





The total net revenues of the national government for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June was \$398,287,581 a decrease of \$5,237,688 from the receipts of the year preceding.

In the United States there 64,698 clergymen and 64,137 lawyers—a majority of 561 clergymen. There are 86,671 physicians, being 22,535 more doctors than lawyers—but such doctors, and such lawyers—some of them!

The vote on the proposition to abolish convict contract labor from the New York state prisons, gives a majority of over 235,000 in favor of the proposition. All the aristocratic influence of the state was against the proposition, including Harper's Weekly, but the mechanics and workmen carried it through.

Gen. Hazen, chief of the weather bureau, wants more money—and so do the chiefs of all the other bureaux in Washington—and they also want enlarged powers—and so do almost every other official. But our government is one of limited powers, from the president down, and there doesn't seem to be any better system to stick to, anywhere.

Florida's winter boom has begun by a rush of people from the north. The flight of the tender feet never began so early and in such volume as this year. Many portions of the state are being built up very fast. Orange growers and vegetable farms are in great demand, and altogether the news is very rosy for Florida. A very large and fine crop of delicious fruit is said to be assured.

The last, probably the very last, of the revolutionary centennials is approaching. It is evacuation day in New York, the 25th of November, when the British troops, the remnant of the armies sent to reduce the revolted colonies to submission, abandoned the city and embarked for Halifax. Thus the last token of royal authority vanished from our country, and the people of the United States were left to the actual enjoyment of their independence. The day will be celebrated with much pomp.

The statistics of the Postal Union put the United States high on the roll of intelligence. In every respect, on which a comparison is made, we rank either first or second. In the number of post offices we equal almost all the rest of the postal union put together. Against our 44,512, Great Britain, the next on the list, has but 14,918. We use more postal cards than any other nation, and distribute twice as many newspapers. Great Britain writes the most letters, and Germany pays the most for its mails. Great Britain, Germany and France make money out of their postal system.

An eminent statesman has computed that in two centuries all the gold coin of the country will be buried in the graveyards. He had estimated the amount of gold annually put in the teeth by dentists, which of course is buried when the person dies. This calculation is fair enough to assume in all probability, but for the fact that no account is taken of the vast amount of new gold dug from the earth and rocks. On the other hand no mention is made of the amount annually coined or used for plate, ornaments, etc. The filling in teeth is a small proportion of the gold of the world, yet it is sufficient in the aggregate to startle those who have not given a thought to the subject.

The discovery of coal near the line of the Northern Pacific railroad exerts an important influence upon matters connected with that great enterprise. The new coal is found at Bull Mountain, near Helena, Montana. Four tons of this fuel are found to be equal in value as a steam producer, to three tons of Pittsburgh coal. The difference in favor of the latter is more than made up in the difference in cost of transportation in favor of the Montana fuel. The question of fuel is one of the most troublesome matters that confront not only the railroads but the people of the far west where wood is scarce and coal still more scarce, or when existing, possessed of little value for steam-making or household use.

A very painful and suggestive incident occurred the other day in the course of a school election in Lansingburg in this state, says the New York Times. The votes of several women were challenged on the ground that they were non-residents who had been brought from Troy for the express purpose of casting fraudulent votes. This is painful since it shows that, instead of exerting the purifying influence which we have been told women would exercise at the polls, women have been quick to learn that worst of political frauds, the colonization of fraudulent voters. It is moreover, very suggestive, since it calls attention to a method of fraud which women could practice with eminent success were they to be given the right of voting at all elections.

EPITOME OF THE NEWS.

Washington Gossip.

The annual report of Admiral Porter is notable for its criticism of the new armored steel cruisers, designed by the naval advisory board, as being deficient in canvas, and so constructed as not to work under sail. This in time of war would be a fatal defect, as all coaling stations would be closed against the United States, and in time of peace naval vessels should cruise under sail for the sake of economy. The admiral believes in the immediate construction of a large number of swift vessels with powerful guns, and thinks we could build twenty large ships in two years.

Excitement has been caused at the war office by official dispatches from Egypt stating that there is good ground to fear that Hicks Pasha has been either captured or slain by the forces of the False prophet. The news from the Sudan shows that the position of Hicks Pasha and his forces, when last any authentic information was received, was most desperate, and that unless he could either be soon relieved by the troops of Gen. Wood or retreat rapidly he must soon be overwhelmed and suffer either capture or destruction.

The president has been calling for a good deal of information from the departments the past week for use in preparing his message, and he has been looking especially into the operation of the tariff as mediated at the last session. It is probable that it will suggest some tariff legislation at this session in order to reduce the enormous surplus which now piles up in the treasury.

Secretary Teller sustains the decision of the commissioners of the land office in refusing permission to certain citizens of Leadville to bring suit in the name of the United States to vacate placer mineral patents issued to Stevens, Lieter and others, which are typical cases, titles upon which a great part of the land in Leadville is held.

Ex-Senator George E. Spencer, of Alabama, has been arrested at Austin, Nev., by order of Attorney General Brewster for contempt of court in not appearing in the Star route cases. Spencer denies eluding officers, and has left with two deputy marshalls for Washington.

Justice Gray, although a bachelor, keeps house in Washington, with a full retinue of servants brought on from Massachusetts. The United States pays costs and discontinues its suit against Funk, the defaulting star route contractor.

Railroad News.

It is reliably stated that negotiations have been completed by which the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia and West Shore railroads will be made a part of a new trunk line. The Buffalo is to join the Andrews road at Newcastle and run thence to Akron. From there a railroad of sixty-five miles will be built to Chicago Junction to join the Baltimore and Ohio. There the New England business of the latter road will be delivered for shipment over the above named roads. The part of the line to be built is to be put under construction at once. All the railroads have devoted 2 per cent. of the gross New England business toward the interest on the bonds of the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia and West Shore roads.

The changes ordered for the construction department of the Northern Pacific at Brainerd, which will go into effect Dec. 1, are to remove the entire department, hitherto under Gen. Anderson to the St. Paul general offices. Mr. George Lindberg had been previously transferred to Supt. Kimberly's office. The remainder of the office, therefore, will go to St. Paul, except one man not yet detailed, who will have charge of what is known as the Yellowstone yard.

The September statement of the Union Pacific shows the gross earnings for the month to be \$2,994,076, a decrease from the corresponding month of last year of \$179,239; expenses, \$1,535,188, an increase of \$274,596; surplus earnings, \$1,458,888, a decrease of \$450,855. The decrease in the earnings is due primarily to the extension of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy to Denver and also to decrease in the Colorado business.

The board of county commissioners of Todd Co., Minn., passed a resolution declaring the county bonds forfeited that were issued to aid the construction of the Sauk Center & Northern railroad. The bonds are held in trust by the First National bank of St. Paul, and a committee consisting of three of the county commissioners, go to St. Paul to get them.

Crimes and Criminals.

Detective W. H. Owen of Louisville returned to Nashville with Mrs. A. F. Lincks, alias Rose Miller, alias Myers, alias Flinks, and expert diamond swapper and snick thief, who victimized jewelers in all the principal cities of the south, especially Louisville, Nashville, Atlanta and Charleston. Her game has been to examine a tray of costly solitaire diamond rings, on the pretext of purchasing for her daughter, swapping a diamond ring for the best ring in the box, then leaving the store, promising to return and purchase on Nov. 1.

William T. Jones, who had been missing from his home in Ixonia, Wis., since Saturday morning, was found Monday not far from his house, hanging by a rope from a small tree. He had been on a visit to Waukesha for a few days, returning at 4 o'clock Saturday morning. He was called up by his wife, and went to the stable, where he procured a cord, and is supposed to have gone directly to the swamp, where his body was found. Jones leaves a wife, but no children. He was sixty years old. No cause is given for his suicide.

At New Providence, Tenn. Mr. Garrett, a large tobacco buyer, was awakened by a noise, saw a burglar at the window, rushed into the hall and got a gun. Returning he shot and killed the man entering the window when he was attacked by one inside, and a desperate scuffle ensued for the possession of the gun. Finally Garrett and wife put the robber out, and he escaped. Mrs. Garrett ran a mile to the nearest neighbor and gave an alarm. The other man was found dead under the window.

The jail at Fowler, Ind., was invaded by a mob. Neiling, the murderer of Ada Atkinson, met them at the door of his cell, already dressed and ready to go to his doom. He was quickly walked to a carriage, in which was a rope. The only remark that he made was: "Go a little slow, gentlemen, I am older than some of you." He was taken to Oxford, and hung immediately.

Four girls under fourteen years have been dismissed from a Trenton, N. J., school, for being prostitutes. They were in the habit of visiting a neighboring saloon, and displayed fine dresses and jewelry thus obtained. The police are trying to make arrests of the men in the case.

Patrick Cox, convicted of murder at Burlington, Iowa, in the second degree for the shooting of Thomas Sullivan, has been sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. The case will be taken to the supreme court.

The depot at the head of Second street, Hudson, Wis., was entered, and the safe burglarized. About \$120 were extracted with no trace whatever of the crackers-men.

Mrs. Harvey McClintock, of Springfield Ohio, a beautiful society brunette, has eloped with a Boston drummer named Miller.

"Custer, copyist" of Indianapolis, is a swindler, and has fled.

Casualty Record.

At Fargo, Dak., on the 19th, fire destroyed a block of five warehouses, which were situated between Seventh and Eighth streets north, and faced the south side of the Manitoba track, and two dwellings which were situated on the same block. The last three warehouses were occupied by the Fargo Furniture company, and the west two were owned by M. E. C. Pierce and occupied by Stanford & Co. and William Gamble, and in one of these was 150 tons of hay. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Loss \$25,000.

At Monticello, assistant roadmaster Sullivan pushed a hand car up to a passenger train, and taking hold, rode quite a distance behind it. When he let go he lost his balance and fell under the hand car, breaking his right arm and cutting his head and leg badly.

On the 18th inst., the residence of Isaac W. England, publisher of the New York Sun, at Patterson, N. J., was burned to the ground, only a few pieces of furniture, pictures and books being saved.

Vessel captains arriving in Duluth say last week's storm was the most severe they ever experienced on the lakes.

The Temple billiard hall and adjoining building, in Durand, Wis., burned the 16th. Loss, \$2,000, partly insured.

The Congregational church in Plankinton, Dak., was dedicated on the 18th by Rev. Joseph Ward.

William Roberts of Cottonwood Crossing Mont., was thrown from his horse and kicked to death.

James Clint, a Manitoba brakeman, was run over and mortally hurt at Breckenridge.

The Sawyer elevator at Starbuck collapsed and 3,000 bushels of wheat spilled.

Personal Gossip.

The will of the late Mrs. Helen M. Griffith of Dubuque, Iowa, was opened on the 18th and the contents made known. She leaves \$20,000 to her brother S. H. Packard of Cedar Falls, in trust for his children; \$15,000 to her niece, Helen Groveman of Baltimore; \$5,000 to Mrs. E. Mick of Baltimore, sister of her husband \$3,000 to her brother S. W. Packard of Utah; \$3,000 to the Home of the Friendless; \$3,000 to St. John's Episcopal church; \$3,000 to Rev. C. H. Seymour; to her two intimate friends, Mrs. Hervey and Mrs. George Stephens of Dubuque \$2,000 each; to the son of Horace Pole of Dubuque \$4,000 to Mrs. McIntyre of Richmond, Va., \$2,000 to Mrs. Falconer of same city, \$2,000 to Gilbert Falconer, \$2,000. The rest of her property to several legatees, including Helen Emmons, Pauline McIntyre, Helen Packard, Jeffrey G. Packard, Susan H. Groveman, Louise Morrison, Gilbert Falconer, Episcopal church and home of the Friendless of Dubuque. It is thought these latter institutions will receive eventually about \$2,000 each, as her entire estate is valued in the neighborhood of \$300,000.

The New York State Bar association has received from Lord Coleridge an elegant folio volume by John Fym Yestman, containing a history of the house of Arundel, being an account of the origin of the families of Montgomery, Albini, Fitzalan and Howard, from the time of the conquest of Normandy by Rollo the Great.

Senator Sabin and wife, his private secretary, E. A. Demaray, Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Burt, and others, left Stillwater, recently, over the Milwaukee road, by special car, for Washington, D. C.

John McCullough advanced Anna Dickinson \$500 at Detroit to help her out of her straits, and now she is in them again. She is calming her self in Chicago, but goes this week to New York.

William G. Harrison, former president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, is dead, aged eighty-one years.

Judge Nelson of Boston discourages temperance work by throwing out evidence of hired spotters.

Foreign Items of News.

It is stated that fresh confidential instructions have been sent to the Catholic bishops of Ireland enjoining them to endeavor to create a sentiment influencing Catholics to act with the government. The recent orders forbidding the holding of Orange and other meetings is considered due to the good offices of Errington, the English agent.

De Brazza, the French explorer, lately reported dead, has arrived at Stanley pool, after many difficulties, said to have been placed in his way by Stanley. A conflict is expected between De Brazza and Makoho's successor, who is devoted to Stanley.

Thomas Clement Cobbold, C. B., member of parliament for Ipswich, is dead. He was born in 1833. He filled various positions in the British diplomatic service, and was elected to parliament as a conservative in 1875.

The ameer of Afghanistan had executed a number of persons suspected of favoring Ayoub Khan, and banished others.

Canada received 21,181 immigrants in October, the year's total so far is 175,933.

Germany will send an envoy to China to help solve the Tonquin problem.

Montreal is out \$20,000 through incompetent and dishonest officials.

Miscellaneous News Items.

A change in the proprietorship of the

Dubuque Times was made on the 18th. R. B. Gelatt, late editor, has sold his interest to John Blanchard, of the Monticello Express, who will assume editorial control of the Times at once. The Times will hereafter be run by John and B. W. Blanchard, the latter having been connected with it for some time past, and who now assumes the position of business manager.

Huguley, of Gov. Butler's staff, has commenced an action against Alanson W. Beard, for alleged libel uttered in a speech first made at Lawrence and repeated at other places. Huguley, attorney has, it is reported, attached Beard's property to answer a claim for damages of \$25,000. It is further rumored that William H. Simmons is also about to sue Beard for alleged libels uttered in the same speech.

The report of the treasury of Yale college for the year ended July 1883, show aggregate invested funds in all departments \$1,924,328; increase since last report, \$77,696; expenses for the year, 332,827. The funds are incommensurate with the growing needs of the university.

A meeting recently, at Boston, of the presidents of Harvard, Yale, Dartmouth, Williams, Amherst, Wesleyan, Tufts and Trinity colleges, decided, almost without dissent, adversely on Charles Francis Adams, Jr.'s oration against the dead languages last summer.

The Grey Nun's hospital, Ottawa, is to be closed, owing to the alarming mortality in it. Out of 639 children admitted since October, 1879, 644, or 84 per cent. died; out of a total of 175 admitted last year, 171 or 97 per cent. died.

The last train of Montana cattle delivered in Chicago, averaged 1,264 pounds to the head, and was sold at the top prices of the season. The steers averaged \$6.25 per 100 pounds, and the rest \$5 a hundred.

Henry Flemming of Philadelphia is suing Mrs. Young, a pretty widow, to whom he has been engaged, for suddenly declining to receive his visits.

Boss Shepherd's silver miners in Mexico shipped \$180,000 in bullion during the thirty days ending Nov. 7.

The reports that the French government had presented its ultimatum to China are semi-officially denied.

Epps & Co., Chicago malsters, are in financial trouble to the extent of \$125,000.

Nutt, the murderer of Dukes, will be tried the first week in December.

Cornell university's property is \$5,468,382 in productive real estate.

John Furray, postoffice inspector of Omaha, has been removed.

The Ottawa valley lumber cut this year is 800,000,000 feet.

The N. P. Twenty Million Mortgages.

The long anticipated and bitterly contested passage of the resolution authorizing the issue of the \$20,000,000 second mortgage of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, which has agitated Wall street for the past month, has at last taken place. The 20th stockholders' meeting was held at the company's office. The attendance was larger than at any previous meeting, 352,428 shares being represented. The Hon. L. D. M. Sweet of Portland, Me., an old stockholder, presided and James B. Williams, George Follett and Winthrop Smith, of Philadelphia, acted in the capacity of inspectors of the election. Everything seemed to be perfectly harmonious. The chairman stated that at the time of closing of the books on Oct. 20, the total number of shares of preferred stock was 413,587. When the veto was counted it was found that the 352,628 shares were in favor of the bond issue, and only sixty-three against it. All the available vote had been cast, about 2,200 out of 4,000 stockholders, the others being small holders scattered throughout the country. Every holder of 500 shares or over except one voted in favor of the bonds. Mr. Willard was present during the meeting, as were A. J. Drel, August Belmont, D. P. Morgan and other prominent bankers. J. P. Pierpont Morgan represented most of the proxies.

Warning to Postmasters.

The following official order has been made:

It appearing that certain persons have been practicing systematic frauds on ex-Union soldiers and their widows and orphans, or other heirs, by making false representations concerning pensions, and extorting illegal fees for services pretended to have been, or promised to be rendered; and this department having reason to believe that some postmasters have been aiding these fraudulent claim agents, by furnishing them lists of names of ex-Union soldiers and others supposed to be entitled to pensions, and also by distributing their undressed circulars among the claimants; therefore, postmasters are forbidden hereafter to furnish such lists, or distribute any circulars of the kind indicated, unless they are addressed to some individual and are prepared as required by law.

[Signed.] W. Q. GRESHAM, Postmaster General.

A Proposed National Park.

Thursday Mr. W. W. Corcoran, ex-Chief Justice Strong and ex-Commissioner Dent waited upon the District commissioners to describe the project (started in 1879 by Capt. R. L. Hoyle) of utilizing the valley of Rock creek for a grand national park, and to urge the commissioners to include in their recommendation to congress this plan, and to ask for its appropriation sufficient to purchase the land in this valley, including the adjacent hillsides, with the forest, taking in the highland of said creek, which it is proposed to dam at Shoemaker's mill, making a lake of some 2,000 acres, 145 feet above the level of the Potomac river, reaching back to above the District line, the shores to be graded and a wide and good roadway to surround it. The surrounding land necessary to be purchased would be about 3,000 acres, generally rocky, and on hillsides which would not cost the government above half a million. The average price is less than \$100 per acre. The ornamentation could be added from time to time by congress, when it might be deemed expedient. The advantages were discussed by this committee and the commissioners replied to the committee that before any action was taken by them they would prefer that they (the committee) express their views in writing.

Cities Warmer Than the Country.

Those who happen to live at a little distance from the heart of the city must frequently have noticed a lack of accord between readings of their own standard thermometers and the published obser-

vations of the Signal Service observers of their locality. The reason of the discord is plain, viz., the perturbing action of the heat which the city emits; and, however gratifying it may be to the outsider to find himself superior to the government observers, it is very little credit to the Weather Bureau that this particular source of error was not long since recognized and avoided. The remarks of Prof. Whitney on this subject, as applied to observations made at London, are pertinent and convincing. He says: "It is a well known fact that cities are considerably warmer than the more thinly inhabited country otherwise, under similar climatic conditions. Statistics prove that this is true; and there would be no doubt that such would be the effect of an immediate aggregation of population within a limited space, even if there were no statistics bearing on this question. Many millions of tons of coal are burned in and about big cities during every year, and the whole mass of brick of which the city is built is heated during the entire winter, and more or less in the summer, many degrees above the natural temperature. There can be no question that conditions such as here indicated vitiate all observations made in or near large cities with a view to the determination of any possible secular variation of the temperature."

Senator Vance, of North Carolina, in speaking of his career in Washington, said recently: "I was mighty nigh dead to get here, but I'll be hanged if I am not nigher dead to get away."

The Mobile Register says: "If the Mormons send eighteen missionaries to the southern states as they say they will do, they will send eighteen candidates for tar and feathers."

The store of Peterson & Sjoberg at Kandivoh station, was burglarized on the 19th inst., and goods and money taken. The exact amount is not learned. The blacksmith shop of Sjoberg was also broken open and the culprits got away with \$1.80 in cash and a certificate of deposit for \$550 and other things of value. No clue as yet.

LATE MARKET REPORT.

MINNEAPOLIS. WHEAT—The market on change was dull yesterday, but prices were a little better all around. For No. 1 hard 98½c was bid, but sellers held out for 99c, and no sales were made. For No. 2 hard \$1.01 was bid and \$1.03½ for February. Sales of May were made at \$1.10. From 4 to 10 more were asked, 6 futures by sellers. CORN—The market is dull and steady. No. 2 was bid for at 48c on track. 49c asked. October and November, 47c; year, 46c; condemned, 43½c. OATS—Dull and steady. No. 2 white, 29c asked, 28c bid; No. 2, 27c asked, 26c bid; rejected, 25c.

ST. PAUL. FLOUR—No change in the situation has taken place, the market remaining quiet, with an easy tendency. Orders on the millers have come in from the East pretty regularly, but have not been large. Quotations: Orange Blossom, \$6.60, Straights, Red Cross, \$5.75; Capitol, family, \$5.25; bakers' XXXX, \$4.25, in barrels, 25c extra. Outside brands, 25c to 30c lower, according to quality. Low grades, \$3.00 to 4c per bushel. For No. 1 white, Rye flour, \$3.50 to \$3.75 per bushel; Graham, \$4.25 to 4.50 per bushel; buckwheat, \$9 per bushel. CORN—Corn remains dull, but for the week under review has been very steady, with a slight firmer and higher for spot lots; options 1½c higher. No. 2, 47c bid and 50c asked; December, 47c bid and 50c asked; February and May, 50c asked; No. 3 46c bid and 49c asked.

OATS—Oats have been about steady, with very slight fluctuations, but yesterday were a shade easier. The market has been fairly active, with supply about equal to the demand. Yesterday the following sales were recorded: 1 car No. 2 white, on track, 49c; 1 car No. 2 mixed, 27½c; 1 car do, 28c; 1 car do, 27c; 10 cars on private terms. The board quotations range as follows: No. 2 mixed spot, 27c bid and 27½c asked; No. 2 white, 27c bid and 28c asked; January, 28c bid and 29c asked; February, 30c asked; May, 32c bid and 34c asked; No. 3 mixed, 26c bid and 27c asked. No. 2 white, 28c bid and 29c asked.

CHICAGO MARKET.—Flour dull and unchanged. In regular wheat there was a good speculative business. The market opened a shade easier, and declined ½c, attributed to the unfavorable tenor of foreign advices. At the close the market was steady, demand became more active and prices gradually advanced, fluctuated and closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Sales ranged as follows: November, 94½c to 95½c, closed at 95½c; December, 93½c to 94½c, closed at 94½c; January, 92½c to 93½c, closed at 92½c; February, 91½c to 92½c, closed at 91½c; May, 81½c to 82½c, closed at 81½c; No. 2 spring, 95½c to 96½c, closed at 95½c; No. 3 spring, 81½c to 82½c; No. 2 red winter, 92c; Corn, demand active, unsettled and stronger; opened 3½c lower; advanced ½c to ¾c, fluctuated and closed 3½c higher than yesterday; cash, 48½c to 49c, closed at 48½c to 49c; November, 48½c to 49c, closed at 48½c; year, 47½c to 48½c, closed at 48½c; January, 47c to 47½c, closed at 47c; February, 47c to 47½c, closed at 47c; May, 50c to 51c, closed at 50c; Oats, dull but firm, a shade weaker, 28c to 29c, closed at 28c; November, 28c to 29c, closed at 28c; December, 28c to 29c, closed at 28c; January, 29c to 30c, closed at 29c; February, 30c to 31c, closed at 30c; May, 32c to 33c, closed at 32c. Live, firm at 56c. Pork, steady at 62c. Butter, a shade weaker at \$1.38. Beef, scarce and firm, mainly for deferred deliveries; market received 5c to 10c early in the day, but afterward rallied 25c to 35c, and ruled steady to the close; cash, \$11 to \$11.10 for old; \$12.20 to \$12.25 for new; November, \$10.95 to \$11.15, closed at \$11.15 to \$11.20; year, \$10.90 to \$11.10, closed higher at \$11.15 to \$11.20; January, \$11.65 to \$12, closed at \$11.92 to \$11.95; February, \$11.50 to \$12.12, closed at \$12.05 to \$12.07½; March, \$12 to \$12.02½; April, \$12.15 to \$12.17½; May, \$12.30 to \$12.45, closed at \$12.45 to \$12.50. Lard, steady and in fair demand; advanced 10c to 15c and closed cash, \$7.55 to 7.60 for old; \$7.60 to 7.65 for new; November, \$7.55 to 7.65, closed at \$7.62 to 7.65; December, \$7.47 to 7.60, closed at \$7.57 to 7.60; the year, nominal at \$7.55 to 7.60; January, \$7.60 to 7.75, closed at \$7.72 to 7.75; February, \$7.72 to 7.87½; March, \$7.80 to 7.95; April, \$8.02½. Bulk meats, in fair demand; shoulders, 8c; short ribs, 8c to 8½c; short cut, 8c to 8½c. Butter, firm; choice to fancy creameries, 32c to 33c; choice to fancy dairies, 21c to 22c. Eggs, quiet, Whisky, steady and unchanged. Freight—Corn to Buffalo, 4c. Receipts—Flour, 22,000 bushels; wheat, 132,000 bushels; oats, 286,000 bushels; rye, 161,000 bushels; barley, 101,000 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 26,000 bushels; wheat, 33,000 bushels; oats, 191,000 bushels; rye, 6,000 bushels; barley, 8,000 bushels. Call—Wheat, sales, 2,150,000 bushels; advanced ¾c. Corn, sales, 780,000 bushels; advanced ½c for the year, January and May, and ¾c for February. Oats, sales, 110,000 bushels; advanced ¼c. Pork, sales, 9,500 bushels; advanced 2½c for December; declined 2c for January and February. Lard, sales, 3,200 bushels; declined 5c for November, and 2½c for January and February.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.—Flour, quiet and unchanged. Wheat, higher, 95c November; 95½c December; 97c January; 97c February. Corn, quiet and unchanged. Oats, unchanged. Rye, quiet and unchanged. Barley, stronger, No. 2, 70½c extra No. 3, 52c. Provisions, dull; mess pork, \$10.95 November; \$11.75 January; prime steam lard, \$7.60 November; \$7.65 January. Butter, unchanged. Cheese, dull and unchanged. Eggs, higher, at 25c. Receipts—Flour, 24,000 bushels; wheat, 92,000 bushels; oats, 48,000 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 25,000 bushels; wheat, 3,000 bushels; barley, 26,000 bushels. DULUTH MARKET, Special Telegram.—The market on change today were a shade lower and inactive. Round lots of No. 1 hard spot, were offered at 99½c, 99 bid; sales of car lots at 98½c; strictly fresh No. 2 hard was offered at 91c, 90½c bid; No. 1 hard, December, offered at \$1.99, 99c bid; 92c was bid for round lots of No. 2 hard, December; January, No. 1 hard, was offered at \$1.02½, \$1.01 bid. Closing prices: No. 1 hard, cash, 98½c; December, 99½c; No. 2 hard, cash, 90½c; December, 92c. January, No. 1 hard, cash, 92c; No. 2 hard, 18; No. 1, 99; No. 2, 99; No. 3, 1. Total, 220. Receipts, 92,566 bushels; shipments, 22,024 bushels; in store, 1,251,374 bushels.



### The New York Election.

The official returns of the recent elections have just been completed. They show the following result:

	Vote.	Majority
Secretary of State—Carr, R.	446,384	18,818
—Maynard, D.	427,566	
For Control—Chapin, D.	445,941	16,313
—Davenport, R.	429,628	

The rest of the democratic candidates had the following majority:  
Maxwell, state treasurer.....18,391  
O'Brien, attorney general.....15,618  
Sweet, state engineer.....24,018  
The prohibition vote was about 17,000, and the greenback vote about 11,000.

### Latest News Unclassified.

The pope has created Dawson, editor of the News and Courier of Charleston, S. C., a Knight of the order of St. George, for the stand he has taken in his paper against dueling.

More than 3,000 snakes were killed within a mile of Falls City, Neb., during the recent overflow. They were driven by the water from the bottom lands, and swarmed upon the railway embankments.

By order of the State high school board circulars have been issued requesting the superintendents and principals of high schools to meet at the high school building, Minneapolis, Thursday, Dec. 27, at 3:30 p. m., for a short conference with the State high school board upon important educational matters.

A fire broke out at Pine City on the 20th inst., in the furniture store of Mr. Towaky, and destroyed the store of Joseph Centure, a building occupied as a millinery and fancy goods store by Miss McKusick and that occupied as a saloon by Mr. Tierney. Loss, \$5,000 insurance about \$2,000.

Kandiyohi county, by a vote of 876 to 263, decided at the late election that each township should support its own paupers.

In the Congdon murder case at East Greenwich, R. I., on the 22d, after forty-three hours' deliberations, the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter, with a recommendation for mercy. The case has excited the greatest interest of any criminal trial in the state.

The annual State teachers' institute will convene at Hastings, Wednesday, Dec. 19, and remain in session the two following days. The evenings will be devoted to lectures, and the daily sessions to professional work.

Great excitement prevailed throughout Kitzon county over an alleged case of small pox, discovered near Hallock. Dr. Duhig of St. Vincent pronounced the attack a case of varioloid. His opinion was corroborated by Dr. Smith of Emerson.

Skating rinks multiply in the interior. Monticello has a new one and Albert Lea two.

Col. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte's eldest daughter will make her debut in Washington society early this season, at a brilliant entertainment to be given by her father in honor of the event.

Frank James is reported to be dying of consumption. He is also penniless, and his cell is no longer richly furnished, as it was a year ago.

Col. Hooker of Vermont is a candidate for secretary of the senate; and, with Edmunds' backing, is likely to give Gorman a hard fight.

A large planing and saw mill and box factory belonging to the Paducah (Ky.) Lumber company were burned. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$15,000, as follows: New Hampshire, \$1,500; Boylston Mutual, Niagara, Western Fire Association, North German, New Orleans, German-American, \$1,000 each. The fire was caused by sparks.

Capt. McKibbin, Fifteenth infantry, is to be tried at Fort Snelling for duplicating pay accounts.

D. W. Lebusch, convicted of perjury in a land case some months ago, was before the United States district court the 19th, and was sentenced by Judge Nelson to a fine of \$100 and thirteen months imprisonment at Stillwater.

The secretary of the treasury has authorized the payment, without rebate, of the 3 per cent embroached in the 122d call, on maturing Dec. 1. The amount outstanding is about \$13,750,000. The secretary also authorized the payment of the 3s embroached in the 124th call whenever presented for redemption, prior to maturity on Feb. 1, with interest to the date of presentation.

New Albany, Ind., loses a \$100,000 woolen mill by fire.

Indianapolis and vicinity are damaged \$500,000 by flood.

### A Smile in the House of Lords.

From London Society.

The following curious scene is described by the present Lord Albemarle, who was witness to it. A debate on the Clergy Reserves, in the Canada bill in April, 1853, was the occasion. The late Lord Derby made remarks, from which Bishop Wilberforce expressed his dissent by shaking his head and smiling. The noble Earl took exception at the gesture. The Bishop admitted the smile, but denied all intention of thereby imputing anything offensive.

Lord Derby—"I accept the explanation offered by the right reverend prelate; but when he says that it is impossible for him to say anything offensive, because he has a smiling face, he will forgive me if I quote, without intending in the least to apply the words to him:

"A man may smile and smile, and be a villain!"

Lord Clarendon (in a voice of thunder)—"O! O! O!"

Lord Derby—"What noble peer is it whose nerves are so delicate as to be wounded by a hackneyed quotation?"

Lord Clarendon—"I am that peer, and protest against any noble lord applying, even in the language of poetry, the epithet of villain to any member in the House."

Peacemakers rose on both sides of the House. The reporters had left the gallery, previous to a division. Lord Clarendon, who was greatly excited, drank off a glass of water. Lord Derby at the same time filled another bumper of water, and called out across the table: "Your good health, Clarendon!" and so the affair ended.

### "The Baby Walks."

Luke Sharp in Detroit Free Press.

I received a very important letter this week. It contained the announcement that "the baby walks." It is with no desire to pun that I say that this is a great step forward for the baby.

Of course this event has not been entirely unexpected in our family. I have been looking every day for the news for some time past. Our baby has been a remarkable baby from the first, and a large number of his immediate relatives have been waiting with bated breath for the tidings that his long journey had commenced. The particulars of this auspicious event are not at hand, but I can see in my mind's eye just how the wonderful occurrence took place. The baby is out in the country staying with his "sisters and his cousins and his aunts," and I suppose if they had been near enough to a telegraph office they would have sent me a dispatch about the supreme event. Although the baby's fat legs are ridiculously sturdy, he has had all along a great diffidence in trusting to them. Now, last Sunday I held and still maintain that the baby took one distinct step towards his devoted father. The news was incredulously received as being too good to be true, and the whole family from his grandmother to the kitchen girl, collected around to see if he would take another, but the little rascal seemed to think it was the biggest kind of a joke to bring his father's reputation for veracity into question by laughing and holding on to a chair, but refusing all the while to move away from it. It was all in vain that I held out my hands and all the endearing inducements I could get him to take the necessary steps to come to me. He would keep one hand on the chair and reach out with the other; but not until he had clenched his pudgy hand around my finger would he let go the chair. Once I had enticed him in this manner to quit the chair and then suddenly withdrew my hands from his, leaving him standing alone. He hovered a moment in wavering indecision, and then instead of stepping forward sat emphatically down and resumed his favorite style of locomotion. He never crept as an ordinary baby would have done, but sort of hitched along. He would sit down, and, putting a hand now on one side of him and again on the other, his fat little body swaying this way and that, would hitch along with his little dumplings of feet ahead of him, like a railway cowcatcher, and in this way he moved over the floor in a sitting posture at a speed that was wonderful. Practice had made him so perfect at this sort of movement that he evidently came to look on walking as an ornamental superfluity. It was almost comical to see him forge ahead, as the boat racers call it, with both hands full, holding them up from the floor and swaying forward without any help from them. He occasionally took to his feet, and with breathless haste would work his way along the wall in a hand-over-hand fashion until getting too elated at his new excitement, would upset and roll helplessly over on the carpet. These accidents shook his confidence for the time being in the stability of things, but happily a baby's memory is short as a baby, and the perils of pedestrianism were braved again and again. Often the poor little fellow looked like a battle scared veteran after his tumbles, but it is a lucky thing that babies are exceedingly elastic, otherwise the population of the country would not be as great as it is now. Anyhow, another competitor has entered into the great walking match: "The baby walks."

### How a Forger was Detected.

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

The forger, known as "Steve" Raymond, who was sentenced in a New York court recently to imprisonment for life, under the new penal code, for a second conviction of forgery through an attempt to sell stolen securities of the Northampton bank, of Massachusetts, nearly outwitted the detectives and the authorities of the Eastern penitentiary while an inmate of the institution in 1876. He had been implicated in the forgery of Buffalo and Erie forged railroad bonds, and, after escaping from Elmira Jail, had been sent abroad by some of his confederates after they had robbed him of \$90,000 in bonds, which he had concealed in his hat.

William Pinkerton, of the detective agency, had pursued him all over Europe, Canada, and the United States. Raymond came to Philadelphia, and under the name of Frank Stewart had been sent to the penitentiary on a swindling scheme through the mails. His identity was unknown, but through correspondence with a woman in Brooklyn, warning her not to visit him, he was suspected as a prisoner of some account. William Pinkerton came to Philadelphia, and described the fugitive forger as having blue eyes, one of which was glass.

Warden Cassidy declared himself satisfied that he had no glass-eyed prisoners. Inspector Charles Thomson Jones examined the record of recent prisoners, and after visiting the cells of seven entered the eighth, that of the so-called Stewart. The inspector looked squarely in his eyes. The convict quailed. His visitor remarked, "Well, that's the best glass eye I ever saw; I have seen them but never saw a blue one before." The prisoner remarked, "Who has given me away? Is Billy Pinkerton here?"

When the inspector said that he was Raymond, alias Stewart, he said: "Well, I see it's all up. Tell Billy I want to see him. Here's that eye. I had it made in Paris when I was abroad. Nobody would suppose it was artificial," and giving it a flip removes it from its socket. The detective was sent for and was cordially received by Raymond who said he was sorry he had given Pinkerton the slip while in Elmira, while awaiting trial on the charge of forging the bonds. When his sentence in the penitentiary expired in 1877 he was removed to Elmira.

Peter C. Small, in jail at Bevelere, N. J., for horse stealing, has gone without food thirty-five days, determining to starve himself to death.

Five years' practice passes in lieu of examination by the state medical board.

# Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the oft repeated verdict of visitors that

## COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER!  
THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

## GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

## GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL,

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

## UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T.,

Or J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T.  
Plans sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.



FRIDAY, NOV. 30, 1883.

The latest rumor is that Vanderbilt thinks he would like to round up his career with a term in the Senate with the rest of the millionaires.

Governor-elect Robinson, of Massachusetts, is paying the American penalty of success. He has been compelled to partake of three public dinners within four days this week.

A practical farmer writes The Hillsboro Banner: "I am well satisfied of one thing, that large crops of grain cannot be raised from inferior, shrunken, fowl seed. Another thing, I find spring plowing a good thing, especially on old and fowl land. I have tried it for three years and have raised better crops on old land than by fall plowing. This year I got twenty-nine bushels per acre from land plowed in the spring, this being the sixth crop. I am firm in the belief that if the farmers do not adopt a different mode of farming than they have followed in the past, Dakota will lose its reputation of being the best wheat raising country in the world. If we keep our land free from fowl seeds and give it thorough cultivation, in will continue to produce good crops of No. 1 Hard for our children and our children's children."

Beautiful Dakota.

Under the title of Beautiful Dakota, the Grand Forks Plaindealer thus discourses: "About this time of year everybody is struck by the beautiful Dakota weather. This is the season of the year when the mornings are cool and crisp, and when the sun shines and shines with unwonted brilliancy through the clear and crystal air on the beautiful plains of fair Dakota. The observer is endowed with life and aspiration. Before noon the atmosphere is slightly tinged with haziness and the yellow sunlight bathes the earth in a sort of dreamy quietude, until Old Sol gets ready for the close of the day, and makes this the grandest and most glorious scene upon the world's stage as the curtain of night falls upon the last act. The clouds in the western heavens are tinted with the finest colors artist ever conceived. The hues change from shade to shade with such even regularity that it is scarcely recognized, or a sunbeam bursts through a rift of clouds with dazzling brilliancy and then fades slowly away until it is gone forever. Is it any wonder that poets sing of beautiful Dakota, the paradise of the farmer, and where the lover of the beautiful delights to roam?"

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for package, and we will mail you FREE a royal, valuable boy of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want to work may meet the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortune will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STIMSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

The CENTURY PROGRAMME for 1883-'84.

The programme for the fourteenth year of this magazine, and the third under the new name, is if anything more interesting and popular than ever. With every season, The Century shows a decided gain in circulation. The new volume will be issued in November, and, when possible, subscriptions should begin with that issue. The following are some of the features of the coming year: A NEW NOVEL BY GEORGE W. CABE, author of "Old Creole Days," etc., entitled "Dr. Sevier," a story of New Orleans life, the time being the eve of the late Civil War. "LIFE IN THE THIRTEEN COLONIES," by Edward Eggleston, separate illustrated subjects connected with the early history of this country. THREE STORIES BY HENRY JAMES, of varying lengths, to appear through the year. THE NEW ASTRONOMY, untechnical articles, by Prof. S. P. Langley, describing the most interesting of recent discoveries in the sun and stars. A NOVELLETTE BY H. H. BOYSEN, author of "Gunnar," etc. A vivid and sparkling story. THE NEW ERA IN AMERICAN ARCHITECTURE, a series of papers descriptive of the best work of American architects in Public Buildings, City and Country Houses, etc. To be profusely illustrated. A NOVELLETTE BY ROBERT GRANT, author of "Confessions of a Frivolous Girl," etc., entitled "An Average Man,"—a story of New York. THE BREAD-WINNERS, one of the most remarkable novels of the day, to be completed in January. "CHRISTIANITY AND WEALTH," with other essays, by the author of "The Christian League of Connecticut," etc., on the application of Christian morals to the present phase of modern life. COASTING ABOUT THE GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE, a series of entertaining articles, profusely illustrated. SCENES FROM THE NOVELISTS, Hawthorne, George Eliot, and Cable, with authentic drawings. ON THE TRACT OF ULYSSES, the record of a yacht-cruise in the Mediterranean, identifying the track of Ulysses on his return from the Trojan war. "GARFIELD IN ENGLAND," extracts from his private journal kept during a trip to Europe in 1867. "THE SILVERADO SQUATTERS," by Robert Louis Stevenson, author of "Neg Arabian Nights." There will be papers on outdoor England by John Burroughs and others, a beautiful illustrated series on Dante, a number of papers by the eminent French novelist Alphonse Daudet, articles on art and archeology by Charles Dudley Warner and others, illustrated papers on sport and adventure, short stories by the leading writers, essays on timely subjects, etc., etc. Subscription price, \$4.00 a year: single numbers sold every where at 35 cents each. All orders receive subscriptions, or remittance may be made direct to the publishers by postal or express order, registered letter, bank check, or draft. To enable new subscribers to begin with the first volume under The Century name, we make the following special offer: New subscribers beginning with November, 1883 may obtain the magazine for one year from date, and the twenty-four previous numbers, unbound, for \$8.00. Regular price for three years, \$12.00. Or, if preferred, a subscription and the twenty-four numbers bound in four elegant volumes will be furnished for \$10. Regular price, \$16. THE CENTURY CO., NEW-YORK, N. Y.

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COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA. H. C. FITCH, Proprietor. BILLIARD PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

This house, which has but recently been opened to the public, is all that can be desired by the Tourist The Proprietor or the Commercial Man, to whom it especially caters. No expense has been spared in equipping this veritable Palace of the prairie, which now offers the fat of the land in its dining room, and the comforts of a luxurious home in its apartments.

Game abounds in the vicinity, affording special attraction for Sportsmen or men desiring a brief respite. Rooms Singly or Ensuite.

HAVE YOU SEEN FALL & WINTER GOODS

at the general store of NELSON & LANGLIE, Burrell Ave., COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

Our stock in the various lines of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Clothing, Underwear, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Fancy Goods, Groceries, Canned Goods, Provisions, Etc., Etc.,

Is complete, and if prices and quality of goods are an object to the buyer they will find it an advantage to call.

Our goods were purchased at unusual bargains through a personal visit to the wholesale markets and our customers can receive the advantage of these bargains.

NEW STOCK. Moderate Charges. NEW RIGS.

DAVIS & CO., LIVERY!

We respectfully announce to the public at large the opening of our stables in Cooperstown. Driving and work horses will be constantly on hand and for sale at inside figures.

OUR LIVERY DEPARTMENT Is equipped with easy vehicles and fast traveling stock, with which we wait upon the public with reasonable prices. Special attention paid to the wants of Land Lookers. DAVIS & CO.

The "Household" Sewing Machine is now the leading machine in the market.

EXCLUSIVE SALE! of this machine for Cooperstown and Griggs County. Ladies should give it a trial before purchasing a Sewing Machine. Needles, Oils & Attachments kept in stock. Old Machines Repaired.

General Farm Machinery, Etc., COOPERSTOWN, NORTH DAKOTA.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

NEW LINE AT THE LUMBER YARD BOUGHT FOR CASH. Will be sold at Sanborn prices. Strong, cheap locks (not duplicated) a specialty. LENHAM ELEVATOR & LUMBER CO.

HOLLIDAY BROS., GENERAL DEALERS IN

FARM MACHINERY! Champion Binders and Mowers, Casady Sulky Plows, MOLINE WAGONS, BUCCIES, ETC.

Wm. Holliday, Sanborn. J.F. Holliday, Cooperstown.

MRS. H. J. CURTISS, DEALER IN MILLINERY! and FANCY GOODS. SANBORN, DAKOTA. Ladies are cordially invited to call and examine the stock. Rooms on Third Street.

JOEPP HOGGARTH HAS OPENED A Wagon, Repair & General Jobbing Shop. All work promptly executed. A call solicited. COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

COOPERSTOWN MEAT MARKET! Andrew Johnson, A Full Line of Fresh and Salt MEATS, Salt & Canned Fish, Sugar Cured Hams, PICED BOLLS, ETC., Constantly on Hand.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Live Stock. We are determined to give the public entire satisfaction, to which end we respectfully solicit all to call. ANDREW JOHNSON.

J. G. MYERS, Painter, Grainer, and PAPER HANGER, COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.

All Work in the Line of Painting, Graining, Kalsomining, Decorating, or Paper Hanging, done Expediently.

All Work Warranted. 5th A rial Solicited.

J. S. RICKETTS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Special Attention given to Business before the U. S. Land Office. SANBORN, DAK.

L. C. BOYINGTON'S PATENT AUTOMATIC CABINET FOLDING BEDS. The most perfectly balanced FOLDING BED in the world. Substantial, yet so light that a child can open and close it with ease. They combine GREAT STRENGTH, BEAUTY and UTILITY. It is the VERY BEST, most compact, EASIEST FOLDED BED, and is now offered to the public as the CHEAPEST patent Folding Bed on the market. It ECONOMIZES SPACE, saves WEAR and TEAR of CARPETS, keeps the BEDDING CLEAN FROM DUST and is rapidly superseding all other beds in the families of the rich and poor alike in all sections of the country. Made in BUREAU, DRESSING CASE, CABINET, BOOK-CASE, SIDE-BBOARD, and by SLIPING-BEDS, Etc. Send for Descriptive and Illustrated Circular. Factory & Office, 1465 State St. Chicago.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD. TO THE LAND EXPLORER, TO THE BUSINESS MAN, TO THE FARMER, TO THE MECHANIC, TO THE LABORER, TO THE SPORTSMAN, TO THE TOURIST, TO THE MINER. TO ALL CLASSES!!

For the Raising of Wheat! For the Raising of Stock! For Ready and Cash Markets! For a Healthy Climate! For Sure and Good Crops! For remunerative Investments! For Business opportunities! For Wield Scenery!

The Northern Pacific Country has no EQUAL. SAVE MONEY By purchasing tickets through, also buying them before getting out of train. Round Trip Tickets are at all Ticket Offices to all stations, reduced rates. Pullman Sleeping Cars without change on all trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fargo and Duluth; for beauty and comfort these cars are unsurpassed. Elegant Horton Chair Cars on day trains, between Fargo and Mandan. These cars are seated with new reclining chairs and offer special attractions to the traveler. Superb Dining Cars without exception the finest on the continent, are on all trains. First class meals 75 cents. CHARLES S. FEE, Asst. Supt. Passenger Traffic, St. Paul.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 15, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 15th day of December, 1883, viz: Isabella Brown, D. S. No. 9561 for the e 1/4 of a w 1/4, s w 1/4 s e 1/4 and s e 1/4 of n w 1/4 of section 22, township 146 n, range 58 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Samuel B. Langford, John H. Montgomery, William Gimblett, James Walker, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of claimant and witnesses to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Wm. Glass, Attorney. 02680.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, October 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 7th day of December, 1883, viz: Andrew H. Berg, D. S. No. 14314 for the s e 1/4 of section 6, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Andrew P. Rusten, Ole C. Thingelstad, Christian Johnson, Jacob Hanson, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. And you, John Murray, who filed D. S. No. 9882 on the 26th day of April, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 11th day of Dec. 1883, and show cause if any you have why said Ole Tandø should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. 02680.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 17, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 18th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Ole Tandø, H. E. No. 14314 for the n 1/2 n w 1/4 section 4; n 1/2 n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 n e 1/4 of section 5, township 149 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Fingar Larson, Ole Aslakson, Torg O. Torgerson, Ole Alfson, all of Ottawa, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 11th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. And you, John Murray, who filed D. S. No. 9882 on the 26th day of April, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 11th day of Dec. 1883, and show cause if any you have why said Ole Tandø should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. 02680.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., December 8, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of December, 1883, viz: Hans Olson, D. S. No. 14187 for the southwest 1/4 of section 30, township 145 n, range 61 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Iver O. Eimon, Andrew J. Anderson, and E. Sellwood, of Helena, D. T., and Claus Jackson of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Serungard, a notary public of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 19th day of Dec. 1883, and of claimant before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 20th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office. HORACE AUSTIN, Register. Jacobson & Serungard, Attorneys. n16421.

NOTICE.—Timber Culture. Complaint having been entered at this office by Herjans Osmundson against Mark Shepard, for failure to comply with law as to Timber-Culture Entry No. 6576, dated March 15, 1882, upon the s w 1/4 of section 30, township 148, range 58, in Griggs county, D. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said defendant, Mark Shepard, failed to break or cause to be broken every acre of any part thereof on said tract on or before the 13th day of March, 1882, during the first year of said entry or at any time heretofore; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of January, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. E. C. GEAREY, Receiver. j&e23d91.

Road Petition.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, D. T.: We the undersigned residents of Griggs county, living adjacent to the proposed highway do respectfully petition your honorable board to cause a public road to be laid out as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of section 19, town 145, range 58, thence east to the section corner of sections 23, 24, 25, 26, town 145, range 58; thence south on the section line to the quarter stake between sections 25 and 26; thence east on the quarter line as near as possible to the county line and your petitioners will ever pray. James Spencer, Sr. Carl Scheely. William A. Baker. Florence Frazier. C. Olson. James Spencer, Jr. Axel Olson. Kuld Olson. Ole Helmer. Henrik Johnson. Hal Arstad. Iver Lundø. Ommund Wesley. Helgo Larson. Iver Thompson. Knut Holand. Waldemar Klubben. Edwin Hansen. R. C. Busse. John H. Atchison. George Saunders. Wilson Saunders. P. E. Nelson. Anton Enger. P. A. Melgard. Byron Andrus, and many others. John Warner. William Freer. Caroline Frazier. Melvin Freer. Ole Kittelson. Ole Olson. Charles Carlson. Jacob Olson. Martin Lundø. O. Wertzle. Iver Bimp. Iver Hansen. M. Davidson. A. F. Thompson. Ole O. Frazier. Martin A. Neiland. Ivenn Loze. Lewellen Ladbury. Olson Sanders. J. Saunders. Elizabeth Curtis. W. R. Whiddon. S. A. Nelson. Geo. W. Barnard. Thos. P. Kerr. 45w3.

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NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Gilbert Johnson, D. S. No. 1429 for the e 1/2 of section 24, township 145 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Christian A. Lea, Mathias Evensen, Fritjof Grmland, Edward Stal, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Jacobson & Serungard, Attys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of December, 1883, viz: Ephraim S. Seymour, D. S. No. 1429 for the e 1/2 of section 24, township 145 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: David Long, Henry H. Wasem, Gunder O. Johnson, Louis Hotop, all of Steele county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
E. S. Seymour, Attorney.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 2, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 27th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Knud Knudson, D. S. No. 1429 for the e 1/2 of section 26, township 146 d, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Nels E. Nelson, Ole Halverson, Elling Olson, Sever Halverson, all of Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Jacobson & Serungard, Attys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 31, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Harvey W. Yeaton, D. S. No. 14562 for the n 1/2 of section 34, township 147 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Whittier K. Whidden, Isaac E. Mills, Frank Hunter, Joseph Allen, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
William Glass, Attorney.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Andrew Nelson, D. S. No. 10973 for the e 1/2 of section 32, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudson, A. Gunder, Christ Jackson, C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Jacobson & Serungard, Attys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., October 25, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 20th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Charles Nelson, D. S. No. 874 for the w 1/2 of section 3, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Thomas Knudson, A. Gunder, Christ Jackson and C. Gilbertson, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Jacobson & Serungard, Attys.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Tosten N. Gilderhus, H. E. No. 10502 for the s 1/2 of section 5, township 148 n, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Gunder Nave, Ole Nave, Andrew Everson, Elias M. Nave, all of Lee P. O. Grand Forks county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
Jacobson & Serungard, Attys.

**Road Petition.**  
To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, D. T.:  
We the undersigned citizens and freeholders of said county, residing in the immediate neighborhood of the route hereinafter mentioned and described as a public highway, do hereby petition your honorable body to cause to be laid out, established and opened, a road or public highway as follows: commencing at the n w corner post of section 3, township 148, range 59, in said county and running south on the west boundary line of sections 3-10-15-22-27 and 34 to the south boundary line of said township 148, range 59; thence in the most direct and practicable route to intersect the proposed county road leading from the Sheyenne river to Cooperstown, and your petitioners will ever pray that said road may be laid out according to law.

Signed,  
E. McCrea,  
R. L. Johnson,  
Aslak Herjungen,  
Thos. T. Flagstad,  
Ole Alfson,  
Ole O. Lattvet,  
J. Tande,  
T. O. Torgenson,  
Thore Olson,  
Ole C. Thingstad,  
Jens Kristenson,  
Chas. Radford.

I. E. Mills,  
Harry Clark,  
Nels A. Anderson,  
Ole Aslakson,  
Teller Gunder, son,  
Ole Tande,  
Ole O. Groff,  
J. Tande,  
John Tande,  
S. A. Neary,  
Kristen Johnson,  
Jacob Homera,  
E. B. Paxson.

45w3.

**Road Petition.**  
To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Griggs County, Dakota:  
The undersigned residents and freeholders of said Griggs county, respectfully petition your honorable board to locate, layout and establish a public highway or road from the n e cor. post of sec. 1 township 148, range 59, to the town of Cooperstown in section 24, town 146 of said range. The course and location of said road to be more particularly as follows, to-wit: Beginning at or near the n e corner post of sec. 1 in township 148, range 59 in said Griggs county, and thence running south in a straight line along the side hill of the bluffs east of the Sheyenne river to the n e corner post of section 26 in said township; thence to follow the most practicable and feasible route across the Sheyenne river in a south-westerly direction to the south-west corner post of said section 26; thence running in a straight line directly south along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13-24-25 and 36 in township 147, and continuing in the same direction along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13 and 24 in township 146 to the southwest corner post of said section 12 in said township; said road to be sixty feet wide throughout its entire length, and where following a section line said section line shall be the centre of said road. Your petitioners would represent to your honorable board that they are residents along the proposed road or in its immediate vicinity and that such a road is a public necessity, and if built will be of great value to the county and convenience to the settlers along the proposed course, and your petitioners will ever pray that said road may be established according to law.

Signed,  
J. E. Mills,  
Herman Huseel,  
Alex. M. Cameron,  
T. Fosholt,  
Ole F. Ford,  
T. N. Gilderhus,  
Elias F. Moan,  
Andrew Nelson,  
Andrew A. Lee,  
Andrew Johnson Hogen,  
A. F. Johnson,  
Thore Abran.

E. D. Stair,  
Geo. B. McCormick,  
John F. Fosholt,  
N. C. Rukke,  
Gunder O. Nave,  
Ole O. Nave,  
Nels A. Anderson Gilderhus,  
A. P. Rusten,  
K. Nilson,  
Christian Jacobson,  
Sivert Johnson,  
Louis Andersen.

45w3.

**\$66** a week at home. \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLERT & Co., Portland, Maine.

L. E. Booker, J. K. Musselman,  
President. Cashier.

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HOPE, D. T.

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—DEALER IN—  
**REAL ESTATE.**  
**GRAIN**  
—AND—  
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We propose to make it, without exception, the best as well as the cheapest Home and Fashion Magazine in America, and we believe a perusal of the list of attractions to appear each month will prove convincing to every reader.

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A beautiful steel plate accompanied by a story or poem. A finely executed portrait of one of the presidents of the United States, with a short sketch. Excellent colored plates of the prevailing styles of dresses. Numerous illustrations of fashions in black and white. Illustrations and designs of the latest patterns in fancy work, in colors, or black and white. An illustrated household department. An illustration of architectural design. A piece of nicely selected music. A full-size cut paper pattern. Choice recipes for the household. Besides a rich variety of literary matter contributed by eminent writers, embracing novels, novelettes, stories, poetry, charades, dialogues, art and fashion notes, together with current notes of the day. As this magazine has been before the public for over fifty years, all may feel assured that the above will be carried out to the letter.

Address all communications to  
**J. H. HAULENBEEK & Co.,**  
1006 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Send for Illustrated Circular and Club Rates List.

**Road Petition.**

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota:  
We the undersigned citizens of said county and residents within the immediate neighborhood of the road hereafter mentioned and described as a public highway, do hereby petition your honorable body to cause to be laid out, established and opened a road or public highway as follows: commencing at the n e corner post of section 18, range 59, and running south along section line between sections 2 and 3, 10 and 11, 14 and 15, and 23 following said section line as near as possible; thence south in a southeasterly direction across sections 26 and 35 to the s e corner post of said section 35 of the aforesaid township, and your petitioners will ever pray that said road may be laid out according to law.

Signed,  
Ole H. Moen,  
S. Goldbride,  
Wilhelm Schmitz,  
A. E. Paxson,  
A. R. Miller.

W. A. Radford,  
P. Gunder, son,  
J. Oleson,  
O. Elifson.

45w3.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Ingebor Gunder, son, one of the heirs of Abraham Gunder, son, D. S. No. 10369 for the s 1/2 of section 14 n, range 60 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Alask Gunder, son, Peter H. Molstad, Erick Anstad, Knud Stee all of Dazy, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 15th day of January, 1884, at his office. And you, Wm. W. Fitzsimmons, who filed H. E. No. 13490 on the 20th day of September, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunder should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. And you, Gustav Gunder, who filed D. S. No. 11928 on the 15th day of November, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunder should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
F. B. Morrill, Att'y.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., November 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of January, 1884, viz: Ingebor Gunder, son, one of the heirs of Abraham Gunder, son, D. S. No. 10369 for the s 1/2 of section 14 n, range 60 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Alask Gunder, son, Peter H. Molstad, Erick Anstad, Knud Stee all of Dazy, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, D. T., on the 15th day of January, 1884, at his office. And you, Wm. W. Fitzsimmons, who filed H. E. No. 13490 on the 20th day of September, 1883, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunder should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land. And you, Gustav Gunder, who filed D. S. No. 11928 on the 15th day of November, 1882, are hereby notified to be and appear before the U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., on the 16th day of January, 1884, and show cause if any you have, why said Ingebor Gunder should not be allowed to make final proof and payment for said land.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.  
F. B. Morrill, Att'y.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 14, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Florence Frazier, D. S. No. 14158 for the n e 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Charley Kettelson, J. M. Freer, Ella Freer and W. A. Baker, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

HORACE AUSTIN, Register.

**One Thing and Another.**

North Dakota has ninety-seven elevators, all filled with wheat.

The commissioners of Steele county have concluded to build a \$1,200 jail and sheriff's office at Hope.

Two hundred dollars reward has been offered for the arrest of Rev. Isaac M. Frey, the fugitive Valley City preacher.

Great havoc has been wrought in the forests of Maine by the late gales. There are wide stretches of country where all standing timber has been leveled to the ground.

The cold has its advantages in New York. The Sun says while the bad policeman seeks shelter from the weather the inoffensive citizen escapes the danger of being clubbed.

A citizen of Cleveland bet a dollar that he could absorb fifteen drinks of whisky in as many minutes. Being an Ohio man he won, but the money will not be sufficient to support his widow and her five children.

A wheat warehouse at Portland, on the Goose, burst last week and split 25,000 bushels of No. 1 Hard on all sides. This is the second catastrophe of this kind Portland has recently furnished.

A man will sit on a barbed wire fence all the afternoon to watch a base ball game and not move a muscle, but when he goes to church, he can't sit in a cushioned pew for fifteen minutes without changing his position forty times.

A report comes from St. Paul that ex-General Manager Haupt, of the Northern Pacific, after a trip over the Dakota and Great Southern line, has accepted the presidency of the same, and proposes to push the road to completion.

Villard's luck hasn't yet deserted him. He has succeeded in getting all the injunction suits against the Northern Pacific squelched, has the new \$20,000,000 loan fixed in shape, and retains the management of the Villard system with every expression of confidence from his associates. His enemies, too, say that he is in even greater luck—that is, got rid of huge blocks of stock just before the last decline, and has got it all back again at bottom prices. On the whole, it seems like a very cold day when Mr. Villard gets left. But how about the other blind fool people who did not have their leader's blind luck?—Chicago Herald.

For mens' fur goods go to Nelson & Langlie's.

Fineline of fresh confectionery at Odegard & Thompson's.

Form a club and buy your coal in car load lots. It will pay a big interest. Lenham E. & L. Co.

Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros.

Raw and boiled Linseed Oil at Odegard & Thompson's.

Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros.

School books at Odegard & Thompson's.

Stoneware until you can't rest at Odegard & Thompson's.

Hard and soft coal of best quality. Orders left now will be filled at your own pleasure and at present rates.

A new stock of Ladies' Trimmed hats, at Odegard & Thompson's.

Do not pay old time war prices when you can buy anything you need cheaper at Nelson & Langlie's.

The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains.

Prices that compete with Fargo, Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

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There is no better made wagon than the RUSHFORD.  
The Lenham E. & L. Co. handle the RUSHFORD.  
You can save 20 per cent. by paying cash for the RUSHFORD.  
You can not buy a better wagon; you are "liable" to get an inferior one.  
Call at the Lumber Yard and examine the RUSHFORD.  
**Wood, Wood! Wood!!**  
If you would get good wood for your money, then call on E. D. Stair, at the Courier office. Cord wood delivered in town, or for sale at low figures on the river.

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The Place for Blacksmithing  
**AS IT SHOULD BE**  
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**Stoves and Tinware.**  
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**HEAVY & SHELF GOODS**  
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Money to Loan on Final Proof and Real Estate.  
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Flour at Wholesale and Retail.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH ALWAYS PROMPTLY ATTENDED  
—ON THE USUAL TERMS.—

**The Highest CASH PRICE Paid for Wheat.**



### LITTLE FEET.

Two little feet so small that both may nestle  
In one caressing hand,  
Two tender feet upon the untrod border  
Of life's mysterious land.

Dimpled and soft, and pink as peach tree blossoms  
In April's fragrant days;  
How can they walk among the briery tanglers,  
Edging the world's rough ways?

These white rose feet along the doubtful future  
Must bear a woman's load;  
Alas! since woman has the heaviest burden,  
And walks the hardest road.

Love for a while will make the path before them  
All dainty smooth, and fair—  
Will cull away the brambles, letting only  
The roses blossom there:

But when the mother's watchful eyes are shrouded  
Away from the sight of men,  
And these dear feet are left without her guiding,  
Who shall direct them then?

Will they go stumbling blindly in the darkness  
Of sorrow's fearful shades,  
Or find the upland slopes of peace and beauty  
Whose sunlight never fades?

How shall it be with her, the tender stranger,  
Fair faced and gentle eyed,  
Before whose unstained feet the world's rude highway  
Stretches so strange and wide?

Ah! who may read the future? For our darling  
We crave all blessings sweet,  
And pray that he who feeds the crying ravens  
Will guide the baby's feet.

—Florence Percy.

### WOOLING BY PROXY.

She is leaning back in a deep criticism chair, with a white dress sweeping in long, shining folds about her. She is talking to two or three men with that rather weary grace he has grown accustomed to see in her, and which is so different from the joyous smiles of the Jeanne de Beaujeu whom he knew so long ago. He is watching her from the opposite side of the salon, as he stands beside his hostess, and he tells himself that it is for the last time. He is going to her presently, and he knows just how coldly she will raise the dark eyes that once never met his without having confessed that she loved him. He knows just what he will say and what she will answer, and there is no need for haste in this last scene of his tragedy.

"A man should know when he is beaten," he is thinking, while he smiles vaguely in reply to Mme. de Soule's common-places. "There is more stupidity than courage in not accepting a defeat while there is yet time to retreat with some dignity. For six weeks I have shown her, with a directness that has, I dare say, been amusing to our mutual friends, that after ten years' absence my only object in returning to Paris is her society. She cannot avoid meeting me in public, but she has steadily refused to receive me when I call upon her, or to permit me a word with her alone. I have been a fool to forget that all these years in which I regretted her she naturally despised me, but at least it is not just of her to refuse me a hearing." The moment he had been waiting for is come, the little court about her disperses, until there is but one man beside her, and she glances around with a look of mild appeal against the continuance of his society.

De Palissier has escaped from his hostess in an instant, and the next he is murmuring with the faintest suspicion of a tremor in his voice, "Will Mme. Miramon permit me a dance?"

"Thanks, M. de Palissier, but I am not dancing this evening," she replies, with exactly the glance and tone he expects.

"Will madame give me a few moments' serious conversation?" and this time the tremor is distinct, for even the nineteenth century horror of melodrama cannot keep a man's nerves quite steady when he is asking a question on which his whole future depends.

"One does not come to balls for serious conversation," she begins, lightly.

"Where may I come then?" he interrupted eagerly.

"Nowhere. There is no need for serious conversation between us, M. de Palissier," she replies, haughtily, and rising she takes the arm of the much-edified gentleman beside her, and moves away.

It is all as he prophesied to himself, and yet for a moment the lights swim dizzily before him, and the passionate sweetness of that Strauss waltz the hand is playing stabs his heart like a knife. For a moment he does not realize that he is standing quite motionless, gazing with despair in his eyes, at Mme. de Miramon's slender, white-clad figure, and that two or three people, who have seen and heard, are looking at him with that amused pity which a sentimental catastrophe always inspires in the spectators.

Some one touches his arm presently with a fan, and with a start he comes to himself and recognizes Lucille de Beaujeu, the young sister of Mme. de Miramon, whom he remembers years ago as a child, and with whom he had danced several times this winter.

"And our waltz, monsieur?" she asks, gayly. "Do not tell me you have forgotten it. That is evident enough, but you should not admit it."

"Mille pardons, mademoiselle," he utters, hurriedly.

"I am very good to-night," she says, putting her hand on his mechanically extended arm. "Though the waltz is half over, there is still time for you to get me an ice."

So they make their way through the salon, she talking lightly and without pausing for a reply, while he, vaguely grateful to her for extracting him from

an awkward position, wonders also that she should care to be so kind to a man whom her sister has treated with such marked dislike.

The refreshment room is almost empty, and she seats herself and motions him to a chair beside her when he has brought her an ice.

"Do you think M. le Marquis, that it was only to eat ices with you that I have forced my society so resolutely upon you?" she asks with a look of earnestness very rare on her bright coquettish face.

"I think you an angel of compassion to an old friend of your childhood, Mlle. Lucille."

"It was compassion, but more for my sister than for you," she says gravely.

"Your sister!" he echoes, bitterly. "It has not occurred to me that Mme. de Miramon is in need of compassion, and yours is too sweet to be wasted."

"Chut, monsieur," she interrupted. "Forget that I am as fond of pretty speeches as most young women, and think of me only as Jeanne de Miramon's sister, who believes that, much as she loves her, you love her even more."

For the second time this evening De Palissier forgets possible observers, and clasping both the girl's slender hands in his he murmurs, unsteadily: "God bless you!"

"You forget that we have an audience, monsieur," she says, withdrawing her hands quickly, but with a smile of frank comradeship. "I have a story to tell you, and not much time to tell it in. Years ago, when Jeanne left her convent on becoming fiancee to M. de Miramon, she met you at her first ball, and you loved each other. It was very foolish, for you were a cadet of your house, and only a sous-lieutenant, and Jeanne had not a sou, so both the families were furious; but all would have ended well as a fairy tale if you had been reasonable. Jeanne met you time after time in secret, and promised any amount of patience, but she would not run away and marry you in defiance of her parents; so you tormented her with doubts, and shamed her with suspicions until she dreaded those secret meetings almost as much as she longed for them. At last, after making more violent quarrels than usual, you exchanged from your regiment at Versailles to one in Algiers, and left her no refuge from the reproaches of our father and mother but to marry M. de Miramon. He might have refused to marry her after hearing her confess, as she did, that she had given her heart to you, and that only your desertion had induced her to consent to their marriage. But he did not; he had a better revenge than that. He married her, and for eight years he tortured her in every way that a jealous and cruel man can torment a proud, pure woman. He opened all her letters, he made spies of her servants, and not a day passed that he did not insult her with some mention of your name. Our parents died within a few months of the marriage, and I was at the convent. There was nothing to be done with her misery but endure it, knowing that she owed it all to her impatience. Can you wonder that she is unforgetting?"

He is leaning on the small table between them with folded arms and downcast eyes, and he is very pale, even through the bronze of ten African summers.

"I loved her always," he says, almost inaudibly, then pauses; nor does he finish his sentence, though she waits for him to do so.

"You love her? You could not have wrecked her life more utterly if you had hated her. Can you wonder that she has grown to fear the thought of love that has been so cruel to her as yours and her husband's? Monsieur, my brother-in-law died two years ago—God is good!" continued Lucille, fiercely. "Since then Jeanne has been at peace, and she shrinks with absolute horror from disturbing the calm which has come to her after such storms. She fears you, she avoids you, because—shall I tell you why?"

She can see his lips quiver, even under the heavy mustache, but he neither speaks nor raises his eyes.

"She loves you," murmurs Lucille just aloud.

He lifts his eyes now and looks at her dumbly for an instant; then rising abruptly walks away.

He comes back presently.

"My child," he says, very gently, "do not try to make me believe that, unless you are very sure, for if I once believe it again, I—"

"I am as sure as that I live that Jeanne has never ceased to love you, and that you can force her to confess it if you will make love to me."

"If you? You are laughing at me!" with a rush of color into his dark face.

"Do you think so ill of Jeanne's sister?" she asked softly.

"Pardon, I am scarcely myself, and I cannot imagine how—"

"Jeanne will not receive you because she knows her own heart and is afraid of it. She fears that you will destroy the hard won peace she values so highly. But you are wealthy, distinguished, the head of your name—a very different person from what you were ten years ago, and she can find no reason for refusing you as my suitor, if I consent, and as my chaperon she must be present at all our meetings. You begin to understand? Make her see that your love is not all jealousy; make her remember; make her regret."

"But forgive me, when one has loved a woman for ten years," with a faint smile, "there is no room in one's heart for even a pretense at loving another."

"If there were, monsieur, I should never have proposed my plan," she replies with dignity. "It is because I have watched you all these weeks, and know that your love is worthy of my sister, that I trust you. But it is not with one's heart that one pretends. Enfin it is with you to consent or decline?"

"Decline!" he echoes, with a passion none the less intense for its quietness. "Does a dying man decline his last chance of life, however desperate it may be?"

The next week is full of bitter surprises to the proud and patient woman, whose pathetic clinging to her newly-found peace Lucille so well understands. Though it is so long since she has permitted herself to remember anything of the lover of her youth except his jealousy, she has believed in his faithfulness

as utterly as she dreamed it, and when she receives De Palissier's note asking the consent of his old friend to his love for her sister, the pain she feels bewilders and disarms her. With a smile whose cynicism is as much for herself as for him, she gives the note to Lucille, expecting an instant rejection of the man whose motives in pursuing them they had both so misunderstood. But with a gay laugh, "Then my sympathy has been all without cause," the girl cries. "By all means let him come, my Jeanne. It cannot wound you who have long ago ceased to regret him, and he is the best party in Paris and tres bell homme for his age."

It is quite true there can be no objections to the wealthy and distinguished Marquis de Palissier if Lucille is willing—none but the pain at her heart, which she is too ashamed even to confess to herself. So a note is written, fixing an hour for his first visit, and Mme. de Miramon prepares herself to meet the man whom she last saw alone in all the passionate anger of a lover's quarrel.

There is the sound of wheels in the courtyard, and she rises with a hasty glance at her reflection in the mirror. "His old friend!" she murmurs, scornfully, "I dare say I look an old woman beside Lucille."

Then she turns with a look of graceful welcome, for the door is thrown open and a servant announces: "M. le Marquis de Palissier."

"Nothing could give me greater pleasure than to receive as my sister's suitor the old friend of whom the world tells me such noble things." She utters her little speech as though she had not rehearsed it a dozen times, and holds out her pretty hand to him.

"You are too good, madame," he replies, very low; and she reflects that he is, of course, a little embarrassed. "I am afraid you had much to forgive in those days so long ago, but time, I trust has changed me."

"It would be sad, indeed, if time did not give us wisdom and coldness in exchange for all it takes from us," she says, with a quick thrill of pain that he should speak of ten years as if it were an eternity.

"Not coldness," he exclaims, coming nearer, and looking at her with eyes that made her feel like a girl again. "If you could see my heart, you—"

"May I enter, my sister," asks the gay voice of Lucille, as she appears from behind the portiere at so fortunate a moment for the success of her plot that it is to be feared that she had been eavesdropping.

De Palissier turns as once and presses her hand to his lips.

"Mademoiselle," he says tenderly, "I am at your feet."

Then begins a charming little comedy of love-making, in which Lucille plays her role with pretty coquetry and he with infinite zeal.

And the chaperon bends over her lace-work and hears the caressing tones she thought she had forgotten, and sees the tender glances she imagines she had ceased to regret, all given to her younger sister in her unregarded presence. She is very patient and used to suffering but at length she can endure no longer, and not daring to leave the room she moves away to a distant writing-table where she is at last beyond hearing.

There is an instant pause between the conspirators, and while De Palissier's eyes wistfully follow Mme. de Miramon, Lucille seizes her opportunity with a promptness that would have done credit to a Richelieu or a Talleyrand, or any other prince.

"Courage, monsieur!" she murmurs. "She has been cold to me ever since your note came."

"You would make a charming jeune premier at the Francis only when you do say anything very tender, do you remember to look at me instead of Jeanne?" And she breaks into a laugh so utterly amused that he presently laughs, too, and the sound of their mirth causes an odd blot in the poor chaperon's writing.

A month has dragged by wretchedly enough, both to the conspirators and their victim, and like all things earthly, has come to an end at last. Even Lucille's energy could not keep De Palissier to his role, if he did not believe that in surrendering it he must give up the bitterness of Jeanne's daily presence, which even in its serene indifference had become the one charm of life to him. Mme. de Miramon and her sister are spending a week at her villa near Paris, and Palissier, who is to accompany them on a riding party, has arrived a little late, and finds both sisters already in the courtyard, with some horses and grooms, when he enters. Lucille comes to him at once and he dismounts, with a look of alarm instead of her usual coquetry.

"Do not let Jeanne ride Etoile," she said anxiously. "She has thrown Guillaume this morning."

Mme. de Miramon is standing beside an old groom, who is holding the horse in question, and she does not look at her sister or De Palissier as they approach.

"Let me ride Etoile, and take my horse to-day, madame," De Palissier says eagerly. "I should like to master a horse who has thrown so excellent a groom as Guillaume."

"So should I," she says with a hard little laugh, and she steps on the block. "Jeannel" cries Lucille.

"I entreat you for your sister's sake. She will be terribly alarmed," De Palissier says hurriedly.

"Then you must console her. The greater her alarm the greater your delightful task, monsieur," and she looks at him with a defiant pain in her eyes, like a stag at bay. "I shall ride Etoile."

"Then I say that you shall not," he answers, putting his arms across the saddle, and meeting her eyes with a sudden blaze in his.

For an instant they gaze at each other in utter forgetfulness of any other presence than their own. Then she springs from the block and comes close to him. "I hate you!" she gasps, and turning gathers up her habit in one hand and runs into the house, swiftly followed by De Palissier. In the salon she faces him with a gesture of passionate pride.

"Leave me!" she says, "I forbid you to speak to me."

He is very pale, but the light of triumph is in his eyes, and, like most men, being triumphant, he is cruel.

"Why do you hate me?" he asked imperiously.

"I beg your pardon," she stammers, dropping the eyes which she knows are betraying her. "I should have said—"

"You should have said, 'I love you,' he murmurs, coming close to her and holding out his arms. "Does it hurt you that I should know it at least—I who have loved you for all these years?"

"But Lucille," she falters, moving away from him, but with eyes that shone and lips that quiver with bewildered joy. "Never mind Lucille," cries that young lady very cheerfully from the doorway. "It has been all a plot for your happiness, Jeanne, which would never succeed if you had known your sister as well as she knew you. To think that I would be content with the wreck of any man's heart!—fi donc! When my day comes."

"Lake Alexander, I will reign, and I will reign alone."

**Two Guineas and Four Men.**

New York World.

Four gentlemen were seated at a table in the smoking room of the steamer Alaska, of the Guion line, on her recent remarkable trip across. The sea was running heavy, and the smoking room steward found it a delicate matter to place a glass and a bottle before each of the four gentlemen and to uncork the complimentary ginger ale otherwise than on his head. The conversation turned on the extraordinary good speed the steamer was making, and led to a bet. In "covering" the wager of a sovereign upon a trivial matter, one of the four gentlemen took from his purse a guinea of the reign of William and Mary.

"There are only two of them in existence," he said proudly, "and this piece is worth a hundred times its face value. Had I the other, the collection of two would be simply invaluable to numismatists."

He laid it on the table as he spoke, and in a moment after the coin had disappeared. Nobody saw it fall or glide off the table. Nobody saw anybody else take it. Its owner searched high and low; his three companions and the steward helped him. No other persons were in the compartment, and yet the coin could not be found.

These four men had been strangers to each other when the voyage began. They had been five days out, and were rapidly nearing port. The owner of the valuable coin was inconsolable, suspicious and profane by turns.

"I'll tell you what is the best thing to do," said one of the party. "The coin is not on the floor; it can not have rolled through the ceiling. Somebody here must have it. Let all of us be searched."

All agreed but one gentleman, who had hitherto said nothing. He positively refused to suffer such an indignity. When it was suggested to him that where all others agreed no single person ought to object, he simply declined, made his bow, took his drink alone and left for his stateroom.

The good ship Alaska ploughed on to her sixth day, and just after her completing it Fire Island was sighted. The gentleman who had refused to be searched had been put in coventry; the three others who had sat at the table with him had unanimously suspected him.

But just as the pilot came aboard the Alaska the gentleman who had lost the guinea found it sticking in the sole of his boot, where it had been wedged ever since he had first displayed it. He was overjoyed at his discovery and anxious to make amends for his unjust suspicions.

"But," said he, to the gentleman who had refused to be searched, "why on earth did you not agree as we all did to such a simple test? That would have settled the matter instantly."

"No, it wouldn't," answered the other.

"Why not?"

"Because (producing his purse) there is the only other coin of the kind in the world—same date, same color, worn the same! That is the reason I refused to be searched, for nothing on earth would have made you believe this was not your own coin had you not been so lucky as to recover it."

As the Alaska steamed into port a social glass removed all traces of unpleasantness.

**Falling From the Clouds.**

A foolhardy acrobat who was performing on a trapeze attached to an ascending balloon, recently had a narrow escape from death at Pittsburg. He has given the following account of his adventure:

I had the balloon inflated under my own personal supervision, and considered her all right. When the men let go I shot up into the air, hanging to the trapeze-bar and making my usual revolutions. I went up very rapidly, and in a short time the exposition grounds were hidden by a heavy cloud. I continued to exercise; for it was quiet chilly, until I was about a mile and a quarter above the earth. I paused to rest a minute, when I heard a faint sound overhead, and looking up, saw a white smoke pouring out of the gas-bag.

I knew what was wrong in an instant, and got up into the basket as quick as I could, and then climbed into the netting. I never thought about the safety valve, but began to throw the sand bags attached to the netting overboard as rapidly as possible, to lighten the fall I knew was coming.

There was a second of suspense, and then I began to shoot down like a lump of lead, while the balloon swayed terribly. I hung on with feet and hands to the netting, or I should have been thrown off. All at once the envelope collapsed, or turned over, and I was thrown right into the center, the envelope forming a parachute. I was nearly suffocated with gas, and the balloon was pitching and rolling terribly.

I don't know how long I was in coming down. I remember seeing the city below me, and then I felt a shock, and fell into somebody's yard. A man rushed up and I told him to pound me on the back to get the gas out of my lungs. I was stunned by the fall, but I guess I am all right now.

**Carving a Canadian Goose.**

From the Toronto Mail.

"Mr. McLeod will please carve the goose!"

These words were addressed to a young man who made one of a party at a breakfast table on Tuesday morning last. The table was standing in a house on Cing Street, near Widmer, and the breakfast—dejeuner would be a better fitting word—was given in honor of a young couple who had been married about an hour before. There was no threat contained in the words 'above' quoted, but nevertheless, they sent a thrill of terror through the young man to whom they were addressed. He had never cut up anything before except a few capers when out with the boys at night, and the idea of carving a goose before company made him so nervous that he fancied the other guests were beginning to regard him as akin to the bird he was called upon to mangle. However, he was ashamed to show his ignorance of a useful accomplishment, so he drew a long breath and the carving-knife towards him. As he arose to his feet the eyes of the party were upon him. So was the goose a moment later, for it slid from beneath his fork and flew like a real live bird out of the dish and into his very best waistcoat. Of course expressions of sympathy were tendered from all sides, but somehow or other they didn't make the young man feel better or look less greasy. The goose was returned to the dish, and Mr. McLeod returned to the work before him. The accident had not a reassuring effect upon either the carver or the company, and the renewed operations were watched with greater interest than before. This increased interest in his maneuvers with the roast goose had a tendency to make the obliging gentleman quite careless as to whether he attempted to carve with the edge or back of his knife, and, as a matter of fact, he did try to dismember the goose with the broad back of the carver. He thought at the time that the bird was "confounded tough," not being aware of his endeavor to slice it with the back of the knife, but when the sharp edge pierced the finger which he had pressed upon it in his frantic effort to cut, he knew that "some one had blundered." The accident, however, was not observed by anyone in the company, and Mr. McLeod, who was swearing inwardly and perspiring outwardly very freely, was encouraged to renew the attack. "Break a leg off him," was generally advised, while a young lady with a terra cotta hat and an amused smile, who sat next to the young man with the knife, pleasantly remarked that the carver looked more cut up than the fowl. This young woman was one of the bridesmaids, and should have been more seriously inclined at such a moment. The advice tendered was accepted, and the now desperate man seized the goose with both hands. Then began a fearful struggle for the mastery. In the wrestling match which followed neither seemed to have the advantage for some moments. The wedding guests awaited the issue of the contest—and something to eat—in breathless expectancy. They did not feel very hungry, for they were full of hope. Their confidence in McLeod was not misplaced, for in the third round the goose was "downed." The leg came off, and so did an event which was wholly unexpected. The goose, in parting with its limb, slipped from the grasp of its opponent and dashed itself against a bowl containing gravy. The bowl was upset, and its contents sought a fresh resting place in the lap of the bride. A shriek of dismay arose as a patch of the blue silk dress assumed an aesthetic gray. The bride, covered with blushes and gravy, hurriedly arose and left the room, and there were some at the table who felt they would sooner be enjoying a free lunch at a bar-room counter than awaiting the free spread at that wedding party. As for Mr. McLeod himself—well, he was overcome with a desire to sink into the cellar. He promptly resigned his position as carver for the company, and the resignation was accepted without loss of time in discussing it. Some one with a greater knowledge of the anatomy of a goose was elected to fill the place, and at length the guests were served. McLeod fled to London, Ont., the following morning.

**Words of Wisdom.**

More honorable name have been ruined by thoughtlessness than by malice.—Marie Eschenbach.

The mistakes of woman result almost from her faith in the good and her confidence in the truth.—Balzac.

Sorrows are like thunder clouds; in the distance they look black; over our heads hardly gray.—Richter.

To judge of the real importance of an individual, one must think of the effect his death would produce.—Levis.

We do not have great trials and sharp agonies and heroic works to do every day. It is very small strokes that make the diamond shine.—Rose Terry Cooke.

Exclusion is in their mouths and supremacy in their hearts. These are the essence of sectarianism, call it by what denomination you will.—Lady Sidney Owenson Morgan.

The rainbow is the damask flower on the woven teardrops of the world; hope is the skimmer on the dingy wrap of trouble, shot with the golden wool of God's intent.—George MacDonald.

By diligence and self-command let a man put the bread he eats at his own disposal, that he may not stand in bitter and false relation to other men; for the best good of wealth is freedom.—Emerson.

Mysterious disappearance of gentlemen with other people's money are as numerous about this time as railroad accidents.

Ignacio Garcia Veyvan, a rich resident of Tlaxcolec, Mexico, was seized by a party of bandits on October 3, and carried off. They demand \$10,000 for his ransom.

The first minister of the Dominion government is charged with bribery.



STORIES OF STEEDMAN.

How He Won His Stars and the Soubrique of "Old Chickamauga."

Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette: As we sat, one night in 1875, in the ratty old editorial rooms of the Toledo Democrat and Herald, of which Steedman was leader and I managing editor, I asked him for the story of Chickamauga, where he won his stars and the soldier title of Old Chickamauga, as if he was so proud. He told it as coolly as if it was a dream to him:

"Why, my boy, there wasn't much to do. I was in charge of the First division of the Reserve corps of the Army of the Cumberland, and had been stationed at Ringgold or Redhouse Bridge over the Chickamauga. My orders were explicit, 'to hold the bridge at all hazard,' and prevent the enemy from flanking Gen. Thomas. The enemy disappeared from our front. The sound of cannonading and battle to the northward told me that the enemy had massed against our center, and a great battle was on. From the noise of conflict I judged, and rightly, that Thomas was sorely pressed. I felt that my command was needed, and yet could not understand the absence of new orders. I waited impatiently enough from daylight till noon, hoping for some word from my commanding officer. Finally I decided to risk my neck rather than see the Union army destroyed through inactivity on my part. Calling a council of officers and men, I explained the situation, read my orders, told them my decision, and that on my shoulders should fall whatever responsibility attached to the disobedience of orders. You know the inexorable military law is to ask no questions of all orders, and accept consequences. I knew that if my movement was a failure, my judgment mistaken, nothing less than a court martial and death awaited me. But the battle was on, and every fibre in me said I was wanted. We burned the bridge and marched by the canon's sound to Thomas' aid. Through corn fields, thickets, and oak woods we made a fearful tramp, for no man in the command knew the country, and our only guide was the cannon's boom. When I reported to Thomas he was in despair at the loss of the key to his position, which had just been captured by Gen. Hindman's rebel corps. The place was indicated to me by a flash of guns at a rifle of causer on the dry leaves of the trees which Thomas and I stood. It was a steep ascent, with a densely-peopled crescent ridge, that lay before us. There was a forbidding thicket and an oak forest between us and the belt of rocks that marked the edge of a broad plateau on which the enemy was in brilliant victory. 'There, there,' said Thomas, as the guns flashed again. 'Now see their exact position. You must take that ridge. My reply was 'I will do it.' In thirty minutes after we reached the field were storming the rock of Chickamauga. It was an awful contest up that slope, every foot of which was planted with death.

"We went in with 7,500 men, and only 4,000 reported for duty at the next muster. We went up, up, up till we reached the summit, and planted our rifles there to stay. It was a terrible hot place, and we had the plateau a lake of blood before we drove Hindman back. I rode back and reported to Thomas. I was bloody from head to foot. He clasped my hand, and said with great emotion, 'Gen. Steedman, you have saved my army.' I got my stars not long afterward, and that's about all there was of it. Yes, it was a big risk, but I was right, and I knew it."

"As he rode to battle that day he met Gen. Granger, who said, feelingly: 'Sted, old boy, it's going to be a d—hot in there. If anything should happen have you any requests to make of me?' The vein of sentiment was running deep in the questioner's heart, but the practical soldier responded in words that have since been memorable:

"Yes, Gen. Granger, if I fall in the fight, please see my body decently buried and my name correctly spelled in the newspapers," and he deliberately spelled it.

**About the Stomach.**  
We dare say three-fourths of the diseases that prevail in the human family are directly or indirectly induced by some derangement of the stomach. The most serious ailments have their origin there. With dyspepsia the food passes indigested through the lacteal vessels and many particles of deleterious matter are carried into the blood and gain lodgment often in the lungs and other great centers of vitality. Hence dyspepsia favors the occurrence of consumption in persons at all predisposed to it. It is also the primary source of scrofula and other diseases of the blood and skin.

The person who has a pig-pen appetite one day and can eat little or nothing the next has dyspepsia. The person who feels a heaviness at the stomach after eating, accompanied with a griping-up of wind and sour particles of food, has dyspepsia. Besides these symptoms are bad taste in mouth, pain in chest, shortness of breath, palpitation, headache, giddiness, coldness of extremities, languor, sleeplessness and despondency. In prescribing Burdock Blood Bitters as a cure for dyspepsia we desire the patient to eat regularly a reasonable quantity of good, plain food (not too hot or too cold) and to use very sparingly of tobacco (if addicted to that habit) which is apt to exhaust the organs of salivation. Dyspepsia is a disease of the mucous membrane lining the stomach. If the patient will treat this mucous membrane of the stomach with any sort of decency, ceasing to aggravate its sensitive surface with indigestible matter, we guarantee the use of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure him. That's all we ask. Give the stomach a fair chance. Burdock Blood Bitters will do the rest. Thousands of testimonials.

Burdock Blood Bitters with all druggists. Foster, Millburn & Co., Mfrs. Buffalo, N. Y.

**My Wife and Children.**  
Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mt. Vernon, says: My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from Measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping more or less for years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all.

**Man Has Nothing His Own.**  
An ancient philosopher has said, man has nothing properly his own, but his opinion; and this is universally expressed in favor of Allen's Iron Tonic Bitters as the peerless system regulator, by all who have tested its merits. All genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) was cured me entirely of bad Blood Poison. I went 100 miles to get it and it made me as sound as a new dollar. J. W. WEYLES, Meadville, Pa.

Write Home Health Company, Minneapolis, Minn., for Home treatment of all diseases. Surest, cheapest in the world.

Ladies & children's boots & shoes cannot run over if Lyon's Patent Heel Softeners are used.

If a cough disturbs your sleep take Piso's cure for consumption and rest well.

Allen's Brain Food restores strength to the brain and positively cures Nervous Debility, Prostration, Headache, muscular losses, and all weakness of Generative System; it never fails. \$1 per bottle, 6 for \$5. At druggists, or Allen's Pharmacy, 315 First Ave., N. Y.

Turns Cod Liver Oil made from selected livers, of the fishery, by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

Chapped Hands, Face, Pimples, and rough skin cured by using JONSON'S SOAP, made by CASSELL, HAZARD & CO., NEW YORK.

HIS OWN EXECUTOR.

A Well known Gentleman's Philanthropy and the Commotion Caused by One of His Letters.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.  
We published in our local columns yesterday morning a significant letter from a gentleman known personally or by reputation to every person in the land. We have received a number of letters protesting against the use of our columns for such "palpable frauds and misrepresentations," therefore to confirm beyond a doubt the authenticity of the letter, and the genuineness of its sentiments, a reporter of this paper was commissioned to ascertain all the possible facts in the matter. Accordingly he visited Clifton Springs, saw the author of the letter, and with the following result:

Dr. Henry Foster, the gentleman in question, is 63 or 64 years of age and has an extremely cordial manner. He presides as superintendent over the celebrated sanitarium which accommodates over 500 guests and is unquestionably the leading health resort of the country. Several years ago this benevolent man wisely determined to be his own executor, and therefore turned over this magnificent property worth \$300,000, as a free gift to a board of trustees, representing the principal evangelical denominations. Among the trustees are Bishop A. C. Coxe, Protestant Episcopal, Buffalo; Bishop Mathew Simpson, Philadelphia; Methodist Episcopal; President M. B. Anderson of the University of Rochester; Rev. Dr. Clark, Secretary of the A. B. C. F. M., Boston. The benevolent purpose of the institution is the care, first—of evangelical missionaries and their families whose health has been broken in their work. 2nd.—of ministers, of any denomination, in good standing. 3rd.—of members of any church; who otherwise would be unable to secure such care and treatment. The current expenses of the institution are met by the receipt from the hundreds of distinguished and wealthy people who every year crowd its utmost capacity. Here come men and women who were once in perfect health, but neglected the first symptoms of disease. The uncertain pains they felt at first were overlooked until their health became impaired. They little realized the danger before them, nor how alarming even trifling ailments might prove. They constitute all classes, including ministers and bishops, lawyers, judges, statesmen, millionaires, journalists, college professors and officials from all parts of the land.

Drawing the morning Democrat and Chronicle from his pocket, the reporter remarked, "Doctor, that letter of yours has created a good deal of talk, and many of our readers have questioned its authenticity."

"To what do you refer?" remarked the doctor.  
"Have you not seen the paper?"  
"Yes, but I have not had time to read it yet."

The reporter thereupon showed him the letter, which was as follows:

CLIFTON SPRINGS SANITARIUM, CO., CLIFTON SPRINGS, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1883.  
Dear Sir: I am using Warner's Safe Cure, and I regard it as the best remedy for some forms of kidney disease that we have. I am watching with great care some cases I am now treating with it, and I hope for favorable results.

I wish you might come down yourself, as I would like very much to talk with you about your sterling remedy and show you over our institution. Yours truly,  
[Signed] HENRY FOSTER, M. D.

"I do not see why anybody should be sceptical concerning that letter," remarked the doctor.  
"Isn't it unusual for a physician of your standing and influence to commend a proprietary preparation?"

"I don't know how it may be with others, but in this institution we allow no person to dictate to us what we shall use. Our purpose is to cure the sick, and for that work we use anything we know to be valuable. Because I know Warner's Safe Cure is a very valuable preparation, I commend it. As its power is manifested under my use, so shall I add to the completeness of my commendation."

"Have you ever analyzed it, doctor?"  
"We always analyze before we say any preparation of which we do not know the constituents. But analysis you know, only gives the elements; it does not give the all important proportions. The remarkable power of Warner's Safe Cure undoubtedly consists in the proportions according to which its elements are mixed." While there may be a thousand remedies made of the same elements, unless they are put together in proper proportions, they are worthless as kidney and liver preparations.

"I hope some day to meet Mr. Warner personally, and extend fuller congratulations to him on the excellence of his preparations. I have heard much of him as the founder of the Warner Observatory, and as a man of large benevolence. The reputed high character of the man himself gave assurance to me in the first place that he would not put a remedy upon the market that was not trustworthy; and it was a source of a good deal of gratification to me to find out by actual experiment that the remedy itself sustained my impressions."

The conclusion reached by Dr. Foster is precisely the same found by Dr. Dio Lewis, Dr. Robert A. Gunn, Ex-Surgeon-General Gallagher and others, and proves beyond a doubt the great efficacy of the remedy which has awakened so much attention in the land and rescued so many men, women and children from disease and death.

Though shaken in every joint and three or four times as much as ordinary, or bilious remittent, the system may get better from the medicinal views with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Protect the system against it with this beneficial anti-acid as a preventive, which is further more a supreme remedy for liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, kidney troubles, and other ailments.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

25 TO 50¢ per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address: W. W. WEAVER & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

**A Fact Worth Remembering.**  
A severe cold or cough can be soonest cured by taking, according to directions, Allen's Lung Balsam. It can be procured at any drug store. It is harmless to the most delicate person, and can be given to children without fear of injury. Try it if you have a cold or cough.

Gough's lecture in Boston the other night was the 333rd he has delivered in that city.

Ex-Governor Nott. Head died the 12th, at Manchester, New York.

For relieving Throat Troubles and Coughs, "Brooks' Bronchial Troches" have a world-wide reputation. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cts.

Bob Ford is missing, and Charlie came near assassination at Richmond, Mo.

SKINNY MEN—Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, indigestion, &c.

Nelling, the Indiana murderer, has been converted in jail.

My son, aged nine years, was afflicted with catarrh; the use of Ely's Cream Balm effected a complete cure.—W. E. HAMMAN, Druggist, Easton, Pa. (50 cents a package. See adv't.)

G. Pratt drove to Huron from Herkimer, N. Y., 2,300 miles, in his wagon.

WELLS' "BROOK ON GOOSE" Use. Ask for it. Complete permanent cure. Cures warts, blisters, &c.

Minneapolis will lay 29,210 feet of new water mains next year.

I would recommend Ely's Cream Balm to any one having catarrh or catarrhal asthma. I have suffered for five years so I could not lie down for weeks at a time. Since I have been using the Balm I can lie down and rest. I thank God that you ever invented such a medicine.—FRANK P. BURLEIGH, Farmington, N. H.

Grey has sent the official apology for the Alfonso affair.

"BICHU-PALMA"—Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. \$1.

The United States had 219 failures during the week, an increase of two, 4y-four.

I have been entirely cured of a terrible case of Blood Poisoning by the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) after trying everything known to the medical man without result. Jno. S. TAGGART, Salamanca, N. Y.

Any one wishing for pamphlets or papers explaining the liberal thought and faith as held by Unitarians, can be supplied gratuitously by addressing J. E. McCaine, 194 Pleasant Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Cured Clergymen.  
Rev. L. S. Caultan, of Circleville, Kansas, says: Dr. Warner, your White Wine of Tar Syrup has been in my family and found to be all and even more than you claim of it. It is a speedy cure for all Throat and Lung diseases.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam! A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY! THAT WILL CURE—Coughs, Colds, Croup, CONSUMPTION.

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Circleville, Ohio, was thought to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the physician who the formula was shown him. He writes his letter that at once cured his cough and that he was able to resume his practice.

Jeremiah Wright, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had Pulmonary Consumption, and was cured by the use of Allen's Lung Balsam. He writes that he has cured many others of Bronchitis.

Wm. C. Digges, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wanted to write us of the cure of his wife's Consumption, and that the Lung Balsam has cured his mother of Consumption, and that the physician who the formula was shown him. He says she knows her case has taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Wm. A. Graham & Co., Wholesale Druggists of Cincinnati, Ohio, writes us that they have cured his mother of Consumption, and that the physician who the formula was shown him. He says she knows her case has taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Allen's Lung Balsam is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form! Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by every body who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief. As an Expectoant it has no Equal. SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

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From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of Temper, Loss of spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. Ass Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA. Sold every where, 50c. Only 44 Murray St., N. Y.

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86¢ a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 out free. Address H. HALLATT & CO., PORTLAND, ME.

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DRY TETTER

For years I was afflicted with Dry Tetter of the most obstinate type. Was treated by many of the best physicians; took quantities of mercury, potash and arsenic; but, instead of curing the Tetter, it only made me worse. In this condition I was induced to take Swift's Specific, and the result was as astonishing as it was gratifying. In a few months the Tetter was entirely well. The Mercuro-Poisoning all out of my system, and I was a well man—and due only to Swift's Specific. All like sufferers should take it.

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Dublin, June 6, '81. R. FITZPATRICK.

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No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters. "The first bottle

"Nearly cured me;" "The second made me as well and strong as when a child.

"And I have been so to this day." "My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious

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"Incurable!" Seven bottles of your bitters cured him and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons" In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more are using them with great benefit. "They almost

"Do miracles?" —Mrs. E. D. Slack. How to Get Sick.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

CATARRH Ely's Cream Balm

When applied by the dropper to the nostrils, it will be absorbed, effectually cleaning the head of catarrhal secretions. It always inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heals the sore and restores taste and smell. A few applications relieve, a thorough treatment will positively cure. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Price, 50 cents, by mail, or at druggists.

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Duck Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc. Don't forget that we can sell you

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Cheaper than anywhere in Dakota. Now is the time to get a premium on your Wheat Checks, Government Bank Sight Drafts and Gold.

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WHIDDEN BROS.

#### THE NEW EL Dorado.

Editorially the Detroit (Mich.) Evening Journal thus Figures a Big Boom for North Dakota.

The stream of immigration that has poured into Dakota the past year promises to continue for another season, and we may expect glowing accounts of the New Eldorado through various sources. Just now the Northern part of the Territory is having a boom of its own in the shape of a gold craze and people are flocking to the new gold field at Lisbon by the hundred. Dakota already produces nearly as much gold as Colorado, and Colorado is second to California. There is no question but what the Black Hills country is the richest mining region in America to-day. In 1882 the total production of gold and silver in all the States and Territories was \$79,300,000, of which \$46,800,000 was silver, and 32,500,000 was gold. The relative production in the different States and Territories for 1882 is given in the following table:

	Gold	Silver
Alaska	150,000	
Arizona	1,065,000	\$7,500,000
California	16,800,000	845,000
Colorado	3,360,000	16,500,000
Dakota	3,300,000	175,000
Georgia	250,000	
Idaho	1,500,000	2,000,000
Montana	2,250,000	4,170,000
Nevada	2,000,000	6,675,000
New Mexico	150,000	1,800,000
North Carolina	190,000	25,000
Oregon	880,000	35,000
South Carolina	14,000	
Utah	190,000	6,800,000
Virginia	15,000	
Washington Territory	120,000	
Wyoming Territory	4,000	
Total	\$32,500,000	46,800,000

It will be observed that Dakota produces nearly twenty times more gold than silver, and there is every reason to believe that its product will be more than double within the next five years. All that is needed to make the Black Hills country the centre of the mining interests of America is railroad facilities, and that is only a question of a year or so. Quartz mining is yet in its infancy in that region, and as soon as railroad connection is made with Deadwood Northern Dakota will be the scene of a greater boom than the southern part of the Territory has had during the past three years.

A fine calf boot for \$2.75. Also a large stock of winter foot gear at Odegard & Thompson's.

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The Country is on a Boom and so we must Boom too, you know.

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The partnership heretofore existing between N. W. Campbell, Fred A. Sabin and F. C. Holmes under the name and style of "Campbell, Sabin & Co." is hereby mutually dissolved, said F. C. Holmes retiring from the firm; said Campbell and Sabin assume all liabilities and succeed to all the accounts of said firm, and remain and carry on the same general business under the firm name of "Campbell & Sabin."

Cooperstown, D. T., Nov. 22, 1883.  
N. W. CAMPBELL.  
F. C. HOLMES.  
FRED A. SABIN.

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CANNED,  
PICKLED,  
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N. Y.	3,265,875 00
PHENIX, Brooklyn N. Y.	3,295,327 00
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