

Cooperstown Courier.

VOL. 1. NO. 44.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1883.

\$2 PER ANNUM

THE COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
By Ed. D. STAIR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy, one year, \$2.00
" " six months, " 1.00
Cash invariably in Advance.

Official Paper of Griggs County

LOCAL LACONICS.

—Col. Fitch, of the Palace, paid James-ton a flying visit Tuesday.

—A large stock of Blacksmith coal just received at the lumber yard.

—The ground is covered with fleecy whiteness this morning, for the first time this season.

—You can save money by calling at Whidden Bros. and leaving your order for your winter supplies.

—W. A. Burns, a genial commercial boy of St. Paul, spent a couple days of the present week in the Hub.

—No. 1 Hard was bringing 78 cents here yesterday while 77 cents was the price at Fargo, Hope and Sanborn.

—A few suits Gents' Clothing, jean and duck pants, "Monitors," etc., etc., will be closed out low at Whidden Bros.

—Mrs. J. B. Whidden and her little son have gone to Chicago to spend the winter with a sister living there. Mrs. Lever accompanied them.

—The soft sunshine and sapphire sky of the past week is convincing proof that there is no limit to the sublimate attainments of Dakota weather.

—Chas. Dazey, of Dazeytown, is writing a drama to be produced by the Valley City amateurs. The title is striking, namely, "The American King."

—Dell. Wing departed on Tuesday for the paternal roof at Old Town, Maine, and Geo. Whidden returned to his military duties at Fort Custer, on Monday.

—Herman Husel, one of Griggs county's most respected and industrious young farmers, departed for an all-winter visit to the old home at St. Clair, Mich., Wednesday.

—Geo. McCormick has been having a serious time with his wounded knee, he having taken cold before it was properly dressed. He is now gaining rapidly under the care of Dr. Newell.

—Mr. C. C. Phillippe took his departure on Wednesday for the states where reside Hoosiers and Suckers. "When the birds begin to sing, their early songs of spring," etc., he will return.

—Friday evening of next week the ladies propose to inaugurate, at School Hall, a series of socials that will renew our existence as a harmonious community. Let all appear in garb of good feeling.

—The tax lists are at last in Treasurer Enger's possession and all can now cash up for their little assessment. Money is already flowing into the county exchequer at a lively rate, and county orders must soon take a boom.

—Attorney N. W. Campbell, of Campbell & Sabin, came up from Fargo Wednesday evening to help his partner through with a batch of proofs. As will be seen by a dissolution notice, F. C. Holmes is no longer connected with the firm.

—Wood cut from good live trees can be bought cheap of E. D. Stair, at Courier office.

—County commissioner-elect Ole Halverson was in the city Wednesday and received his certificate of election. Not until January 1st will he qualify and assume his share of the responsibility and abuse connected with the county's management.

—With wisdom walls the Jamestown Capital: It would be too bad to discover gold in the fertile soil of North Dakota. It might induce some people to give up the magnificent profits of agriculture for the delusive and uncertain search after the yellow god.

—S. McKenzie, one of the first carpenters to drive a nail in Cooperstown, but now a prosperous granger of Steele county, was in the city Wednesday. Harry Lyons, another one of the town's original saw shovers, has gone to his old home at St. Mary's, Ont., to winter and visit.

—Ester Johnson, a farmer of 157-58 was in Cooperstown Tuesday circulating a subscription paper in his own behalf. He had lost all his grain and hay by prairie fire, proper precaution against the same not having been taken. Of course our citizens all came down liberally with the needful lucre.

—See Whidden Bros.' new ad. They offer a premium on all current funds by selling goods lower than ever.

—We haven't space this week to give full particulars regarding the way a young lady of this place, who is a regular prayer meeting attendant, became mesmerized by a gentleman attendant whom she had been endeavoring to exercise her mesmeric power upon. Those who saw the operation so neatly transposed, much to the lady mesmerist's discomposure, report a ludicrous scene. Watch next week's Courier.

—Cooperstown is not to escape the bane of the Northern Pacific retrenchment, as a new order painfully indicates. On and after Dec. 1st one train is to do service for both the Carrington and Cooperstown branches, which will give us a train on Mondays and Fridays only for the winter months. This would seem a gross injustice to a populous county, but what can we do but abide by the "powers that be?"

—The Marysville (Cal.) Appeal tells of a girl who supports herself by selling kisses at 10 cents a dozen. If this young lady is desirous of striking a bonanza that signifies something more than a mere living, let her purchase a ticket for Cooperstown, the Hub of Griggs, forthwith. An apple-pie-mouthed young gent at our elbow says he can consume one dozen a day, and there are plenty more like him here.

—Clipping an item from these columns regarding Louie A. Walker's forthcoming appearance in this place the Fargo Republican adds: "Mrs. Walker is one of Fargo's brightest dramatic stars and that is saying a great deal. She is one of the finest elocutionists that has ever visited the Northwest, and the citizens of Cooperstown and Sanborn are insured an evening of rare pleasure, should she appear in one of her elocutionary entertainments before them."

—Matters present a decidedly lively appearance in the Lenham E. & L. Co's yard down at the "West End" of the city now-a-days. Manager Crane reports the elevator as chuck full of grain, notwithstanding shipments are made as fast as cars can be procured, and lumber sales are very brisk. They have paid out as high as \$1,450 a day for wheat the past week, which is exclusive of the grain stored, and nearly every dollar of this money is set afloat in Cooperstown.

—That strip of territory which has set up shop as Steele county, just east of this place will have to pay double taxes this year to longer keep up the farce of county organization. The portion they claim to have taken from Griggs county must pay taxes here, and the portion sliced from Traill is assessed as heretofore. Griggs county's claim to taxes from those townships "set off" for Steele are being recognized by the largest tax payers over there, Mr. Pickert among them.

—22 barrels eating and cooking apples for sale low at Whidden Bros.

—A farmer living on the east side of the Sheyenne took a load of wheat to Hope last Saturday, but was convinced the buyer there did not offer him a fair price, and so on Monday he crossed the frozen river and sold the same wheat for 21 cents per bushel more in Cooperstown than he was offered in Hope. We have heard of similar occurrences not infrequently, and judging from the number of farmers seen on our streets from the east side there must be some truth in the assertion that we have a superior wheat market.

—A special train bearing Vice-Pres. Oakes, General Freight Agent Hannaford, Ass't Manager Odell, Supt. Graham, Master Mechanic Ames and Traffic Manager Muir, all of the Northern Pacific, and General Manager Roberts of the S. C. & T. M., pulled into Cooperstown Saturday forenoon. These high-up officials were decidedly surprised to find so substantial a town and such magnificent and well improved land adjoining it. It is thought the object of their visit was an examination of the road, preparatory to operating it in connection with the Northern Pacific.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Temperance Union held at the school building last Sunday evening was well attended and yielded more than ordinary interest. The recitations were well selected and given with enthusiasm. The music was appreciated. At the close of the exercises a pledge was circulated which was signed by fifty-five persons. The season of absorbing work has passed and the board of managers of the Union promise a series of temperance meetings and socials which will be of much profit and interest to our young men during the coming winter. Let each one put his hand to the work and push the cause on a little.

—Fresh oysters in bulk and cans by express every week at Whidden Bros.

—The record of a day's threshing mentioned by the Courier a couple weeks ago is knocked out of time by the Hope Pioneer, which says: "Messrs. Douglass, Galt & Tomlinson, with their J. I. Case Agitator, threshed 2,750 bushels of oats on the 1st inst. They had on several occasions previous to that time threshed from 2,200 to 2,300 bushels in a day's time. Who beats this record?"

—Some twelve or fifteen couple of our fun loving people hid themselves over to the Park Avenue Hotel, at Mardell, last evening and chased the fleeting hours to strains of enchanting Terpsichorean music, with which they were provided. Landlord Robinson had received due warning of the intended invasion, and the reception the merry makers received is said to have been as good for the stomach as the soul.

Thanksgiving Service.

There will be a Thanksgiving service at the school building on Sunday evening at 7:00 p. m. The following programme will ensure an enjoyable evening for all classes. Messrs. Enger and Melgard have kindly consented to assist in the service with their cornets and will lend additional interest to the service of song:

1. Cornet duet—"What are the Wild Waves Saying," Messrs. Enger and Melgard.
2. Chorus—"Give Thanks unto the Lord."
3. Scripture reading by the children.
4. Chorus.
5. Recitation by Ella Brown.
6. Cornet duet—Messrs. Enger and Melgard.
7. Reading—"Thanksgiving Without Papa," Mrs. H. G. Pickett.
8. Duet—Vocal, Mr. and Mrs. Clough.
9. Recitation—"The First Thanksgiving."
10. Solo—Mrs. Clough.
11. Reading.
12. Cornet duet—"Nearer My God to Thee," Messrs. Enger and Melgard.
13. Short address.
14. Quartette.
15. Recitation—"Thanksgiving," Mrs. W. R. Whidden.
16. Cornet solo—"With the Angels, By and By," Messrs. Enger & Melgard.

Not so Slow, After all.

Fargo Daily Republican: "Ed. Stair, publisher of the Cooperstown Courier, says: 'The publisher, after rusticating in Fargo, Cass county, a few days, was glad to get back to the central city, Tuesday evening.' Ed. probably can't stand the hustle and jostle of the busy metropolis. Quietude and unmoistation are more congenial to his unexcitable nature."

Wonder if that's so? "Quietude and unmoistation" are good words, but Cooperstown is the last place a person would knowingly go to realize their practical sense. If the Republican scribe was up here about eleven minutes his conclusions would undoubtedly be that Cooperstown is an immense wheel of progress that makes no less than sixty revolutions a minute. Fargo is a great and flourishing place, but there are some particulars in which it should not presume to compare with this Hub of a rich county and vast region.

To the Public.

The secretary of the church society reports that the pastor's salary is running behind. We would call the attention of all whose duty it is, also of anyone feeling interested in the matter to this important fact, and ask that such of those that have not already done so, will see that their spare change is contributed at once. Those wishing envelopes by which to contribute regularly each Sunday can procure them at any time by applying to the secretary, Mrs. J. N. Brown; but it may not be amiss to suggest that unless they are used after taking they are quite useless, as some holding them have failed to respond as yet. This matter should engage the attention of every citizen and dweller of our entire community. As there is no one who does not feel the influence and reap the benefit of our church society, directly or indirectly, hence it is to the advantage and interest of each individual to aid in supporting it. It is a fact fully demonstrated long ago that a minister's family cannot subsist on thin air or good intentions any more than other mortals. It is not to be inferred that there has been nothing done; some have responded liberally, but a few, be they ever so liberal, cannot accomplish what many might do—by each one simply doing a little. If each one who can only do a little would reflect that were it not for the small things of this world there would be none, for the earth itself is composed of particles; that each grain of sand helps make the mountain; each drop of water the sea. We think this question would be quickly and easily disposed of. Shall it not be so considered? Doubtless all that is needed in the case of those to be heard from is to direct their attention to this need. A ready response is confidently expected, which will assuredly be the case if it made a matter of conscience, and God's gifts are acknowledged and gratitude expressed in a tangible form.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

He'll Do His Part.

Noticing General Freight Agent Hannaford among last Saturday's visitors at the Hub, a Courierite seized the opportunity to quiz him as regards the probable freight tariff that will be established for Cooperstown when the S. C. & T. M. Ry. traffic comes under his control. The conversation ran thusly:

"Mr. Hannaford, our business men and the people generally are looking forward with no meagre degree of anticipation to the rate that you will establish upon merchandise and movables bound for Cooperstown. We consider it in your power to aid us greatly in our continued prosperity."

"Well, sir, I shall surely favor your little city as much as consistent, and the freight tariff will be liberal."

"You understand, Mr. Hannaford, that our leading competing point is a Manitoba town, and that their freight rates are said to be some lower than those of neighboring N. P. towns?"

"Yes, I am aware of it, but if your place doesn't scoop Hope in a commercial way it will be the fault of your business men, for I shall do my part."

We then assured the genial general manipulator of freight traffic that he could rest assured that Cooperstown has dealers who can, with equal freight advantages, knock the enthusiasm out of all towns claiming to compete with them, as they are cash purchasers and buy in carload lots. Any favorable discrimination Mr. Hannaford may make for the terminal town will be substantially appreciated, for we have the men who will grasp such opportunities and make them redound to the interests of both town and railway.

Coming to Run Dakota.

"Yes, we're going to Dakota," said one of the party of eight lively young men on board a Lake Shore train near Toledo. "We're going out to Dakota to run it."

"To run it?" I queried.

"Yes, we mean to run the state, when it becomes a state. Jim over there's to be Governor, Henry'll be State Treasurer, John will be the Congressman, and I guess a United States Senatorship will be good enough for me." Then the whole party laughed and another spoke up.

"It isn't as bad as that, stranger. But we have a scheme. We're going out to settle in two or three adjacent counties. After we get started we're going to bring a lot more of our friends out. Some of us are lawyers, some doctors, one a newspaper man, two merchants, and you can bet we are all politicians. We'll go into some of those new counties, and when the state's organized perhaps we'll be strong enough to capture something pretty good. You know it doesn't take a very large crowd of fellows that pull well together to make quite a stir in a little state like that. And we're all from Ohio, too. But keep it quiet, stranger, because the darned newspapers might get hold of it."—Mentor, in Chicago Herald.

We are willing to wager our last month's board bill against a gross of monkey smiles that within one week from the time the above party touches Dakota soil every mother's son of them will have "drawn on dad" by telegraph for money to get back home with. It is just such vain-glorious young numskulls, and no other class, that are disappointed with the West. Self-important people who come to Dakota with glittering mind panoramas of the style in which they will conduct public affairs take a tumble to themselves the first day here and are compelled to credit themselves as fair fools in their estimate of a western town's make-up. It is amusing to see the dejected look of chagrin upon the countenances of the self-exulting young men after their initial day's contact with Dakota brain and brawn. Their estimation of self lowers about 90 per cent and they look as though they would gladly sell out their future official prospects for a cent each. Their bright visions of governorship, congressional duties, senatorial honors, financial responsibilities, etc., are suddenly and woefully knocked higher than Gilderoy's kite. But it is simply their own fault that these bright desiderata are not realized.

The class of young and middle-aged men who come to Dakota with resolutions of labor and perseverance are the ones who carry off the honor-coated plums of public trust and gain the desired financial competence. A man who comes to awe the natives with his preponderance of wisdom is astonished to find how little he really knows when he rubs against a Dakota intellect and it is not to be wondered that his foolish heart sickens within him. The young man with an ambition to "run things" had better stay where he can have the fostering care of his parents, but the young fellow that wants to work and win will find vast opportunities and rich returning conquests to conquer in Dakota. Would-be governors, congressmen and senators need not apply.

Worthy Publications.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE
For December contains the last chapter of Mr. William H. Thome's "Belle of Australia." Of course all ends well. The young husband gets his young bride and the old folks bless them, and the wicked earl turns out to be a trump and a pretty good fellow, even if he does run after the women a little more than is proper for a nobleman. In the January number of Ballou Mr. Thome will begin a new yarn, called "On Land and Sea, or California in the Years 1843, '44 and '45," when the author will give his experience when he was on the coast, collecting hides, before the gold discoveries. It will be a lively narrative to read, we have no doubt. Ballou is always fresh and pleasant, and the December number will be found wonderfully good and entertaining. It is only \$1.50 per annum, or 15 cents a single copy. Just send 10 cents for a sample copy and see what a nice magazine it really is. Do this and secure some valuable winter's reading at a small price. For sale everywhere. Published by Thomas & Talbot 23 Hawley St., Boston.

NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY.

The American Newspaper Annual for 1883 is, beyond doubt, one of the best Newspaper Annuals ever issued. The labor incident to the compilation of an annual of this complete nature is simply enormous, and it should meet with substantial encouragement from all the business men of the country to whom its results are absolutely invaluable. N. W. Ayer & Son's, Philadelphia, are the publishers, and they acquitted themselves nobly in the work.

It will do you good to call at Odgaard & Thompson's if you want flour or provisions. We will give you good bargains.

—A car load of furniture just received by Odgaard & Thompson.

—A few suits Buckskin Underwear selling at cost at Whidden Bros.

—Another car load Flour just received at Whidden Bros. You can save money buying of them rather than hauling your wheat to the mill.

—Whidden Bros. have never before urged their customers for a dollar, but any thinking man can understand that owing to the sudden change—the death of one partner—it's necessary to wind up the present business. Don't forget to pay.

—We will not be undersold in North Dakota. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

—A few Grain Sacks still on hand at Whidden Bros. will be sold for cost.

—Have you got a yoke of oxen, sheep, hogs, etc.? We will always give you goods for them. Odgaard & Thompson.

—A car load of Flour just received at Nelson & Langlie's.

—Odgaard & Thompson will sell you good calico for 5c per yard; full width sheeting 8c; and dry goods cheaper than ever.

—New goods by every train for Whidden Bros.

—Old newspapers for sale at the Courier office.

—Wm. Glass loans money for final proof and on real estate. 38tf.

—Brown Bros. & Co., San Francisco, manufacturer the "Monitor." For sale only at Whidden Bros.

—Fresh Groceries received this week at Whidden Bros.

—A car load of Pork just received at Odgaard & Thompson's.

—Ladies' and gents' knit underwear and outside wraps at big bargains at Odgaard & Thompson's.

—Paints and Oils of all kinds at Odgaard & Thompson's.

—We are receiving lumber of every description daily. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

—It will surprise the smoking community to smoke that "University" at Odgaard & Thompson's.

—Drop in at the Pioneer Store and try some of those California pears, just received.

—If you want one, ten or fifty cords of good wood get prices of E. D. Stair.

The great rush at Nelson & Langlie's is occasioned by the largest stock of general merchandise ever brought to Cooperstown, and the low prices placed thereon.

Important Notice.

All those indebted to us by book account or otherwise are hereby notified to call at once and settle. Don't hang back for we mean business, and the lawyers must live.

ODEGARD & THOMPSON,
October 12th, 1883.

—Don't purchase your Underwear until you have examined the immense stock at Nelson & Langlie's.

A Billiard and Pool Table
Combined, for sale at a bargain by
R. C. COOPER.

JULIUS STEVENS,
Money Loaned on Chattel Security

AT LOW RATES.
Office in the Hardware Store.

Estray Notice.
Notice is hereby given that there came onto my enclosure on the 8th of sec. 30, Twp. 145, range 58, two head of working cattle. The owner can obtain the same by calling on sec. 22-145-58, paying property and paying expenses.
BETRIEL HERIGSTAD.

OLD MEMORIES.

"And you'll manage it if you possibly can?"

"Yes, of course; now do go, dear, I've been here quite long enough."

"Nonsense! Come here, Madge; I want you particularly."

"Oh, don't, Rex!"—the last exclamation having rather a smothered sound.

"Alice, do shut that door; these people seem to think that every one must be as impervious to draughts as they are." And as her younger niece rose to obey Miss Owen said, sharply, "And why on earth does she call him 'Rex' instead of his own name?"

"Some love-nonsense, I suppose," said Alice, with a yawn; "they are silly enough for anything."

And she went back to her book, while her aunt went on with her knitting, and thought of Alice's words.

"Some love nonsense." Ah! she could remember the time when she had stood by that very hall-door where Madge and her lover were now quite as happy, quite as thoughtless and quite as contented.

What a long time it used to take Harry to say good night, and how she used to watch until he was quite out of sight under the dark trees of the avenue! It was all pure happiness until Rosamond came. Somehow, things never seemed the same afterward. Harry used to wait longer and longer to hear some favorite piece of music—and Rosamond played so beautifully—so the good night talk grew shorter every day; yet how could one grumble when Harry enjoyed good music so much?

Rosamond was very pretty—every one could see that; so it was no wonder that Harry should admire her fair complexion and lovely hair and eyes, only it was rather dreadful to feel how plain and unattractive one must look beside her, she seemed able to do everything, too; and every one praised her unaffected manner.

I remember the knitting was dropped here, and the face above it grew hard;—I remember Harry telling me he wished I could try to imitate her more, and making myself more generally liked. I suppose I must have made some answer, but I don't remember it. I can only remember a blind, helpless feeling of misery and wounded pride and love.

I could not have changed so much in a few days and Harry had always till now declared that I was the dearest and best of all to him, and he wondered every one didn't fall in love with me. I knew that was nonsense, but what was this?

I went away soon after, and cried as though my heart would break, and I remember saying, over, and over, "Oh, not Harry—not Harry!" It seemed as if I could give up everything else if I might keep his love.

I was dull and stupid that evening; and though he kissed me when he said good-night, it did not comfort me much, seeing that it was accompanied by "I wish dear, you wouldn't make yourself miserable about nothing, and would try to take advice instead of sulking over it."

They were hard words, I thought, but I tried to do as he said, though every day I felt more and more sure that the love which had been mine was given to Rosamond, and at last our engagement was broken off.

It is curious that the remembrance of that day should make me shiver now after so many years; but I suffered very keenly.

Rosamond went away, and soon after we heard that she and Harry were engaged.

I remember hearing that people did not think I could have cared for Harry very much. I took everything so quietly. I was glad they thought so. Why should they have any idea of the bitter heartache I seemed always now to feel? It was a little comfort that they should blame me instead of Harry.

Then, one day, a letter came, telling of Rosamond's happy marriage to a man many years older than herself, but very rich.

There was no word of Harry; and I think I grieved more for him than I had ever done for myself. I loved him still—how dearly no one guessed—and I tormented myself day by day with thoughts of him and his disappointment.

I am so thankful that I saw him again! My mother came to me one morning to tell me a woman was waiting to see me who would give no name or any message, but begged I would come to her directly.

I ran down, for something seemed to tell me the message concerned the one I loved so well, and I knew it was at the moment I saw Mrs. Lewis, Harry's old nurse and housekeeper.

She came to me and taking both my hands, she said:

"Miss Ruth, I am come to give you fresh pain. I do not know how to soften my message. Perhaps the shortest way is the best. Master Harry is dying Miss Ruth, and he begs if you can so far forgive him, that you'll let him see your face once more."

For one moment I felt as though my senses had deserted, and then I felt how precious the moments were, and that the time for grief would come afterward.

It all seems like a dream. My mother went with me. I remember hearing her say to Mrs. Lewis, "It will kill her;" and a reckless hope that it might spring up in my heart, and helped me to keep calm and brave.

I heard my mother asking how the accident had happened; but the old woman could only tell her that three days before her master had gone for a ride in the morning, and in a few hours had been brought home unconscious, with a dark purple bruise upon his forehead; that the doctor had given no hope of his life from the first; and that as soon as he recovered his senses he had sent to me, that he might see me before he died.

We reached the end of our journey at last, and to Mrs. Lewis' eager question the man replied:

"Just as you left him. The doctor is with him now."

Mrs. Lewis went up stairs, returning in a few minutes with the doctor, whom she left with my mother, saying to me: "Miss Ruth, will you come?"

I trembled so that I could scarcely follow her till she said:

"He has asked to see you alone, my dear. Can you bear it, or shall you be afraid?"

"No," I said steadily; "I would much rather be alone."

So she opened the door, and I went in.

All thought of Rosamond had fled. I went up to my darling and took his hand in mine.

"My good angel," he whispered—"my 'my darling Ruth!' And then an expression of pain came across his face, and he added: "Not mine now; I have forfeited that."

I think all the love I had ever felt for him came upon me with twofold force, and kneeling by him, I told him how fully I forgave him, and how dearly I loved him, and how I loved him then.

"I cannot believe it; I am not worth it," he said, sadly.

And I did not know how to comfort him.

"Harry," I said, "did you think I should come?"

"Yes, I knew you would," he answered.

"Why were you sure?" I asked again.

"Because you were always so forgiving and good, darling."

"And because you knew as soon as you were awakened from that bad dream that we still loved each other, just as we did in those happy days which seem so long ago?"

"Faithful until death," he whispered, "my own dear love."

So we stayed for a little while. I could not think then how near our separation was; I could only thank God for giving us back to each other.

In those few precious days Harry told me all the story of his infatuation for Rosamond, how quickly he had repented of it, and how often he longed to break off the engagement, even though he knew there would be no chance of having me for his wife. Then, in a fit of pique at some real or fancied neglect, she threw him over and accepted, and was soon after married to her rich lover.

"I was not sorry for her, Ruth," he said. "I don't think she ever really cared for me. It was more to prove her power of fascination than any thing else that she won me from you. Weak fool that I was," he added bitterly, "to lose my life's happiness for the sake of a dream! How I longed for you, my darling, I can never tell you, but I dared not ask to see you till now, and when I knew that in a few days I must die I could not go without a last word from you, and now it seems harder than ever to say good-by."

It was a very sorrowful week and my lover grew more feeble every day, and even I could see how near the end must be.

It came very quietly and mercifully at last. We were watching the sunset, as we often did, and, as it sank lower and lower, Harry said, "I shall never see another, darling!"

"No," I answered, "but I shall see many, perhaps, and to me they will always speak of you. But some day I shall see my last, and then I shall come home to you."

"Ruth," he whispered, soon afterward, "it is growing so dark; come closer to me."

I knelt beside him, so that his head might rest on my shoulder; and so we waited together.

I wonder I lived through those hours to feel that in a few moments he would be gone from me—that never while I lived should I hear his voice or see his face again—made me feel as though I must cry aloud in my agony.

Still I waited, quietly, till just as the sunset glow was dying out of the sky, he turned his face toward me, and, with a look of passionate longing love, signed to me to kiss him.

"Good bye," he murmured "my wife that was to be."

"Oh, Harry," I said, "I am your wife in heart and life-long love! All my love is going with you, my darling—my darling!"

I can not tell what followed. I knew my mother and Mrs. Lewis were with me, but till he died I never left my place beside him, and then I suppose I must have fainted.

But I have kept my promise, and old woman as I am now, Harry is still "My Harry" to me.

How soon I wonder, shall I see him again?

There was no sharpness in the old lady's voice as she said "Good night!" to Madge, and asked if she had had a happy evening.

Something in her tone made the girl's eyes fill with tears as she answered, "So very happy, auntie; he does love me so!"

And the answer was, "Then thank Heaven for it, dear. True, constant love is the greatest earthly gift he can give you."

Growth of Washington.

Builders are so busy in Washington that it is hard to get the most trifling repairs done. Houses are going up all over the city, and land since 1880 has quadrupled in value. Blaine's house cost \$67,000, including the land; Robeson's cost \$23,000, but he bought his lot several years ago; Don Cameron's between \$4,000 and \$50,000, while those of Pendleton, Windom and Hazen averaged \$35,000. But Robeson asks \$100,000 for his house, and lots everywhere are assuming metropolitan prices. A member could formerly hire a nicely furnished house for \$150 a month during the season; now the same accommodations are twice as high, and floors in good neighborhoods, which four years ago rented at \$50, are now scarce at \$100. The influx here grows each winter. People who cut but a moderate figure on \$10,000 a year in New York and Baltimore can come here and live handsomely. The result is that Pennsylvania avenue of an afternoon is crowded with handsome turnouts, and houses renting at \$2,000 to \$3,000 are in demand. A large number of flats are being erected too.

Mr. Pollard, a Little Rock minister, has married Eliza Mullabey, a pretty quadroon.

Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the 'oft repeated verdict of visitors that

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER!
THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL.

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T.,

Or J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T.
Plans sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

"Not for Joseph."

"Will you excuse an interruption, sir?" Had he not been quite so dandified, with patent leather boots, immaculate linen, diamond studs, a redundancy of watch and chain, and superabundance of rings, his hair curled and his moustache waxed and twisted until it looked like a bit of golden floss, close laid on his upper lip, Joseph Penniston, so far as form and stature and features are concerned, might have been called good-looking. His foppishness spoiled all.

So thought Mr. Burling, one of our heavy men; an importer, rich already, but doubling his income every year by enterprise and personal care of his own business.

"Time, sir, is money to me, but I will give you ten minutes without charge," said the old merchant, smiling, for the father of this young man and he had been schoolmates, and were life-long friends.

"Three minutes will explain my business, sir. I love your daughter Evaluen, and believe she loves me. I wish your consent to marry her."

"Very well come to me a week from to-day at this hour, for my answer. In the meantime do not visit her, or say a word about your proposition to me."

The young man rose, bowed and left the rich man to his business. The latter, as soon as he was alone, rang a bell. A clerk entered in response to the call.

"Send for Mr. Wallingford, the detective. I wish to see him at once."

The clerk left and in half an hour the great merchant was visited by a quiet, sleepy-looking gentleman, the last man on earth you would charge with being keen-sighted or talented, and yet one in his line has no superior in America, if in the world. The detective staid but a few minutes, and no one but he and Mr. Burling knew what he came for.

The week was up. To a minute the engagement was kept, and Joseph Penniston entered the presence of the merchant.

The latter held in his hand a small memorandum book, and when the young man said, "Sir, I have come for your answer," the merchant glanced at the book and smiled.

"It may seem relevant, but I have a diary to read before I give my answer," replied the merchant. "It may interest you so I will read aloud."

"At four, Mr. — I leave the name blank — lined at a ladies' restaurant in a private room with Madame B — of 27th street. He called for and between them they emptied four bottles of champagne. Then they took a carriage and drove to a costume's and procured dresses for the ball at Grand Duchess.

They went to the ball, remained until four in the morning, and were driven to the establishment of Madame B —. The next afternoon he took a stroll from his own home down Broadway and met the fascinating Belle C —, and invited her into the convenient private restaurant to dine. On this occasion only three bottles of champagne were used. The pair then drove to the theatre and occupied a private box."

"What is the matter, Mr. Penniston? Does my reading this diary affect you? I have only reached the second day, and you have not got to the gambling house in Madison Square yet."

"Mr. Burling, you set a spy on my tracks — you know you did."

"Yes, Joseph, for I wanted to know the habits of one who desired to become the husband of as good a girl as ever blessed a father with her love. I was right, as the sequel proves. Good morning, Mr. Penniston. You need not trouble yourself to call on Evaluen after this, for I shall place this diary in her hands within an hour."

You could have bought Joseph, boots, jewelry and all, then for ten cents. He never felt quite so cheap before in all his life. — Home Circle.

Capt. Mayne Reid.

Capt. Mayne Reid, whose last story, "The Land of Fire," is to appear in St. Nicholas the coming year, wrote as follows to the editor of that magazine a few weeks before his death: "I have heard that you intend honoring me by a biographical sketch; and furthermore that I am to receive the honor at the hands of one of America's most celebrated, and justly celebrated, writers, Mr. Trowbridge. Will you kindly notify this gentleman that the only thing about myself I especially care to have recorded is my great love and reverence for the American people, and above all for the American youth, whom I regard with an affection warm and strong almost as a man would feel for his own children. I am told it is reciprocated; and this knowledge is much — I should say full — compensation for a life of toil which has been otherwise ill-rewarded."

A Big Hit.

- Q. ECLECTRIC! What does it mean?
- A. Selected and electrized.
- Q. What about Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil?
- A. Pleases the people.
- Q. How?
- A. Cures their aches, cures neuralgia, rheumatism, lameness, bruises, scalds, bites, sprains, strains and pains; does all this and more.
- Q. What?
- A. As a remedy for coughs and colds it would be difficult to find anything equal to Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. It will cure asthma and catarrh invariably.
- Q. Guaranteed, is it?
- A. EVERY BOTTLE, or MONEY REFUNDED.
- Q. Good! It's what they call patent thought; that sounds bad.
- A. Never mind the sound. Try it.
- Q. I'll do it. What's the expense?
- A. Fifty cents for small, one dollar for large.
- Q. Cheap enough. Who sells Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil?
- A. Druggists everywhere.
- [Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil has proved to be a big hit. It is sold more and gives better and more general satisfaction than any other competitive medicine manufactured. Foster, Millburn & Co., Prop's., Buffalo, N. Y.]

A HUMAN FIRE.

The Phenomenon of a Burning Mine Repeated in the Physical System.

A few years ago one of the most important coal mines in Pennsylvania caught fire. It started slowly but soon obtained such headway that it spread through the greater portion of the entire mine. To flood it with water would extinguish the fire, but well might ruin the mine; and still the flames continued to increase. At that juncture a young man stepped forward and suggested that all the entrances and vent holes of the mine be covered and secured, thus shutting off the supply of air. His advice was followed and the flames were finally subdued.

To compare the condition of this mine with many phases of the human system is most natural and appropriate. "Fire in the blood" is not a mere expression; it is a most serious fact. How it originates, it may be impossible to say; but that it burns and rages with an increasing fury, the one who is its victim only too painfully knows. The blood is the life. It is designed by nature to purify, strengthen and sustain the system. It is too often made the channel through which poison and death are transported. Poisonous acids coming through the veins and arteries inflame and cause a fire just as real as the one which existed in the mine. They burn and irritate causing the brain to become weak and the nerves unstrung; they carry pain to the muscles and leave agonies in the joints; they bring destruction instead of strength; they devastate the very portions of the body that most require help, and they hasten the approach of death in its most horrible form. These things have been felt by innumerable people who have been the victims of rheumatic disorders, and the agonies they have endured confirm this description.

There is but one way by which this fire in the blood can be extinguished, and that is by shutting off the supply of these poisonous acids. The lactic, lithic, and uric acids comes in to the blood through the liver and kidneys, and they remain in solution in the blood producing inflammatory rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia, gout and all rheumatic fevers and affections. When they are deposited as gritty crystals in and near the joints, they cause articular rheumatism; when in the muscles, muscular rheumatism and lumbago; when in the tissues covering the nerves, sciatica; when in the face, head and nerves generally, neuralgia. In every case they are painful in most instances dangerous. Inflammatory rheumatism is likely to locate in some joint and become chronic, or suddenly attack the brain or heart, causing apoplexy or heart disease. The fire in the blood must be extinguished — the supply must be shut off. This can only be done by guarding the portals to the blood — the kidneys and liver; and no means has ever been found for accomplishing this which can equal Warner's Safe Kidney Cure. It acts directly upon the seat of the disorder; it extinguishes the fire by controlling the supply and removing the cause.

The well known standing of H. H. Warner & Co., of Rochester, N. Y., the remarkable success which Warner's Safe Kidney Cure has achieved, being endorsed by no less a personage than Dr. Robert A. Gunn, Dean of the United States Medical College, New York, and the fidelity with which they have carried out all their promises to the public, should be a sufficient warrant that the above statements are true. They, however, guarantee to cure ninety-five per cent. of all rheumatic troubles, especially acute, knowing full well that the demonstrated power of the remedy justifies them in so doing. Nothing can be fairer than this, and those who suffer in the future from rheumatism with such an offer before them, do so on their own responsibility, and can blame no one if living pain and untimely death are the results.

Wanted to Flirt.

A young mandarin attached to the Chinese embassy in Paris was one evening introduced, says the Figaro, to the beautiful Countess de Ephusi. The lady being curious to know whether it was worth any ones while to attempt a little flirtation with this son of the Celestial empire, asked him among other things, what qualities his countrymen valued most in women. "Her domestic virtues," was the reply. "Oh, indeed," said the countess, in a slightly contemptuous tone. "Then they don't like your ladies to go into company and enjoy a little gossip?" "No, madame, a Chinese husband has the right to get a divorce from his wife if she is a great talker." The charming French woman here thought she detected a covert allusion to herself, and sarcastically inquired: "I suppose that would have been my fate in China?" The Chinaman was equal to the occasion and at once replied, bowing low: "You may be sure that from the day of your arrival in China the law which inflicts this mode of punishment on the loquacity of women would be abolished."

Fancy Hotel Places.

There is talk of a delusion in the fancy prices charged by first-class hotels in New York City. It is said that for the past twelve months the moneyed classes have either had less money to spend, or have felt less like spending what they possess, than at any time since the panic of 1873. The Tribune says: "Failures in many of the great trades are frequent, the prices of provisions have fallen and are falling, the value of real estate, it not decreasing, is at any rate stationary, salaries are lower than they have been for years in every department, apartment houses and elaborate flats are taking to themselves a majority of former resident hotel guests, and it seems as if a fall in hotel rates was only a question of time."

If You Have Rheumatism

Go to your druggist and get a few bottles of Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier. It is a sure cure also for colds, coughs, tickling in the throat and catarrh. Noves Bros. & Cutler and Metell, Saulteaux & Twing, Wholesale Agents of St. Paul, Minn.

A Fact Worth Remembering.

A severe cold or cough can be soonest cured by taking, according to directions, Allen's Lung Balsam. It can be procured at any drug store. It is harmless to the most delicate person, and can be given to children without fear of injury. Try it if you have a cold or cough.

Butter at Tucson, Ariz., is \$4.25 a pound, and eggs 65 cents a dozen.

WELLS' "BOOTH OF COMES." — The Asa, for it Complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Cattle shipments are booming on the Northern Pacific.

CLINTONVILLE, Ala., — Dr. W. Carter says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters in my own family for indigestion with great benefit."

Judge: Brews of Hillsboro, Ill., a prominent man, is dead.

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

The Princess Albert of Russia has a broken ankle.

Infantile inflammation of the Kidney and Uterus Complicated, cured by "Buchu-Balata." \$1.

O'Donnell the avenger's wife, is a domestic in Philadelphia.

RUSHMORE, O.—Dr. A. Page says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in several instances, and in each case obtained good results."

The Doctor's Endorsement. Dr. W. D. Wright, Cincinnati, O., sends subjective professional endorsement: "I have prescribed Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs in a great number of cases and always with success. One case in particular was given up by several physicians who had been called in for consultation with myself. The patient had all the symptoms of confirmed consumption—cold night sweats, hectic fever, harassing cough, etc. He commenced immediately to get better and was soon restored to his usual health. I have also found Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs the most valuable expectorant for breaking up distressing coughs and colds that I have ever used."

The Ohio penitentiary clears \$20,000 this year.

SKINNY MEN—Wells Health "Brewer's" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, \$1.

Gertie Fuller proposes to stick to her female husband.

An effective medicine for kidney diseases, low fevers and nervous prostration, and well worthy of a trial, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Mr. A. Nichols, of this place, says he suffered from Catarrh for years. He purchased a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm for us. He is now almost cured, and says you cannot recommend it too highly. We are selling more of Ely's Cream Balm than of all other catarrh remedies, can hardly keep a supply on hand.—Evers Bros., Druggists, Independence, Iowa.

The earl of Cork had his pocket picked in Montreal on Wednesday of \$1,000.

Does it die in the nose, "Stagnon" kills it. Clears out ears, nose, throat, reaches, kills germs, 10c.

One dozen small bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me sound and well of a bad Scrofulous affection which had baffled all treatment, including Hot Springs. J. H. Raiff, Denver, Col.

Piles! Piles! Piles! Sure cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured worst chronic case of twenty years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying Williams' Indian Pile ointment. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching, (particularly after getting warm in bed). Prepared only for piles and itching for the private parts. Noyes Bros. & Cutler, St. Paul, Wholesale Agents.

Free to all Ministers. I will send two bottles of Warner's White Wine of Peppermint to any minister who will send us an order from his store-keeper for two dozen bottles of the same.

The Conductor. Conductor Warren, of Winona, Minn., says: "I used one bottle of Warner's White Wine of Peppermint when I was so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper, and in twenty-four hours it cured me. It is the best remedy I ever saw."

Allen's "Iron Tonic Bitters" aids digestion and the assimilation of food, cures sour stomach and headache, and gives strength to the system. Look out for vile imitations. All genuine are made by J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has cured me of a long-standing case of Eczema, which has resisted all sorts of treatment. Rev. W. J. Robinson, N. Ga. Conference.

Lyons Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners keep new boots and shoes from running over.

Write Home Health Company, Minneapolis, Minn., for Home treatment of all diseases. Surest, cheapest in the world.

To cure a sore throat, gargle with Piso's Cure for Consumption and rest well.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms, as well as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other ailments, of the "Garrison-Hospital," send a box of "Laxative" medicine, well known to the New York and all other Dispensaries, as the best, and one of the most reliable, from Fever and other ailments, to the general.

WHITE BEHAVIOR COUGH CREAM heals diseased lungs. Dr. Frank Powell, La Crosse, Wis.

\$6 a week in your own town. Terms and \$50 cash. Address H. HALLIKET & CO., Portland, Me.

Calicut For Business at the Oldest & Best Commercial College. Circulars free. Address: CALICUT COLLEGE, Calicut, India.

YOUNG MEN (over twenty years old and well established) VALENTINE BROS., Jacksonville, Wis.

\$72 A WEEK \$12 a day at home easily made. Controlling out of town. Address: FINE & CO., Augusta, Me.

WANTED—Experienced Book and Bible Agents in every County. Liberal Salaries Paid. Address, A. J. HARRIS, P. O. Box 37, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Fictional Books and Bibles. Prices reduced to 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS NO PATENT, NO PAY. Write to S. A. P. LACEY, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Full instructions and hand-book on PATENTS sent free.

WELLS' CURE FOR COUGHS CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Cures Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, etc. Use as directed. Sold by druggists.

CHICAGO SCALE CO. 373 N. MICHIGAN ST. TELEPHONE 1000. Circulars free. Address: CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

FORGES TOOLS, ETC. BEST MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, \$10 40 lb. and 60 lb. of Tools, \$25. Blowers, Anvils, Vices & other articles at lowest prices. Wholesale & Retail.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam!

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY! — THAT WILL CURE — Coughs, Colds, Croup,

CONSUMPTION. Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Clinton, Mo., writes: "I was troubled by Coughs, Colds, Croup, and all the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have since cured him. It cured him in a few days and that he was able to resume his practice."

CONSUMPTION. Wm. C. Digges, Merchant of Bowling Green, Va., writes: "My wife had been afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Croup, and all the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have since cured him. It cured him in a few days and that he was able to resume his practice."

Allen's Lung Balsam is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no opium or any other narcotic. Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief. As an Expectorant it has no Equal. SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

TUTT'S PILLS TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA. From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Headaches, Stomach Distress, Nausea, Sickness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some of the duties of life, etc. The Heart, beats before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver Medicine, TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these "scavengers of the system," producing appetizing digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA. Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 41 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE. GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLASSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 41 Murray Street, New York.

DR. HORNE'S ELECTRIC BELT BY ELECTRICITY, only cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Stomach Distress, etc. Agents wanted in every town. Send for circular to Dr. W. J. HORNE, in care of I. B. & L. Co., Chicago, Ill. Electric Belts guaranteed one year. Best in America.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS GOLD! "Though shaken in every joint and fibre with fever and ague, agonizing rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, and all the ailments which result from the impurities of the blood, I was cured by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. I can honestly recommend it to all who suffer from any of these ailments." — J. W. GIBSON, St. Louis, Mo.

AN OPTICAL WONDER for pleasure and business. Magnifications are made by the "Photocyan" of all objects, from the smallest insect to the largest landscape. Lots of fun for everyone! Write for full description of this "Optical Wonder" to the "Optical Wonder Co., P. O. Box 10, New York, N.Y."

Boring Wells with the famous "TIFFIN" Well Boring and Rock Drilling Machine is Very Profitable! \$25 to \$40 A DAY Often Made!

Machines Made to Run by Horse, Hand or Steam Power. Send for Catalogue. Address: Loomis & Nyman, Tiffin, Ohio.

ABSOLUTELY WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER! Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Was not a stitch a week. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

MAKE HENS LAY It is a well-known fact that most of the Hens and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless. The Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Do not one teaspoonful of Sheridan's Condition Powder to each pint of food. It will also prevent and cure Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Also furnished in 100 lb. casks, for breeders' use, price \$1.00; by mail \$1.20. Circulars sent FREE. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., N. Y., N. Y.

LIST OF DISEASES ALWAYS CURABLE BY USING

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

OF HUMAN FLESH. Rheumatism, Burns and Scalds, Stings and Bites, Cuts and Bruises, Sprains & Stitches, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Backache, Eruptions, Frost Bites, etc. **OF ANIMALS.** Scratches, Scours and Galls, Sprain, Cracks, Screw Worm, Grub, Foot Rot, Hoof Ail, Lameness, Swinny, Founders, Sprains, Strains, Sore Feet, Stiffness, and all external diseases, and every hurt or accident.

For general use in family, stable and stock yard it is **THE BEST OF ALL LINIMENTS.**

CALIFORNIA For Fruit Growers and Consumers. By an eastern man, for Eastern people. Health, Profit, Satisfaction. Illustrations and General Map of all Fruit Sections, Mail, \$1. S. S. Southworth, Sacramento, Cal.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM when applied by the finger into the nostrils, will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heals the nose and restores taste and smell. A few applications relieve. A thorough treatment will positively cure. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Price, 60 cents, by mail, or at druggists.

ELLY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8 1/2 x 11 1/2 inches, with over 3,500 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy free to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you. Respectfully, **MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.** 227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Beware.

Of the continued use of mercury and potash for the treatment of Blood and Skin diseases—they never cure, and nearly always injure or totally ruin the general health.

A WELL-KNOWN DRUGGIST. I have seen a great many cases cured with Swift's Specific—some who have tried all sorts of treatment. In fact, I have never known it to fail when taken properly. I sell a large quantity of it, and for all diseases that are dependent on blood poison or skin humor. It cures PIMPLES and BLOTCHES ON THE SKIN, and makes the complexion fair and rosy. As for blood taint, there is no such word as fail. It cures cases that have long withstood other sorts of treatment, and without any of those recurring troubles that generally follow mercurial and other so-called cures. J. T. MASSENBURG, Macon, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,** Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits, &c. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness, &c. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in relief of fever. Cures itching blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aphrodisiac. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad health to good, removing cause. Restores biliousness and clears complexion. Charming restorative and most blessed laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it to the stores life-giving properties to the blood, &c. Guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all other agents fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading physicians in U.S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.

N. W. N. U. No. 46.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits, &c. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness, &c. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in relief of fever. Cures itching blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aphrodisiac. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad health to good, removing cause. Restores biliousness and clears complexion. Charming restorative and most blessed laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it to the stores life-giving properties to the blood, &c. Guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all other agents fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading physicians in U.S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.

N. W. N. U. No. 46.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits, &c. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness, &c. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in relief of fever. Cures itching blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aphrodisiac. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad health to good, removing cause. Restores biliousness and clears complexion. Charming restorative and most blessed laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it to the stores life-giving properties to the blood, &c. Guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all other agents fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading physicians in U.S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.

N. W. N. U. No. 46.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits, &c. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness, &c. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in relief of fever. Cures itching blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aphrodisiac. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad health to good, removing cause. Restores biliousness and clears complexion. Charming restorative and most blessed laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it to the stores life-giving properties to the blood, &c. Guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all other agents fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading physicians in U.S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.

N. W. N. U. No. 46.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits, &c. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness, &c. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in relief of fever. Cures itching blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aphrodisiac. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad health to good, removing cause. Restores biliousness and clears complexion. Charming restorative and most blessed laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it to the stores life-giving properties to the blood, &c. Guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all other agents fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading physicians in U.S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.

THE COURIER.

FRIDAY, NOV. 23, 1883.

Michigan, Vermont and New Hampshire have introduced scientific temperance education into their public schools.

John was burned in effigy at Bellfield, Va., an old goose being utilized to represent the boss.

Women who possess "manly" aspirations are rejoicing over a victory for the suffragists in Washington Territory.

Reports from Iowa show that the masses of farmers are in a bad fix. Many of them have stock, but no corn to carry them through the winter.

Mr. Villard has at last been forced to make some explanation of that Northern Pacific excursion. He says the entire cost of the excursion did not exceed \$75,000.

Advice to a Young Man.

And then remember, my son, you have to work. Whether you handle a pick or a pen, a wheelbarrow or a set of books, digging ditches or editing a paper, wringing an auction bell or writing funny things, you must work.

for the working class. Send 10 cents for package, and we will mail you FREE a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business.

The CENTURY PROGRAMME for 1883-'84.

The programme for the fourteenth year of this magazine, and the third under the new name, is if anything more interesting and popular than ever.

FIRST-CLASS, Airy Rooms. FAIR CHARGES.

PALACE HOTEL!

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA. H. C. FITCH, Proprietor. BILLIARD PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

This house, which has but recently been opened to the public, is all that can be desired by the Tourist, the Prospector or the Commercial Man.

Game abounds in the vicinity, affording special attraction for Sportsmen or men desiring a brief respite.

HAVE YOU SEEN

that immense display of FALL & WINTER GOODS

NELSON & LANGLIE,

Burrell Ave., COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Clothing, Underwear, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Fancy Goods, Groceries, Canned Goods, Provisions, Etc., Etc.,

Is complete, and if prices and quality of goods are an object to the buyer they will find it an advantage to call.

Our goods were purchased at unusual bargains through a personal visit to the wholesale markets and our customers can receive the advantage of these bargains.

NEW STOCK. Moderate Charges. NEW RIGS.

DAVIS & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BURRELL AVENUE LIVERY FEED AND SALE STABLES.

We respectfully announce to the public at large the opening of our stables in Cooperstown. Driving and work horses will be constantly on hand and for sale at inside figures.

OUR LIVERY DEPARTMENT Is equipped with easy vehicles and fast traveling stock, with which we wait upon the public with reasonable prices.

The "Household" Sewing Machine is now the leading machine in the market.

EXCLUSIVE SALE! of this machine for Cooperstown and Griggs County. Ladies should give it a trial before purchasing a Sewing Machine.

Needles, Oils & Attachments kept in stock. Old Machines Repaired. General Farm Machinery, Etc.,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

NEW LINE AT THE LUMBER YARD BOUGHT FOR CASH.

Will be sold at Sanborn prices. Strong, cheap locks (not duplicated) a specialty.

HOLLIDAY BROS., GENERAL DEALERS IN

FARM MACHINERY! Champion Binders and Mowers, Casady Sulky Plows, MOLINE WAGONS, BUCCIES, ETC.

Wm. Holliday, Sanborn. J. F. Holliday, Cooperstown.

MRS. H. J. CURTISS, DEALER IN MILLINERY! and FANCY GOODS. SANBORN, DAKOTA.

JOEPP HOGGARTH HAS OPENED A Wagon, Repair & General Jobbing Shop. All work promptly executed.

COOPERSTOWN MEAT MARKET!

Andrew Johnson, A Full Line of Fresh and Salt MEATS, Salt & Canned Fish, Sugar Cured Hams, PICED BOLLS, ETC., Constantly on Hand.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Live Stock.

We are determined to give the public entire satisfaction, to which end we respectfully solicit all to call.

J. G. MYERS, Painter, Grainer, and PAPER HANGER, COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

All Work in the Line of Painting, Graining, Kalsomining, Decorating, or Paper Hanging, done Expeditiously.

J. S. RICKETTS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Special Attention given to Business before the U. S. Land Office.

L. C. BOYINGTON'S PATENT AUTOMATIC CABINET FOLDING BEDS



The most perfectly balanced FOLDING BED in the world. Substantial, yet so light that a child can open and close it with ease.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TO THE LAND EXPLORER, TO THE BUSINESS MAN, TO THE FARMER, TO THE MECHANIC, TO THE LABORER, TO THE SPORTSMAN, TO THE TOURIST, TO THE MINER.

TO ALL CLASSES!!

For the Raising of Wheat! For the Raising of Stock! For Ready and Cash Markets! For a Healthy Climate!

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 15, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 11th day of December, 1883.

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, October 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of December, 1883.

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 9, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of Dec. 1883.

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 9, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 19th day of October, 1883.

Notice of Final Proof.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., December 8, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of December, 1883.

Notice.—Timber Culture. Complaint having been entered at this office by Herjus Osmundsen against Mark Shepard, for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 6578, dated March 13, 1882.

AMERICAN FARMER FREE TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.



All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription account to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the "AMERICAN FARMER" a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hockett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of December, 1883, viz: Gilbert Johnson, D. S. No. 1452 for the e 1/2 of section 24, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Christian A. Lea, Mathias E. Larson, Philip Gronlund, Edward Stal, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n247.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of December, 1883, viz: Otto Holman, D. S. No. 1463 for the e 1/2 of section 34, township 14 n. range 60 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Aslak Gunderson, J. E. Philipot, Ole O. Salberg, W. C. Burcheneus, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. o1923.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Lewis T. Soland, D. S. No. 14345 for the southeast quarter of section 12, township 14 n. range 60 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Peter A. Nelson, Ole Thorm, Jacob Myre and Frank Puffer, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 1st day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. o1923.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 22nd day of November, 1883, viz: Edward D. Stair, D. S. No. 1440 for the e 1/2 of section 2, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: George B. McCormick, George F. Newell, John Ole W. R. Whidden, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 19th day of Nov. A. D. 1883.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Mads M. Nerros, D. S. No. 14457 for the northwest quarter of section 30, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Ole E. Thorm, Frank K. Rogn, Frank Puffer, Charles Retzlaff, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 2, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 27th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Knud Knudsen, D. S. No. 11236 for the e 1/2 of section 26, township 14 n. range 58 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Nels E. Nelson, Ole Halverson, Elling Olson Sever Halverson, all of Mar. dell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23rd day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n241.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 24, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of December, 1883, viz: Harvey W. Yeaton, D. S. No. 14562 for the n 1/2 of section 34, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: W. H. Whidden, Isaac E. Mills, Frank Hunter, Joseph Allen, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. William Glass, Attorney. s1426.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of December, 1883, viz: Andrew Nelson, D. S. No. 10973 for the e 1/2 of section 32, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudsen, A. Gunderson, Christ Jackson, C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n247.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 19, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Joseph M. Snyder, H. E. No. 12896 for the e 1/2 of section 28, township 14 n. range 57 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Sylvester Pound, John H. Atchison, Thor A. Hagen, Gullbran G. Auren, Charles H. Frost, all of Galatin, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before W. P. Miller, clerk of the district court, at Hope, Steele county, D. T., on the 1st day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Twomey & Francis, Atty's. o1206.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Oct. 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of December, 1883, viz: Charles Nelson, D. S. No. 8274 for the w 1/2 of section 14, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudsen, A. Gunderson, Christ Jackson and C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n247.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 10, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Tosten N. Gilderhus, H. E. No. 1362 for the e 1/2 of section 5, township 14 n. range 58 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Gunder Nave, Ole O. Nave, Andrew Iverson, Elias Moun, all of Lee P. O., Grand Forks county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n247.

G. F. NEWELL, M. D. Physician and Surgeon! Corner of Lenham Ave. and Tenth St., Cooperstown, Dakota.

—HAS A FULL LINE OF— PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET GOODS and STATIONERY.

Will examine and prescribe for patients, compound prescriptions and practice surgery generally. \$60 a week at home. \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

L. E. Booker, President. J. K. Musselman, Cashier. STEELE COUNTY BANK, HOPE, D. T.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED. Collections of all kinds will receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

CORRESPONDENTS: U. S. NAT'L BANK, New York. NAT'L GER. AM. BANK, St. Paul.

A. B. ZINCC, DEALER IN REAL ESTATE. GRAIN —AND— SANBORN TOWN LOTS.

Money to Loan for Final Proofs, and Settlers Located. Also Agent for N. P. Ry. Lands. SABBORN. DAK.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. No risk. No expense. Succeed from first hour. The broad road of fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

54th YEAR OF GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK. LOW PRICE \$2 PER YEAR.

Subscriptions will be received at this office in clubs with the Courier. The Courier and Godey's Lady's Book for one year at \$3.50.

Prospectus for 1884. We propose to make it, without exception, the best as well as the cheapest Home and Fashion Magazine in America, and we believe a perusal of the list of articles to appear each month will prove convincing to every reader.

Each number will contain: A beautiful steel plate accompanied by a story or poem. A finely executed portrait of one of the ex-presidents of the United States, with a short sketch. Excellent colored fashion plates of the prevailing styles of dresses. Numerous illustrations of fashions in black and white. Illustrations and designs of the latest patterns in fancy work, in colors, or black and white. An illustrated household department, containing instructions of architectural design. A piece of nicely selected music. A full-size cut paper pattern. Choice recipes for the household. Beside a rich variety of literary matter contributed by eminent writers, embracing novels, novelettes, stories, poetry, chronicles, analogues, art and fashion notes, together with current notes of the day. As this magazine has been issued for the public for over fifty years, all may feel assured that the above will be carried out to the letter.

Address all communications to J. H. HAULENBEEK & CO., 1006 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Send for Illustrated Circular and Club Rates' Lists.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 1274 for the e 1/2 of section 2, township 14 n. range 59 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Omund Nilsen, Knudsen Knudsen, John John, John Arneson, all of Mar. dell, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Atty's. n2328.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Florence Frazier, D. S. No. 10220 for the e 1/2 of section 34, township 14 n. range 60 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Aslak Gunderson, Nels Anstad, Erik Anstad, Knud Stoe, all of Dazy, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Florence Frazier, D. S. No. 11288 on the 15th day of November, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunderson should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. And you, Wm. W. Fitzsimmons who filed H. E. No. 13490 on the 29th day of September, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunderson should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. F. B. Morrill, Atty. n16421.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Florence Frazier, D. S. No. 14158 for the e 1/2 of section 18, township 14 n. range 58 w. and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Charles Kettelson, J. M. Freer, Ella Freer and W. A. Baker, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register. jgn2328.

One Thing and Another.

Hay is selling at \$30 per ton at Cooke City, Montana. Michigan's wheat acreage will be reduced next year.

Henry Ward Beecher will preside at a free trade meeting in New York on the 22d inst.

Property to the value of \$81,000,000 has been destroyed by fire in this country and Canada since Jan. 1, 1883.

"We love not the Dominion the less, but the United States more," say the disaffected people in Manitoba who are moving in an effort to secede from Canada.

It is said that the best way for those who have no reliable cellars to keep their vegetables from frigid solidity is to let the grocer winter them and deliver as needed.

The Mormons are likely to raise trouble in the Sandwich Islands, where they have a large and growing colony. They defy the laws and run things to suit themselves.

Emma Larsen, of Green Lake county, Wis., who left her home on April 24 last on horseback for San Francisco, has arrived at her destination. She made the trip alone, and is none the worse for her adventure.

About 600 Norwegians resident in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and therabouts have bought tickets for Norway and return good for a year, and are going over to spend the holidays in the old way.

The United States has sixteen and one-quarter doctors to every 10,000 persons. In England the proportion is six to 10,000; in France, 3; Germany, 3 and a fraction; Hungary and Italy, 6; and Switzerland 7.

The republican national convention next year will consist of eight hundred and twenty-six members besides alternates. Dakota will have but two votes although its population will be larger than that of states with ten delegates.

The corn crop is short 40,000,000 bushels as compared with last year, but there is a product of 1,577,000,000 bushels, which is a fraction over thirty bushels for every man, woman and child in the United States. The potato crop is 175,000,000 bushels. The wheat crop is 425,000,000 bushels.

Minneapolis has one of the endowment associations which pay the wife a handsome sum, as alleged when she marries one of the insured. The members must be single, not engaged, and not allowed to marry for two years. These sort of institutions have had a run in the east, where they are pronounced snide, and are apparently reappearing in the west.

There is said to be a hot fight in Arkansas on the temperance question. A recent state law allows a majority of the adult population of both sexes, to prevent the sale of liquor within three miles of a church or school house. This virtually gives the women the power to close the saloons in the towns and centers of population. Little Rock, the capital, is now the scene of hot excitement on the subject. The temperance people are working up enthusiasm in public meetings, and the liquor men are boycotting all business men who favor the closing of saloons.

We believe of all the love affairs in the world, none can surpass the true love of a big boy for his mother. It is a true love and noble, honorable in the highest degree to both. I do not mean merely a dutiful affection. I mean a love which makes a boy gallant and courteous to his mother, saying to every plainly that he is fairly in love with her. Next to the love of a husband, nothing so crowns a woman's life with honor as this second love, this devotion of son to her. And I never yet knew a boy to "turn out" bad who began by falling in love with his mother. Any man may fall in love with a girl, and the man, who is gallant with the girl may cruelly neglect the worn and weary wife. But the boy who is the lover of his mother, in her middle age is a true knight who will love his wife as much in the sear-leaved autumn as he did in the daisied spring time.—Ex.

Fineline of fresh confectionery at Odegard & Thompson's. Form a club and buy your coal in car load lots. It will pay a big interest. Lenham E. & L. Co.

Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros. Raw and boiled Linsed Oil at Odegard & Thompson's.

Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros. School books at Odegard & Thompson's.

Stoneware until you can't rest at Odegard & Thompson's. Hard and soft coal of best quality. Orders left now will be filled at your own pleasure and at present rates.

A new stock of Ladies' Trimmed hats, at Odegard & Thompson's. Do not pay old-time war prices when you can buy anything you need cheaper at Nelson & Langlie's.

The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains. Prices that compete with Fargo, Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

Wood, Wood! Wood!! If you would get good wood for your money, then call on E. D. Stair, at the Courier office. Cord wood delivered in town, or for sale at low figures on the river.

BLACKSMITHING! The Place for Blacksmithing AS IT SHOULD BE —IS AT— MOORE & SANBURN'S On Roberts Street, Cooperstown.

HORSESHOING receives special attention and is done in the Best and Most Careful manner. JOBBING of every description. A trial solicited.

GEO. L. LENHAM, J. M. BURRELL

H. G. PICKETT, Cashier.

BANK OF COOPERSTOWN

A General Banking Business Transacted. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Negotiate for Non-Residents First Mortgage Loans BEARING 10 AND 12 PER CENT! Interest on City Property and Improved Farms.

COUNTY AND SCHOOL SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD. Insurance Written in the best Companies at reasonable rates. A large amount of city property, improved and unimproved farms for sale.

SEND FOR OUR CIRCULAR.

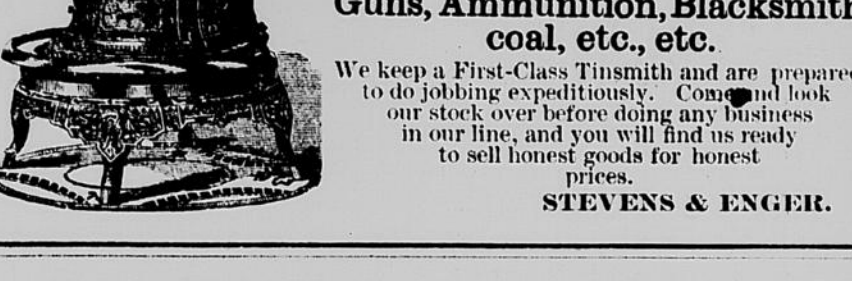
EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW that the cheapest place in seven counties to buy

HARDWARE & STOVES is at the emporium of STEVENS & ENGER, COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA, where can be found a complete Line of Stoves and Tinware.

Builders' Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass Putty. OUR STOCK OF HEAVY & SHELF GOODS is full and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest.

Guns, Ammunition, Blacksmith coal, etc., etc. We keep a First-Class Tinsmith and are prepared to do jobbing expeditiously. Come and look our stock over before doing any business in our line, and you will find us ready to sell honest goods for honest prices.

STEVENS & ENGER. GEO. L. LENHAM, President. LOUIS S. LENHAM, Treasurer. N. L. LENHAM, Gen'l Manager. RUDDOLF HERZ, Secretary.



The Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co., [INCORPORATED.] CAPITAL \$500,000.00.

Grain Elevators, LUMBER YARDS, Farm Machinery! ETC., ETC.

At all points on the line of the Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain Railroad. COAL BY THE TON OR CARLOAD.

Prices Lower than can be found elsewhere in North Dakota on all kinds of.... LUMBER,

SASH DOORS, MOULDINGS, BUILDING PAPER, BUILDING MATERIAL, ETC.

Allow us to Estimate on anything in our line. It will Convince you that we will not be Undersold. MAYNARD CRANE, Manager, COOPERSTOWN, Dak.

WILLIAM GLASS, LAND ATTORNEY AND LOAN AGENT, Cooperstown, Griggs Co., D. T.

SPECIAL ATTENTION Given to FINAL PROOFS and CONTEST CASES. Money to Loan on Final Proof and Real Estate. Plats and Abstracts of Griggs County on Hand.

Real Estate Bought and sold on Commission. Taxes paid and Investments Made for Non-Residents. Choice Farm Lands and City Lots For Sale.

C. A. ROBERTS. Fargo Roller Mills! Flour at Wholesale and Retail.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH ALWAYS PROMPTLY ATTENDED ON THE USUAL TERMS. The Highest CASH PRICE Paid for Wheat.

Cooperstown Courier.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAY.

EPITOME OF THE NEWS.

Washington Gossip.

Secretary Folger has written the collector at San Francisco that if there is any reason to suspect fraud or imposition in landing Chinese, he must make a rigid investigation and refuse permission for passengers to land until satisfactory evidence is produced...

Railroad News.

Maj. Rogers, the well-known engineer, who has been in charge of the Rocky mountain survey of the Canadian Pacific railway has returned to Winnipeg. In an interview he said he had no more doubt about the practicability of the Kicking Horse pass...

Rumors have been in circulation for some time past that General Superintendent J. D. Layng, of the Chicago & Northwestern; would soon resign his position, there being a difference of opinion between him and the general manager of the company regarding the operation of the road.

President Winter, of the Omaha road, says an accommodation train will be run between Ashland and Bayfield as soon as navigation closes.

Crimes and Criminals.

A variety actress named Lily Dale is being sought for throughout the country. She has been connected with a variety theater at Dallas, Tex., and at Fort Worth, and suddenly skipped in the disguise of an old woman. It has been discovered that \$5,000 worth of diamonds had been stolen from persons whose names are kept from the public and Lily is accused of the theft.

The three horse thieves, Hogan, Ryan and Kelly, who were captured at Dillon, Mont., with a band of 115 stolen horses in their possession, broke jail and escaped, knocking down and gagging the jailer.

Kirber, the embezzling Ironton, Ohio, cashier, is held for trial. He got away with \$36,000.

Casualty Record.

A scaffold seventy-eight feet from the ground, at Reis Bros' blast furnace, New-castle, Pa., gave way. James Egan was instantly killed and William Troy and A. McBride badly injured. Martin Burlinton fell twelve feet, then caught hold of a projecting beam and was saved.

A fire at Rusk, Tex., destroyed all the buildings on the west side of the public square. Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$40,000.

Personal Gossip.

At Winona, there is considerable anxiety over the unaccountable absence of two young men, Fred Putsch, jeweler, and Charles Schaefer, painter, who went hunting across the river, on the 13 inst., since which nothing has been heard from them. It is feared that they were drowned in endeavoring to cross the river on their return on the 13 inst., during a high gale.

The New York Commercial Advertiser places at the head of its editorial columns the names of all its editors. The list begins with Noah Webster, of the dictionary, editor from 1797 to 1803. Others are: Zachariah Lewis, 1803 to 1820; William M. Stone, 1820 to 1844; Francis Hall, 1844 to 1863; William Henry Hurlbut, 1863 to 1867; Thurlow Weed, 1867 to 1868; Hugh J. Hastings, 1868 to 1883.

Bishops Paddock of Washington Territory, Brewer of Montana, Tuttle of Utah and Idaho Elliott of western Texas, Whitaker of Nevada, Dunlop of New Mexico and Arizona, Williams of Connecticut, Morris of Oregon, and Whipple of Minnesota, were the speakers at the great missionary meeting on the 13th inst., in Christ P. E. church, Hartford, Conn.

An effort is making in New York to raise fund for the benefit of the family of the late Dr. Ewer, to which Edwin Booth has contributed \$2,000. Dr. Ewer, was an editor in San Francisco when Booth was comparatively unknown, and gave the actor valuable encouragement in a series of appreciative articles.

Angella Dematis, a beautiful young woman, who was married four weeks ago in San Francisco, at the command of her parents, to a rich man whom she did not love, invited Joseph Giannette, a former lover to her home on the 13th, and suicided by taking poison in his presence.

The late John P. Shole of New York left a fortune of \$10,000,000, the bulk of which goes to a cousin who can neither read nor write.

Minister Lowell has returned to London from the continent and resumed the discharge of his duties.

Foreign Items of News.

Orangeburg, in obedience to the proclamation of the government, abstained from assembling at Garrison. Nationalists assembled to the number of 4,000. The meeting was interfered with, however, by a magistrate, who, at the head of a force of cavalry, infantry and police, read the government's proclamation forbidding the meeting. William O'Brien, member of parliament and editor of the United Ireland, advised the people to respect the law. The crowd thereupon dispersed.

The second election for members of the

common council of Berlin resulted in the return of four liberals, four members of the civil party and two candidates of the workmen. Despite the efforts of the anti-Semites, Stroussman, president of the common council, was re-elected.

Joseph Ignace Kraszkewski, the Polish author arrested on a charge of being connected with a conspiracy in Portland, is hopelessly insane. The proceedings against him are nearly quashed.

Mrs. Abell a mute, got a divorce from her husband, also a mute, at St. Johns, N. B., for adultery with a mute. He is a prominent teacher in a deaf and dumb school.

Germany will send an envoy to China to help solve the Tonquin problem.

Miscellaneous News Items.

Surveyor General M. S. Chandler says that the Minnesota surveys, so far as the reports received showed, were progressing well. He left three contracts for the season's work, and Dr. Stewart, his predecessor, had left three so that there are six parties now in the field, embracing in all sixty or seventy men. The localities in which the work is progressing—and some of the parties are running two compasses—are the extreme northeastern part of Lake county, central and western townships in St. Louis, and localities in the northern part of the same county near Rainy Lake river.

There was a convention at Minneapolis on the 16th of representative Irishmen of the State, Capt. C. M. McCarthy presiding. It was resolved that all the societies represented in the convention, and that may hereafter comply with the conditions of membership, be organized into the Irish National league of Minnesota, subordinate to the Irish National league of America. The county societies were ordered to collect money to be sent to the National League of America. On motion of E. A. McDermott, the formation of clubs to promote the circulation of Irish literature was recommended.

The superintendent of public instruction has made up tables showing the enrollment of pupils in the public schools of Minnesota for the past four years. The totals are as follows: In 1880, 108,340; 1881, 183,386; 1882, 196,642; 1883, 237,681. Taking the population as shown by the census of 1880, the superintendent estimates the present population of the state exceeds 900,000.

The assets of the Rock River Paper company, as shown by John Hackett, assignee, filed with the county judge at Janesville, Wis., are \$430,000, liabilities \$288,000.

Kraft & Severson, extensive dealers in agricultural machinery, of Menominee, Wis., made a voluntary assignment to W. J. Cowan for the benefit of their creditors.

A Hartford boy tried to earn \$15 offered if he would quit tobacco. He has had delirium for ten days.

J. H. Haverly says he is to build in New York and Philadelphia, theaters to cost \$1,000,000.

The last train of Montana cattle delivered in Chicago, averaged 1,284 pounds to the head, and was sold at the top prices of the season. The steers averaged \$6.25 per 100 pounds, and the rest \$5 a hundred.

Large Fire in Le Sueur County.

A fire which occurred at Pikenney, Le Sueur county, Minnesota, on the night of the 13th, was first discovered in a pile of heading in Capt. May's yard, and before any assistance could be obtained the flames became uncontrollable. From this pile the flames continued, burning several piles of staves and heading, until May's loss probably amounted to \$30,000. In the meantime, the dwellings of Mrs. Murphy and P. White were burning, the flames and large pieces of heading and staves being carried to the wood on the east side of the railroad, thence to the sawmill of Brannan & Crosby and P. Brannan's dwelling, entailing a loss in total of at least \$40,000.

Destructive Cyclone in Maine.

The Lewiston, Me., Evening Journal's dispatches say the recent gale took the form of a cyclone in Oxford and Franklin counties. The damage in Oxford county was \$100,000, and in Franklin county the loss is \$50,000. Houses and barns were destroyed and cattle killed. The damage is heavy throughout Northern Maine. Much timber land was damaged. Lots on the Androscoggin and Sandy rivers were totally destroyed. In Kingsfield 2,000 acres were destroyed. A Bangor Special says: The greatest damage appears to have been caused within a belt some miles wide, crossing Piscataquis county and Northern Penobscot into Aroostook. The same belt probably crossed Somerset county. At Shirier the storm was very severe. It followed down the Piscataquis valley, crossed to the Katahdin Iron works through the gulf and across Longa and Indian townships to lower lakes, and thence to a point near Patten. Then through great stretches where the forest was levelled to the ground, and millions upon millions of feet of valuable timber destroyed. The whole township in some instances said to be nearly flat. The loss is certainly several hundred thousand dollars. Well known lumbermen estimate the damage throughout the state at a round million.

An Old Comedy Reproduced.

Portland Oregonian: A remarkable story comes to-night from St. Helen, which is well vouched for. About six months ago twin brothers—Alfred and Henry Grove—arrived from Kansas and settled near St. Helen. There was a very strong resemblance between them, in fact so strong that intimate friends could scarcely tell one from the other. Henry was married, but was living in Kansas. He soon made the acquaintance of the family of John Avery, living near, including their daughter, Lottie Avery, aged nineteen. One night about five weeks ago in a jest he asked her to become his wife, and to his utter surprise she accepted, informing her mother immediately. The mother, in a practical way, broached the subject of the date of the marriage, etc., and before Grove could recover from his surprise the details had been arranged. He immediately went to his brother Alfred, told the story, and asked for advice. Alfred volunteered to personate the brother and stand for him. The ceremony took place Oct. 21, the couple remaining at the home of the bride's parents. Alfred fell in

love with the girl and a week after the marriage told of the deception. In her indignation she ordered him from the house. She then informed her parents and the father started after the son-in-law with a shotgun and has followed Alfred to this city where he is supposed to have fled.

A Pension Point Settled.

Secretary Teller has rendered an important decision in reply to a question of the commissioner of pensions, asking for a proper and uniform construction of the revised statutes concerning pensions to dependent mothers. The secretary maintains that if the son was a minor, the father was entitled to his services; or if not living the mother was so entitled, and therefore a dependent father or mother should be allowed pensions.

BALDNESS.

What Occasions it, and How It Can Be Avoided.

From the Boston Medical Journal. O. Lassar has continued his observations on nature of premature baldness, and has further convinced himself of the communicability of at least the form associated with dandruff. When the hairs which fall off in such cases are collected and rubbed up with vasoline, and the ointment so made is rubbed among the fur of rabbits or white mice, baldness makes itself visible on the parts so treated. That this is not due to the vasoline was shown by anointing other animals with the vasoline alone, which produced no effect whatever. He considers that the disease is spread by hairdressers, who employ combs and brushes to their customers, one after another, without any regular cleansing to these articles after each time they are used. During frequent visits to the hairdressers, it can scarcely fail that brushes are used which have been shortly before dressing the hair of one affected with so common a complaint as scaldy baldness. Females, he thinks, are less often affected with this form of baldness because the hairdresser more frequently attends to them at their homes, and there use their combs and brushes. In order to prevent, as far as possible, the commencement of alopecia prematura, the hair should be cut and dressed at home and with one's own implements, and these thoroughly clean. When it has begun, the following mode of treatment is suggested: The scalp is to be daily well soaped with tar or fluid glycerine potash soap, which is to be rubbed in for fifteen minutes firmly. The head is then to be drenched with first, warm water, and then gradually colder water. A 2 per cent. corrosive sublimate lotion is next to be pretty freely applied. The head is then to be dried, and the roots of the hair, are to have a 1:2 per cent. solution of naphol in spirit rubbed into them. Finally, a pomade of 1:2 to 2 per cent of carbolic or salicylic oil is to be used on the head. This treatment has now in many cases brought the disease not only to a stand, but the hair has been to a considerable extent restored.

The Great Brilliance and Variety of Southern Foliage.

It would be in vain, amongst the dry technical details, to convey any impression of the brilliant effect of southern foliage; but the tendency of all atmospheric nutrition in which the nitrates supersede the ammonias, in the carbon series, is to a multiplication of leaf surface. Like the epiphytes and air plants, all the plant asks of terrestrial matter is a stool to stand upon; that supplied, it lifts its thirsty spores in the sunbeam and dines with Apollo on nectar and ambrosia. This multiplication is the finely divided foliage of the mimosa form, the delicate pumale leaf of bay cypress cedar; the darkly varnished leaf of the custard apple in the marl beds of Okchohee, Fla.; or the soft, velvety mangrove islands light on the bosom of the water as a cloud; the dotted leaves of myrtle; the needle leaves of pine and the sharp fronds of the palm, all unite to create a landscape accurately defined as radiant. For in this way the brilliant lanceolate points all radiate from a center. When we conceive of this foliage over the sharp fronds of saw grass, spear grass, the brilliant reflections of water multiplying its radiance, and countless myriads of wild fowl of many-colored plumage, one may conceive of the intensity of its scenic expression.

Nor is the foliage without its positive value to the engineer or the artist. As far as can be seen the pine means a table land over four feet above the water; the live oak may descend lower; the cypress stands in a shadow and the mangrove, custard apple in deeper water. So, too, the wild honeysuckle betrays the hard pan; the anona a loam base, the mangrove brackish water, and the texture and fineness of foliage some characteristic in the soil.—(W. W. Harney in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Cheap Parisian Restaurants.

Writing of cheap Parisian restaurants, Mrs. Labouchere says in Truth: "Duvall who started them, made a large fortune. He was a butcher, and he determined to retail good meat, well cooked. He took several large rooms, with plenty of light, neatly decorated, and in which were a number of white marble tables. A person going in receives a card on which the cost of the different plats, or wine, etc., is marked. Girls dressed in caps, aprons and sleeves of plain cotton serve. They are strong, clean, and do not aspire to the flirtation nonsense of barmaids. The girl, on serving a customer, makes a cross against the articles served. The customer, on going out, hands his card to a woman at a counter, who reckons up in a second the price of a breakfast, lunch or dinner. Duvall's son inherited his fortune, and having spent it in ministering to the wants of Miss Cora Pearl, cut his throat. The play (not the throat-cutting but the bouillab) became popular, and at present there are numerous bouillons in Paris."

AN ARIZONA CLOUD-BURST.

Six Immense Rivers Come Down the Hills Under a Cloudless Sky.

From the Tucson (Ariz.) Citizen.

On Sunday afternoon one of those curious phenomena of nature occurred about thirty miles southwest of Tucson, and from the description given by eye witnesses it was the largest cloud burst ever known in the country. From Judge R. D. Ferguson the following account was gathered: On Sunday he was returning from a trip to the southern part of the country. At 10 o'clock he put up at Brown's station to await dinner and avoid the heat of the sun. The sky all day was cloudless, except a thunder storm that was observed traveling the summits of the Santa Carolinas and disappearing over the Ricono in the northeast. Otherwise not a cloud or a vapor of any kind was to be seen. The sun was shining in all its vigor; and as he passed to the West his strength and glory seemed undiminished. At 3 o'clock Judge Ferguson resumed his journey toward Tucson. He had come about five miles, when his attention was attracted by a roaring and cracking toward the west, and looking up he saw a river of water, as big as the Santa Cruz when it runs through Warner's mill tail race, coming toward him. Telling his driver to halt, they stopped on top of a little knoll, and watched the waters as they violently plowed the desert, tearing up stones and brush. They had evidently spent their force. After the flood had passed by, the face of the country was disfigured, and a large gutter had been cut across the valley. The current came down off a small range of low, rolling hills to the west. Although the judge and his companion strained their eyes in the direction from which the water came not a cloud was to be seen. After the water had subsided sufficiently to let them pass they went on. They had hardly gone half a mile when, to their astonishment, there was another stream equally as large as the first one. Again they peered toward the west in hopes to find some indication of its course. Passing on, their astonishment was doubled to find another stream, and in this manner five successive raging currents were crossed. But all their reserve was called forth when four miles from where they struck the first stream they discovered a sixth one as large as all the others combined. Its angry waters were roaring and hissing as if maddened at the resistance they met on the way from the hills of the desert. This river was unfordable, and to cross it was impossible, so they halted on a knoll and watched it for two or three hours as it boiled and sizzled and cut a bed for itself, in some places as deep as fifteen feet and over 200 yards wide. It was not until after sundown that they dared to attempt a crossing. What renders it so curious is that not one at Brown's station saw the clouds. It may be possible that some hidden springs were uncocked by some subterranean earthquake. At any rate, it is a great wonder.

A Missouri Romance.

Mr. T. C. Childers and Mrs. Lucinda Tatem were first married in their native county, Franklin, in 1856, and lived together until 1861, when the husband joined the southern army in response to a call for volunteers, says the Springfield (Mo.) Herald. Soon he was made a prisoner. After 16 months of captivity he was exchanged and resumed his duties as a southern soldier, remaining in the army till the close of hostilities in 1865, when, like a dutiful husband and father, he returned to his wife and little children, but sad changes greeted him where all had once been contentment and happiness.

The husband had been reported killed in the terrible struggle of Vicksburg, and his wife, after long and tearful waiting, was forced to give credence to the story, and finally found solace in the love of Mr. Phillips, whom she had known from childhood. True to the vows of longa, she was loath to bury her first love. Still, she was a woman, and therefore to be won, so it was the soldier husband returned from the dangers and provocations of war to find her whom he had vowed to love until parted by death the wife of another. It was an ordeal more trying than any he had experienced during all the bloody conflict through which he had passed. Yet there was no remedy save to suppress the affections so fondly treasured and trust in time, whose easy flight corrects all errors, softens grief and rocks sad memory to sleep.

He again married, in 1866, but his second wife died three years later. In 1875 he married a third time, but was again robbed by death of his consort one year afterward. About a year ago Mr. Phillips died, leaving Childers' first wife in widowhood. Mrs. Phillips has a brother residing in Franklin, whom she visited not long since, and at whose house she chanced to meet Mr. Childers, her first husband. They met as friends, but their friendship quickly warmed, the love of 20 years ago returned, and, though not so fervent as in the earlier dreams of youth, it was not wanting in earnest devotion. Their second marriage to each other occurred in the presence of their families, respectively and collectively. The event was celebrated with music and dancing, and the bride and groom, though sprinkled with the silver of time, seem happier for the sorrow they have known.

Swore in Flanders.

General Luard is a fine old British officer, loaned to Canada by the mother country to command the Provincial militia. Unfortunately for that officer he was raised in the school of the army that fought in Flanders, and his speech is often liberally sprinkled with language that the army used there. Colonel Williams a brilliant militiaman and member of the Dominion Parliament, has suffered in feelings from General Luard's irascible temper, having been roundly cursed with strange oaths not to be borne by a modern soldier unaccustomed to such strong imprecations. Consequent-

ly Colonel Williams has gone to London to induce the Horse Guards to recall General Luard, and the Canadian militia is experiencing more excitement than at any time since the Fenian raids.

Early Marriages.

To those who believe in early marriages, as we do, the following story, taken from Notes and Queries, will prove of interest; Lady Sarah Cadogan, daughter of William, first Earl Cadogan, was married at the age of 13 to Charles, second Duke of Richmond, aged 18. It is said that this marriage was a bargain to cancel a gambling debt between their parents. Lady Sarah being a co-heiress. The young Lord March was brought home from college, and the little lady from her nursery, for the ceremony, which took place at The Hague. The bride was amazed and silent, but the husband exclaimed: "Surely you are not going to marry me to that dowdy?" Married, however he was, and his tutor then took him off to the Continent, and the bride went back to her mother. Three years after, Lord March returned from his travels, but having such disagreeable recollection of his wife, was in no hurry to join her, and went the first evening to the theatre. There he saw a lady so beautiful that he asked who she was. "The reigning toast, Lady March, was the answer he got." He hastened to claim her, and their lifelong affection for each other is much commented on by contemporaneous writers; indeed, it was said that the Duchess, who only survived him a year, died of grief. Another correspondent writes: "A youthful wedding recently took place not 100 miles from this parish (Deeping, St. James) the united ages of the couple being 35—the bridegroom 21, and the bride 14. It was somewhat of a novelty to observe the interesting bride, the following day, exhibiting her skill on the skipping-rope on the pavement in the street."

Unpleasant on Both Sides.

From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.

As the audience was coming out of one of our theaters on a rainy night of last week, an accident occurred which caused at least one person an agony almost as great as that of passing through the valley of shadows. This was a lady of very imposing appearance, stately of mien, gorgeous of attire and supercilious of manner toward those who were unavoidably pushed against her in the crowd. A busy, bustling little man behind her undertook to open his umbrella in the lobby, so that he might be prepared to brave the rain when he reached the street. It was no easy thing to do in such a mass of people, but he contrived to turn his umbrella point upward, and as he opened the open door, proceeded to open it suddenly. Unfortunately, as his umbrella extended, it caught her beneath the coil of hair that adorned the back of her head. To the horror of the gentleman, he saw the lady's bonnet and her entire head of hair mount upward on the point of his umbrella. There was agony and remorse on both sides. A looks were of no avail. The unhappy man darted forth into the stormy night, but disappeared with it in her hand into the gloomy recesses of an attendant back.

LATE MARKET REPORT.

ST. PAUL. WHEAT—The week opens with the market steady at about Saturday's quotations, the growing strength of the outside market still encouraging holders to maintain their extreme positions, notwithstanding the freer movement of wheat in the country. For spot No. 1 hard, a buying offer of \$1.01 was made; for December, \$1.02; January, \$1.03; Mar., \$1.05. No. 2 hard, bid and asked, \$1.00. Oats—There continues to be a fair demand and the market is about steady; No. 2 spot, November and December is held at 48c; for No. 3 47c and one cent ditto at 46c were recorded. CORN—The stock of oats is still very limited, and the market continues strong. Quotations: No. 2 mixed, 27c was bid, and 28c asked; November and December, 27c bid, January, 28c bid; May, 31c bid. No. 3 white, 25c bid and 26c asked. One car of No. 2 mixed was sold at 26 1/2 c; car No. 3 white at 24c and 2 cars No. 3 white at 27c. MINNEAPOLIS. CORN—Dull and nominal; No. 2 was bid for at 46c, and 47c asked; October and November, 47c; year, 46c; condemned, 42 1/2 c. OATS—Quiet and steady; holders asked 29c for No. 2 white; No. 2 mixed, 28c bid; rejected 26 1/2 c. BARLEY—Unchanged at 58c for No. 2 extra No. 3, 56 1/2 c; No. 3 and rejected, 53 1/2 c. FLOUR—The market is steady and active; quotations: Patents, \$6.00 to \$7.00; straights, \$5.25 to \$5.80; first bakers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; second bakers, \$3.90 to \$4.30; best low grades, \$2.90 to \$3.40; red dog, \$1.75 to \$2.20. Boston quotations are as follows: Minnesota patents, \$6.00 to \$7.00; straights, \$4.30 to \$5.00; first bakers, \$3.90 to \$4.50; red dog, \$2.90 to \$3.70, in bags. MILWAUKEE MARKET—Flour, dull and drooping; Wheat, strong; 94c for November; 96c for December; 97c for January. Corn, firmer; No. 2, 40c; rejected, 39c. Oats, higher; No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 28c. Rye, higher; No. 1, 57c; No. 2, 56c. Barley, stronger; No. 2, 60c. PROVISIONS—Steady; mess pork, \$10.50 for November; \$11.25 for January. Prime corn lard, \$7.50 for November; \$7.40 for January. Butter firm; 27 1/2 c for creamery; 20 1/2 c for dairy. Cheese scarce and wanted at 12 1/2 c; Eggs firm at 23 1/2 c. Receipts—Flour, 15,000 bbls; wheat, 47,000 bu; barley, 41,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 19,000 bbls; wheat, 2,000 bu; barley, 39,000 bu. CHICAGO MARKET—Flour, quiet and steady. Wheat opened dull, but closed active, strong and higher; November, 96c; December, 96 1/2 c; January, 107 1/2 c; February, 98c; May, 104 1/2 c; No. 2 spring, 94 1/2 c; No. 3 spring, \$2.90; No. 2 red winter, \$4.00; No. 3 red winter, \$3.70. Corn, nominal, active, and stronger, at 48 1/2 c; cash, 49c; November, 48c; December, 47 1/2 c; year, 47 1/2 c; January, 49 1/2 c; May, 49c. Oats, firm and fairly active; 28 1/2 c cash and November; 28 1/2 c December; 28 1/2 c year; 28 1/2 c January.

Mount Adams in Washington Territory was recently ascended by a large party who reached an elevation of 12,650 feet, where they descended 100 feet into the crater. A stone was dropped, and there was an almost deafening reverberation.

Kentucky people lost their patience when a well-to-do traveling Englishman asked Judge Harlan who Henry Clay was.

The notorious stage robber Blackbart, who during an uninterrupted business of six years, has stopped twenty-three stages, was captured in San Francisco recently. His residence was in San Francisco during the last five years.

THE OUTWARD SEEMING.

BY FLORENCE B. HALLOWELL.

"No, not a single cent do they get from me," said Miss Sarah Jenkins with a peculiar expression of her thin lips, as she took her spectacles from her nose, and slowly replaced in its envelope the letter she had been reading to her friend Miss Hepzibah Lackey. "I think I know my duty as well as most folks, an' givin' help to Susan Bayard an' her children don't come under that head."

"But bein' as they're your own kin," said Miss Hepzibah, deprecatingly, "it's only natural for 'em to look to you."

"Let 'em look. They'll take it out in lookin'." I told Tom when he married Susan Bayard that the day'd come when he'd rue it. She was allers spindlin' an' sort o' helpless. But Tom was that headstrong he wouldn't listen to nobody. He spent his last cent in buyin' that farm over to Milford, an' then had to mortgage it before he could start his crops."

"It was unfortunat his dyin' so soon," said Miss Hepzibah, who was a kindly old soul. "Ef he'd a lived a couple o' years more he'd paid for the place an' left Susan comfortable. I shouldn't wonder but she's had a hard pull these two years to get along with those three children."

"Most likely she has. But I don't see as I'm called on to shoulder her burdens with her. Goodness knows I've enough already without lookin' out for any more."

"Yes, your hands are pretty full—that's a fact," said Miss Hepzibah. "I hear folks sayin' every day that they don't know what the minister would do without you."

"I reckon I've labored pretty faithful in the Master's vineyard," said Miss Sarah, "if I do say it as shouldn't."

"And you'll get your reward, Miss Jenkins," said Miss Hepzibah, as she rose to go. "You can allers take comfort in thinkin' that. But I do wish you could see your way to help Susan a bit."

"She don't deserve help," said Miss Sarah, "an' I wouldn't have taken my advice in the first place. I told 'em how it would be, an' it's come out pretty much as I said. I told Tom she was too everlastin' delicate, an' would break down in less'n five years. But he would have his own way an' marry her, an' now here she is laid up—just as I said she'd be."

"Pity they didn't listen to you," said Miss Hepzibah as she went out. "But young foug folks is generly mortal headstrong."

Miss Jenkins often boasted that she never spent an id's minute, and there was always work of one kind or another for her to do; but after her visitor had gone she sat for some time with her hands in her lap, thinking over the contents of the letter she had just received.

Tom's marriage to Susan Bayard, the orphan daughter of a man who, to use the expressions of his neighbors, had never been "forehandled," had not pleased his sister, who thought Susan far too delicate and dainty to prove of much help as the wife of a farmer of slender means.

Tom, however had been very happy in his wedded life, and had never regretted his choice, as he took pains to say to his sister whenever he wrote to her.

And Miss Sarah who wasn't as good a Christian as she thought herself, and did not fancy being called a false prophet, resented his happiness, and allowed a feeling of enmity to grow up in her heart against Susan.

Tom's death, seven years after his marriage, was a terrible blow to his wife and children, who were left almost penniless.

But Susan, knowing the way in which she was regarded by her sister-in-law, did not dream of calling upon Miss Sarah for help.

Through the influence of a friend the young widow secured the position of teacher in a district school, and for two years, on a very slender salary, had managed to keep the wolf from the door.

Then the mortgage on her home was foreclosed and a long illness which followed her removal from the farm to a small room in the village of Milford, made it necessary for the trustees of the school to provide another teacher in her place.

The sale of the furniture of the farmhouse provided Susan with money to defray her expenses during her illness; but she found herself when convalescent utterly penniless, and with three small children looking to her for support.

It was then that, with a heavy heart, she wrote to her sister-in-law, and it was a letter which ought to have called forth only sympathy and pity from its recipient, but which gave Miss Sarah only a strange sort of pleasure in being able at last to say, "I told you so."

As she sat in her kitchen that warm July afternoon, the quiet broken only by the ticking of the large eight-day clock and the soft purring of the cat by the stove, she was thinking what she would write in reply: in what words she would remind Susan of Tom's declaration that "neither he nor his should ever ask for a favor or a cent at his sister's hands."

The clock struck four with a loud whirring noise, which roused Miss Jenkins with a start from her reverie, and she sprang up, surprised and shocked to find how long she had been idle.

"I'll let her wait awhile for my answer," she thought. "I'll do her good to be in suspense a bit. And I reckon it ain't too late to go after them blackberries in the medder lot. First thing I know them pesky town-boys will be after 'em, an' I won't get none for 'em."

She put on her sunbonnet, and taking a large tin pail from the pantry, went out. She paused on the path which led to the meadow to look back at the house, thinking it was very like Susan had calculated on being asked to take up her abode there.

It was a large, old-fashioned house, with roomy chambers, wide fire-places, and plenty of windows. The grounds surrounding it were well-shaded, and an

abundance of flowers bloomed in the front garden. It would have been a grand place for children to play, but none had ever played there since Tom had been grown. The place had been left to Miss Sarah by an aunt, and Tom had no share in it. Miss Sarah, however, had cared for and supported her brother, who was very much her junior, until he was able to strike out for himself; and she made him a present of five hundred dollars when he attained his majority. She thought she had done more than her duty by him, and she desired that he should pay her some consideration in the matter of his marriage. She had never felt the same toward him since, though she tried to heed the old motto, "De mortuis nil nisi bonum," whenever she spoke of him.

The blackberries in the meadow were very ripe and large, and so plentiful that Miss Sarah had no difficulty in filling her pail in a very short time. It occurred to her as she walked homeward that perhaps the minister's wife might want to make jam, too, and would appreciate the gift of a few quarts of berries, such as these. So, on reaching home, Miss Sarah filled a smaller pail with the fruit, and, starting out again, turned her steps toward the village.

"I look such a sight in this sunbonnet, I reckon I'd best go in the back way," she thought, as she approached the neat frame dwelling in which her pastor lived. "Like as not they've got company come to tea."

The heat, combined with the long walk to the village, had caused Miss Sarah to feel very tired, and as she entered the minister's garden, and her eyes fell on a very delightfully shaped arbor, she concluded to rest a few minutes until she was cooler.

"My face must be as red as a beet," she thought, as she seated herself on one of the rustic chairs, "I wish to goodness I'd brought my umbrella!"

She had just concluded that she was sufficiently cooled off to present herself to the house, when she heard voices, and, peering out through the vines, which the arbor was well screened, she saw Mr. Lawton, accompanied by a lady, coming down the garden path.

Miss Sarah drew back, and wished very sincerely that she had not thought of bringing the berries, or had stopped at home long enough to put on a nice dress; for the lady was a stranger, and looked so exquisitely neat and cool that Miss Sarah felt herself by contrast disgracefully untidy.

She had no doubt that the minister was about to show his companion the way to the arbor, and her heart sunk at the thought of being found in such a plight. But suddenly the stranger paused, and bent to pick a rose of great beauty.

"If we could only be like this rose," she said, "as fair within as without."

"You forget," said Mr. Lawton; "how very often we see worms eating into the heart of the most beautiful roses."

"Is nothing true, then? Are we never to be able to put faith in the 'outward seeming' of anything or anyone?"

"Those who make the loudest professions are often the most corrupt," said the minister, "and, as I was saying a moment ago, there are so many of 'em, so very many, who think themselves Christians because they go regularly to church, teach in the Sunday-school, use no profane language, and give liberally to the missions. But they do not think it necessary to guard their thoughts, to fill their daily life with little acts of kindness. Now, you are a stranger here, and are to leave us to-morrow; so I can speak to you as I could not to one familiar with the people who make up my congregation. I will give you a case in point. I have in my church a woman of middle age who lives alone on a farm a couple of miles from the village. She is very active in church affairs, and is always ready to visit the sick, go among the poor, or give to a charity. She has provided for the education of several heathen in Africa, and has taught a class of men in the penitentiary, visited the jail, and made herself generally useful. But, nevertheless, she is selfish, narrow and sordid to a pitiable degree. She does nothing without making a show about it, so as to be well regarded among men. For years she cherished feelings of enmity toward an only brother because, forsooth, he did not marry to please her, and I was told not an hour ago that she has declared her intention not to help in any way that brother's sick and penniless widow and children. She speaks of them with bitterness, and even seems to rejoice that at last they are forced to appeal to her for aid. I was asked to speak to her on the subject, but she would be highly insulted. I know, if I ventured to call her to account for her want of charity and natural affection. She thinks herself a Christian but in my opinion she is very far from being anything of the kind. She will come into church next Thursday night and pray earnestly for the forgiveness of her sins, and for help to walk in the right way. But she prays only with her lips; her heart has nothing to do with it. She thinks and cares only for 'outward seeming,' and—"

At this moment little Lulu Lawton interrupted the conversation by running down the path with the announcement that tea was ready; and the minister said no more.

But Miss Sarah had heard quite enough. She was pale and trembling, and so greatly disturbed that when she hurried from the arbor as soon as she could without being perceived, she left her pail of berries behind her.

She met several of her friends on her way home, but she did not even bow to them, so absorbed was she in the recollection of what the minister had said.

Reaching home she sat down in her big rocking-chair by the kitchen stove, and leaning her chin on her hand, stared before her with eyes from which the scales had fallen. And she was looking inward—for the first time in her life—"Only the outward seeming," she murmured, over and over under her breath, as if the sound frightened her, and after all these years I've only just found out that I haven't been a Christian."

Contrary to the expectation of Mr. Lawton, Miss Sarah did not appear at prayer-meeting on Thursday night; and when he called to see her on Friday,

was surprised to find three curly-headed children making mud-pies in the front yard, who informed him in a loud chorus that they had "come to live with Aunt Sarah forever."

Miss Sarah welcomed him very cordially, and though she looked tired and warm after her journey from Milford, she seemed as happy as possible.

"This is a great surprise, Miss Jenkins," said the minister, as he followed her into the parlor and took a seat.

"Yes, I reckon it'll be a surprise to most folks. But I ain't afraid but they'll live through it."

"I think you will be well rewarded for bringin' your sister and her children here. Your life has been a very lonely one," said Mr. Lawton.

"Yes, I see on I'll take considerable satisfaction out of it, and it does seem sort o' pleasant to have 'em round. They're well mannered children. Susan's been mighty particular about them. Did you notice the boy as you came in? He's a very moral o' Tom."

As Mr. Lawton walked back to the village he wondered what had waked Miss Jenkins up to a sense of her duty. But he never knew.

Early in the following winter Miss Jenkins invited her pastor and his wife to tea. The table was well supplied with cake, pickles, and preserves, a glass dish of blackberry jam occupying a position just before Mrs. Lawton.

"I am so fond of blackberry jam," said that lady, as she helped herself to the article in question, "and I put up a great deal last summer. But the very nicest I made was from some blackberries my little girl found in the arbor in our garden. We never knew who had left them there, but took it for granted they were meant for us, and so took possession of them, pail and all. Lulu calls it my 'mystery jam.' I have often wondered if the mystery would ever be explained."

But it never was.

A Wonderful Bridge.

A new bridge, whose structure seems most wonderful is to be thrown across the River Forth five miles west of Edinburgh, Scotland. This has been in contemplation for years, but the width and depth of the channel have, until lately, proved too much for the engineers. Its necessity is apparent. All the railroads on the east side of Scotland from the south find a terminus at Edinburgh; but, in order to make connection with the roads to Perth, Dundee, Inverness and Aberdeen, it has been necessary either to go due west 25 miles to Stirling, where the Forth is bridged, or to have a five miles ferry transfer across the river just above Edinburgh.

The latter has been preferred in spite of the occasional danger and inevitable inconvenience of ferriage across a roadstead of that width open to the easterly winds. In these days of rapid transit this is no longer endurable. The plan adopted by the engineers, Messrs. Fowler and Baker, is a striking example that "necessity is the mother of invention." The bridge will be stretched between North and South Queensferry, six miles above Edinburgh. At this point the river is one mile and one-half broad, and half a mile from the north shore is the small island of Inchgarvie. This would make a comparatively easy problem were it not that the depth of water precludes any piers for more than half the distance. On the north the channel is 210 feet. It is out of the question to try to sink caissons so far. Sir Thomas Burch, who built the illustrious Tay bridge, proposed a suspension. This would have required for the cables two stone towers on the island, each 596 feet in height, and on either bank of the river one 584 feet high. They can be better appreciated when it is said that the towers of the Brooklyn bridge rise but 271 feet above the East river. The idea was speedily given up, and the present one adopted. It should be said that as yet it is only a plan. Several hundred men are at work preparing the approaches, but the bridge is not yet constructed. The plans, however have been approved by the best English engineers, and there is no reason to apprehend failure.

The principle is a very simple one. An ordinary pier structure runs out a little way on either bank. On the edge of the deep channel, near both banks, four stone piers are placed in a group, and a similar cluster will stand on the south side of the island. Upon these three supports will rest the entire weight of the bridge. Upon each one will be poised an immense cap of steel made in the form of an elongated lozenge, with the long axis representing the line of railroad. The middle one will rest on the four island piers, which afford a base 270 feet long, and will stretch out on either side 685 feet. The two from the shore piers will come within 350 feet of meeting the centre one, and, to fill the gaps and resting upon the cages, two steel lattice girder bridges will be hung. The middle cage will exactly balance upon its supports, but the other two will have to reach on further over the channel than toward land, and the balance will be made up by weights. In order to give the necessary stiffness to such a span from a single base, the structure has to be stiffened in every manner. The plan of the elongated lozenges gives each one a height above its pier 330 feet, sloping up from the pier and down from the top to connecting lattice bridges. These lozenge shaped affairs are really steel cages, 120 feet wide at the bottom, and only 60 feet at the top. This inward slope gives the strength of a trestle support, for all the weight falls upon the piers by uprights, and not by the arch principle from the side. The upper side of the lozenges will be straight and the upper ones curved, while the tracks will run along their horizontal axes, 165 feet above the top of the piers, which will also be the altitude of the two connecting steel girders. This balance, or cantilever principle, has been used on large bridges before, and its introduction here will make one which will eclipse, as an engineering wonder, the famous Britannia and Victoria tubular bridges. Some idea of the magnitude of the work can be gained by knowing that it will take \$8,000,000 and several years' time.

At present the piers on the South side

are being put in, a gigantic undertaking in itself. On the north side they are nearly completed. The bridge will be of steel in every part except the piers. It will thus be more costly, but lighter and more durable. When done it will work a revolution in the manner of building long spans across deep water channels.

Origin of Popular Phrases.

Written by the Globe-Democrat.

Be sure you are right, then go ahead.—This very excellent advice forms the second line of a motto of a book published by the famous backwoods congressman, Davy Crockett, in which he strongly advocated the old National bank. The couplet runs:

Remember this when I am dead,
Be sure you are right then go ahead.

His espousal of the cause of the bank gave offense to many of his constituents, who were friends of Gen. Jackson. The book and his frank speeches, however, returned him to the favor of his constituents, but when the American settlers in Texas made an appeal for help, he went there in command of a company of Tennessee riflemen, and was killed while gallantly fighting at San Antonio de Bexar, in March, 1836.

John Bull.—The following is an additional version of the origin of the term "John Bull." Dr. John Bull was the first Gresham professor of music, and organist and composer to Queen Elizabeth. John, like a true Englishman, traveled for improvement; and having heard of a famous musician at St. Omers, he placed himself under him as a novice. But a circumstance soon convinced the master that he was inferior to the scholar. The musician showed John a song which he had composed in forty parts, telling him at the same time that he defied all the world to produce a person capable of adding another part to his composition. Bull desired to be left with pen and ink. In less than three hours he added forty parts more to the song, upon which the Frenchman was so surprised that he swore, in great ecstasy, he must be either the devil or John Bull; which has ever since been proverbial in England.

Right Smart.—Of Southern origin, signifying a good many, large, plenty, etc. "A right smart chunk o' bacon."—Olustead's Texas, page 301. "I sold right smart of eggs this summer."—Mrs. Stowe's Dred, vol. ii., page 157. "She had right smart of life in her."—Dred, vol. i., page 209.

Spread-Eagle Style of Oratory.—A term for a kind of speaking common among politicians, which is thus defined by a writer in the North American Review for November, 1858, in which year the term originated; "A compound of exaggeration, effrontery, bombast and extravagance, mixed metaphors, platitudes defiant threats thrown at the Almighty."

Hats, Collars, Shoes, Etc.

English walking hats of soft felt, trimmed with velvet bands and a single bird or group of wings, are worn by girls from eight to fourteen years of age. There are also many cloth turbans to be selected in colors matching the dresses. For little girls there are larger hats of velvet or of felt, with wide soft brims irregularly indented and turned up capriciously, as best suits the face. The nodding ostrich tips in Kate Greenaway styles grouped together near the front are the only trimmings on some of the large soft felt hats that are worn far back on the head. The hair is still cut on the Vandeburg bang, which begins far back at the crown of the head, and is worn without ribbons. The collars most used for small children are very large and round, and are made of linen or of scrim, edged with embroidery or lace, while for dress occasions they are of Irish lace, either the crocheted lace, the Irish point, or the Carrickmacross lace or muslin, with the figures wrought in buttonhole stitches, and the muslin cut out between the designs. Solid colored stockings are used in all dark colors to match dresses, but the preference is still given to black stockings for both plain and dressy toilettes. Dark wool jerseys, either garnet, brown, navy blue or black, are in great favor with young girls to wear with white or colored skirts, or for completing a suit that has skirts of the same color made of cashmere or cloth. Buttoned shoes without heels are worn by girls below ten years, and those who are older have very low, square English heels.

Beecher and Matthew Arnold.

In the interview between Mr. Beecher and Matthew Arnold, at the church of the former, the Brooklyn divine, warmly grasping the hand of the visitor, said, "Although I have never had the pleasure of knowing you personally, you have been my master for many years. I have read all you have written two or three times over, and always with profit, including the 'Buse.'" [Mr. Arnold at one time referred to Mr. Beecher as "a heated barbarian," but to-day he said that the divine reminded him strongly of Baxton.] "I am afraid it was unjust abuse," replied Mr. Arnold apologetically. "No, no; not at all. I deserved it all, and it did me good." After this mutual confession, the two men remained in conversation for a short time. In the afternoon Mr. Carnegie accompanied his guest to the cathedral in Fifth avenue, which Mr. Arnold desired to see. They listened to the music, and as they viewed the structure Mr. Arnold expressed his astonishment that a country of which the government was only a century old could produce such a magnificent edifice.

Dr. Foote on Divorce.

The average human being of to-day, is as much superior to the average man or woman of 500 years ago, as a first-class Yale lock is superior to an ordinary padlock. To unlock one of the improved instruments, the key must have just so many wards, and they must be most perfectly adjusted. A Yale lock will most certainly repel any ordinary key. There is a constant increasing going on in the convulsions of the human brain, as intelligence increases, and to get human beings together that can har-

monize under these circumstances, is not so easy a matter as it once was. One would suppose however, on first thought, that when two got together that were tolerably adapted, they might stay so for twenty-five or fifty years, if they lived so long.—Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.

Personal Paragraphs.

A man named Radcliff, who has just died at Sheffield, for a long time had pretended to be a bearded woman, and was a great attraction to the curious. Radcliff added the trade of herbalist to his profession as a harmless monstrosity. His death was mysterious and he was found with his skull almost cut in two.

Mrs. Herbert C. Ayer, formerly a leader of Chicago fashion, the wife of a man who failed for \$2,000,000 last winter is now a highly successful saleswoman in a New York store which deals in bric-a-brac. She turned that fashionable study to so good account while wealthy that when she was driven to depend on her own resources she had no trouble in securing an excellent situation.

Dr. Abernethy is reported to have said to the late Gen. Dix during a consultation: "Though a stomach is a stomach, it is impossible for any one to reason from his own to that of another person." This is a fact so often overlooked, that it needs often to be stated, and it applies both in the use of food and medicine, that what may be one man's dish may be another man's poison. Especially in dyspeptic cases, even apparently very similar cases may require very different treatment and diet.

The Rev. Mr. Shaw, the English missionary who suffered ill-treatment at the hands of the French, has been granted £1,000 indemnity by France, besides receiving official regrets at the occurrence. Considering the noise made about the affair by Mr. Shaw and history of gross outrage and brutal treatment, he has let the Frenchmen off very easily. The sum of \$5,000 is not a large plaster for wounded honor; but perhaps the good missionary regarded it as his duty to forgive his enemies to the extent of the balance of the account.

The papers are telling a very good joke at the expense of the Rev. J. W. Ram of Philadelphia. He was preaching in Pittsburgh last Sunday night, and was telling what a nice place heaven is. After enumerating the things not to be found there, the reverend gentleman said: "There is no darkness there, no clouds, no sickness, no graves, no funerals, no preachers—" At this point a smile ran over the audience, which the speaker perceived, and seeing the necessity of an explanation, he interpolated the remark: "I mean there's no preaching there." The amendment was accepted.

A young lady of Portland lately invented a table for use in Pullman cars. She applied for a patent, and her only fear was that some one might have foretold her by some invention of their own sufficiently resembling hers to make her invention useless. While awaiting results Mr. Tucker of the Maine Central and Eastern roads, who had seen the table, was so impressed that he expressed willingness to get it introduced on his roads if she was successful. The young lady fell sick of typhoid fever, and on Saturday, her birthday, died. Just as she expired the looked-for patent arrived.

Mr. John L. Brookes, who died recently at Napa, Cal., leaving an estate of about \$100,000, willed most of it to two personal friends, saying in his will, "I prefer that my estate should go after my death to those who have been kind and devoted to me here, rather than to relatives far away who are, most of them at least, well able to take care of themselves, and from whose lives and interests I have long been removed. I say this without any disparagement to them, and in order to show that I have duly considered and deliberately decided as to these my testamentary wishes."

The cable announces the death of Sir John Vesey Parnell, Baron Congleton. He was a descendant of Thomas Parnell, who settled in Ireland in the time of Charles II., and from whom also Charles Stewart Parnell is descended. The late Baron, who was born in 1805, was rather eccentric. In early life he was a Plymouth Brother, and had some religious scruples as to assuming his title on the death of his father, which occurred in 1841. His brother, Henry, is heir to the title.

Father Anderledy, the newly elected vicar of the Jesuits' Order, is a man of fifty-seven or sixty, of good health, thin and wiry, with black eyes and black hair, and wonderfully active. He is a Swiss. He speaks Italian, French, English and German fluently. He was a professor in Switzerland for many years. Then he went to Canada as a missionary among the Indians for years, and led a hard life in the snow and ice. He afterward did pastoral duty at Green Bay, Wis. He was called back to Germany, where he was elected provincial and afterward assistant of the general.

"Political parties," says John Bright in a recent letter, "seems to me unavoidable in a free country; but, in my view, there is a higher law to which we should submit. I condemned our warlike policy thirty years ago—I condemn it now—and I left the government on their Egyptian blunder." Mr. Bright added that he did not, therefore, leave the party with which he has been so long connected. But he hoped that the party would "become wiser."

Nearly 500 of the inquests held in England and Wales in 1890 resulted in a verdict of "died from excessive drinking."

A servant girl working for Mr. Burnet Brainerd, has been arrested and confessed that she stole the property lost recently that a Minnesotan man assisted her. The goods were found where she secreted them.

N. W. CAMPBELL.
Attorney at Law.

FRED A. SABIN.
U. S. Surveyor.

CAMPBELL & SABIN, LAW & LAND ATTORNEYS,

Offices at Fargo and Cooperstown.

PRACTICE In any and all courts in Dakota, and before the land department at Washington.

ACT as agents for Eastern Capitalists and the Business Man. Collections promptly made and taxes paid for non-residents.

FILE all necessary papers at the Land Office at Fargo and other land office districts.

LOAN money on Final Proof, Real Estate and Chattels.

LOCATE parties on A No. 1 land.

CONTEST claims before District Land Offices and the courts of last resort, and transact a General Land Office Business.

KEENEY BLOCK,
FARGO.

Palace Hotel and Newell Block,
COOPERSTOWN.

HOMESTEADS!

TREE CLAIMS!

WHIDDEN BROS.

Will still be the firm name, but owing to the death of our junior partner a change becomes necessary, and all those indebted to us are earnestly requested to PAY UP within the next 30 DAYS. The balance of our

HEAVY STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices, some lines being marked away down below cost and others 10 and 25 PER CENT. OFF.

BOOTS & SHOES

Will be close out regardless of cost. Big discount on

Ready - Made Clothing,

Duck Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc. Don't forget that we can sell you

FURNITURE

Cheaper than anywhere in Dakota. Now is the time to get a premium on your Wheat Checks, Government Bank Sight Drafts and Gold.

Give us a call and be convinced that what we say we mean, and can back it up in a substantial manner.

WHIDDEN BROS.

Dakota Dolars.

Henry Villard's combined salaries are said to aggregate \$80,000 a year.

Latest returns show that G. R. Thompson, of Portland, was elected commissioner by a majority of 18.

The surveying parties in the Devil's Lake land district have all gone into winter quarters. They sum up their work since they commenced in June at thirty-one towns surveyed, 714,240 acres, out of 6,410,000 in the district. Two-thirds of this is arable, but not all of the best quality.

The following is a brief serial from the Fargo Argus: In the lower part of Minnesota a number of young men who were admirers of the Jesse James tribe, became ambitious for a fame of similar sort, and armed themselves with pistols and knives; each stole all he could from his parents, and then repaired to a convenient cave in the surrounding mountains, from which they daily sallied forth on predatory tours until the town authorities finally captured them all. They are now languishing in jail.

George Stinson & Co., the celebrated Art Publishers, of Portland, Maine, undoubtedly pay more money for postage stamps than any other firm in the world; for the last five years their postage bill has averaged over two thousand dollars per week, making a grand aggregate of over five hundred and twenty thousand dollars; this is about the three-hundredth part of all the postage of every description collected by the United States government during that time, and in this connection it must be borne in mind that the country has over fifty million souls, and fifty thousand postoffices.

The Rushford.

There is no better made wagon than the RUSHFORD.

The Lenham E. & L. Co. handle the RUSHFORD.

You can save 20 per cent. by paying cash for the RUSHFORD.

You can not buy a better wagon; you are "liable" to get an inferior one.

Call at the Lumber Yard and examine the RUSHFORD.

For Rent.

A well appointed store in excellent location of Cooperstown, suitable for any kind of business, can be leased by applying to, R. C. COOPER.

A fine calf boot for \$2.75. Also a large stock of winter foot gear at Odegard & Thompson's.

For mens' fur goods go to Nelson & Langlie's.

Coal in quantities to suit all at bed rock prices. Lenham E. & L. Co

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between N. W. Campbell, Fred A. Sabin and F. C. Holmes under the name and style of "Campbell, Sabin & Co." is hereby mutually dissolved, said F. C. Holmes retiring from the firm; said Campbell and Sabin assume all liabilities and succeed to all the accounts of said firm, and remain and carry on the same general business under the firm name of "Campbell & Sabin."

Cooperstown, D. T., Nov. 22, 1883.
N. W. CAMPBELL.
F. C. HOLMES.
FRED. A. SABIN.

FISH!

DRIED,
CANNED,
PICKLED,
AT
WHIDDEN BROS.

AGENTS wanted for The lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest seller in America. Immense profit to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.

"No lady can get along without it."—Detroit (Mich.) Advertiser.

Cheapest and Best!
PETERSON'S MAGAZINE!

Splendid premiums for getting up clubs: Illustrated "Golden Gift." Large-size Steel Engraving.

FULL-SIZE PAPER PATTERNS. A supplement will be given in every number for 1884, containing 1 full-size pattern for a lady's or child's dress. Every subscriber will receive, during the year, twelve of these patterns—worth more, alone, than the subscription price.

Peter's Magazine is the cheapest and best of the lady's books. It gives more for the money and combines greater merits than any other. In short, it has the best steel engravings, best colored fashions, best dress patterns, best music, etc. Its immense circulation and long established reputation enable its proprietor to distance all competition. Its novels, novelets, etc., are admitted to be the best published. All the most popular female writers contribute to it. In 1884, more than 100 original stories will be given, besides six copyright novelets—by Ann S. Stevens, Mary V. Spencer, Frank Lee Benedict, Lucy H. Hooper, the author of "Josiah Allen's Wife," and the author of "The Second Life."

COLORED STEEL FASHION-PLATES. "Peter's" is the only magazine that gives these. They are twice the usual size and are unequalled for beauty. Also, Household, Cookery, and other receipts; articles on art embroidery, flower culture, house decoration—in short, everything interesting to ladies.

Terms, Always in Advance, \$2 a Year.

UNPARALLELED OFFERS TO CLUBS. 2 copies for \$3.50, 3 for \$4.50—With a superb illustrated volume: "The Golden Gift," or a large size costly steel engraving, "Tired Out," for getting up the club.

4 copies for \$6.50, 6 for \$9.00—With an extra copy of the magazine for 1884, as a premium to the person getting up the club.

5 copies for \$8.00, 7 for \$10.20—With both an extra copy of the magazine for 1884, and the "Golden Gift," or the large steel engraving, "Tired Out," to the person getting up the club. For larger clubs, still greater inducements. Address, post-paid,

CHARLES J. PETERSON,
303 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up club with.

J. S. BRONSON,
JEWELER,
SANBORN, D. T.

Wishes to say to the Citizens of Cooperstown and vicinity, that he is receiving a very large and nicely assorted stock of goods for the Holiday trade, consisting of staple and

FANCY GOODS!

Christmas and New Year Cards in great variety, and all novelties usually found in a News Office, Book and Jewelry Store. This stock is altogether too numerous to mention.

Call and see for yourselves. Opposite the depot, Sanborn, D. T. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. n16421.

THEO. F. KERR, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon!
Cooperstown, Dakota.
Office in Newell's Drug Store.

BYRON ANDRUS,
Law and Real Estate,
COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

Special attention given to business before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo. Farm Lands and Town Lots bought and sold on commission.

COOPERSTOWN LOTS!
For sale at first hands.

IVER JACOBSON,
Attorney

—AND—
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

JOHN N. JORGENSEN,
Clerk of District Court,

Land Attorney,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK.

Money Invested and Taxes paid for Non-Residents.
Money to Loan on Real Estate on Reasonable Terms.

Correct Abstracts of Griggs County Always on Hand!

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.
Office Over Nelson & Langlie's Store, COOPERSTOWN.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Official Surgeon for N. P. R. R. Co. Office over Barnes Co. Bank. SANBORN, D. T.

N. L. Lenham's
INSURANCE AGENCY

Representing the following old and reliable companies.

Cash Assets.
ETNA, of Hartford, N. Y. \$9 054 611 00
HOME, of New York, N. Y. 7 208 489 00
UNDERWRITERS agency
N. Y. 5 125 957 00
GER. AMERICAN, N. Y. 3 704 274 00
North British & Mercantile
N. Y. 3 265 875 00
PHOENIX, Brooklyn N. Y. 3 295 327 00
SPRINGFIELD, Springfield, Mass. 2 395 288 00
St. Paul Fire and Marine. 1 048 873 00
GERMAN, Freeport, Ill. 1 185 979 00

Policies promptly written on Business, Residence, Farm and other property.

At Sanborn by C. A. VANWORMER, office in Barnes County Bank Building.

At Cooperstown by H. G. PICKETT, office in Bank of Cooperstown.

Your Insurance business is respectfully solicited.

IVER JACOBSON, OLE SERUMGARD,
Attorney at Law. Notary Public.

Jacobson & Serumgard,
COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE.
Money to Loan.

Final Proof a Specialty.

MISS THIRZA GIMBLETT,
Dress & Mantle Maker

Work done at residence of patrons or taken home. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply at Mr. Adams' Bureau, Burel Ave., COOPERSTOWN. D. T.

MUR & CHRISTIE,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS,
COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished on application. A call solicited.

J. W. SHANNON,
—DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—

Furniture

—AND—
UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.
SANBORN, DAK.

Agent for the New Howe and New Home Sewing Machines.

Minneapolis & St. Louis
RAILWAY,
AND THE FAMOUS

Albert Lea Route.

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY
FROM ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
TO CHICAGO

Without Change, connecting with the Fast Trains of all lines for the
EAST AND SOUTHEAST!

The Direct and Only Line running through cars between MINNEAPOLIS and
DES MOINES, IOWA,
Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS
—BETWEEN—
MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS
and the Principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in the Union Depot for all points South and Southwest!

MANY HOURS SAVED!
and the Only Line running Two Trains Daily to Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railways.

Close Connections made in Union Depot with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific; St. Paul & Duluth Railways, from and to all points North and Northwest.

REMEMBER! The Trains of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway are composed of Comfortable Day Coaches, MAGNIFICENT PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, and our justly famous PALACE DINING CARS!

150 Lbs. of Baggage Checked Free. FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST! For Time Tables, Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest Ticket Agent or write to S. F. BOYD, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass Agt., Minneapolis, Minn.

Remember we buy anything and sell everything except Soft Soap

ODEGARD & THOMPSON,
Cooperstown, North Dakota.