morrow a report will go to the convention from the committee on congressional and legislative apportionment that will no doubt be the source of considerable comment. It fixes the congressional districts until otherwise provided for by law as follows:

source of consulational districts until otherwise provided for by law as follows: First District-The counties of Union, Clar Mankton, Bird Monne, Charles de Mank, Clar The District-The counties of Union, Clar Mankton, Bird Monne, Charles de Mood. Second-All other portions of the State not in-cluded in the First district. Benatorial Districts- District No. 1, county of Union, one senator: No. 2, Clar, one second: No. To assenator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, South To fort, one senator: No. 17, Beadla one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 14, Lake and Miller, one senator: No. 15, Brockings, one senator: No. 16, Kingsburg and Clark, one senator: No. 17, Beadla one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 16, Kingsburg and Clark, one senator: No. 2, T. Faall, Edit one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 14, Lake and Hiller, one senator: No. 15, Brockings, one senator: No. 2, T. Faall, Edit one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 14, Lake and Hiller, one senator: No. 14, Kingsburg and Clark, one senator: No. 2, T. Faall, Edit one senator: No. 13, Aurora and Jeraud, one senator: No. 16, Kingsburg and Clark, one senator: No. 2, T. Faall, Edit one senator: No. 2, Grant and Roberts com-resenator: No. 23, Brink and Roberts com-resenator: No. 23, Brink and Roberts com-resenator: No. 23, Brink and Roberts com-resenator: No. 24, Clark, and the perture of the senator into the forty-sith barallel of north latitude, one senator: No. 23, Brink and Roberts com-resenator: No. 24, Clark, the perture of a south of the forty-sith barallel of north latitude, one senator: No. 23, Brink and Roberts com-risory north of asid counties and south of the forty-sith barallel of north latitude, one senator: No. 20, Brown and all the perture No. 15, Presentatives No. 3, Shontome, Brink and Mandaa, two sematori No. 29, Lawrence, Butte and Mandaa, two semator No. 20, Lawrence, Butte and Mandaa, two sema

much time and there are other reports which must receive lengthy consideration, it is un-likely the work of the convention will be completed before the end of the next week.

STOUR FALLS, Special Telegram, Sept. 17.-About all of the matter over which any consid-erable disoute could srise has been adopted by the constitutional convention. It was run erable disoute could srise has been adopted by the constitutional convention. It was run through unler the one-minute rule to-day, all delegates being limited to one-third of a minute upon each subject. There is a splendid feeling to-night over the manner in which the work progressed to day. The question of electing Stats officers at the time the constitu-tion is offered at the polls for ratification was letermined without any struggle. The pre-vious question brought it ba vote in a hurry. The ayes and nays were called for, and it was decided by a majority of twenty-four to elect flicers on the Tuesday next after the first Mon-day in November, 1883, with the expressed

nal cases less than felony. No religious tosts or availlacion for any office of trust under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law of the subject of religion, nor shall any of religious societies or theological seminaries: no "expost facto" law, nor impairing the obligation of advisors of the subject of religion to shall a be imposed of cruitaries, or retrospective in its operations, or making any irrevocable grant of special privilegre, incluses or immunities shall ever be passed by the being of and uniform; no law of duty shall be imposed without the consent of the neople or their representatives in the legislature, and all traction shall any nor equal being to any citizen or risk of citizen privilegre, and all traction shall be passed by an intervention of the neople or their representatives in the legislature shall be passed by the duty shall be imposed by an or duty shall be imposed by an intervention of the source of the sectors less than fity-five nor fore than eigity, and the number of secators less than fity-five nor more than eigity of the United States, but any one them also after each enumeration of the states in 1855 and every ten and by the authority of the United States, and any of the united States are any and any of the united States and a state reach enumeration of the state shall portion the state shall be two years, and their sulary \$3 a day and 10 or the maleage each way; that they shall receive no other period for any purpose whatever. The legislature shall be two years, and their sulary \$3 a day and 10 or the states, but its experiance and they shall needed to be any and they shall be trose end way that they shall receive any of the legislature shall be trose of the state and they shall needed to be any and they shall be trose of the state and they shall receive any of the states at a state of the state and they shall be they be any of the states at the state of the state and they shall receive the state and they shall be they be any of

representatives; No. 32, Custer and Fall River, one representative; No. 33, Lawrence, Butte and Man-dan, five representatives.

representatives; No. 32, Custer and Fall River, one representatives; No. 33, Lawrence, Butte and Man-dan, five representatives. EDUCATION AND SCHOOL LANDS. All school lands may be offered for sale or rent after one year from the assembiling of the first legislature, the superintenient of public instruc-tion, state anditor and treasurer constituting a board to appraise and fix the minimum price for sale or rental but in no case can land be sold for less than \$10 per acre, and the amount of school lands offered for sale within ten years from date of first sale shall not exceed one-third of all the lands set spart for the use of the public schools. Sixty days' notice must be made of sales of school lands. the notices to be made through newspapers of general circulation in the vicinity of the lands offered for sale. The lands shall be ap-praised for four years. All laws now in force in this Territory not re-purnant to this constitution shall remain in force unit they expire by their own limit or be altered or repealed by the legislature. All fines, penalties, forfeitures and escheats accruing to the State. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices and appointments until superseded under this constitution. The first meeting of the legisla-ure shall be at the city of Yankton, on the first Monday of December next, with gover to adjourn to any other place. All county and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices and appointments until superseded under this constitution. The first meeting of the legisla-ure shall be at the city of Yankton, on the first Monday of December next, with gover to adjourn to any other place. All county and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices inless removed by competent authority, unit the legislature shall, in conformity to the provisions of this constitution to vote at all elecions. If it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled at the said election are for the constitution. If it shall appear that a majori

elected under the provisions of this constitution to undertake the erercise or discharge of his official duties, or be entitled to any pay or by virtue of such office until this consti-tution shall take effect by the admission of the State into the Union, except only that the legisla-ture may meet and elect two United States senators and the proper State officers may certify their elec-tion. All State officers shall be elected at the next general election and the election of judical officers shall be provided for by the first legislature after this constitution is ratified by congress. • MINES, MINING AND WATER RIGHTS. The right to divert and approxitate the usappro-printed waters of any natural stream in the State to beneficial uses shall never be denied. Priority of appropriations shall give the better right to the extent to which such waters shall be used, or intended in good faith to be used, for such bene-ficial to poses. Vested and accrued water rights shall be recognized and protected; provided that nothing in this article contained shall change the rule of riparian ownership in that nortion of the State east of the Missouri river. All persons and corporations shall have the exclusive right of way

Swelling the Unkota Census.

MILWAUKEE, Special Telegram, Sept. 20 .-Hon. C. F. J. Moller, who has been working during the past year in E gland and Europe in the interest of the immigration department of the Chicago, Milwaukce & St. Paul Railway company, has retarned, and the company's office at Copenhagen, Denmark, of which Mr. Moller has been in charge for seven months, is co-ed. Moller has for fourteen years been Danish consult for this State and Michigan, and later was State emigration agent here under Gov. Exircheld's administration, and is prob-ably one of the best posted menou matters perably one of the best posted men of matters per-taining to European emigration in the West. Mr. Moller stated this afternoon that the emi-gration from Germany, Deumark, Sweden and Norway to the Nortowest—principally to South-eastern Dako a—will, in all probability, be greater the coming year than ever known be-fore. The interest that has been awakened in tone countil a in prograt to Dakos is groups. those constrist in regard to Dakora is some-thing surprising. The steamship companies are all eady getting in their work through their agents in anticipation of the exodus, and a rich harvest is in store for the railway and steamship companies that can secure the prestige of the first patronage next season. Mr. Moller had printed and distributed nearly 100,000 pamphlets descriptive of Dakota throughout the four countries named in the different languages required, and is in receipt of many letters since reaching home asking for further information.

Parties have purchased ground at Huron on which to build a \$30,000 brewerv

A table is published showing the number and salaries of all the postoffices in Dakota where the postmaster is appointed by the president. There are twenty-seven of them, of which eleven are in North Dakota and sixteen in South Dakota. The postmaster at Deadwood gets the largest salary, \$2,700. Fargo comes second, at \$2,500, Yankton and Bismarck get \$2,200 each and Sioux Falls \$2,100.

DAVID BARTLETT, Attorney-at-Law. THE COURIER.

cided that Yankton is the place he will

remrrks: Northern Dakota's ninetynine elevators with their storage capacity of four and a quarter million of bushels, are proving inadequate for the accommodation of the immense crop.

Chicago Herald: While General Butthe republicans have been losing ground. Pigmies have taken the place of giants in the councils of the party. George Frisbie Hoar rattles about in the seat well. Butler is a candidate fit to meet

The British farmer's lot is not a hap py one. That's certain. Following the bad harvest comes a virulent outbreak outbreak of the foot and mouth disease districts. During the week ending Sept. 8 the number of farms upon which fresh were reported was 1,263, and the number of animals attacked was 22,132. The percentage of fatal cases

So terrible has the name of Butler become to all republicans in Massachusetts that it is understood that Mr. Robinson, the opposition candidate for governor, objects to being left alone even for an hour. The "old man" is the first politician this country has produced who has been able to carry consternation into the ranks of the opposition before as street people sit up nights with Robinson they may be able to keep him in the field until November, but not otherwise.

Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.





J. STEVENS, Land Attorney.

Norice of Fixal Proof. - Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 30, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 19th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry Delwiler, D S No. 14569 for the se X of section 14, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his wit-necess, viz: Samuel Samsburn. Robert Moore, Robert Pinkerton, Chas. Hunter, all of Coopers, Robert Pinkerton, Chas. Hunter, all of Coopers, town, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the dis-tirict court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. • HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. 87012.

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Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. s7012. Nortice of Finkal Phoor.-Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of ectober, 1883, viz: Ole O. Laatvet, D. S. No. 10908 for the s w x s w x and n X sw x of section 30, township 148 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Jacobs Han-son, John Paulson, Ole Alfson, Solfeft A. Ness, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testi-mony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Serum-gard, a notary public at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of October, 1883, and of claimant before register and receiver U. S. Land office at Fargo, D. T., on the 18th day of October, Jacobson & Serumgard. 83105.

Nortice of FixAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 22, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 26th day of Oct. 1883, viz: Frank J. Pfeifer, D S No. 14403 for the lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 of section 18, town-ship 147 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Edward Zimprich, Ole Thorn, William T. Mc Cullough, Max M. Netres, all of Cooperstown Griggs county. D. T. The testimony to be taken before Byron Andrus, judge of probate court, at Cooperstown Griggs county. D T on the 23d day of Oct. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Byron Andrus, Attorney. a24s28.

Notice of Fixat Phoor.—Land Office at Fargo. D. T., August 30, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 24th day of October, 1883, viz: Wicktor K. Anderson. D 8 No. 10797 for the northwest quarter of section Stownship 144 n, range 60 w. and names the fol-lowing as his witnesses, viz: Carl Berg, Henry P. Kins, S. Fortney and A. P. Anderson, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown. Grigge county, D. T., on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. s14016.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. -Land Office at Fargo, D. T. Schember 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 28th day of October, 1883, viz: Sealar Simpkins. D s No 14563 for the s e ½ of section 26, township 147 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his wit-nesses, viz: Herbert G. Chamberlain. Andrew H Husel, Mark Sutherland, Geo. W. Bathey, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Coop-ersiown, Griggs county, D. T. on the 25th day of October, A D 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 814019. Wm. Glass. Attorney.

Nortce or FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T. August 25. 1983. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make flual proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of October, 1883, viz: Herbert G. Chamber-lain, D s No. 14564 for the n e 4 of section 24, township 147 n. range 59 w, and names the follow-ing as his witnesses, viz: Andrew H. Husel, George W. Bathey, Charles A. Hunter, Scalar Simpkins all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgen-sen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 24th day of October, A D 1883 at his office. Griggs county, fice D 1883 at his office

e. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. s14019. Wm.Glass, Attorney.

Notice of Fixal Phoor.—Land Office at Fargo. D. T., Angust 30, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 19th day of October, 1883, viz: Ferdinand A. Retziaff. D S No. 18641 for the s w & of section 28, toxic ship 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following se his witnesses, viz: Charles A. Hunter, all of Coopertown, Griggs county, D. T. The testi-mony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 and to claim ant before district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 and to claim ant before office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Tampbell & Sabin, Attorneys. Sol2.

Notice of Final Phoof. Land Office at Fargo. D. T. August 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Nelson, H. E. No. 1028 for the south half of southeast quarter of section 26, township 146 n, range 58 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Hal-vorson. Ole J. Skrien, C. P. Bolkan, Ole Bolkan all of Mardell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses and claimant to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Coopers-town. Griggs county, D. T. on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serumgard. allo5.

Notice of Fixal Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of October, 1883. viz: Halver Halverson, H E No. 11440 for the 15 s w 4 and s 5 n w 4 or sec-tion 20, township 144 n. range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Mathas Even-son, Even Evenson, Erick Heyerdahl, Isaac Isaac-son, all of Sanborn, Barnes county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John Jorgensen, clerk of ditrict court at Ccoperiown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. C. A. VanWormer, Attorney. a8105.

C. A. VanWormer, Attorney.

Notice of FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of October, 1883, viz: Christian Johnson, D S No. 14344 for the e ½ n w ¼ and w ½ n e ¼ of section 4, township 147 h. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole Sernm-gard, Jens C. Strom, John Knutson and Andrew Berg, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clark of the district court of Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Scrumgard. 83105.

Notice of Fixal Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Aug. 3, 1983. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 28th day of September, 1883, viz: James Kennedy, D. S. No. 10090 for the s w 4 of section 12, township 146 n. range 56 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Samuel Sansborn, Manly J. Davis, George W. Bahley, Frank Hunter, all of Coopers town. Griggs county, D. T. The testimony herein to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district const, at Cooperstawn, Griggs county, D. T., on the 25th day of Sept. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney. al0814.

Notice of Final Phoor.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 22, 1883. Nonce is hereby given that the following named settler has illed nonce of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry A. Maier, H. E. No. 9842 for the southwest quarter of section 10, township 148 n. range 58 w. and names the follow-ing as his witnesses, viz: Perry Cade. George Prindle, Joseph C. Varley and Henry P. Gies, all of Lee P. O., Nelson county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before George A. White, a notary pub-lic at Portland, Traill county, D. T., on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE ATSTIN, Register. G. A. White, Attorney. as105.

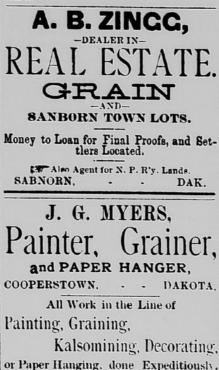
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., September 5, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 27th day of November. 1883, viz: Anton Hanson, D S No. 14515 for the noethwest quarter of section 12, township 147 n, range 59 w. and names the follow-ing as his witnesses, viz: Frank Hunter, Coopers-town, Griggs county, D. T., John T. Fosholdt, Hans J. Olson, Ole S. Mon, the last three all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T., the testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 24th day of Nov. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneye. s14019

Minneapolis Morning Call: Dakota GEO. L. LENHAM Animeapons Morning Call: Dakota wants a coat of arms. We suggest a real estate agent rampant supporting a corner lot, a la Atlas, on a field verdant dotted with railroad spikes and cham-pagne bottles, alternately, a drove of rail-road stock being watered in the distance. This will only be a dollar.

Call and see the celebrated House-hold Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros. Raw and boiled Linseed Oil at at Odegard & Thompson's.

Anything in the line of Farm Ma-hinery at Buchheit Bros.'

School books at Odegard & Thompson's.



All Work Warranted.

5tf A Trial Solicited. L. E. Booker, President. J. K. Musselman. STEELE COUNTY BANK. HOPE, D. T.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Collections of all kinds will receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

CORRESPONDENTS: U. S. NAT'L BANK, NAT'L GER. AM. BANK, New York. St. Paul

Notice of First Phoop.—Land Office at Fargo. D. T., August 30, 1853. Notice is hereby given that the following samed settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 6th day of November, 1883, viz: John J. Hagen, D. S. No. 11764 for the sw ½ of section 18, township 146 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his wit-ness, s, viz: John M. Ashby, Chas, Williams, Nels Nelson, John Williams, all of Cooperstown. Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 1st day of Nov. A. D. 1882 at his office. HGRACE AUSTIN, Register. Campbell & Subin, Attorneys. 87012.

Notice of Fixal Phoof.—Land Office at Fargo. D. T., Augast 30, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his intention to make final proof in support of his intention to make final proof in support of his intention to make final proof. The support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 19th day of October, 1883, viz: Frank Hunter, D S No. 14516 for the se ¼ of section 22, township 147 n. range 59 w, and names the following as his wit-nesses, viz: Samuel Sanshurn. Robert Moore, Mark Sutherland. Anton Hanson, all of Coopers-town. Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown. Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. Fo12.



At all points on the line of the Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain Rairoad.

Wm.Glass, Attorney.#14019.Notice of Fixal Proof.Land Office at Fargo.D. T., September 10, 1883.Notice is hereby giventhat the following named settler has filed noteCooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., onof her intention to make final proof in support ofHans J. Office at Kaken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk districtof November, 1883, viz:Synnev K. Thoreson,D S No. 14328 for then ½ of s w ½; s w ¼ of s wStabin. Attorneye.y and n w ½ of s c ¼ of section 24. townshipNotice of Fixal Proof. — Land Office at Fargo.D. T., September 7, 1883, viz:Synnev K. Thoreson,nesses, viz:John Paulson, Gilbert Olson, MadsM. Nertrost, Adolph Hegre, all of Cooperstown,Griggs county, D. T., on the district court,at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the district court,T., september 7, 1883. Notice is hereby givenday of Nov. A. D. 1889 at his office.And yo Nov. A. D.john D. Frost, who made H E No. 13775 on the 20thGoperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the district court,day of Nov. K. Thoreson should not be allowed toSynnev K. Thoreson should not be allowed tosynnev K. Thoreson should not be allowed toHORACE AUSTIN, Register.Jacobson & Serumgard, Atty's.si4019Nortice of Eixat Proof and payment.HORACE AUSTIN, Register.Jacobson & Serumgard, Atty's.si4019Nortice of Eixat Proof and Payment.HORACE AUSTIN, Register.Jacobson & Serumgard, Atty's.si4019Nortice of Eixat Proof and Payment.HORACE AUSTIN, Register.Jacobson & Serumgard, Atty's.<t

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo D. T., September 10, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure tinal entry thereof on the 9th day of November, 1883, viz: John Hanson, p s No. 849 for the southeast quarter of section 32, town-ship 147 n, range 55 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Mathias O. Helstad, Ole C. Peterson, Lars G. Israelson, Even Tylic all of Mar-dell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, Clerk of district court, st Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of Nov. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungerd, Atty's. s14019.

Norice of Fixal Proof. -Land Office at Fargo. D. T., September 12th 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following numed settler has illed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and scure final entry thereof on the 6th day of November. 1893. viz: Oscar G. Wiley, D S No. 13411 for the s w K of section 2, township 146 n. range 57 w, and names the following as his wit-nesses, viz: R. W. Berry, W. H. M. Phillip, Otis S. Haselon, of Mardell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before E. S. Seymour, a notary public, and of claimant before W. P. Miller, clerk of district cont. at Hope, Steele county, D. T. on the 2nd day of November, A D 1863 at their offices; and you, Joseph Brown, who made D S for said tract April 7, 1862, are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 6th day of November, 1854, and show conself any you have. why the said Occar G. Wiley should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said tract. esselo6. HDRACE AUSTIN, Register.

HORACE AUSTIN. Register.
 NOTICE OF FINAL PROOP.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., September 12, 1983. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice this intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 6th day of Nov. 1885, viz: Olie S. Haselton, D S No.
 — for the n w ¼ of section 2 township 140 n. range 55 w. and names the following as his with exemption of with the following as his with exemption of the final entry thereof on the 6th day of November 12, 1883. Notice is hereby given his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 6th day of November 12, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following as his with the following as his with exemption of Mardell, Griggs county, D. T. The settimony of with exert to be taken before E.S. Sevinour, a notary public, and of claimant before W. P. Miller, clerk of district court at Hope, Stele eronty, D. T., on the 2nd day of November, A.B. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the fol-lowing as his with exert, View of November, A.B. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n. range 50 w. and names the following as his with exerts. Stownship 145 n.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to our premises in Cooperstown, on Monday, September 17, 1883, one span of horses, one being a black mare and one black horse. The same can be had by the owner upon his proof of property and payment of accrued charges. PINKERTON & SHUE.

Notice of Final Proof. -- Land Office at Fargo, D. T., September 12, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following numed settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 13th day of November, 1883, viz: James Mowar, D S No. 14397, for the n 5 se 4, sw 4 se 4 and ne 4 sw 5 of section 25, township 145 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his wimerser, viz: John G. Mills, Duncan Sinclair, S. B. Merryman, Her-bert Robertson, all of Mont Clare, P. O., Griggs county, D. T. The testimony herein to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the dis-trict court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 9th day of Nov. A. D. 1853 at his office. Wm. Glass, Attorney. 25282.

Wm. Glass, Attorney.

Notice of Final Phoor.—Land Office at Fargo D. T., August 28, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the Shet day of October, 1883, viz: James Walker, D S No.—for then λ of sw λ and s of n w λ of section 4, township 145 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witherset, viz: James Gim-blett, Benjamin B. Brown, Frank Smith, Albert Linsday, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witherset to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., the 25th day of October A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Win. Glass, Attorney. s21026.

Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys.

Notice of Final Phoof. -- Land Officent Fargo. D. T. August 17, 1883. Notice is here by given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of October, 1883, viz: Henry O. Haugen, H E No. 10218 for the northeast quarter of section 30. township 147 n. range 58 w. and names the follow-ing as his wincesca, viz: Erik Vestern, A. N. Adams, B. B. Brown, John Hogensen, all of Coop-erstown, Griggs county. D. T. The testimony of wincesce and claimant to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard. 2010.

Notice to Contractors.

Scaled proposals will be received until the 8th day of October, A. D. 1883, by the school board of school township of Red Willow, territory of Da-kota and county of Griggs, for the construction of a school house in said township. Specifications-can be seen at the office of Superintendent Kerr. in Cooperstown, or at Willow postoffice. Bonds sufficient to guarantee faithful performance of the contract will be required of the successful bidder. The boara reserve the privilege of rejectiny any or all proposals.

The norm reserve of september, A. D. 1883. Dated this 3rd day of September, A. D. 1883. HARRY CLARK, Cletk. W. C. JIMESON, Director. 87-28. C. H. JOHNSON, Treas.

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., September 5, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 27th day of November, 1863, viz: Edward Hanson, D. S. No. 14514 for the northeast quarter of section 2, township 147 n. range 59 w. and names the fol-lowing as his witnesses, viz: Frank Hunter, Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 24th day of Nov. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN. Register. Campbell & Sabin, Attorneys. 814019.

COAL BY THE TON OR CARLOAD.

Prices Lower than can be found elsewhere in North Dakota in all kinds of



C. C. PHILLIPPEE, ARCHITECT AND BUILDER. COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA. -0---PLANS, SPECIFICATION AND ESTIMATES

Furnished on application. We are prepared to execute work, in or out of town, expeditiously and in the best possible manner.

C.A. ROBERTS. **Fargo Roller Mills!**

Flour at Wholesale and Retail.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH ALWAYS PROMPTLY ATTENDED

-----ON THE USUAL TERMS.-----

The Highest CASH PRICE Paid for Wheat.

It is said that an invariable rule with Mr. Jay Gould has been never to re-engage a man whom he has onee dis-

Oscar Wilde threatens to publish a new volum of poems before Christmas.

Monsiour Victor Hugo has run foul of the majesty of the law. His name is posted among the delinquent tax-pay-ers of Jersey for non-payment of taxes on two dogs.

Mr. Joseph Jefferson's ten-year-old child calls him "Joe."

Some important information may be gleaned from the biography of Mr. gleaned from the oldgraphy of Mr. Buchanan where he was minister to the Court of St. James. The Prince Consort wrote te him "My Dear Mr. Buchanan," her majesty addressed him as "My good friend," and signed herself "Always your good friend, Victoria R."

Gladys Lady Lonsdale, the London beauty, daughter of Lord Herbert of Lea, and widow of the late Earl of Lons-dale, is to be marted to Luke White, a young Irish officer of the Guards, eldest son of the Earl of Annaly.

Lord Charles Beresford is noted for giving curious presents. Some time ago he gave the Princess of Wales a sandy bull-dog, anathematized by every shep-herd who has ever seen him, and he once sent a young bride as a wedding present four silver salt-cellars in the shape of cradles, with pap-spoors to accompany them.

Miss Chamberlain, the American beauty who is supposed to have turned many crown d heads of Europe, is rumored to have cast her choice on a wealthy cattle dealer of Wyoming, J. S. Cairns.

Ex-Governor Stanford of California recently bought 12,000 acres adjoining his big vineyard at Vina, in that state. This gives him one great ranch of over 25,000 acres, about a quarter of which is planted with vines. The governor in-tends to plant it all with the best wineproducing and raisin grapes.

Bronson Howard, the dramatist, who is living on royalties from his plays, in England, is the possessor of a deuble tricycle on which he and his wife, and whatever supplies they feel like carrying, make twenty-mile and thirty-mile trips about the country.

Speaking of the Irving dinner, the London World says; "Mr. Lowell's was the best speech that night-racy, smart, the best speech that night—racy, smart, and short. The other replies to the toasts were ridiculous. Professor Tyn-dall muttered the secrets of science to the grand piano, and Mr. Tadema said a few words in double Dutch to the top button of his waistcoat. I thought Mr. Toole's speech—the little allusion to his own theater excepted—in good taste, and cleverly and pleasantly given."

Little Miss Shearer, of Stonersville, Pa., is thirteen years of age, only thirty inches high, weighs but twelve pounds and has a head only an inch and a half in diameter. She can not walk, speak nor see, but hears well and likes music.

The very gallant Senator Grady and the silver-tongued Ecclesine were getting off a train at a New York Elevated ting off a train at a New York Elevated station, when the former noticed a blooming and rosy-cheeked girl behind him on the platform. "Shall I not help you to alight?" he asked, extending his plump hand and litting the straw hat that covered his ambrosial curls. "Thank you very mach," replied the pretty damsel, with a ravishing smile, "but I don't smoke."

Victor Hugo has not relaxed any of his tasks since his arrival at Villeneuve. and, although he devotes the greater She is a widow and the mother of two part of his day to enjoying the beauties of his locality, he invariably works from 6 a. m. until 10 a. m. His mode of writ-gaged as her broker Col. N. D. Preston, and delivered to him duly certificates of ing distributed about his salon, and cov-ered with manuscripts of the various ered with manuscripts of the various subjects on which he is engaged, and he passes from one to the other as ideas on any subject occur to him. On the news of the death of Comte de Chambord -reaching him he seemed profoundly af-fected, but made no remark beyond er-claiming, "It a bien souffert." Nc English fortunes have ever been accumbated by individuals in England equal to those of Stewart and Vander-bilt. The largest personality was that of Mr. Brassey, the great railroad con-tractor, thirty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions of dollars. The next largest was that of Mr. Morrison, dry goods, twenty millions dollars more the buck of Westminster's realty can fall little short of one hundred million of dollars, but his father only left four-ment which. Avenue botel, inform the clerk he has lost \$30,000 in crafts. He drives to Fifth Avenue botel, inform a fraud. Mr. Taylor sends to the office an officer. Detective Prior arrives an officer. Detective Prior is anazed, both at the colness and carelessness of the Englishman of morey. Pryor eventually recovers Taylor's lost \$30,000. Taken in taken out of his hands by a certain day it would be sold by public sale. The etwas fairly sinking out of sight. Every day for two weeks the broker, accord ing to his statement, called upon her ad taken out of his hands by a certain day it would be sold by public sale. The etwas fairly sinking out of sight. Every day for two weeks the oil out of the Elishman's drafts could not be stopped a subjects on which he is engaged, and he passes from one to the other as ideas on Mr. W. W. Taylor, English millionaire on landing from the steamer that brought him over to New York had his pocket picked of \$30,000 in drafts. He drives to Fifth Avenue hotel, informs the clerk he has lost \$30,000 and desires an officer. Detective Prior arrives. Mr. Taylor can't recollect the name of bank in New York in which draits are on. Detective Pryor begins to think him a fraud. Mr. Taylor sends to the office for his other little gag. It is full of mon-ey. Detective Prior is amazed, both at the coolness and carelessness of the Englishman of money. Pryor eventually recovers Taylor's lost \$30,000. Taken from his pocket by a man whose pro-fessional name is "Albany." Albany in-cluced to give up the wallet. Albany is very mad when told that payment on the Elishman's drafts could not be stopped as he had forgotton the name of the bank they were drawn on. He howled, threw his hat on the street and stamped on it.

to suggest anything unnatural, yet the world in which he moves could not be to him more unlike our own if he lived on another planet.

to him more unlike our own if he lived on another planet. [•] When Dr.Santee was ten years young-er he one day took a stroll, ascending an eminence of considerable height at some distance from his father's house. The view from this point was delightful in the extreme, extending away for miles toward the north a. d west. Far below the admiring you h swept along the broad river; beyond it were the roll-ing hills, which farther on swelled into the rugged mountains, where range be-yond range rose higher and higher till the last hazy summits mingled with the wonderful blue of the summer sky. It was late in the day, and the great red sun hung in the golden west. Tyman Santee, who in early life was somewhat given to idle fancies, on the mountain betook himself to the strange task of contrasting the size of his frame with the magnitude of the scene before him; and it seemed to him that he was only a manikin clinging to the cliff above the plain. While indulging in this and similar thoughts he became bewildered, and the size of everything around him suddenly diminished to one-tenth its former dimensions. The great pine at his side became a little sapling, the huge mountain on which he stood but a little mound, the river below appeared only a silver thread, and the setting sun but a blazing star in the sky. The great earth itself, from horizon to horizon, seemed only a few acres in extent, while the sky appeared to have failen toward the earth. Alarmed at this strange occurrence, earth.

earth. Alarmed at this strange occurrence, the doctor left the mountain and hur-ried home. The road seemed no wider than a cowpath, and the fence on each side only a few inches high. He came to a horse and carriage standing by the roadside. The horse looked as small as a poolle, and the buggy by no means as large as a baby crriage. Farther on he met a man, and was struck with amaze-ment. He was surely no more than six inches in height. He gazed on his own frame and saw that he was of the same insignificant stature.

frame and saw that he was of the same insignificant stature. When he entered his father's house everything was pain'ully small. The house its'lf was apparently only about two feet and a half high. His little mother, smaller then him-self was moving around like an animated doll, preparing the evening meal. Then his father came in, a miserable little dwarf, like himself. Their were the ta-ble, and the tiny dishes containing food, the little chairs, etc., all no larger then toys.

the little chairs, etc., all no larger then toys. The next morning when Mr. Santee awoke, he was gratified to find the ob-jects had recovered their proper dimen-sions. In 1870, while engaged in teach-ing, Dr. Santee again suddenly found himself transferred to a miniature world. He has since dwelt there surrounded by a pygmy existence He seldon al-ludes to his strange experience, and then only to his most inimate friends. He has become accostemed to the re-markable state of things around him, if not actually reconciled to his lot, and scarcely hopes to revisit the old world he so well remembers, but which he is permitted to see only in his dreams.

A WOMAN'S SUIT.

And With What Success She Sucs a Poor Man.

A well-rounded and petite figure, always clad in black, with large, brown eyes, clear-cut an i regular features, and small and and well-shaped hands, help to make Mrs. Maria A. Harm, of Bradford, Pa., attractive. She has achieved a reputation as a speculator in petro-leum. She went in too deep, and to extricate has called in the aid of the law. and delivered to him duly certificates of

Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the 'oft repeated verdict of visitors that

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER ! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER ! THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridan of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

verne county, Pa., has had, perhaps, the most remarkable experience on record. The doctor is a man of medium size, about thirty years of age, of great intel-ligence and undoubted veracity. Though there is nothing in his manner

deposit to the amount of about \$10,000. The broker held these certifi-cates, he pretends, for security, and put up the margins himself. For a time for-

Mrs. Harm sued Col. Preston for \$9.400 damages. The case was heard before arbitrators. Mrs. Harm claimed that she had advanced \$10,000 for margins, that other parties were ready to carry the oil, and that the broker sold her out before he had a right to _Col_Preston

A Strange Hallucination. Dr. Tyman Santee, a resident of Lu-erne county, Pa., has had, perhaps, the strange hallucination.

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL,

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

UNPARALELLED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the COOPER TOWNSITE CO., COOPERSTOWN, D. T., Or J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T. Plats Sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

ACompassionate Politician.

A politician, when he wants a certain place for one of his henchmen, is no more reluctant to turn out its occupant than Cooley Khan, of Bengal, was to put a live cat in the breeches of a non-paying tenant. There are, however, exceptions to all rules, and the Autobiography of Thurlow Weed shows that he was an exceptional positician: In 1861, a number of New York merchants asked Mr. Weed to secure a consular appointment for a veteran clerk, who,

being an Englishman, wanted to go home to end his days there. He says: Mr. Seward requested his son Frederick, the assistant secretary, to find a place for him. I went to the department with Fred-wick and in the secretary his son his son frederick. erick, and in looking over his consular reg-ister carefully, his eye finally rested on Falmonth, where, upon examination, he found that the consul was an Englishman, and had held the office over twenty years. It was decided, therefore that one English-

.

man should give place to another, that oth-er being an Americanized Englishman.

I reported this determination to the sec-retary, who immediately sent my friend's name to the president, and when the messenger returned with Mr. Lincoln's approval, Mr. Hunter, the chief clerk, was directed to fill up the commission and ob-tain the president's signature in time for me to take it to New York that afteanoon. Between four and five o'clock, p. m., I went to Mr. Hunter, for the commission

went to Mr. Hunter for the commission, which lay before him on his desk. He rose somewhat deliberately (as was his manner), took the commission in his hand and de livered it to me without speaking, but with evident reluctance.

I said, "Is it all right, Mr. Hunter?" He

I said, "Is ii all right, Mr. Hunter?" He replied,— "I have obeyed orders." "But," I added, "you do not seem pleased. Is there anything wrong about the appointment!" "I have nothing to do about the appoint-ment, but I have never discharged a duty since I came into the department with so much regret." He said: "The first commission that I filled ont when I came into this office, twenty-six vears ago, was for Mr. Fox, our consul at Falmouth, who succeeded his then recent-ly deceased father, who received his appoint-ment from President Wasnington. The consular a counts of Mr. Fox are as neatly and ac urately kept as those of Gen. Washington during the revolution. I think

Washington during the revolution. I think he is the best consul in the service of the government. You will judge, therefore, whether the removal of such a consul is not

whether the removal of such a consul is not calculated to occasion regret.', When he finished, while he stood look-ing at me with the pen in his kand, I delib-erately tore the commission into strips, threw them into the waste-paper basket, and left the department for the cars. When I explained in New York what had occurred at Washington, it was approved, not only by the gentleman who had asked me to interest myself, but by the applicant himself.

Thurlow Weed's Wife.

From hfs Autobiography.

On the 26th of April, 1818, I was married at Cooperstown, Otsego county, to Miss Catherine Ostrander, of that place. The engagement was entered into in 1814, when we were both, in the judgment of her relatives, too young to comprehend the responsibilities of such a step. In fact, they doubted, not without step. In fact, they doubted, not without reason, the propriety of confiding the welfare and happiness of their daughter to a comparative stranger, with unset-tled and roving habits. We communed together on the subject, and mu-notually agreed to hold no intercourse either by word or latter for two or either by word or letter for two or three years, when, if her mind was unchanged, she was to write to me. I im-mediately left Coorerstown, and neither saw nor heard from her for more than three years, when a letter came inform-ing me that time had made no change in her affections, to which I replied in similar terms. We married without regard to any of

the prudential considerations which restrained many then, and which re-strains many more now, from contract-ing a similar tie. I had, when the cere-

floor. That is the real reason why men partners are so scarce, compelling the compositions of couples out of wholly-feminine material. But there are ex ceptions. A Long Branch correspond-ent says that the chief dude of the larg-est hotel is altogether the ungainliest creature in the house, and at the same time the most inveterate dancer. His high reputation as a protessue dresser high reputation as a grotesque dresser and stepper is indicated by the fact that "when the story went round that he had fallen on his high shirt-coll ar while waltzing and cut his little head off with the swirling contact, people were slow to take it as a joke, so entirely reosonable did the statement seem.

Talk of the Humorists.

Four hundred Sioux Indians are soon to be baptized in the Missouri river at Standing Rock. It won't make any dif-ference to St. Louis people. They don't use the water for drinking purposes.

The strike recalls the story of the old darky, who hearing the instrument suddenly begin to click while the operator was away, stepped up to i:, and, putting his mouth close to it, shouted with all his power of lung: "De ooppahaatah isn't h'yar!"

Guide to matrimony .- Mr. Editor: Will you please give me the name of a reliable matrimonial publication, which may be trusted to uide, but not mislead, an earnest candidate for matrimony? Answer-A very good matrimonial pub-lication is Miss Leslie's cook book, that can be procured at any book store.

A New York man whose wife is out of town unfolds to a friend his scheme to avoid unnecessary bed-making: "You see we have three beds, and of course my wife left them all nicely made and I make them do nine nights and have a soft place every night." "How?" "Well, you see they are good, wide beds. "To-night I'il sleep on the edge of one of them, to-morrow night on the other edge, and the following night in the middle; so on among the whole three. On Sunday I'll make them."

When a lady living in Chelsea sent to London for a doctor she apologized for asking him to come such a distance. "Don't speak of it," answered the M. D., "I happen to have another patient in the neighborhood, and can thus kill two birds with one stone."—Limestone and Malaria.

Macbean, a British officer, found himself in a breach of Lucknow, almost surrounded by enemies. He killed eleven of them, and cume off unscathed. He received the Victoria Cross as a parade; and, as the general pinned the cross on his breast, he wound up his brief ad-dress with: "And a good day's work it was, sir." "Tutt," said the gallant sol-dier, quite forgetting that he was on pa-rade, and perhaps a little piqued at his performance being spoken of as a days work: "tutt, it didn't take me twenty minutes "

A Remarkable Cure of a Well Known St. Pual young man-(Taken from the St. Paul Pioneer Press.)-St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 31, 1881.-Mr. S. Blackford, 274 East 7th sireet, proprietor of Dr. Halliday's R-medies -Sir: For the benefit of the afflicted I certiby to the following: Four years ago I con-tracted syphilis or scrotula. I tried many physicians for two years and a half, all to no effect, still growing worse. My head, throat and mouth were one mass of sores. My hair and eyebrows all fell. I could eat nothing but soup for six months. I was so week I could scarcely walk. At last it settled on my lungs and I could not speak above a whisper. No tongue can tell wha I suffered. This was my condition when I was induced to try your Dr. Halliday's Blood Puritier, Throat Gargle, and Wash through seeing in the pa-pers the renowned Laura Moore's letter to pers the renowned Laura Moore's letter to you of a similar cure. At this date I am en-tirely cured. My hair has come in again as thick as ever after using the above remedies, and never telt better in my life. For the truthfulness of the above I would be pleased to have any one call on me. The scars can playing become Earthman Laura can truthfulness of the above I would be pleased to have any one call on me. The scars can plainly be seen. Furthermore I have sent scores of persons similarly afflicted to Mr. Blackford in the past two years and all found Blackford in the past two years and all found the same benchicial results. I am satisfied from what I have seen that this di-ease, taken in the first stage, can be cured by taking one half dozen or a dozen of the large size bottles of Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier in double doses, three times a day, and using the Wash. Hoping this may met the eys of some poor sufferer like myself in former days. I am yours in gratitude, CHARLES P. MCCAETHY, 508 Minnesota street, S., Paul.

Henry's Carbolic Salve.

Is the best salve for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ucers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbleins, Corns, and all kinds of skin eup-tions, Freckles and Pimples. Get Henry's Carbolic Salve as all others are counterleits. Price 25cts.

I have been troubled with Catarrhal deafness for seven or eight years with a roaring noise in my head. I bought medicine in 13 states but nothing helped me till I procured the following helped me till I procured it a states but nothing helped the third procures a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. I found it a sure cure. In four days I could hear as well as ever. I am cured of the Catarth as well. I consider Ely's Cream Balm the best medicine ever made.—Garrett Widrick, Hastings, New York York.

After long Mercury and Potash treatment After long Mercury and Potasn treatment. I found myself a crivple from Mercurial Rbeumatism. Tried Hot Springs two years without relief, and was finally cured sound and well by the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) CHAS BERG, Hot Springs, Ark.

The American Express Company Transfers money by telegraph between any of its 4 000 agencies in New England, Middle and Western States, making delivery of same at local address when requested.

Walking made easy with Lyon's Heel Stif-feners, they keep your boots & shoes straight. The Frazer Axle Greuse is the very best. A

trial will prove we are right.



Chapped Hands, Face, Pimples, and rough Skin cured by using JUNITER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York,

Mrs. Zimmerman, of Waseca, while at-tempting to stop a runaway team, had her arm broken, besides receiving internal injuries.

Sure cure for rheumatism .- Cure guaranteed in all cases. Use Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Kilter according to directions, and it will cure ninety-one cases out of every hundred. Try it, it surely will not hurt you.

Southern wheat crops average 15h bushels to the acre.

Vigor, strength and health, all found in one bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters.

The marquis of Lorne and his family are visiting Ottawa.

"Breut-Para,"-Quick, complete curo, all annoy-ing Kidney and Crinary Diseasest, \$1. A Druggist's Story. Mr. Isaac C. Cha pman, Druggisl, Newburg, N. Y., " rites us: "I have for the past ten years sold several gross of Dr. William Hall's Bal-sam for the Lungs. Lean saw of the thest I calsold several gross of Dr. William Hall's Bal-sam for the Lungs. I can say of it what I can-not say of any other medicine. I have never heard a customer speak of it but to praise its virtues in the highest manner. I have recom-mended it in a great many cases of Whoop-ing Cough with the happiest effects. I have used it in my own family for many years; in fact, always have a bottle in the medicine closet ready for use."

The Morrison county fair will be held at Little Falls, Sept. 11, 12 and 13.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA -Dr. J. C. Spotswood, 'I highly recommend Brown's Iron Bitters for dyspepsia, rheumatism and general debility.

Martin county crops exceed any known

WELLS' "NOUGH ON CONS."-15c. Ask for it Complete, permanent cure. Corns. warts, bumons

A Torpid Laver. Moroseness, irruability, and a dull and cloudy mind are the consequences of inac-tion of the liver. Mora: Alien's "Iron Tonic Bitters" invigorate the liver, stimulate it when languid to secretion, and resolve its chronic engagements. Look out for coun-terfaits. The label on every ottle of the gen-nine hears the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.







That will prove we are right. Personal—Meu Only. The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dyo's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, fost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B. –No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. Pure Cod-Liver Oil made from selected livers, on the sca-shore, by Caswett. Hazann & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Flatients who have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

'Wise's Axle Grease never gunis.-

mony was over, just more y enough to take my young wife to Albary, where, with good health, strong hands and hopeful hearts, we both went earnestly to work to earn a living. The value of the value of 1000 more than the value o our household goods did not exceed \$200. To this fortunate marriage I am indebted for as much happiness as usually falls to the lot of man, and very largely for whatever of personal success and pecuniary prosperity I have since en-joyed. She more than divided our labors cares and responsibilities. But for her industry, frugality and good management I must have been shipwrecked during the first fifteen years of trial. When from our changed circumstances ame condition it was no longer necessary for her to pursue her labor-ious habits, she still insisted on performing many duties ordinarily transferred to servants. Economy, order, and a well regulated system in household affairs were virtues which I did not possess, and their presence in her saved us from disaster.

After a severe illness of several months, just as the sun was rising one morning, and I stood watching by her bedside, she reminded me that it was bedside, she reminded me that it was the fortieth anniversary of our mar-riage, and taking from her finger the ring which I had placed on it forty years before, she put it on mine, saying, "I shall not live through the day." We had already lost our only son seven years previously, and three daughters remained to me after my wife had fol-lowed him. lowed him.

Dancing at Summer Resort Ho tels.

In the way of show consisting chiefly of dancing, says the Sun, the parlors of als. The young women are so well in their black stockings, that no stage ballet could be more diverting. The ad-

A story is told of a certain duke of X. and his valet. The latter, it seems, was always getting into scrapes, from which he emerged with considerable success No matter how tipsy he got, he was always brought home safely, and never consigned to a dungeon cell. Upon be-ing asked the reason of this singular good luck, he explained that he always had lots of the duke's cards in his pocket.

Surgeon General Hamilton of the marine hospital service, has information from Yuma, Arizona, of the existence of yellow fever in Guymas and Mazatlan, in Mexico. He says, however, there is no reason for fear that the disease will spread into Arizona and from his information as to the character of the country and climatic conditions of the region in Mexico in which the disease has appeared, he does not think it will spread much there.

The strength of man's tendency to sleep in church was illustrated recently in Lewiston, Me., where a burglar was found in sound slumber in a pew of St. Peter's with his kit of tools scattered around him.

When Grant became president some friends, knowing his taste for high-flavored tobacco, sent an order to Havana for 4.000 of the largest and strongest cigars that the summer resort hotels present spece tacles which, though free and amateur are often more interesting, than anything that can be accomplished by profession-als. The young women are so well smokeable even by the general, and he had dressed, and the children so graceful to give most of them away to any of his friends who would accept them.

Fifteen car loads of emigrants arrived with spectators, who gaze in through the recently in Toronto from Iceland. There windows and doors at the pleasant ex-hibition. The performers know very well they are on view, and it is rarely that an awkward dancer ventures on the will take up land in the western states.

BRANHAM, Macon, Ga.

David Tozer of Stillwater was run over by a team recently and badly injured.

TAMPICO, TENN.-Rev. D. F. Manly, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me of indiges-tion and nervousness after physicians failed."

Col. Graves' hay barns, worth \$6.000 or \$7,000, burned at St. James.

Look Out for Frauds.—The genuine "Rough on Corts." is made only by E. S. Wels (Proprietor of "Rough on Rats.", and has laughing face of a man on labels. 15 cts. and 25 cts. boiltes.

We recommend Wise's Axle Grease



85 TO \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

872 A WEEK, \$12 a day at home easily made. Cost-ly outlit free. Address Tau: & Co., Augusta, Mo.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastcagood, Use in time. Sold by druggets



