

Cooperstown Courier.

VOL. 1. NO. 43.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1883.

\$2 PER ANNUM

THE COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
By Ed. D. STAIR.

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Official Paper of Griggs County

LOCAL LACONICS.

—Clear but cool.
—Concert to-night.
—Plowing for 1883 is over.
—Who could ask for finer weather?
—Ten below zero yesterday morning.
—How do you like the first edition of winter?
—Probate Judge Andrus went down to Sanborn Wednesday.
—J. H. Montgomery went to Fargo Sunday, returning Tuesday.
—R. T. Pinkerton has been quite ill for a week or so, but is now out again.
—Either go to the concert this evening or send up four bits as your regrets.
—Very little sickness in this vicinity now, as compared with a couple weeks ago.
—Mrs. T. F. Kerr is expected home from her extended eastern visit next week.
—H. P. Smart has been "shelved" this week, with an inflamed eye to care for and sooth.
—We have enjoyed a little bracing weather this week, but the sun doesn't forget to shine.
—Wm. Wellman, of Sanborn, has been in the county seat this week, collecting for Chas. Booth & Co.
—The publisher, after rusticating in Fargo, Cass county, a few days was glad to get back to the central city, Tuesday evening.
—J. S. Bronson, the Sanborn jeweler and newsdealer, has a card in the Courier that may be of interest to many of our readers.
—The streets are thronged with teams to-day and our little city presents a metropolitan appearance that is pleasant to behold.
—E. B. Paxson, and C. A. Radford, of Fargo, passed north yesterday for a sojourn on their claims, after spending a day at the Palace.
—The Sanborn railroad station feels itself quite an institution, and well it may for the ticket sales the first of this week run up to \$300 a day.
—Mr. Geo. Foley, the contractor who graded the Cooperstown railroad, has purchased a residence and taken his permanent abode in Fargo.
—A letter from David Bartlett informs us that he is pleasantly settled in Boulder, Colorado, and that the weather there is extremely pleasant.
—Vice-President Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, and president of the Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain, with his special train and party is expected to arrive in this place to-morrow forenoon.
—The Lenham Elevator Co. of Sanborn are reaching out. They have just purchased the Spiritwood elevator, and will hereafter manage it.—Jamestown Capital.
—Since the freeze-up wheat has been rolling in at a big rate, and our elevator men are hard worked to care for it. The merchants report an increasing trade in consequence.
—W. J. McCord, general agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, has been in Cooperstown a few days this week, writing new policies and settling Mr. Whidden's.
—The good society and our excellent schools are inducing numerous farmers to take winter quarters in Cooperstown, that their families may have these desirable advantages.
—This is just about the season of the calendar year that enterprising dealers plant their holiday advertisements. The columns of this great family journal are open for such purposes.
—Agent Cowen now has temporary electrical connection with the Sanborn office, and the boys can chatter with each other. The regular instruments for this line are looked for every day.
—Farmers who want a fall ballad may hum, without infringing upon any copy right, the following:
No more the reaper mutilates,
The thrasher chews no arms;
No more the boiler portable
Depopulates our farms;
To rest the plow has gone,
To market our No. 1 is drawn.

—An immense passenger traffic is being enjoyed by the N. P. folks, and what may seem strange to many is the fact that the throngs of travellers are bound both ways—west as well as east.

—The Portland Inter-Ocean editor as a candidate for commissioner in Traill county got snowed under along with Butler and Mahone. He takes it calmly, and thinks he can stand it if the people can.

—The Fargo Southern has at last scored that impending victory over the Manitoba road at Wahpeton, and the crossing has been effected. Track laying now progresses finely on the new road.

—Ben. Bennett, of the Sanborn Enterprise, will be up and participate in this evening's concert. Ben. is an old friend of Z. A. Clough, and was also a printer neighbor of the publisher when in Michigan.

—Mrs. R. C. Brophy and her sweet little child, came up Tuesday evening from Glyndon, Minn., to take charge of that neat little home on Rollin street. "R. C." is now just a trifle the happiest man in town.

—Geo. McCormick came in from the printer's wood lot yesterday with a big gash just above the knee that he wanted stitched up. Through some hocus-pocus the ax he was swinging managed to descend in the wrong place.

—Attorney Iver Jacobson is at Fargo attending to the interests of his firm's clients. We notice that Mr. Jacobson has at last got nicely settled in the metropolis of Griggs, having secured the upper apartments in the Jackson & Knudson building.

—Mrs. T. J. Cooper, of Chicago, and Miss Swift, of Red Wing, departed Tuesday for their homes, after enjoying a pleasant campaign in the great territory. Mr. T. J. Cooper accompanied the ladies but will return at once to this field of energetic business life.

—Should any of our readers incline to complain of a lack of home news in this week's Courier, we beg them to be patient. We have had a thousand and one things to look after the past few weeks, and it has been quite impossible to give the paper proper attention.

—J. S. Dam, the Sanborn landlord, we learn now admits that he cannot make any money at the extortionate rent he has to pay for the house, and is about to quit the business. Let's see, what did the Courier say a few months ago in regard to this matter that gave offense?

—The tax roll has been completed by county clerk Smart, and just as soon as the commissioners meet and sanction the list it will be placed in Treasurer Enger's hands, when people can have the pleasure of paying their little assessments for the first time in Griggs county.

—E. H. Foster, the civil engineer of Jamestown who platted Cooperstown, came up this week to find a bristling little city where one year ago he was running lines and driving stakes on an open prairie. Mr. Foster claims to be the first printer on the Northern Pacific, beginning at Duluth in 1868.

—Lisbon Clipper: "Ed. D. Stair, editor of the Cooperstown Courier, one of the best of Dakota's good newspapers, advertises that he has wood for sale. This is the first instance on record of a newspaper man having more than a quarter of a cord of wood "in sight" at one time. Ed. The Clipper congratulates you."

—Fred A. Sabin after two weeks labor at Fargo in the interests of the clients of his firm returned Tuesday evening, reporting matters a trifle close in the monetary market, but easing up some. Mr. Sabin informs us that his partner, Mr. Campbell, one of the best office men in the territory, will help him at this place during the balance of the busy season.

—Civil Engineer Edwards and Supt. Fernald completed their Turtle Mountain prospecting tour Tuesday evening, Mr. Edwards and Mr. Bradley returning to this place. The party report a very successful trip so far as seeing the country is concerned for they went to within three miles of the dominion line before turning homeward.

—The Courier publisher has a promise from Louie A. Walker, nee Anderson, that she will appear in one of her charming dramatic recitals at this place and Sanborn within a few weeks. Mrs. Walker is a finished elocutionist, having a full mastery of the science of expression by voice and action. When given the entertainment will probably be under auspices of the church society. Look out for future announcements.

—Lisbon Clipper: "The Cooperstown Courier styles The Clipper a great religious luminary. Well, for a couple of years we were pretty good darned religious, but the stretch has left our suspenders and they begin to hurt our shoulders when we kneel to pray. It looks as though we shall have to part with our religious practices and convictions.

—We are grateful this week for a pack of extraordinarily well written visiting cards, and we shall hereafter pass ourself off as an accomplished quill driver. We know not where they came from, but among the cards is one reading: "by W. P. Cooper, almost blind." The person who can spread ink on cards as finely as upon the ones in our receipt without perfect eyesight is indeed a genius.

—Mr. C. C. Phillippee, our veteran architect and contractor contemplates an all-winter trip to Illinois and Indiana, to visit among relatives whom he has not seen for twenty years. None will miss Mr. P. more than the Courier, and we expect to hear frequently of his "booming" operations down in the land of corn, for he is an enthusiastic Dakotian. He will depart next week.

—When the wheat crop in Canada was good the millers rejoiced in the protective tariff which prevented the importation of cheap breadstuffs from the United States. But this year there is a short crop; there is not enough wheat to keep the mills running, and the indignant millers are protesting against the tax of 15 cents a bushel on grain from the United States.

—The north half of Maine has snow nearly a foot deep, and as good sleighing as Illinois ever gets in January. In Florida the pine-apples are all gathered and the oranges are ripening. Here in glorious Dakota land the air is balmy, the sun shines brightly, the season of labor is over and the happy resident is preparing for a long spell to be devoted chiefly to enjoyment. What a joyous lot is that of the true Dakotian.

—Our brother, Orin Stair, publishes the Saline (Mich.) Observer, and upon turning his fourth mile post last week he treated his readers to a double-sized paper, thus giving 64 columns, or about eight rods of reading matter. It was the largest paper ever printed in Wash-taw county. For a Michigan paper that was quite an innovation, but just wait until about the Holidays and then gaze upon the average Dakota newspaper production.

—Cooperstown has occasion to feel a trifle uneasy, as reported rich gold finds have been made near here, at the mouth of Bald Hill creek. This place desires to build up solidly on agricultural, commercial and industrial resources, hence it is trusted the gold mines discovered hereabouts may be limited. Unhealthy excitement that is quite sure to some day prove retroactive is not desired by our steady going citizens, and to be candid we must admit they are in some danger of being disturbed.

—While at Fargo this week the writer was pleased to meet and listen to Fargo's favorite boomer, Mr. Dickinson, the Broadway druggist, for the first time. "Dick," as he is familiarly known, is as earnest as he is grandiose in his advocacy of Dakota gospel, and it seems a pleasure for him to annihilate any croaker who may unwittingly drop into his store, with sledge-hammer arguments, of which he carries a big stock. Pat. Donan has a rival and it is pleasant to know that, next to Fargo, said rival considers Cooperstown the most promising place in North Dakota.

—Wood cut from good live trees can be bought cheap of E. D. Stair, at Courier office.

Political Pick-Ups.

There was a republican gain of 10,000 votes in Nebraska last week.

A number of dead presidential candidates are lying about in different parts of the country.

The negro who was reported to be "rising" in Virginia has concluded to softly subside. The story was a uagaboo.

I have several lots already pre-empted at the head of the waters of Salt River. I am an old settler in that region.—B. F. Butler.

It is estimated that the Massachusetts campaign cost not less than \$1,000,000, Butler alone having spent about \$125,000. Over \$100,000 changed hands on the election in and around Boston alone.

The report that Riddleberger, Mahone's partner, will cultivate the Democrats and act with them is probably true. Recent events have shown that it may be very convenient to have a Democrat in the family.

Concert To-Night.

The ladies of the Cooperstown church society have at a considerable expense of pains prepared for a concert which they will give at the Institute building this evening beginning at 7 o'clock. Not a person in Cooperstown can afford to stay away from this entertainment, as the proceeds are to augment the organ fund. Following is the

PROGRAM:
Anthem—"Oh, give Thanks unto the Lord."
Instrumental Duet—"Hunters' Chorus," Mrs. Zimmerman, Mrs. Rockwell.
Soprano Solo and Quartette—"When the Mists Have Rolled Away," Miss Gimblett, Mrs. Rockwell, Messrs. Phillippee and Whidden.
Vocal Duet—"The Murmuring Sea," Mrs. Z. A. Clough, Mrs. J. N. Brown.
Bass Solo—"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," Prof. Z. A. Clough.
Tenor Solo and Quartette—"Poor Jilted Johnathan," Mr. Bennett, Mrs. Clough, Mrs. Rockwell, Prof. Z. A. Clough.
Soprano Solo—"When 'Tis Moonlight," Mrs. Z. A. Clough.
Simultaneous Declamation, Messrs. Clough and Walker.
Quartette—"Come Where the Lillies Bloom," Mrs. Z. A. Clough, Mrs. J. N. Brown, Messrs. Phillippee and Clough.
Instrumental Duet—"Wiener Bonbon," Mrs. H. G. Pickett, Mrs. F. M. Rockwell.
Male Quartette—"Speed Away," Messrs. Phillippee, Sabin, Whidden, Clough.
Vocal Duet—"Master and Pupil," Mr. and Mrs. Prof. Z. A. Clough.
Contra Solo—"Days Done," Mrs. J. N. Brown.
Anthem—"Praise Waiteth for Thee."

Effects of Dakota's Climate.

A few months since Rev. H. M. Gallop who came to Ypsilanti from Saline where he had been pastor of the Baptist church, was unable scarcely to walk with the aid of a staff; he went to Dakota last summer and such was the bracing influence of the climate that Sunday, Oct. 7th, he occupied the Baptist pulpit, standing upright and preaching a vigorous and forcible sermon very acceptable to the audience.—Ypsilanti (Mich.) Commercial.

Temperance Meeting.

Sunday evening the Temperance Union will hold a service in the school building at 6:30 o'clock. All are invited. The following program will be observed:

Song service.
Scripture reading and prayer.
Quartette.
Reading, Mrs. Haskell.
Solo and chorus.
Recitation, Bertie Haskell.
Vocal duet.
Reading, Mrs. Carlton.
The meeting will be held in the upper room of the school building which will afford the use of an instrument.

CORRECT TO A DOT.

Is the Following from the Cleveland (Ohio) Leader.

In Dakota, enterprise breaks the broad prairies with the same freedom that a steamer ploughs the ocean. Energetic men of even limited means, if in localities of rich soil and railways, make a competency in a few years. In 1879 an acquaintance entered upon the pre-emption laws one hundred and sixty acres; raised wheat and in three years sold the land for \$3,400 profit. A clergyman tired of the dull routine of eastern watering places, reinvested in Northern Pacific railway lands a \$500 bond unfortunately purchased ten years ago of Jay Cooke. To his first purchase he added others, such as a limited bank account allowed, occasionally sold and reinvested. Now he estimates the profits of seven vacations in Dakota as follows: Robust health, vigorous sermons, an elegant new church built, pastor and people happy, especially the pastor, who believes his misfortune in bonds has resulted in a fortune of \$50,000 in lands. Lately I rode with the son of a college president, whose debts if credits ten years ago would have made him comfortable. Now he is president of a national bank, and the bank's deposits are over \$300,000. Charles Goodwin has the largest cattle ranch in the world at the head of Red River, Texas. He began buying land four years ago, getting 270,000 acres. To enclose his lands two hundred and fifty miles of fence is required. He has 40,000 cattle. Wealth in Dakota and the west is guaranteed by the experiences of ten thousand investors in other states, who have purchased good lands at three dollars and less per acre. Enter your legacy and cultivate what you can, and hold on to titles for ten, twenty years, if necessary. This rule has and will make millionaires.

Don't purchase your Underwear until you have examined the immense stock at Nelson & Langlie's.

A Billiard and Pool Table Combined, for sale at a bargain by R. C. COOPER.

For Rent.

A well appointed store in excellent location of Cooperstown, suitable for any kind of business, can be leased by applying to, R. C. COOPER.

Fargo Republican: Dakota never entered upon a winter season with so much actual wealth as she possesses this fall. There is probably 100 per cent more grain in store among the farmers here to-day, than ever before, and while some inconvenience to commercial circles may be felt because of the low prices and slow marketing of wheat, yet the wealth is here nevertheless and will show itself before another seeding time.

There will be three hundred and twenty-five members in the next house of representatives, instead of the two hundred and ninety-three of the last house. The eastern representatives have the seventy-five they had in the last house; the western states have one hundred instead of ninety-two; the southern states have one hundred and twenty-one instead of one hundred. The democrats have a majority of sixty-four.

The grand jury at Grand Forks, Dak., have considered the evidence placed before them in the matter of Dr. Scott, a capital commissioner, against whom charges of corruption in connection with the capital location were made by the Grand Forks Herald. The district attorney ruled the matter out, owing to the fact that the corrupt bargain and corrupt consideration was received in another county. It is understood some evidence will be submitted to the grand jury in another county before the close of the circuit court.

It will do you good to call at Odegard & Thompson's if you want flour or provisions. We will give you good bargains.

A car load of furniture just received by Odegard & Thompson.

A few suits Buckskin Underwear selling at cost at Whidden Bros.

Another car load Flour just received at Whidden Bros. You can save money buying of them rather than hauling your wheat to the mill.

Whidden Bros. have never before urged their customers for a dollar, but any thinking man can understand that owing to the sudden change—the death of one partner—it's necessary to wind up the present business. Don't forget to pay.

See Whidden Bros.' new ad. They offer a premium on all current funds by selling goods lower than ever.

We will not be undersold in North Dakota. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

A few Grain Sacks still on hand at Whidden Bros. will be sold for cost.

Have you got a yoke of oxen, sheep, hogs, etc.? We will always give you goods for them. Odegard & Thompson.

Three good rooms on a second floor can be rented singly or together by applying to R. C. Cooper.

A car load of Flour just received at Nelson & Langlie's.

Odegard & Thompson will sell you good calico for 5c per yard; full width sheeting 8c; and dry goods cheaper than ever.

New goods by every train for Whidden Bros.

Old newspapers for sale at the Courier office.

Wm. Glass loans money for final proof and on real estate. 381f.

Brown Bros. & Co., San Francisco, manufacture the "Monitor." For sale only at Whidden Bros.

Fresh Groceries received this week at Whidden Bros.

A car load of Pork just received at Odegard & Thompson's.

Ladies' and gents' knit underwear and outside wraps at big bargains at Odegard & Thompson's.

A fine calf boot for \$2.75. Also a large stock of winter foot gear at Odegard & Thompson's.

For mens' fur goods go to Nelson & Langlie's.

Coal in quantities to suit all at bed rock prices. Lenham E. & L. Co.

Paints and Oils of all kinds at Odegard & Thompson's.

We are receiving lumber of every description daily. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

It will surprise the smoking community to smoke that "University" at Odegard & Thompson's.

Drop in at the Pioneer Store and try some of those California pears, just received.

One good second-hand Singer Sewing Machine for sale cheap by Buchheit Bros.

If you want one, ten or fifty cords of good wood get prices of E. D. Stair.

The great rush at Nelson & Langlie's is occasioned by the largest stock of general merchandise ever brought to Cooperstown, and the low prices placed thereon.

Important Notice.

All those indebted to us by book account or otherwise are hereby notified to call at once and settle. Don't hang back, for we mean business, and the lawyers must live.

Odegard & Thompson, October 12th, 1883.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAY.

The president has appointed Thursday the 29th of November as a day of National Thanksgiving. The governors of the various states are appointing the same day by proclamation.

The foreign trade of this country makes an excellent showing on our side of the account, and ought to have a good effect on general business.

Investigation of the reports of frozen wheat shows that the damage, though serious, is not so great as at first represented.

General Badeau, consul general to Cuba, has been in Washington, and he represents that the pig-headed exactions of Spain are driving the Cubans to the verge of bankruptcy.

The maps of Minnesota and of Dakota, published by Messrs. Warner & Foote 309 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, are the latest, most elegant—and what is of vital importance—the most correct of any ever issued.

An elaborate calculation has recently been made by Mr. Edward Atkinson, a noted statistician of Boston, showing the cost of a loaf of bread made at the east from the grain grown on the fields of Iowa or Dakota.

Pennsylvania courts sustain the sudden increase, in one year, of Philadelphia's assessed valuation from \$44,724,725 to \$200,000,000 making the tax levy \$800,000, instead of \$178,890.

Kraft & Severson, extensive dealers in agricultural machinery, of Menominee, Wis. made a voluntary assignment to W. J. Cowan for the benefit of their creditors.

Minnesota corn averaged twenty bushels per acre and not very good in quality.

The governor's private secretary in Ohio gets \$800 salary and \$7,000 fees.

Galveston is to have a Catholic paper; \$28,000 is subscribed to start it.

The office of register in New York is worth \$75,000 a year.

Doings of Criminals.

A horrible murder took place at Lamard, Kansas, during a dance at the residence of a well-known farmer.

The Panama canal, under the auspices of the French and engineered by Count de Lesseps, is reported to be progressing, and its completion is promised in two years.

The dead body of a man was discovered on the bank of the Sioux river, some ten miles south of Canton, Dak. When found, the dead man had nothing on except an undershirt and drawers of fine quality and a fine pair of tooth-pick shoes.

At Luring, Texas, one hundred armed masked men quietly surrounded the house

CONDENSED NEWS.

Washington News Notes.

The adjutant general's annual report contains the very significant admission that, in spite of every effort, it has been impossible to find satisfactory recruits to fill even our nominal army of 25,000 men, and of those who were accepted nearly one-half were foreigners.

The jury in the case of Hallet Kilbourne vs. John G. Thompson, suit for \$550,000 claimed for false imprisonment; returned a verdict of \$50,000 for the plaintiff. The defense moved for a new trial.

The report of the chief of ordnance shows 33,621 arms manufactured in the national armory during the year.

News of the Railroad.

Manager Merrill, of the Milwaukee & St. Paul, states that his recent conference with certain directors of the road did not result in determining upon any extensive additions to the company's system at present.

The Mullen tunnel on the Northern Pacific has been completed, the east-bound passenger train of the 4th inst., being the first train to pass through the tunnel.

General News Items.

Dr. David F. Powell of La Crosse, Wis., has commenced suit and filed an application and affidavit for a writ of mandamus against the state medical examining board of Minnesota to compel them to issue him a certificate to practice in the state of Minnesota near which his residence is.

Albert Poerter, who came to Duluth from a claim back of Agate Bay, brought the following, which was written on a leaf from a book and tacked to a tree near Stewart Lake: "Stewart Lake, Sec. 9, June 25, 1882—Out of grub and almost starved to death. Should anybody find this they will please look for my body in the swamp, south of this camp ground, or notify my friends at Duluth, and confer a great favor on a dying man. W. L. Harris, Warner, Dak." Some search was made in the swamps, as directed, by parties finding the paper, but no trace was found of any body.

Articles of incorporation of Wells, Fargo & Co. were last week filed in Minnesota and Dakota. For the last seven years this company has had charge of the express business on the Northern Pacific railroad west of Helena.

The executive committee of the missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church began its annual session in New York on the 7th. The following appropriations are recommended: Africa \$4,000; South America \$22,000; Central China \$31,000; Foo Chow \$15,000; North China \$25,000; West China \$12,000; Germany and Switzerland \$24,000; Sweden \$22,000; Norway \$14,000; Denmark \$10,000; North India \$14,000; South India \$10,000; Bulgaria \$9,000; Italy \$27,000; Mexico \$34,000; and Japan \$35,000.

A recent Mormon visitor, in speaking of Delegate Caine of Utah, said: He is slightly below par among Mormons, because he has only one wife. Of course he believes in polygamy, but he has never seen his way quite clear to taking a second wife.

Pennsylvania courts sustain the sudden increase, in one year, of Philadelphia's assessed valuation from \$44,724,725 to \$200,000,000 making the tax levy \$800,000, instead of \$178,890.

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Doings of Criminals.

A horrible murder took place at Lamard, Kansas, during a dance at the residence of a well-known farmer. Among those present were Anthony Bummitts and Alex Brown. During the evening a dispute arose among the young men as to the right of dancing with a certain young lady, and later a second dispute as to the right of calling off the hounds.

The dead body of a man was discovered on the bank of the Sioux river, some ten miles south of Canton, Dak. When found, the dead man had nothing on except an undershirt and drawers of fine quality and a fine pair of tooth-pick shoes.

At Luring, Texas, one hundred armed masked men quietly surrounded the house

in which was confined John L. Martin, who confessed to murdering, through jealousy, his wife, the daughter of Rev. Newton. The guards quietly gave Martin up on demand. All night long previous to the murder he had been protesting that he ought to hang, and he wanted to hang; but while being carried away, he groaned piteously and prayed for mercy.

Lee White, who had been a baggagemaster on the North western road, and who confessed to the robbery of a package of money in the express office at Oakfield, Wis., six months ago, committed suicide at that place on the night of the 6th. The robbery had long remained a mystery. White had borne a good reputation, and made full restitution of the funds.

Toby Grant, a negro desperado, was killed by Abraham W. Clement, a white man, at Rantoul, S. C. Grant had twice assaulted and threatened to kill Clement. An unsuccessful attempt to lynch Clement was made by negroes.

At Plattsmouth, Nebraska, Dr. Richmond was arrested on a charge of committing a rape on the thirteen-year-old daughter of Edward Grissel, foreman of the Burlington & Missouri car shop.

A negro preacher named James Hawkins, while eating supper on the night of the 7th in St. Louis, was shot in the back by some unknown persons and killed. It is said that the assassin was dressed in woman's clothes.

Thomas Fox, seventy years old, was drugged at Marshall, Mich., and robbed of a hundred dollars. He died from the drugging.

Rock, who "hung" the Illinois legislature last winter, tried to kill himself the other day after a spree, but failed.

A man named Robert O'Brien from Iowa, has been arrested at Warren, Ill., for an outrage on a young girl.

Peter Keenan of New York was killed on the 3d inst., by a drunken policeman named William Conroy.

The Casualty Record.

In a friendly sparring match at Chippewa Falls John Hall struck Duncan McPhee a blow on the neck, and he reeled and fell heavily upon the ground. Upon examination it was discovered that his neck was dislocated, and he died in a few minutes.

Frank Wilkes of Zanesville, Ohio, grand son of commodore Wilkes, United States navy, while herding sheep near Pleasant Valley station, Utah, became lost and died of starvation and exposure. The remains will be sent to Ohio.

From the Old World.

The Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise arrived at Liverpool on the 5th inst., and were heartily cheered as they drove to the town hall, where the corporation presented an address and gave a luncheon.

The Times publishes a leader on the late Capt. Mayne Reid, in which it says: "Of his class of writers, he certainly was the best, and those who have read him as boys will not allow their maturer critical judgment to condemn him altogether."

In London, on the 31st., 60,000 sealskins were sold at auction, prices going 50 cents higher than last year.

Personal Gossip.

Capt. and Assistant Quartermaster D. D. Wheeler, United States army, at St. Paul, received a telegram from Gen. Drum, adjutant general of the army, that he had been assigned to duty at Fort Monroe, and that Capt. J. M. Marshall of Santa Fe had been assigned to duty as depot quartermaster in St. Paul. Capt. Wheeler has been depot quartermaster in St. Paul for more than two years, and his removal will be most regretfully regarded both by business men with whom he has come in contact, and in social circles.

At Morrissetown, N. J., Ex-gov. Theodore Randolph died of fatty degeneration of the heart. In 1850 he was elected to the state assembly, in 1862 to the state senate (short term), and re-elected in 1863. He was elected governor of the state in 1869, serving until 1872. He was chosen United States senator to succeed John P. Stockton, taking his seat March 4, 1875. He served one term and has since then remained in private life.

Louis Hull of Winfield, N. Y., died and left \$12,000 to Miss Lou Ditty, whose whereabouts are unknown.

Col. Cyrus Allen, an old friend of President Lincoln's is dead at Vincennes, Ind.

Lieut. Benjamin Craig, a West Pointer, died recently in Herne, France.

Important Land Office Decision.

The register and receiver of the United States Land office at Fergus Falls, Minn., have received the following very important decision from the commissioner of the general land office at Washington. The case involves a tract of land on an old railroad section within the twenty-mile limits of the grant to the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railroad company. The decision brings in the point that the act of the state legislature, approved March 1, 1883, giving to the railroad company an extension of time in which to complete the road, but making a reservation that all actual settlers then upon lands of the company should be protected in their individual rights to hold the same, is recognized by the government as excepting said tracts thus occupied from the operations of the grant, and giving to such settlers the privilege of entering the same as homestead and, after residence, receiving patent from the government. This will cover many cases along the line of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railway. Those having settled upon railroad land previous to March, 1887, and having filled the obligations of residence which would have been required of them by homestead entry, if the same land were not approved to the railroad company, can hold the same by entry at the land office of their district.

There are 200,000 tramps in the German Empire.

THE FALL ELECTIONS.

No Very Striking Changes Anywhere—Gen. Butler Defeated—Minnesota the Same as Usual.

The election throughout the country passed off quietly. There were no very remarkable changes, unless the defeat of Gen. Butler can be so called. Such changes as occurred were due in most instances to local causes, the strength of both great parties being virtually intact.

The whole republican state ticket is elected by handsome majorities. Gov. Hubbard's majority is estimated at 15,000 and the balance of the ticket much more, comparing the total number of votes cast in 116 precincts in 1881, when Hubbard received 9,957 and Johnson 4,829, to this the increased vote of Tuesday, and the inference is that the total vote will be not far short of 150,000 instead of 102,000, as two years ago. The increase in the total vote, by the ratio between Hubbard and Bierman in these precincts, which is about that of eleven to nine, the former will receive 82,500 votes, and the latter 67,500, giving Gov. Hubbard in the neighborhood of 15,000 majority.

In the Dodge county senatorial district Severance, republican, is elected over Adams by 450 majority, to take the seat of the late Senator McLaughlin. In the Red Wing district Hall will take Senator Chandler's seat. Bass, the regular republican being defeated by the split growing from last fall's contest. In Mower, Wilkinson, republican, is elected to the legislature. Gov. Hubbard received 1,500 majority in Ramsey county.

The whole republican ticket was elected as follows: Governor, George D. Robinson; lieutenant governor, Oliver Ames; secretary of state, Henry B. Pierce; treasurer and receiver general, D. A. Gleason; attorney general, Edgar J. Sherman; auditor, Charles R. Ladd.

Butler has been defeated by a decisive majority. In Boston, which last year gave him a majority of 13,370, he now has but 6,211. Only two cities in the State so far as heard from, report Butler's victory. The Republicans claim the election of Robinson by at least 17,000 majority, and also twenty-seven out of forty-seven senators and 169 out of 249 representatives.

Complete returns from 61 of the 67 counties in the state give Niles, rep., for auditor general, a majority of 15,443. The three remaining counties, Bradford, Forrest and Sullivan, will increase the republican majority to about 17,000, which is a large republican gain. The offices elect are: treasurer, William Linnesey; state auditor, Jerome B. Niles.

The Democratic state committee claim the election by over 7,000. They also claim the assembly. The republican state committee concede the election of Abbott, Dem., by a small majority. The Republicans probably have the senate by three majority, and the Democrats the house by four, giving the latter a majority on joint ballot.

Reports from Maryland received in various quarters are very incomplete. They indicate that McLean, Democrat, has been elected governor by about 10,000 majority, and a majority in the legislature.

In Virginia the contest was the most exciting that has taken place for many years owing to the fact that on the result depends the congressional reapportionment of the state and the election of a successor to Senator Mahone. Both sides claim a victory—the democrats asserting that their gains have been heavy in all parts of the state, and that they expect a majority in both legislative houses. The probabilities are that the result is very close, and that it will be several days before anything definite is known.

The Richmond Despatch (dem.) claims a victory with a majority on joint ballot of from ten to 25 and the popular majority between 10,000 and 21,000. Senator Mahone, on the contrary, claims a readjuster's victory.

In Mississippi, as usual, there was a sweeping democratic success. The only disturbance in the state as far as heard from, was in Cassiob county, where Wheeler killed Matthews. Matthews went to the polls with a pistol in his hand. He received twenty-four buckshot in the face.

In Connecticut, the election was for twelve members of the state senate for terms of two years, a like number holding over, by five republicans and seven democrats. A full house of representatives, 249 in number, were also elected. Late returns make the legislature stand as follows: Senate, rep., 10; dems., 9. House, reps., 145; dems., 87. One county and twelve towns are lacking, including sixteen representatives. If these towns vote as last year the result in the house will be 155 republicans, 93 democrats. One tie. Republican majority, 63, on joint ballot 69.

In Nebraska, the only state officers voted for were chief justice of supreme court and three regents of the state university. The contest between M. B. Reese, the republican candidate for chief justice, and J. W. Savage, the democratic and anti-monopoly candidate, has been carried on quite vigorously by the Reese who is elected, but by a largely reduced majority. The best estimates of his majority range from five to ten thousand, the regular republican ma-

majority in Nebraska being over twenty thousand. In Dakota, the vote on the new constitution for Southern Dakota was very light but it was probably adopted. In St. Paul the republican elected R. C. Wiley, register of deeds and treasurer of county commissioner. The democrats elected Wm. E. Burton, county treasurer; James J. Egan, county attorney; James A. Quinn, coroner; and Geo. Mitch, and P. R. L. Harsenburg, county commissioners. In Hennepin county the whole republican ticket was elected. Hubbard's majority was over 1,000.

The Next Republican Committee Meeting. ATCHISON, Nov. 7.—Col. John A. Martin, secretary of the National Republican committee, sent out to-day the following call:

A meeting of the Republican National committee will be held at the Arlington house, Washington, D. C., Wednesday, Dec. 12, 1883, at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting a date and place for holding the next National Republican convention. The committee will also elect a chairman, vice chairman, secretary and treasurer. At a meeting of the committee held in Washington on the 17th of January last, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved: That the call for the next Republican National convention shall be so broad and liberal as to unite the corporation without imposing any other tests of fealty of all citizens who are in favor of elevating and dignifying American labor, protecting and extending home industries, giving free popular education to the masses of the people, securing free suffrage and honest count of the ballots, and effectually protecting all human rights in every section of our common country, and who are willing to support the nominees of the convention."

The committee also fixed a basis of representation in the next National convention, and a number of electing delegates by the adoption of the following order: The Republican National convention of 1884 shall consist of four delegates at large from each State, and one delegate at large shall be chosen by popular delegate State conventions, called on not less than twenty days' published notice and held not more than sixty days before the time fixed for the meeting of the national convention. Republicans of various congressional districts shall have the option of electing their delegates at separate popular delegate conventions called on similar notice and held in districts at any time within fifteen days next prior to the meeting of the State convention, or by subdivisions of State conventions into district conventions; and such delegates shall be chosen in the latter method, if not elected previous to the meeting of the State convention, all district delegates to be accorded by the officers of such district convention. Two delegates shall be allowed from each territory and from the District of Columbia, similarly chosen. Notices of contests shall be given to the national committee, accompanied by full printed statements of grounds of contest, which also shall be made public; and preference in the order of hearing and determining contests shall be given by the national committee according to dates of the reception of such notices and statements by the national committee. A full attendance of members is earnestly requested.

(Signed) J. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

Thackeray's Old Servant.

1832, Feb. 24. Thackeray at that time was chiefly known as the writer of the "Yellowplush Papers" in Fraser's [sic] Magazine. He wished me to introduce him to the Morning Chronicle, but I do not think his application there was successful. I, however, one day met him near Somerset House, walking along at a prodigious pace, when he stopped me and said: "Gollieo, I know that you will be very glad to hear that I have this moment come from concluding an engagement with a publisher, who will give me £200. I am not sure that it was not £300 a year if I will fill only eight pages of his monthly publication." I, of course, congratulated him, for I knew that it was just then of great importance to him as he lived in rather an expensive house in Gorum-street, and kept a man servant. I dined with there, in company with John Mitchell Kemble and his first wife, the daughter of a German professor, but who had the dirtiest nails I ever saw anybody sit down to the table with. There were three or four other diners, but it was one of the dullest parties of the sort I ever remember. I subsequently asked Thackeray how, considering his circumstances, he could afford to keep a liverly servant, (who, by the way, wore very old-fashioned cut clothes, with broad worsted lace down the fronts and round the pockets, and he told me that the old man (at least 60) had been a sort of heirloom from his father, and that, rather than not serve the son, he was content with his keep and almost no wages. Thackeray supported him while the old fellow lived.—John Fayre Collier's Diary.

LATE MARKET REPORT.

WHEAT—The week opens with the market steady at about Saturday's quotations, the growing strength of the outside market still encouraging holders to maintain their extreme position, notwithstanding the freer movement of wheat in the country. For spot No. 1 hard, buying offer of \$1.01 was made; for December, \$1.02; January, \$1.03; Mar. \$1.05. No. 2 hard, 96c bid.

CORN—There continues to be a fair demand and the market is about steady. No. 2 spot, November and December is bid at 48c; for No. 3 47c is asked. The sales of one car of No. 3 at 47c and one car ditto at 46c were recorded.

CHICAGO MARKET—Flour, dull and drooping. Wheat opened dull, but closed active, strong and higher. November, 90c; December, 90 1/2c; January, 91c; February, 91 1/2c; March, 92c; April, 92 1/2c; May, 93c; June, 93 1/2c; July, 94c; August, 94 1/2c; September, 95c; October, 95 1/2c; November, 96c; December, 96 1/2c; January, 97c; February, 97 1/2c; March, 98c; April, 98 1/2c; May, 99c; June, 99 1/2c; July, 100c; August, 100 1/2c; September, 101c; October, 101 1/2c; November, 102c; December, 102 1/2c; January, 103c; February, 103 1/2c; March, 104c; April, 104 1/2c; May, 105c; June, 105 1/2c; July, 106c; August, 106 1/2c; September, 107c; October, 107 1/2c; November, 108c; December, 108 1/2c; January, 109c; February, 109 1/2c; March, 110c; April, 110 1/2c; May, 111c; June, 111 1/2c; July, 112c; August, 112 1/2c; September, 113c; October, 113 1/2c; November, 114c; December, 114 1/2c; January, 115c; February, 115 1/2c; March, 116c; April, 116 1/2c; May, 117c; June, 117 1/2c; July, 118c; August, 118 1/2c; September, 119c; October, 119 1/2c; November, 120c; December, 120 1/2c; January, 121c; February, 121 1/2c; March, 122c; April, 122 1/2c; May, 123c; June, 123 1/2c; July, 124c; August, 124 1/2c; September, 125c; October, 125 1/2c; November, 126c; December, 126 1/2c; January, 127c; February, 127 1/2c; March, 128c; April, 128 1/2c; May, 129c; June, 129 1/2c; July, 130c; August, 130 1/2c; September, 131c; October, 131 1/2c; November, 132c; December, 132 1/2c; January, 133c; February, 133 1/2c; March, 134c; April, 134 1/2c; May, 135c; June, 135 1/2c; July, 136c; August, 136 1/2c; September, 137c; October, 137 1/2c; November, 138c; December, 138 1/2c; January, 139c; February, 139 1/2c; March, 140c; April, 140 1/2c; May, 141c; June, 141 1/2c; July, 142c; August, 142 1/2c; September, 143c; October, 143 1/2c; November, 144c; December, 144 1/2c; January, 145c; February, 145 1/2c; March, 146c; April, 146 1/2c; May, 147c; June, 147 1/2c; July, 148c; August, 148 1/2c; September, 149c; October, 149 1/2c; November, 150c; December, 150 1/2c; January, 151c; February, 151 1/2c; March, 152c; April, 152 1/2c; May, 153c; June, 153 1/2c; July, 154c; August, 154 1/2c; September, 155c; October, 155 1/2c; November, 156c; December, 156 1/2c; January, 157c; February, 157 1/2c; March, 158c; April, 158 1/2c; May, 159c; June, 159 1/2c; July, 160c; August, 160 1/2c; September, 161c; October, 161 1/2c; November, 162c; December, 162 1/2c; January, 163c; February, 163 1/2c; March, 164c; April, 164 1/2c; May, 165c; June, 165 1/2c; July, 166c; August, 166 1/2c; September, 167c; October, 167 1/2c; November, 168c; December, 168 1/2c; January, 169c; February, 169 1/2c; March, 170c; April, 170 1/2c; May, 171c; June, 171 1/2c; July, 172c; August, 172 1/2c; September, 173c; October, 173 1/2c; November, 174c; December, 174 1/2c; January, 175c; February, 175 1/2c; March, 176c; April, 176 1/2c; May, 177c; June, 177 1/2c; July, 178c; August, 178 1/2c; September, 179c; October, 179 1/2c; November, 180c; December, 180 1/2c; January, 181c; February, 181 1/2c; March, 182c; April, 182 1/2c; May, 183c; June, 183 1/2c; 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September, 215c; October, 215 1/2c; November, 216c; December, 216 1/2c; January, 217c; February, 217 1/2c; March, 218c; April, 218 1/2c; May, 219c; June, 219 1/2c; July, 220c; August, 220 1/2c; September, 221c; October, 221 1/2c; November, 222c; December, 222 1/2c; January, 223c; February, 223 1/2c; March, 224c; April, 224 1/2c; May, 225c; June, 225 1/2c; July, 226c; August, 226 1/2c; September, 227c; October, 227 1/2c; November, 228c; December, 228 1/2c; January, 229c; February, 229 1/2c; March, 230c; April, 230 1/2c; May, 231c; June, 231 1/2c; July, 232c; August, 232 1/2c; September, 233c; October, 233 1/2c; November, 234c; December, 234 1/2c; January, 235c; February, 235 1/2c; March, 236c; April, 236 1/2c; May, 237c; June, 237 1/2c; July, 238c; August, 238 1/2c; September, 239c; October, 239 1/2c; November, 240c; December, 240 1/2c; January, 241c; February, 241 1/2c; March, 242c; April, 242 1/2c; May, 243c; June, 243 1/2c; July, 244c; August, 244 1/2c; September, 245c; October, 245 1/2c; November, 246c; December, 246 1/2c; January, 247c; February, 247 1/2c; March, 248c; April, 248 1/2c; May, 249c; June, 249 1/2c; July, 250c; August, 250 1/2c; September, 251c; October, 251 1/2c; November, 252c; December, 252 1/2c; January, 253c; February, 253 1/2c; March, 254c; April, 254 1/2c; May, 255c; June, 255 1/2c; July, 256c; August, 256 1/2c; September, 257c; October, 257 1/2c; November, 258c; December, 258 1/2c; January, 259c; February, 259 1/2c; March, 260c; April, 260 1/2c; May, 261c; June, 261 1/2c; July, 262c; August, 262 1/2c; September, 263c; October, 263 1/2c; November, 264c; December, 264 1/2c; January, 265c; February, 265 1/2c; March, 266c; April, 266 1/2c; May, 267c; June, 267 1/2c; July, 268c; August, 268 1/2c; September, 269c; October, 269 1/2c; November, 270c; December, 270 1/2c; January, 271c; February, 271 1/2c; March, 272c; April, 272 1/2c; May, 273c; June, 273 1/2c; July, 274c; August, 274 1/2c; September, 275c; October, 275 1/2c; November, 276c; December, 276 1/2c; 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DAKOTA NEWS.

SIoux FALLS IS ENDORSED

The Vote was Light, but Enough in the Southern Counties to Accomplish Results.

A CARRIED CONSTITUTION.

The returns at 1 o'clock this morning from Dakota indicate that the Sioux Falls constitution received an overwhelming majority in favor of its adoption.

YANKTON, Nov. 6.—It was a quiet election.

There was little contest over local officers, except in one precinct, consequently a slight vote was polled in this city.

LECTION RETURNS.

YANKTON, Special, Nov. 8.—The returns on the vote for the constitution caused great surprise here.

The movers in this enterprise did not expect quite so much opposition, nor did they look for that degree of apathy which showed itself.

DEADWOOD, Special Telegram, Nov. 6.—The election passed off very quietly and owing to the fact that only one officer (commissioner) was to be elected in this county, an exceedingly light vote was polled.

CASS.

Fargo.—The election in this city to-day passed off quietly. The only fight was upon the issuance of \$50,000 in bonds to complete the court house.

AURORA.

Pankton.—One hundred and sixty-four votes were cast for, and 46 against. At Yankton 50 for, 5 against.

BROOKINGS.

Aurora.—A small vote was polled to-day. Eighty-three votes were cast—eighty-one against the constitution and two for it.

BEADLE.

Huron.—Not half a vote was polled in this county to-day. Huron voted on the constitution 323 for, 15 against; Hitchcock, 51 for, 3 against; Wolsay, 12 for, 16 against; Cain Creek, 36 for; Kellogg 16 for, 4 against; Messington, 40 for, 4 against.

BRULE.

Chamberlain.—Gives 186 for and 3 against constitution. Pukimans.—Twenty-two for the constitution.

BROWN.

Aberdeen.—Vote upon the adoption of the constitution in Aberdeen was 63 for, 43 against; Westport, 1 for, 62 against; Frederick, 44 for, 7 against; Bath, 13 for, 19 against; Groton, 32 for, 14 against; Columbia, 9 for, 10 against.

CHANDLER.

Henry.—Number of votes polled, 78; majority against the constitution, 44.

CLARE.

Raymond.—There was a majority of votes against the constitution in this place. Total vote, 98.

DECATUR.

Parker.—In this precinct 211 votes were cast for the constitution and 21 against. The principle opposition was by the Democrats. Very light vote. The constitution will undoubtedly be carried by a good majority in this county.

DEUEL.

Goodwin.—For constitution, 34; 5 against.

LINCOLN.

Canton.—This city gives 45 for and 158 against constitution.

GRANT.

Milbank.—Grant county gives about 500 votes for the constitution, and only a few votes against. The vote is very light. There has been a bitter contest for county commissioner in the First district, in which Henry Schafer defeats N. I. Lowthian by ninety-two majority.

HANSON.

Alexandria.—One hundred and twelve votes were cast for the constitution and 12 against.

HUGHES.

Pierre.—The vote for the constitution is 164 for, and 86 against.

HAND.

Daught.—The following is the result of the election at this village for county auditor: Stauff, 17; Ruskle, 19; Haffard, 50. Number of votes cast, 87.

REDFIELD.

Redfield.—One hundred and thirty-five votes were cast in this town upon the constitution, with only six against its adoption. The vote of Spink county is estimated at 1,000. The total against the measure will probably not exceed 150.

ASHTON.

Ashton.—In this precinct: For the constitution 123, against none. Estimate of Spink county, 500 majority for the constitution. Frank C. Mariner is elected county commissioner from the Fourth district.

ATHOL.

Athol.—A majority of 58 votes for the constitution was cast at this place: total number of votes polled, 77.

YANKTON.

Yankton, Nov. 6.—It was a quiet election. There was little contest over local officers, except in one precinct, consequently a slight vote was polled in this city.

YANKTON.

Yankton.—In the city 774 votes were cast. The majority for the constitution is estimated at 500 in the county. In Bon Homme county the majority for the constitution will be about 250.

YANKTON, Special, Nov. 8.—The returns on the vote for the constitution caused great surprise here.

The movers in this enterprise did not expect quite so much opposition, nor did they look for that degree of apathy which showed itself.

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Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the oft repeated verdict of visitors that

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade.

Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER! THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an enviable reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL,

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T., Or J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T. Plans sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

THE COURIER.

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1883.

Dakota had 132 new postoffices established last year, New England 36.

The battle-ground next year will be just where it was in 1876—New York, Indiana Jersey and Connecticut.

From the passage of the homestead act on May 20, 1883, 74,794 homesteads have been entered in Dakota more than any other state or territory except Kansas. During the last fiscal year 22,061 homesteads were filed in Dakota.

Old weather prophets agree that Dakota will enjoy a mild winter. Certainly the fall we have had so far could not have been more beautiful than it has been and if the winter realizes the assurances of autumn, we will have every reason to feel grateful.

How He Prospered.

Some one said that a man has no home until he owns one. Here in North Dakota there are millions of acres of vacant lands waiting for the energetic hands of toil to convert them into productive farms. An industrious man can accomplish a large amount of work here. One young man came to Dakota three years ago last March, and took possession of a half section of land. His means were limited, and he commenced work with an ox-team. He prepared all the ground that his own labor and time could do, and had a good crop last year. This year he has 160 acres of magnificent grain that will produce from 7,000 to 8,000 bushels, and all was put in the ground with the aid of one hired man, and harvested with the aid of two men. This shows what a man of energy and thrift can do. Beautiful and happy homes are springing into existence as if by magic all over the prairies, and everywhere we find the people intelligent, courteous and generous. There seems to be a universal disposition to help each other. The stranger is always received in a spirit of kindness and hospitality.—Devil's Lake Pioneer Press.

The Successful Editor.

Bill Nye, in his description of what an editor should be, says:

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The CENTURY PROGRAMME for 1883-'84.

The programme for the fourteenth year of this magazine, and the third of the new form, is anything more interesting and popular than ever. With every season, The Century shows a decided gain in circulation. The new volume begins with November, and when possible, subscriptions should begin with that issue. The following are some of the features of the coming year:

- A NEW NOVEL BY GEORGE W. CABLE, author of "Old Creole Days," etc., entitled "Dr. Sevier," a story of New Orleans life, the time being the eve of the late Civil War.
- LIFE IN THE THIRTEEN COLONIES, by Edward Eggleston, separate illustrated papers on subjects connected with the early history of this country.
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- THE NEW ASTRONOMY, antechanical articles, by Prof. S. P. Langley, describing the most interesting of recent discoveries in the sun and stars.
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- A NOVELETTE BY ROBERT GRANT, author of "Confessions of a Frivolous Girl," etc., entitled "An Average Man," a story of New York.
- THE BREAD-WINNERS, one of the most remarkable novels of the day, to be completed in January.
- CHRISTIANITY AND WEALTH, with other essays, by the author of "The Christian League of Connecticut," etc., on the application of Christian morality to the present phase of modern life.
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NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 18, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 11th day of December, 1883, viz: Isabella Brown, D. S. No. 9561 for the e 1/2 of s 1/4, s 1/4 of e 1/4 and s 1/4 of n 1/4 of section 22, township 148 n, range 59 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Samuel B. Langford, John H. Montgomery, William Glimbert, James Walker, a of cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1883. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Wm. Glass, Attorney.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., October 1, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 22nd day of November, 1883, viz: Willie W. Wills, D. S. No. 12770 for the southwest quarter of section 18, township 145 n, range 60 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Charles Ives, Alexander Nichols, John Bush, Frank Sullivan, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Campbell, Sabin & Co., Atty's.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, October 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Andrew H. Berg, D. S. No. 14514 for the s 1/4 of section 6, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Andrew P. Rusten, Ole C. Thungelstad, Christian Johnson, Jacob Hanson, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 1st day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Jacobson & Serungard.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Ole Tandø, H. E. No. 14514 for the n 1/2 of s 1/4 of section 4, n 1/2 of s 1/4 of s 1/4 of section 5, township 145 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Fingar Larson, Ole Aslakson, Torger O. Torgerson, Ole Alfson, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county D. T., on the 11th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. And you, John Murray, who filed D. S. No. 9688 on the 20th day of April, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 18th day of Dec. 1883, and show cause if any you have why said Ole Tandø should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 9, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Moses F. Carleton, D. S. No. 14669 for the n e 1/4 of section eight, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George Bethley, Herbert Chamberlain, Harpan Husel, Nathan Sifton, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 4th day Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., August 30, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 19th day of October, 1883, viz: John W. Ashbay, D. S. No. 13390 for the northwest quarter of section 20, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: John J. Hagen, Charles Williams, Fred Williams, John Williams, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1883 at his office. U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., October 2, 1883. On motion of John W. Ashbay, it is hereby ordered that the time for taking the proof in this case be extended until Nov. 18, 1883, and payment until Nov. 30, 1883. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Campbell, Sabin & Co., Atty's.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., December 8, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Hans Olson, D. S. No. 14137 for the southwest 1/4 of section 28, township 145 n, range 61 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Iver O. Eimon, Andrew J. Anderson, and E. Sellwood, of Helena, D. T., and Claus Jackson, of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Serungard, a notary public of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 19th day of Dec. 1883, and of claimant before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 30th day of Dec. 1, 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. 026n30. Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys.

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All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the "AMERICAN FARMER" a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is \$1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the damogogue honest.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Gilbert Johnson, D. S. No. 14529 for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 24, township 145 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Christian A. Lea, Matthias Evensen, Fritz of Grondahl, A. J. Stal, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n2d7.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., September 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 23rd day of November, 1883, viz: Seth Mills, H. E. No. 11103 for the w 1/2 s e 1/4; n e 1/4 s e 1/4 and s e 1/4 of section 36, township 148 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Robert T. Pinkerton, William Glass, of Cooperstown, Samuel Goldthrite and Ezra W. McCrea, of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 30th day of Nov. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. c5n9.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 18th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Otto Holman, D. S. No. 10468 for the e 1/2 n e 1/4 and n 1/2 s e 1/4 of section 34, township 144 n., range 60 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Aslak Gunderson, J. B. Philpot, Ole O. Salberg and W. Borch, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. 01n23.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Lewis T. Soland, D. S. No. 14345 for the w 1/2 n e 1/4 of section 12, township 147 n., range 60 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Peter A. Nelson, Ole Thorn, Jacob Myre and Frank Phiffer, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 15th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. 01n23.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 1, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 22nd day of November, 1883, viz: Edward D. Stair, D. S. No. 12940 for the s 1/2 n w 1/4 and s 1/2 n e 1/4 of section 2, township 146 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George B. McCormick, George F. Newell, John Ole, W. R. Whidden, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 19th day of Nov. A. D. 1883.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard. 01n23.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Mada M. Nerstrom, D. S. No. 14457 for the northwest quarter of section 30, township 147 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole E. Thorn, Frank K. Rogne, Frank Pfeiffer, Henry R. Ziegler, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 15th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard. 01n23.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 7, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 18th day of December, 1883, viz: Ephraim S. Seymour, H. E. No. 9972 for the n e 1/4 of section 34, township 147 n., range 57 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: David L. Johnson, Henry H. Wason, Alexander O. Johnson, Louis H. Topol, all of Steele county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before W. P. Miller, clerk of the district court, at Hope, Steele county, D. T., on the 15th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
E. S. Seymour, Attorney. n2d14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 2, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 27th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Knud Knudson, D. S. No. 11296 for the s 1/2 n e 1/4 of section 25, township 146 d., range 58 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Nels E. Nelson, Ole Halverson, Elling Olson Sever Halverson, all of Marshall, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n2d14.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 24, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Harvey W. Yenton, D. S. No. 14562 for the n w 1/4 of section 14, township 146 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Whittier R. Whidden, Isaac E. Mills, Frank Hunter, Joseph Allen, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
William Glass, Attorney. 814026.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Andrew Nelson, D. S. No. 10573 for the e 1/2 n w 1/4 and e 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 32, township 144 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudson, A. Gunderson, Christ Jackson, C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n2d7.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 6th, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 7th day of Dec., 1883, viz: Joseph M. Snyder, H. E. No. 12866 for the n e 1/4 of section 18, township 145 n., range 57 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Sylvester Pound, John H. Atchison, Thor A. Hagen, Gulbran G. Auren, Charles H. Frost, all of Gallatin, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before W. P. Miller, clerk of the district court, at Hope, Steele county, D. T., on the 1st day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Twomey & Francis, Atty's. 01n16.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Charles Nelson, D. S. No. 8274 for the w 1/2 n w 1/4 and w 1/2 s w 1/4 of section 32, township 144 n., range 59 w., and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudson, A. Gunderson, Christ Jackson and C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.
Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n2d7.

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Probate Order.
TERRITORY OF DAKOTA,
COUNTY OF GRIGGS, 1883.
Special Term, 1883.

At a probate court held in and for Griggs county, Territory of Dakota, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the town of Cooperstown, in said county, on the 18th day of Oct. A. D. 1883.
Present—Hon. Byron Andrus, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Frank L. Axtell, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Theo. F. Kerr, of Griggs county, setting forth that Frank L. Axtell died intestate on or about the 2nd day of May, 1883, and praying that letters of administration of the estate of said deceased be issued to Theo. F. Kerr, of Cooperstown, county of Griggs, D. T.
It is ordered that said application and petition be heard by the Judge of the probate court in and for Griggs county, Territory of Dakota, at a special term to be held at his office in the town of Cooperstown, in said county, of Griggs, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks (once in each week) prior to said hearing, in the Cooperstown Courier, a newspaper published in said county, and that 6 copies of this order and notice be addressed to the heirs of said Frank L. Axtell, deceased, residing in the town of Axtell, at their residence, and deposited in the postoffice with the postage thereon prepaid by the said petitioner at least ten days before the time of said hearing.
Dated at Cooperstown, Dakota, this 18th day of October, A. D. 1883. BYRON ANDRUS,
Judge of Probate.

Road Petition.
To the Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dak.

We the undersigned freeholders of Griggs county would respectfully request you to lay out a public highway beginning at the southeast corner of section 22, township 146, range 59, running thence east along the section line to the bluffs of the Sheyenne river, thence down said bluffs in the most practicable and best route for a road to the Sheyenne river at a point 700 feet south of the section line between sections 22 and 26 in town 146, range 58, thence across said Sheyenne river, and thence by the most practicable route back to the section line on the east side of said Sheyenne river.
THOMAS F. KERR, BYRON ANDRUS,
J. STEVENS, P. A. NELSON,
KNUD THOMPSON, P. E. NELSON,
WM. GLASS, E. D. STAIR,
JOHN KENNEDY, H. R. ZIEGLER,
J. B. WHIDDEN, W. R. WHIDDEN,
G. F. NEWELL, F. H. BUCHHEIT.

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., Oct. 9th, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Paul J. Nelson against Charlie Clark for abandoning his Homestead entry No. 11929, dated Nov. 4, 1882, upon the w 1/2 s 1/4 of section 22, township 148, range 58, in Griggs county, D. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of Dec. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. 01n16.
Runice & Evans, Attorneys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., November 12, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereon on the 16th day of January, 1884, viz: Ingebor Gunderson, one of the heirs of Abraham Gunderson, D. S. No. 10396 for the s 1/2 w 1/4 and s 1/2 s e 1/4 of section 24, township 144 n., range 60 w., and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Aslak Gunderson, Nils Anstad, Erick Anstad, Knud Stee, all of Day, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office. And you, Gustav Gunderson, who filed D. S. No. 12928 on the 15th day of November, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunderson should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. And you, Wm. W. Fitzsimmons, who filed H. E. No. 13460 on the 20th day of September, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunderson should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register. n16d21.
F. B. Morrill, Atty.

One Thing and Another.

"God Forbid" is the name of an Arizona town.
Secretary Teller finds that the government is badly behind in its debts to the red men.

A white woman is working out a four months' sentence in a Georgia chain gang at Powell's, Greene county, for using profane language.

Lieutenant Fremont, son of the Western explorer once renowned, is about to marry a New York girl and carry her to the wilds of Montana.

It is believed that only two men in America are engaged in the nefarious business of making hand-organs. Their hiding places are carefully concealed from the public.

It is reported that the Cameron influence in Pennsylvania is urging Judge Stephen F. Wilson for United States district judge of Dakota, vice Kidder, recently deceased.

Next year will have six legal holidays—New Years, twenty-second of February, fourth of July, Thanksgiving, Christmas and the general election day—The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The residence President Villard is building in New York is one of the palatial structures being put up by the railroad kings, and it is alleged will cost \$1,000,000 besides the furnishing.

A New York printer has put out the eccentric sign: "Poorest printer in the world. No attention paid to orders. Highest prices in the city. Seventeen small business cards for \$1,000 in gold."

Kankakee has a justice who beats them all in the way of doing up a job of matrimonial splicing with neatness and dispatch. This is his formula: "Have er?" "Yes." "Have in?" "Yes." "Married, \$2."

A man in Denver kissed a woman on the street and she kicked him on the shin. Then she asked him if he had enough, and when he said "no," she put out one of his eyes with her umbrella. Such is life in the wild, wild west.

A Texas debating society debated the question, "When a watermelon vine runs out to another man's land, who owns the melons." The referee decided that the colored man who lived about a mile and a half from the two farms, owned the melons.

In noting the close of the fourth year of his journal a Michigan editor says he has put in four more years of life and labor and has nothing to show for it but the files of his paper; two hundred and six weeks for his board and clothes, and closes by wishing he was a hired girl so he could wear fine linen and go to parties without having to put up for it from his scanty dust.

An experienced man said recently: "There are but few lines of business in which success can be attained without the aid of newspapers. There is nothing so effective in presenting the merits of an article as an attractive advertisement; it reaches many people whose attention cannot be commanded in any other way, and who are influenced by the repeated announcements of the persistent advertiser."

Fine line of fresh confectionery at Odegard & Thompson's.

Form a club and buy your coal in car load lots. It will pay a big interest. Lenham E. & L. Co.

Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros.

Raw and boiled Linsseed Oil at Odegard & Thompson's.

Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros.

School books at Odegard & Thompson's.

Stoneware until you can't rest at Odegard & Thompson's.

Hard and soft coal of best quality. Orders left now will be filled at your own pleasure and at present rates!

A new stock of Ladies' Trimmed hats, at Odegard & Thompson's.

Do not pay old time war prices when you can buy anything you need cheaper at Nelson & Langlie's.

The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains.

Prices that compete with Fargo, Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

Wood, Wood! Wood!!
If you would get good wood for your money, then call on E. D. Stair, at the Courier office. Cord wood delivered in town, or for sale at low figures on the river.

BLACKSMITHING!
The Place for Blacksmithing
AS IT SHOULD BE
—IS AT—
MOORE & SANBURN'S
On Roberts Street, Cooperstown.
HORSESHOING receives special attention and is done in the Best and Most Careful manner.
JOBGING of every description.
A trial solicited.

G. F. NEWELL, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon!
Corner of Lenham Ave. and Tenth St.,
Cooperstown, . . . Dakota.

—HAS A FULL LINE OF—
PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET GOODS
and STATIONERY.
Will examine and prescribe for patients, compound prescriptions and practice surgery generally.

GEO. L. LENHAM, ———— **J. M. BURRELL**

H. G. PICKETT, Cashier.

BANK OF COOPERSTOWN
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Negotiate for Non-Residents First Mortgage Loans
BEARING 10 AND 12 PER CENT!
Interest on City Property and Improved Farms.

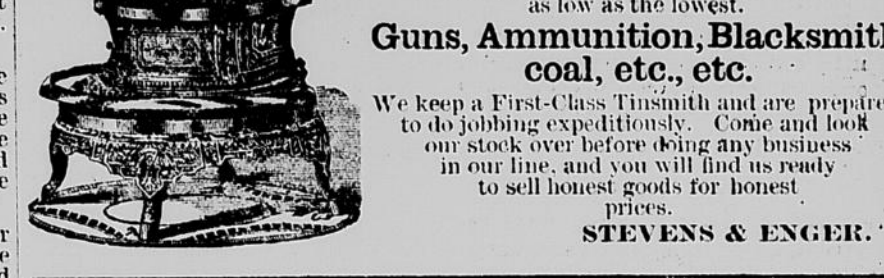
COUNTY AND SCHOOL SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Insurance Written in the best Companies at reasonable rates. A large amount of city property, improved and unimproved farms for sale.
SEND FOR OUR CIRCULAR.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that the cheapest place in seven counties to buy

HARDWARE & STOVES
is at the emporium of
STEVENS & ENGER,
COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,
where can be found a complete Line of
Stoves and Tinware.

Builders' Hardware,
Iron, Nails, Glass Putty.
OUR STOCK OF
HEAVY & SHELF GOODS
is full and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest.

Guns, Ammunition, Blacksmith coal, etc., etc.
We keep a First-Class Tinmith and are prepared to do jobbing expeditiously. Come and look our stock over before doing any business in our line, and you will find us ready to sell honest goods for honest prices.



STEVENS & ENGER.
GEO. L. LENHAM, President. LOUIS S. LENHAM, Treasurer.
N. L. LENHAM, Gen'l Mgr. RUDOLF HERZ, Secretary.

The Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.,
[INCORPORATED.]
CAPITAL \$500,000.00.

Grain Elevators,
LUMBER YARDS,
Farm Machinery!
ETC., ETC.

At all points on the line of the Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain Railroad.

COAL BY THE TON OR CARLOAD.
Prices Lower than can be found elsewhere in North Dakota on all kinds of . . .

LUMBER,
SASH DOORS, MOULDINGS,
BUILDING PAPER,
BUILDING MATERIAL, ETC.

Allow us to Estimate on anything in our line. It will convince you that we will not be Undersold.
MAYNARD CRANE, Manager,
COOPERSTOWN, Dak.

WILLIAM GLASS,
LAND ATTORNEY AND LOAN AGENT

Cooperstown, Griggs Co., D. T.
SPECIAL ATTENTION Given to FINAL PROOFS and CONTEST CASES.
Money to Loan on Final Proof and Real Estate.
Plats and Abstracts of Griggs County on Hand.

Real Estate Bought and sold on Commission.
Taxes paid and Investments Made for Non-Residents.
Choice Farm Lands and City Lots For Sale.

G. A. ROBERTS.
Fargo Roller Mills!
Flour at Wholesale and Retail.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH ALWAYS PROMPTLY ATTENDED
—ON THE USUAL TERMS.—

The Highest CASH PRICE Paid for Wheat.

MY SUMMER.

It was my summer that has fled;
Mine, though with lavish hand,
She scattered blessings without stint
Over sea and land.

For me the mating robin sang;
Mine was the season's bloom;
The broad, bright sunshine was the
guest
That graced my humble room.

I drop a song on summer's grave—
Once I had dropped a tear;
Can such soft rain revive again,
The flowers, though dead, so dear?

Regret is useless for the past;
Better are smiles than tears:
Fresh blessings with the autumn
come,
And hope for future years.

And so I take with thankful heart
What all the seasons bring;
I climb the ladder of the days,
And while I moult I sing.
—Boston Transcript.

THE MALAY PROA.

BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.

During the spring of 1867 the English merchantship *Gazelle*, hailing from Liverpool, and commanded by Capt. William Babson, crossed the China Sea, on her way from the Philippines to Singapore. She was loaded with an assorted cargo of great value, besides carrying a large amount of money, which had been consigned to her care at Manila.

Lying at Manila, with the *Gazelle*, had been the Yankee ship *Minerva*, commanded by Capt. Charles P. Heustis, and it had been planned that the two would sail together, as a measure of safety; for it was known that the China Sea, at that particular time, was infested by the most desperate and dangerous piratical gangs that had ever been known on those waters. But when the time had come for the English ship to sail, the Yankee was not ready, being forced to wait for an owner whose business had called him away to another island. Babson would have waited a day or two; but he could not waste more time, so he sailed alone, bidding adieu to the Philippines on the 27th day of May.

On the evening of the 3d of June, having run very nearly 1200 miles on a south-westerly course, Capt. Babson deemed it prudent to lay his ship to in the morning. During the four-and-twenty hours last past he had met a strong ocean current that had so far perplexed him as to shake his confidence in his reckoning; and, as he knew that he must be very near to the most northerly of the Great Natural Islands, he did not care to rush on in the dark. For two days he had been able to take no observation, and the night before him promised to be unusually dark. So, as the night closed in, he brought his ship to the wind and lay his main topsail aback.

With the dawning of another day Babson found cause of thankfulness for his precaution. During the night a strong current had been setting the ship to the southward and westward, and now, with the breaking of the day, he discovered land not more than five miles distant. The ship was heading due south, and this land was directly on the starboard beam, and it required no consulting of the chart to tell them that it was an island of the Northern group of the Natunas.

Upon going aloft with his telescope, Capt. Babson gained a good view of the island, which he judged to be ten miles long; well wooded, its shore free of rocks, and indented about midway, by a deep bay, the northern headland of which was a high bluff, whereon he discovered something that had the appearance of a beacon. He was on the point of lowering his glass, for the purpose of closing it, when the fancy struck him to take one more look at the summit of the headland. He did so and plainly discovered a human being there, standing close by the beacon. He watched him, and saw that he gesticulated with his arms, as though signaling to some one on the shore of the bay below. Pretty soon a second man appeared at the beacon; and the two were evidently in eager conference. It had now grown to be so light that Babson could distinguish objects very clearly on the island. He could see that these two men were savages—probably Malays, and at that they held conferences with others below them. This upon the promontory. Then the captain turned his glass upon the deep bay, and was able to discover a short stretch of its shore, where, presently, he saw other savages, carrying long spears in their hands, running swiftly towards the point beneath the headland. He counted at least a hundred of these naked Islanders—all Malays—making for a point beyond the reach of his vision; then he descended to the deck, where he gave his glass to one of his most reliable top-men, and sent him aloft to keep watch and report what he saw.

This done, the captain turned to his chief mate—Tom Delaney—and told him what he had discovered.

The situation was not a pleasant one. With the first break of day the light breeze that had held through the night had entirely died away, so that the ship now lay in a dead calm, under the influence of a current that was setting her nearer and nearer to the shore—a shore then not more than four miles distant, where a horde of blood-thirsty pirates were making ready to come down upon them.

As soon as Babson had told his mate what he had seen, the crew were mustered upon the quarter-deck and clearly informed of the probable situation. On board the *Gazelle* were five-and-twenty able men, including the captain, the cook, the supercargo, the mates and the men before the mast. For weapons they had four muskets, 25 large boarding-pistols, and about a score of common ship cutlasses. These were brought out, and while the firearms were being loaded the look-out in the main top reported that a large proa was in sight.

Captain Babson left the work of preparing the weapons of his mate, and sprang aloft. He was an experienced hand in those seas, and knew every sign and signal. Taking the glass from the hand of the topman, he levelled it upon the bay, and saw the proa just rounding the northern headland. It was one of the largest he had ever seen—a Malay war canoe, capable of carrying 200 men. There were two savages in her stern-sheets, 20 at the broad-bladed paddles—ten on each side—and two more in the bows, making 24 in all. These were in plain sight, and so arranged that it should appear as though they were all; but Babson could see that others were lying flat upon the proa's bottom. Wishing, however, to make sure, he swung the glass over his shoulder and sprang up to the cross-tree above, where he took another observation, being here enabled to look down into the bottom of the craft, where he saw the savages packed away like figs in a drum. He made up his mind that there could not be less than 150 of the piratical crew. And with this information he returned to the deck.

William Babson was a brave man, but his heart sank within him in view of the prospect before him. His pistols were the old-fashioned flint-lock weapons; his cutlasses heavy enough, but little better than so many clubs; the four muskets being the only modern arms at hand. He was brave, and his men were brave; but what could they do against such a horde as was now coming upon them? The ship now lay with her starboard side next to the shore, and it was evident that the Malays would strike in that direction. They would lay their proa alongside, cast their grapplings, and then pour in over the rails like so many tigers. And what should keep them away? Aye, and when they had once gained the deck—150 of them—with their knotted war clubs and their gleamings, how long could the crew of the ship stand against them?

One man alone of the ship's crew appeared to be thinking to a definite purpose, and that was the cook—a stout-limbed Congo, black as the ace of spades.

"Ho, ho! Mas'r let 'em come," said the cook, Jo Pansy, by name, exhibiting a double row of teeth that might have shamed a shark. "I say, let 'em come! Git a tar-bucket an' fix the deck, and den set up tacks for 'em."

The plan was quickly understood, and as quickly resolved upon. On board were several boxes—with a hundred packages in a box—of large-headed copper canvas tacks, very much like the common carpet tack, the points sharp as needles, with broad, flat heads. The men caught the idea, and sprang to work with a will. One of the large boxes was broken out, and brought on deck and opened. Two men each with a bucket of tar and a large brush, gave to the starboard side of the deck, from knight-head to taffrail, a carefully laid coat of the intensely viscous stuff, while the rest of the crew—captain and all—worked smartly at setting up the tacks. They were set thickly, the heads planted firmly in the adhesive tar, with the long, needle-like points standing upright.

The work had been accomplished before the proa had come within pistol-shot and the crew were ready for the result. The question had arisen: Suppose the pirates should come up under the port rail? But Babson had no fear of that. They were steering for the side nearest to them, and would not pull further without cause.

As soon as the tacks had been set up—several thousands of them—the men were at leisure to take a look at the enemy, and consider what next should be done.

The proa was one of the largest Babson had ever seen—larger than he had at first thought, and capable of holding more men. When within two or three cables' lengths of the ship its savage crew arose and sat up completely filling the space. As nearly as the Englishman could calculate, without counting, there were a hundred and fifty of them at least, each man armed with a knife and a club. And now a dozen more paddles were added to the proa's motive power. Tom Delaney was a strong man, with a stout heart and steady nerve, but as he raised the telescope to his eye and took a nearer view of those creatures, a shudder crept through his frame which he could not repress. Never before had he seen any thing so murderous—so horribly ugly and frightful.

The question was asked: "Shall we fire upon them?" It was decided in the negative. It was settled that the proa was coming up under the starboard chains, and Babson bade his men reserve their bullets and their energies until they had the enemy in their power. The crew was mustered in the port gangway, each man with a pistol and a cutlass, while handspikes, hatchets and other weapons of like character stood within easy reach.

It was while Delaney had the glass in hand that one of the men near the wheel uttered a cry of satisfaction; and when Captain Babson looked for the cause he was pointed to a distant ripple on the surface of the sea. Aye, a breeze was coming!—oo late to enable him to avoid the proa; but it might help them nevertheless.

As the proa came up to the quarter, and began to round to with half the paddles taken in, Capt. Babson halted, with a loud "Halloo!" he demanded to know who they were, and what they wanted. A terrific yell was the only answer; and in a moment more the proa's bow touched the ship's side, under the mizzen chains, gliding quickly alongside; when grapplings were thrown, and secured after which, with a howling and a yelling utterly frightful, the Malays mounted to the rail. They came up like so many cats, their light bodies and powerful muscles making them powerful climbers—came up by sores, until full a hundred of them were upon the rail, with their long knives held between their teeth.

Despite the strange dressing which had been put upon the ship's deck, her men were terror-stricken at the sight before them. It seemed as though those dreadful knives had gained the ship's rail and nettings, when one who seemed to be their chief—a tall, gaunt savage, with a pyramid of feathers on his head—took his knife in his hand

and sent forth a mighty yell; whereupon the others took their knives in their hands, gave each an answering yell—leaped down upon the deck.

Instinctively the crew of the ship crouched back, and bought up their pistols; but there was no need of striking yet. Each man of that pirate crew, as his feet struck the deck, trod upon at least a dozen of those sharp-pointed tacks. Into the leather like soles of those Malay feet the horrible tacks were driven, and under the first stroke of terrific pain down they went—the whole lot of them—upon their hands and knees, and filled the air with howls of anguish. Worse, and more of it! Into their knees and into the broad palms of their hands went torturing tacks, until the savage horde were literally insane with the exquisite pain.

Babson could not find it in his heart to fire a pistol, nor use a cutlass. The story of the next ten minutes can be imagined much better than we can tell it. Of course, not one of those Malays could hold a knife; for every hand was pierced with the tacks; they could not defend themselves in any way, other than by getting back into their proa as quickly as possible. And this they did, though their torture was dreadful, and though the act of either walking or crawling made the torture more dreadful still, to save life they endured the lesser evil for the time.

It was just as the Malays had thrown their grapplings to the breeze, from the northwest, had struck the ship; and, as the last of the piratical crew were back into their proa, the yards were braced, and the *Gazelle*, with a thrill of pulsating joy, moved safely away from the scene of grotesque horror.

There were times when Capt. Babson was inclined to blame himself for having suffered a hundred blood-thirsty pirates to live those lives which had been once so completely within his power, either to take, or to spare; but two sources of consolation were his: First—He had not the blood of a defenceless fellow creature upon his hands; and, Second—He had caused those hundred wretches to suffer an agony of torture to which death might have been a preferable.

Capt. C. P. Heustis, when he told me the story smilingly added:

"The last time I saw Captain Babson he took from his pocket-book, where he carried it neatly folded, a certificate of non-indebtedness, in due form, from his consignees at Singapore, wherein they acknowledged the receipt of a just and satisfactory equivalent for 12 gross of copper canvas tacks, by him expended, for the use of himself and crew, on ship-board!"

RED-HOT SKETCHING.

The Artistic Work that Can be Done With a Poker.

"In 1845," said an art dealer to a New York Tribune reporter, "there lived in the city of Boston a worthless vagabond named Halden, a man who had seen better days. He was an artist—had wonderful talent, and during his periodical sprees would devote himself assiduously to his peculiar work, though he was never known to do anything while sober. Halden's portraits were the best specimens of his art, and they were marvels of correctness. They were generally burned on a thin board of bird's eye maple with a red-hot poker of the ordinary shape, after which they received two coats of varnish, which was put on to preserve them, and set in deep, heavy frames. He called them 'poker sketches,' and on the back of each was burned this inscription: 'This sketch was burned with a poker—Halden, sculptist.'"

"His likenesses were striking, and the three of them now in existence, although executed from memory, are perfect in every respect. He had seen Webster only once in his life, but the portrait which he burned with his hot poker had been pronounced one of the truest likenesses ever seen of the great statesman. Webster's strong features and dark complexion admirably suited the character of the work, which has a peculiar brown appearance when finished. His picture of Clay is owned by his banker friend, who also once owned the other two, but presented them to some southern friends. One of them, Shakespeare, is in the possession of Francis Fontaine, commissioner of emigration of Georgia. Webster was presented to a humorous writer of the same state, and now hangs in his parlor, an object of admiration to visitors.

"Poker sketches are durable, and will last for centuries. In doing them it is literally a case of 'burn while the iron is hot.' One mistouch of the poker ruins the board; there is no erasure, no wiping out. A board so spoiled, the only remedy is to begin on another and do the whole thing over again.

"It is wonderful to see the variety of shades and colors which may be produced by this burning process. After the application of the varnish it more resembles oil work than anything else, and the deception is so complete that a touch of the finger is required to remove it. The indentures may be plainly felt with the hand. It may seem strange that this art has never developed, but probably there are few people who would care to sit over a fire-pot all day and continually suffer from burned fingers for the sake of art alone."

Women as Physicians.

Speaking of women as physicians, Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes said the other day in an address at Cambridge:

"I, myself, followed a course of lectures given by the younger Madame Lachapelle, in Paris, and if here and there an intrepid woman insists on taking by storm the fortress of medical education, I would have the gate flung open to her as if it were that of the citadel of Orleans and she were Joan of Arc returning from the field of victory. I have often wished that disease could be hunted by its professional antagonists in couples—a doctor and a doctor's quick-witted wife making a joint visit and attacking the patient—I mean the patient's malady, of course—with their united capacities. For I am sure that there is natural clairvoyance in a woman which would make her as much the superior of a man in some particulars of diagnosis as she certainly is in distin-

guishing shades of color. Many a suicide would have been prevented if the doctor's wife had visited the victim the day before it happened. She would have seen in the merchant's face his impending bankruptcy while her stupid husband was prescribing for dyspepsia and indorsing his note; she would recognize the love-lorn maiden by an ill-adjusted ribbon, a line in the features, a droop in the attitude, a tone in the voice, which mean nothing to him.

A BANDIT'S FATAL SHOT.

Johnston Haller, the Courier of the James Boys, Leaves the Gang on Marrying a Rich Beauty, and Kills Her by a Bullet Intended for Her Paramour.

A Denver dispatch of October 25 says: The killing of his wife, Alice Haller, on the night of the 23d, by Johnston Haller, and the wounding of the man Morris, who had won the affections of Alice, has brought to light a story which began in a border romance and has ended in disgrace of two and sorrow to a third. Haller was a member of the Quantrell crowd, and a knight of the road when Jesse and Frank James were locked upon with a sort of mock heroism. He was a fearless devil and in the saddle he was as handsome as Murat. He was in some of the bloodiest engagements that blighted the west. He went with Quantrell when that reckless but daring horseman swooped down upon Lawrence, Ks., and left the blood stains of his best people on the blackened ruins of their homes. He was a trusted courier for the James boys, and when it was unsafe for them to go to their home in Clay County, Mo., Haller volunteered and did the mission.

Allegiance to the James brothers was not alone the cause of these daring missions. He had a sweetheart who lived in Independence, the county seat of Jackson Co., Mo. Her name was Alice Noland. She was pretty and the daughter of a prominent Southern man. She was a rebel, like her lover. She made rebel flags and harbored rebel soldiers and she used to meet Haller on his comings in from the prairies and secreting him in her own home, or somewhere else, she conveyed whatever message he had from the James boys to their old mother near Kearney, Mo. Her horsemanship was as perfect as that of her lover. She was infatuated with the recklessness of border warfare. They were married in 1867, while she was only 16. The ceremony was performed on horseback, each being mounted, by a prominent minister of Kansas City who is still preaching there. Haller loaded his bride with jewels, which, it is supposed, he had stolen in his train exploits. He rode away after the wedding and she returned home. The love he left behind seemed to chill his ardor for adventure. Jesse James told him one night at a camp fire that a man could love a girl and fight, but he couldn't love a wife and do it. He and Frank gave Haller a purse, told him to go to Independence and get his bride and leave the country. He did it, and in 1874 they went to Colorado. In that year his wife met an editor, where it is not known, and she became infatuated with him. He moved away to another town, Bonanza. His wife opened a millinery store in Sagnache. He went to Pueblo. She sold out her place of business, and came to him in Pueblo.

In 1882 he learned she was on intimate terms with Morris, a barber. She went East, and he soon learned that she met Morris there. He followed her and found them there together. She came back with him, promising to have no more to do with Morris, but Morris wrote her a letter in April. After the receipt of this letter she said she did not want to live with him any longer, and shortly after disappeared. He heard they were in Denver and went there. He saw them through a window, and Morris came out while he was there. In a moment of rage he lost his self-control and shot him. After he fired the first shot he determined to kill him, and followed him through the house. His wife came between them and he shot her, which he claims was an accident.

Orange Blossoms and Immortelles. From the St. Louis Republican. Last Wednesday morning at the Church of St. John Nepomuk, on the corner of Eleventh and Seward streets, there was an occurrence of singular and to most people awful solemnity. At 8 o'clock there was a high mass celebrated at which were married a young couple. When the ceremony was nearing its close, the bride and groom, with their attending bridesmaids and groomsmen kneeling on the steps of the altar, and the church crowded with their friends and relatives, the church bell pealed forth, not the merry marriage chime, but the slow and dolorous toll for the dead. To the door of the church there came a hearse, and into the aisle, down which the newly wedded ones were compelled to pass, there was brought the long bier with all its sombre display. When they had received the blessing of the priest the bride and groom turned, and in moving to the door of the church, had to separate and pass, one on either side of death's pedestal. In the choir the organ trembled with the joyous strains of the wedding march; in the belfry the iron throats belched forth the monody of death; at the door in the place of the coach which was to convey those who had just been made one to the festive joys of a wedding breakfast, there stood the vehicle which conveys all that is left of man after dissolution to the dark and narrow house.

Begging of the President.

In a compartment of a large walnut bookcase at the White House, a number of large brown envelopes are piled, marked "eccentric." Their contents are, in the main, begging letters from all parts of the United States, addressed

to the president for aid in carrying out private enterprises. One is from a lady who signs herself a music teacher, who asks the president to purchase her a piano, in order that she may give music lessons to support herself. Another, from a veteran of the late war, calls attention to the fact that his pension has been delayed too long to suit him, and prompt action is urged in the matter. All sorts of schemes are proposed for the distribution of the president's salary, but thus far he has declined to pay any attention to the letters. A persistent crank sends a weekly communication in relation to a patent for perpetual motion, with the suggestion that a few thousand dollars are alone needed to insure its success, but the brief "eccentric" on the package is the only consideration that it obtains. Nearly all of these letters are received and opened by the president, who refers them to his secretary.

Passing Events.

A Canadian geologist who has just returned to Winnipeg from a four month's exploring tour in the Valley of the Saskatchewan and other parts of the British Northwest Territories, claims to have discovered proofs of the existence of inexhaustible coal fields, varying from lignite on the plains to bituminous near the mountains and anthracite in the Rockies themselves.

Next to the fur trade, fishing is Alaska's most important industry, both in regard to the amount of capital invested and the number of persons employed. At certain seasons of the year the Alaskan waters fairly swarm with fish, and so ravenous are these that they will readily bite a naked hook. The supply is practically inexhaustible, and fine large fish are bought by the canneries from the Indians at \$2.50 per 100. The salmon are not as large as those of the Columbia river, but the great difference in price much more than makes up the difference in size.

A scheme for the establishment of an observatory on the British coast for the study of marine animals and plants in relation to fish and fisheries is proposed by Sir John Lubbock and other scientists. It is thought that the profits arising from the Fisheries exhibition in London could furnish the £20,000 required for the enterprise. The utility of such institutions has been recognized by the Italian, French and Austrian governments, who have established them on their coasts.

A writer in Lippincott's says, with emphasis: "The economy of French cooking is something to open American eyes. Not a drop of the water in which vegetables are boiled ever drains away wasted, but with a dash of milk and a little pork fat or butter is made a good soup-vehicle by means of which to consume dry bread." When our cooking schools teach this art of economy in utilization of material, they will even be even more useful than at present.

A recent wedding in Michigan caused great excitement. The names of the parties were Hantz, and the bridegroom was nineteen years old, and the bride a widow, fair, fat, and forty." It appears that the young man was keeping company with his cousin, a blooming girl, and that she was all ready to get married, when they had a "flare up," and for spite the boy caught on to the widow, who is his aunt by marriage, and wedded her. The parting words of the married bride to the disappointed girl were: "Never mind, you are young and will have lots of fellows."—A necedotes of Widows.

The newest story from the mines in New Mexico is from Socorro, where they tell of a miner whose Bible fell over a precipice while he was dozing. He descended into the canon to recover the book, and found it lying open on a piece of rich quartz that had been dislodged by the fall. His eye fell on the seventh chapter of St. Matthew. The miner read, "Ask, and you shall find." He searched and speedily found a lodge over two feet in width that assayed so the story goes—\$225 a ton. The story tells also that that part of the country has since been overrun by prospectors with Bibles in their hands.

Last year 46,000 persons were arrested in Paris, and only 6,000 women were included in this sum total. The list of professions and occupations is very miscellaneous. Among the arrested were 3,000 locksmiths, and the police had to take charge of 650 cabmen. The night men form a heavy item in this bill, 1,100 of them having been under arrest in 1882. The figure 20 speaks well for the general good conduct of the various officials employed in the postoffice. In the higher walks of life 52 stockbrokers and 24 men of letters, (this term including journalists) are noted as having been in trouble. In the total number of prisoners charged with crime or misdemeanour there were 3,291 foreigners. To this figure Belgium contributed 959, Italy 750; Germany 379, Switzerland 375, England 126. The contingent from the little state of Luxemburg reached the high figure of 275.

The bird population of Wisconsin is estimated at sixty-six per square mile or 3,595,000 for the state. Each bird is assumed to eat fifty insects a day, or 6,000 for the summer. Hence all the birds will consume 21,384,000,000 insects a year. Add to this amount the work which these birds do in their southern homes and we have a low estimate of the influence they exert over insect life. Multiply these figures by forty-eight, for the states and territories, and we arrive at the conclusion not only that our bird population is pretty large, but also that, without it, our bug population would soon be so large that it would eat us up.

The late Miss Ellen O'Brien, of Boston, left bequests amounting to \$6,500 to charitable and religious organizations of that city.

One day last week a woman but twenty-five years of age was married for the fifth time in Sacramento.

N. W. CAMPBELL.
Attorney at Law.

FRED A. SABIN.
U. S. Surveyor.

F. C. HOLMES.
Attorney at Law.

HOMESTEADS!

CAMPBELL, SABIN & CO., LAW & LAND ATTORNEYS,

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PRACTICE In any and all courts in Dakota, and before the land department at Washington.

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CONTEST claims before District Land Offices and the courts of last resort, and transact a General Land Office Business.

KEENEY BLOCK,
FARGO.

Palace Hotel and Newell Block,
COOPERSTOWN.

TREE CLAIMS!

The Way it's Done in Dakota.

The man who interviews passengers for the Chicago Herald, struck a fellow the other day who said:

"I have just come back from Dakota, and you ought to see the boom up there. Corner lots \$2,000 apiece, where six weeks ago there was a bare prairie. When on my way out the conductor showed me where a new town was to be started; the workman were just then putting in a switch-track. Well, in two weeks I came back; there was a station there, three saloons, four stores, a lumberyard, a hotel and two or three dwellings."

"Do they have any newspapers up there?"
"Newspapers? Well I should say so. I struck one place they called a town. There was just three buildings in the place, and in one of them, a little thing about 8x10 feet, a newspaper was printed. The editor, proprietor, foreman, compositor, pressman, 'devil,' and reporter was a young man named Raymond, I think, who had been a compositor on the Chicago Tribune for two or three years. He told me he was Justice of the Peace, had his board paid up and money in his pocket, and never felt so good in his life before."

Inquiring employer; "Are the young man's habits regular?" "Well, yes; he gets drunk about every night."

Every man has three characters—that which he exhibits, that which he has, and that which he thinks he has.

A Georgia woman was baptised at the age of 108 years. It is always best to attend to such matters as early in life as possible.

The great rush at Nelson & Langlies is occasioned by the largest stock of general merchandise ever brought to Cooperstown, and the low prices placed thereon.

Important Notice.

All those indebted to us by book account or otherwise are hereby notified to call at once and settle. Don't hang back, for we mean business, and the lawyers must live.

ODEGARD & THOMPSON.
October 12th, 1883.

The Rushford.

There is no better made wagon than the RUSHFORD.
The Lenham E. & L. Co. handle the RUSHFORD.

You can save 20 per cent. by paying cash for the RUSHFORD.

You can not buy a better wagon; you are "liable" to get an inferior one.
Call at the Lumber Yard and examine the RUSHFORD.

J. S. BRONSON,

JEWELER,
SANBORN, - D. T.,

Wishes to say to the Citizens of Cooperstown and vicinity, that he is receiving a very large and nicely assorted stock of goods for the Holiday trade, consisting of staple and

FANCY GOODS!

Christmas and New Year Cards in great variety, and all novelties usually found in a News Office, Book and Jewelry Store. This stock is altogether too numerous to mention.

Call and see for yourselves. Opposite the depot, Sanborn, D. T. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. n16d21.

THEO. F. KERR, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon!
Cooperstown, Dakota.
Office in Newell's Drug Store.

BYRON ANDRUS,

Law and Real Estate,
COOPERSTOWN, - DAKOTA.

Special attention given to business before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo. Farm Lands and Town Lots bought and sold on commission.

COOPERSTOWN LOTS!

For sale at first hands.

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Attorney

—AND—
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COOPERSTOWN, - - DAK.

JOHN N. JORGENSEN,

Clerk of District Court.

Land Attorney,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

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Money Invested and Taxes paid for Non-Residents.

Money to Loan on Real Estate on Reasonable Terms.

Correct Abstracts of Griggs County Always on Hand!

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Official Surgeon for N. P. R. R. Co. Office over Barnes Co. Bank, SANBORN, D. T.

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Cash Assets.

ETNA, of Hartford.....\$9 054 611 00

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field, Mass. 2 395 288 00

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Policies promptly written on Business, Residence, Farm and other property.

At Sanborn by C. A. VANWORMER,

office in Barnes County Bank Building-

At Cooperstown by H. G. PICKETT,

office in Bank of Cooperstown.

Your Insurance business is respectfully solicited.

IVER JACOBSON, OLE SEBUMGARD,

Attorney at Law. Notary Public.

Jacobson & Serumgard,

COOPERSTOWN, - DAK.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE.

Money to Loan.

Final Proof a Specialty.

MISS THIRZA GIMBLETT,

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Work done at residence of patrons or taken home. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply at Mr. Adams', Burrell Ave., COOPERSTOWN, - D. T.

MUIR & CHRISTIE,

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS,

COOPERSTOWN, - D. T.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished on application. A call solicited.

J. W. SHANNON,

—DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—

Furniture

—AND—

UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.

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Agent for the New Howe and New Home Sewing Machines.

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RAILWAY,

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Albert Lea Route.

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FROM ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

TO CHICAGO

Without Change, connecting with the Fast Trains of all lines for the

EAST AND SOUTHEAST!

The Direct and only Line running through cars between MINNEAPOLIS and

DES MOINES, IOWA,

Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS!

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS

and the Principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in the Union Depot for all points South and Southwest!

MANY HOURS SAVED!

and the Only Line running Two Trains Daily to Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railways.

Close Connections made in Union Depot with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific; St. Paul & Duluth Railways, from and to all points North and Northwest.

REMEMBER!

The Trains of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway are composed of Comfortable Day Coaches, MAGNIFICENT PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, and our Justly CELEBRATED

Palace Dining Cars!

150 Lbs. of Baggage Checked Free. FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST! For Time Tables, Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest Ticket Agent or write to

S. F. BOYD,

Gen'l Tkt. & Pass Agt., Minneapolis, Minn.

WHIDDEN BROS.

Will still be the firm name, but owing to the death of our junior partner a change becomes necessary, and all those indebted to us are earnestly requested to PAY UP within the next 30 DAYS. The balance of our

HEAVY STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices, some lines being marked away down below cost and others 10 and 25 PER CENT. OFF.

BOOTS & SHOES

Will be close out regardless of cost. Big discount on

Ready - Made Clothing,

Duck Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc. Don't forget that we can sell you

FURNITURE

Cheaper than anywhere in Dakota. Now is the time to get a premium on your Wheat Checks, Government Bank Sight Drafts and Gold.

Give us a call and be convinced that what we say we mean, and can back it up in a substantial manner.

WHIDDEN BROS.

Dakota Doings.

Mapleton reports a 6,000 fire.

Huron has a free reading room.

Fargo has celebrated her railroad victory.

The mob at Devil's Lake that killed the Wards is in jail at Grand Forks.

The Standing Rock Sioux killed 4,000 buffalo on their recent hunting expedition.

Gov. Ordway airs his views on the new Dakota constitution, and dubs it an absurdity.

A fine flow of water has been struck at a depth of 230 feet, on the Fair View farm, ten miles from Wahpeton.

Dakota scooped in the gold medal at the Cincinnati Exposition for the finest display of agricultural products

The grand jury at Grand Forks, Dak., is at work on the evidence in the killing of the Ward brothers, near Devil's Lake.

J. H. Thornton, a dude, formerly of Jamestown, is in jail in Ohio, because he forged drafts on the Bank of Carrington.

The calender of the district court now in session at Grand Forks contains 100 cases, a large number of which must go over until the next term.

Four cars of silver bullion lately shipped over the Northern Pacific from Montana were said to contain \$10,000,000 in value of the precious metal.

It is said that the wheat raised in Dakota this year will sell for more money than all the gold and silver dug from the mines in Colorado for the year.

There is some strife in Fargo as to the location of the Fargo Southern depot in that city, and the outcome will be watched with great interest by many.

Game is plenty north of Bismarck. T. C. Causey shipped into Bismarck last week, two thousand pounds of mountain sheep, black and white tailed deer and antelope, from that region.

Ten counties in Tennessee have no newspapers. Dakota may not be as "old and reliable" as Tennessee, but it hasn't a single organized county but that supports one or more live papers.

Pierre Free Press: In Dakota as in no other place woman exercises the same rights as man. In Pierre we have a lady lawyer, a lady physician (both unmarried, but eligible) and every female in town over twenty-one years old has a claim or a title to one hundred and sixty acres of land. But not only that but a large number of Pierre ladies are the wives of "henpecked" husbands so that we are justified in saying that in no other place like Dakota is woman monarch of all she surveys.

J. T ODEGARD.

KNUD THOMPSON.

PIONEER STORE.

You will here find the largest and most complete stock of Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes Crockery & Glassware, Groceries & Provisions, etc., etc., in Cooperstown, also the finest stock of ready-made Clothing in North Dakota, and at prices that can't be beat in the World.

Remember we buy anything and sell everything except Soft Soap

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