

Cooperstown Courier.

VOL. 1. NO. 48.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1883.

\$2 PER ANNUM

THE COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
By Ed. D. STAIR.

Official Paper of Griggs County

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy, one year, \$2.00
Six months, 1.00
Cash invariably in Advance.

LOCAL LACONICS.

—Christmas sermon next Sunday morning.

—Miss Florence Frazier has been a guest of Mrs. J. N. Jorgensen this week.

—Bro. Skinner says the restaurant business don't pay and so has closed up shop.

—The Courier begins to feel the importance and responsibility of age, being nearly a year old.

—Maynard Crane spent Sunday in Sanborn and seemed terribly tickled to get back Monday morning.

—Call at Nelson & Langlie's and examine their immense stock of watches and jewelry for Christmas gifts.

—The Courier goes to press on Thursday evening this week in order to clear the track for the Holiday edition.

—Only one Sunday more for you boys who are not members of the Sabbath school to join and thus elect yourself for a Christmas present.

—J. F. Bronson, Sanborn's popular jeweler and fancy goods dealer, had quite a brisk trade in Cooperstown last Saturday and Monday.

—Everybody interested should remember that trains leave Sanborn at 8:30 a. m. Mondays and Fridays at Cooperstown, returning at 11:50.

—Miss Anna Thune, a very obliging dining room girl at the Palace, leaves to-day for a Christmas visit to the home of relatives in Minnesota.

—It has been a trifle cooler "around the edges" this week, but it has nevertheless been decidedly fine weather, the sun shining out brightly every day.

—The Courier crew will keep open house New Year's day—it's leap year, you know. No refreshments stronger than hickory nuts and water served.

—The Cooperstown branch is now run on standard time, which is 27 minutes faster than old time. The train is now due here at 11:10 and departs at 11:50.

—F. C. Holmes announces that he has rented an office in Sanborn, and that henceforth his professional shingle will swing to the breezes of the main line.

—Frank Cornell, the Tower City booming publisher, has issued from the Herald office a very well arranged pamphlet of reliable data concerning Tower City in particular and Dakota in general.

—Remember the Christmas tree at Institute Hall next Tuesday evening. You are invited to be present and see the presents even though you may not expect a present from anyone present.

—The North Dakota Farmer is the title of a bright new four-column quarto monthly published at Oriska by Stone Bros. Long may it waver to espouse the interests of the class it takes its name from.

—The Sanborn Enterprise has just passed its second mile post at a vigorous gait and enters upon its third year with a vim and patronage which clearly indicates a long life of usefulness and prosperity.

—The project of a new railroad bearing northwest and southeast from Sanborn seems to be assuming shape. N. L. Lenham is one of the directors of the company recently organized to push the enterprise.

—Pinkerton & Shue had a rousing "house-warming" at their stock ranch on the Sheyenne Tuesday night. A large delegation from town attended the dedicatory exercises and they report a lively time.

—The same conductor has not run the train to this place twice in the past two weeks. Evidently the N. P. folks intend to let every man they have on the line get a glance at Cooperstown, the trump city of the swelling prairie.

—Why are some of the farmers hauling those heavy loads so happy? Because they bought one of those fine Bob Sleds of Odegard & Thompson.

—A. S. Burrows, a representative of the A. T. Andreas publishing house, of Chicago, has spent a few days since our last issue in collecting Griggs county data, which is to be prepared for the new Dakota atlas this firm proposes to publish.

—The weather begins to act a little more wintry, and we have been indulged in a short but sharp nip. The mercury may go down a little but it is noticeable that coal instead of weakening in price maintains full strength with an upward tendency.

—Farmer Rankin and family boarded Monday's train with tickets for St. Clair, Michigan. The visit they intend to make will probably consume the entire winter, but when the birds begin to sing "Jim" will be on hand to put in a hundred and odd acres of No. 1 Hard.

—Conductor McClorian has resigned his position preferring to be without a job rather than sign the iron-clad guarantee, etc., which the Northern Pacific folks require of all passenger conductors. Lew Vincent, an old-time N. P. conductor, now runs the train on this branch.

—Miss Mercury is not as lofty minded in her associations this week as has been her custom during the season. She has several times in the past few days descended to register at points even lower in their standing as resorts than is the stopping place of wicked Zero.

—Mrs. J. B. Whidden writes from Chicago that she is already longing for spring and the date of her departure for Cooperstown. Mrs. Whidden did not like Dakota when she first landed last summer, but now she is like all matter-of-fact women, who know our fair land only to love it.

—Moses Carleton, accompanied by his wife and daughter, departed for their St. Clair, Michigan, home Monday. Mr. Carleton is well satisfied with his trial trip to Dakota, and will return next spring to make this his permanent abiding place if it is possible for him to dispose of his interests in St. Clair county.

—Roadmaster McNally, of the S. C. & T. M., was over the line last Monday during the "zephyr" and reports that he anticipates little or no trouble in keeping the road open this winter, as there is only one or two cuts and both of these being north and south ones are little apt to fill.

—Xmas is coming, and Whidden Bros. having anticipated the desire of a happy and prosperous people in making their friends and relations still happier, at this festive season have opened and still to arrive a large and varied assortment of Xmas presents. Call early and make your selections from a full stock.

—The mashing editor of the Hope Pioneer in his baby attempt to evade the wheat market issue proves the maxim that "a man who talks of what he knows nothing needs great wit to escape making an ass of himself." Willy William lacked the wit and so accepted the alternative.

—Stevens & Enger, the energetic and prosperous hardware men, are already preparing for a big spring trade, having received several car lots of nails, building paper, seeders and the like, this week. Their commodious store hasn't capacity enough for the business they propose to transact the coming year and the result is that Messrs. Muir & Christie have orders to slam up a 20x40 warehouse, quicker if not sooner.

—As evidence to our eastern readers of our mild climate we might cite an instance of outdoor carpenter work performed by Messrs. Muir & Christie. It took them just six days of last week to erect, on Pinkerton & Shue's stock farm, a 16x24, two-story house, which they double-boarded, sided, double-floored, cased, ceiled and finished for occupancy. They worked without gloves and with their coats off, which is something that cannot be done at this season of the year in New England, the central states or any other section north of Mason and Dixon's line.

—Ere another issue of the Courier greets its readers the old-time congratulatory "Wish-a-merry-Christmas" will have passed the lips of nearly every one. Christmas comes to the palace and to the hovel, to the young and to the old, but it comes not alike to all. The thoughts of the middle-aged and the old it sends roaming sadly among the tombs and wrecks of the past—back to that "Schoolboy spot,"

We never forget, though there we are forgot—back to the joyous Christmas morn of their youth. To others this is the great day of the year for the exchange of tokens, for family reunion, for merry-making and for the renewal of friendships. But the orphan on Christmas feels lonelier, the stranger more homesick and the poor more mindful of their poverty. In our efforts to make the coming one a complete Merry Christmas let us be mindful of these various conditions that exist everywhere.

—Old newspapers for sale at the Courier office.

—To-day is the last day of school for this year. Prof. Clough reports a large percentage of the scholars as making fine progress, and says twelve new names have been enrolled during the term, which has been a short one.

—The Hopeless Pioneer virtually owns the corn that Cooperstown is by all odds the best wheat market in this portion of Dakota by its three-sticks-full of personal abuse. It must be hard for this maser-of-married-women little William to eat crow, but how can he help it. It is hard to understand the gist of his little article entitled "Lie Down, Croppy," from the fact of its disjointed make-up and its incorporation of words that common lexicographers like Webster never dreamed of. Lead out wily William, if it is your ardent desire to substitute a personal warfare for the wheat question. We happen to have a point or two and may be able to accommodate you.

Freight Rates at Last.

At last Cooperstown has an established freight tariff that enables her to compete with any town in North Dakota. The Northern Pacific has issued a circular establishing rates as follows: Between St. Paul, Minneapolis, East Minneapolis, Minnesota Transfer, Duluth or Superior and Cooperstown, merchandise per 100 pounds, \$124; second class, \$105; third class, 80c; fourth class, 75c. Special carload lots No. 1 per 100 pounds, 27c; No. 2, per barrel 54c; No. 3 per barrel 81c; No. 4 lumber per 100 pounds, 28c; No. 5, live stock per car \$77; No. 6 per 100 pounds, 50c; No. 7 per 100 pounds, 34c. The rate on emigrant movables from eastern terminals to all points on the S. C. & T. M. branch is \$40 per car load, or 60 cents per 100 pounds for less than car loads.

Judicial Division.

In advocating the imperative demands for more judicial advantages in North Dakota the Fargo Republican correctly says:

Common justice demands that Ransom, LaMoure, Dickey, Ramsey, Foster, Steele, Griggs, Kidder and Walsh counties should have court facilities, and each of these counties will be glad to participate in the movement if given an opportunity. The bar associations of those counties already having court facilities will doubtless participate, also, for many of their members feel the embarrassment of transacting business before an overcrowded court, and their clients' business must suffer more or less in consequence. Several ideas have been advanced in the discussion of this matter, and it would therefore seem wise to hold a convention to be made up of delegates from local bar associations, in order that the movement be given the impetus of unanimous action. In other words crystallize the popular sentiment of 200,000 people and throw it into congress for all that it is worth, and reform will follow, especially if the democrats are given an opportunity to father the bill in the house.

The new \$25,000 hotel at Carrington was recently burned down, after having been open only three weeks.

There have been a great number of applications recently for patents on clock and watch dials for devices to present the twenty-four hours in convenient form. It appears that in 1557 a watch was made upon the dial of which appeared the hours from one to twenty-four arranged in two concentric circles.

Sanborn Enterprise: Picking wild flowers in December, growing in their native beauty on the open prairie, is a luxury enjoyed by few beyond the confines of the tropics, and yet this pleasure is reserved for the inhabitants of North Dakota this season. Incredible as it may seem, Mr. Michael Gillis plucked a neat little bouquet of blooming beauties from the Prindle farm Wednesday afternoon. They are a dark red flower, and grow on the prairie in abundance through the summer season. The inflorescence of those shown us was perfect, and the freshness and verdure of the stems conclusively proved them to be of recent growth.

Notice.

The Bank of Cooperstown will be closed on Dec. 25th and January 1st, these days being legal holidays. All notes due on above day are due and collectable the preceding day. H. G. PICKETT, Cashier.

—If you want a Bob Sled you must come soon or they will all be sold. They are selling like hot cakes. Odegard & Thompson.

—We can just discount our competitors every time, both as to quality of goods and price. Fifteen years' experience in purchasing goods in eastern markets. "That's what knocks." Nelson & Langlie.

Good Publications.

Ballou's Magazine for January is a splendid number, and contains more good reading than any other serial in the country. There is a capital illustrated article on Mexico and its people, and the commencement of Mr. William H. Thome's new yarn, "On Land and Sea, or California in the years 1843, '44, and '45," which will prove very interesting to the pioneers of that state, and all who have visited that country. It is a biography that will please old and young, giving as it does the habits, customs, and accounts of the noted people of California before gold was discovered there. No one should fail to read it. Besides "On Land and Sea," there is a spirited illustrated poem by the popular poet and humorist, Earl Marble, and some twenty or more stories, sketches, and poems, by well-known writers. No one who reads Ballou's Magazine can fail to be interested in it. It is cheap and it is good, its price being only \$1.50 per annum, or 15 cents a single copy. Just send 10 cents for a sample copy, and see what a nice machine it really is. You will always find something in it that can't be found elsewhere. For sale everywhere. Published by Thome & Talbot, 23 Hawley Street, Boston.

Godey's Lady's Book for January is truly a holiday number opened with a decidedly original title page with little cupids crowning the magazine as Queen. Its two steel engravings, entitled respectively "The First Call in the City," "The First Call in the Country," will undoubtedly gain many a smile. The fashion illustrations are fully up to the standard of the late productions of this magazine, and the new feature this month of a colored illustration of household furnishing, if continued as proposed will certainly find an appreciation with all the readers of the book. The literature in this number is exceptionally good, there being three interesting short serials, entitled "Tom." Take it altogether, this is an excellent number, and the magazine bids fair to regain its old popularity.

—We sell the "Acorn" cigar, the best in the Cooperstown market, all arguments to the contrary notwithstanding. Nelson & Langlie.

—We have just received a car load of that genuine Fargo Roller Mill Flour and it will be sold cheaper than ever. Odegard & Thompson.

—Nelson & Langlie have the largest stock of confectionery in the city.

—We have now the largest stock of winter Boots and Shoes ever brought to Griggs county. Come and see for yourselves. Odegard & Thompson.

—Fresh oysters in bulk and cans by express every week at Whidden Bros.

—Have you got a yoke of oxen, sheep, hogs, etc.? We will always give you goods for them. Odegard & Thompson.

—Xmas here soon and we can suit you. Call soon; we can make you happy. Odegard & Thompson.

—Our immense and growing trade satisfies us that the people appreciate our efforts in dispensing the best goods at the lowest possible figures. Nelson & Langlie.

—We sell pure sugar goods, not glucose. Nelson & Langlie.

—For mens' fur goods go to Nelson & Langlie's.

—We can sell you a team of mules or horses, a yoke of oxen, a cow, hogs, chickens, etc. You see we buy anything and sell everything—soft soap excepted. Odegard & Thompson.

—Fine line of fresh confectionery at Odegard & Thompson's.

—Nelson & Langlie "only" keep the celebrated "Acorn."

—It will do you good to call at Odegard & Thompson's if you want flour or provisions. We will give you good bargains.

—Talk is cheap, but we won't be undersold. You can bear it in mind all day. Odegard & Thompson.

—We will not be undersold in North Dakota. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

—A fine calf boot for \$2.75. Also a largestock of winter foot gear at Odegard & Thompson's.

—Our goods will bear inspection with any stock in this market, and all we ask is a call to convince you that by buying goods of us it is money in your pocket. Nelson & Langlie.

—Farmers clean your seed wheat. The Lenham E. & L. Co. will sell you a machine for \$25.00 that will take out all foul seed.

—We have too many knit underwear and will give you some cheap if you call soon. Odegard & Thompson.

—Call at Whidden Bros. for horse blankets, bed spreads, comforts and quilts. Marked low.

—Odegard & Thompson will sell you good calico for 5c per yard; full width sheeting 8c; and dry goods cheaper than ever.

—Tell your uncle, aunt, cousin and everybody to call at the Pioneer Store for Holiday Goods. You must not forget your sweetheart. We will make you all happy to buy a few pounds. It is sweet. Odegard & Thompson.

—Whidden Bros. have never before urged their customers for a dollar, but any thinking man can understand that owing to the sudden change—the death of one partner—it's necessary to wind up the present business. Don't forget to pay.

—Call and see the celebrated Household Sewing Machines at Buchheit Bros.

—Our goods are not old goods shipped in from old stocks east to be closed out. Bear that in mind when you want goods in our line. Odegard & Thompson.

—We are receiving lumber of every description daily. Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

—Anything in the line of Farm Machinery at Buchheit Bros.

—Stoneware until you can't rest at Odegard & Thompson's.

Oh, What is This?

It is a car load of those Genuine "Stoughton" Wagons for Odegard & Thompson. No better wagons on wheels. They will sell now, you bet they will. They always sell the year around "and don't you forget it!" Good goods are staple in a go-ahead country like this.

For Rent.

A well appointed store in excellent location of Cooperstown, suitable for any kind of business, can be leased by applying to,
R. C. COOPER.

JULIUS STEVENS,

Money Loaned on Chattel Security

AT LOW RATES.

Office in the Hardware Store.

EDWIN BRADLEY,

CITY BARBER!

Can be found at all hours with sharp razors, hair scissors and clean towels at the Union House, Cooperstown, where he solicits the public to call.

Taxidermal work performed at reasonable prices.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Official Surgeon for N. P. R. R. Co. Office over Barnes Co. Bank, SANBORN, D. T.

IVER JACOBSON, OLE SERUMGARD,
Attorney at Law. Notary Public.

Jacobson & Serumgard,
COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE.
Money to Loan.
Final Proof a Specialty.

JOSEPH HOCGARTH

HAS OPENED A

Wagon, Repair & General Jobbing

Shop. All work promptly executed. A call solicited.

COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

HAVING COMBINED

The Livery interests of this place into what is now known as the
COOPERSTOWN

LIVERY!

We are prepared to furnish
OUTFITS COMPLETE
For the Land Seeker.

Fast Horses and easy Conveyance
For the man who wants to show his friend the country.

QUIET HORSES
And cosy buggies and cutters for the lovers.

FLY HORSES
For the youth going to see his girl.

STRONG HORSES and WAGONS
For the man who moves and builds shanties; and last but not least a 20-year-old ring-boned, spavined beast and a 30-year-old break-down-every-rod buggy for the eternal and ever-lasting kicker that flourishes everywhere.

—We are prepared to take—
Contracts for Draying
Grading, moving buildings and all kinds of work in our line.

OUR LARGE STABLES
Are now being fitted with box stalls to meet the requirements of the first-class boarding stable that we are now keeping.

Robes, foot muffs, etc. in abundance.
DAVIS & PICKETT.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., December 19, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereon on the 25th day of Jan 1884, viz: Peter A. Nelson D. S. No. 14888 for the n. w. 1/4 of section 32, township 147 n. range 68 w. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Lewis T. Soland, Benjamin B. Brown, John O. and Henry Hogen, all of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.
HORACE AUSTIN, Register.

MY BABY'S EYES.

My baby's eyes in melting blue,
Are beaming bright as morning dew,
And from the skylight takes a hue,
Or like the starlight clear and true,
My baby's eyes in liquid roll,
Enhance my world from pole to pole,
And love sits smiling in that goal,
Forever speaking to my soul.
My baby's eyes, in other years,
May fill with many scalding tears,
And yet through cruel taunts and jeers
A mother's love will banish fears.
My baby's eyes in blight or bloom,
Those glorious orbs in grief or gloom,
Shall be to me in death or doom,
The dearest diamonds to the tomb.
—John A. Joyce.

POT LUCK.

A Thanksgiving Story Dealing With an Odd Train of Circumstances.

When Ortelia opened her eyes in the morning she could look straight through the side of the house at the blue sky and the tops of the waving pines. It wasn't a red brick house with a layer of smooth white mortar between every brick; nor was it a painted wooden house with green blinds; neither did it have a cupola on top, or a conservatory at one end, or a piazza in front. Ortelia's father and a few of the neighbors built the house, and as there were no architects among them they simply rolled the logs on top of each other and didn't take time to fill in the spaces between. But the sun and the moon came creeping through the chinks that the builders had left and Ortelia was more than satisfied.

One Thanksgiving morning Ortelia took Maggie out in the woods and together they trampled the few dead leaves that had fallen. Ortelia didn't know it was Thanksgiving Day. She knew when Christmas came, although no one had ever made her the smallest present.

"O, here's a heap o' dock!" said Ortelia, getting down on her knees and digging up the roots with both fat brown hands. "We'll take some home to granny. She'll make a power o' tea of it. Mebbe it will cure her rheumatiz. O, look!" she cried, suddenly; "I've found such a funny stone, with marks all over it."

"Put it in my pockey," lisped chubby Maggie.

"Come yere, quick!" exclaimed Ortelia, who had begun to dig again for dock root, and before Maggie's uncertain steps could reach her she had drawn from the sand, where it lay half buried, a small iron pot, covered with a thick coat of rust.

"Take home to granny," said Maggie, as she quickly threw the bright berries she gathered into the pot and tried to drag it along by the handle.

"It's a heap too heavy fur you," said Ortelia. "Reckon you'll have to let me carry it. You kin carry the berries and we'll fill the pot full o' dock root."

Granny was sitting in the doorway when Ortelia and Maggie came in sight of the house.

"What you chillen got?" she asked. "Pears though you done a heap o' walkin'. What's that your fetchin' me? Wherever did you git the pot?"

"It was in the sand behind a heap o' bushes," said Ortelia. "I'm goin' to git some ashes and see if I can't scour it up."

In half an hour the old kettle looked as black as ink once more, and Ortelia's arms ached hard with rubbing. "Put in the dock root, granny," she said, "Mebbe it will go your rheumatiz a power o' good."

So granny set the pan on the fire, and soon the dock was simmering gently. Maggie crept in to see the new pot boil the dock. The pretty berries she had gathered lay on the floor, and she picked them up and dropped them one by one in the pot. Her mother was out in the field husking corn. Granny was fast asleep in her splintbottom chair, and Ortelia sat on the doorstep trying to get the baby asleep.

"I don't feel right well," said Granny, after their Thanksgiving dinner of pork and corn-bread, "reckon I'll have a sip o' the dock."

But she didn't feel any better when supper-time came, although she had taken several sips of the dock, and Ortelia's mother grew anxious.

"Do you think you could git over to the minister's?" she said to Ortelia. Now the minister lived a long mile away, and the path lay straight through the woods.

It was scarcely dark when Ortelia came to the minister's long frame house but the minister himself had gone to the shore, a mile further on, so there was nothing for her to do but to hurry back home again as fast as she could.

It grew darker and darker. Suddenly she stumbled over a black object that lay in the path, and fell flat on her face. "Who is it?" asked a man's faint voice.

"Me," answered Ortelia, almost too frightened to speak.

"I think I must have fainted," said the man. "Did you stumble over me a minute ago? I thought I felt something."

"I reckoned you was a bear," said Ortelia.

"Well, I'm as hungry as one, but I won't eat you up. I haven't had any Thanksgiving dinner yet. I've hurt my foot and I'm afraid I can't walk. Do you live far from here?"

"No," said Ortelia, "not very far. Kin you crawl?"

"Not very far, I'm afraid. Has your father got a cart of any kind?"

"No," said Ortelia, "father's dead and we never had no cart. But the minister, he's got a mule," she added. "Mebbe I'd better go back an' git him."

"Is it far?" again.

"Yes," said Ortelia, "it's a right smart ways in the dark, but I'll go fur you, and started back through the woods."

The old colored woman who kept house for the minister let Ortelia untie the mule and lead him off up the road. "Hullo!" called out the man when he heard the patter of the mule's hoofs, "it didn't take you long. I was afraid you might lose your way."

When Ortelia's mother saw them coming she came to the door, with the baby asleep in her arms.

"I've sprained my foot, ma'am," explained the stranger, "and your daughter here thought perhaps you could keep me over night. I'll take pot luck. Anything will do. I'm too hungry to be particular."

When he was seated by the fire, with his ankle bound up in calico, he looked around curiously. The old pot stood beside the hearth.

"What a quaint old kettle!" he said. "I found it in the sand this morning," explained Ortelia.

"It's dock tea in it," said Granny. "It's good fur a heap o' things. Pears though it liked to killed me this time." The visitor stooped and picked up two or three of the berries little Maggie had dropped.

"Maggie brought home a lot o' them berries," said Ortelia; "mebbe she threw some o' them in the pot."

"Here, Ortelia," said her new friend, "go and empty the kettle and then bring it to me. I want to look at it. Now, Granny," he continued, "come here and let me feel your pulse. I know a great deal about sickness; I'll have you all right in less than no time."

When Ortelia came in with the empty pot he looked at it closely.

"Bless my soul!" he exclaimed: "here's 1679 on the bottom. Now I call this pot luck. Ortelia, will you sell me this old kettle?" And he drew a handful of silver out of his pocket and thrust it into Ortelia's hand.

But Ortelia laid the silver back in his lap.

"It ain't worth such a heap o' money," she said; "it's old pot."

"That's the reason I want it," answered the stranger. "It's so very, very old. Take the money, Ortelia. If it hadn't been for you I might still be lying down there in the woods."

"An' Granny might a-died if she'd gone on takin' the dock," said Ortelia, still hanging back, "You kin have the pot."

"Well, we both have enough to be thankful for," replied the visitor. "I guess we'll have to kill a chicken and keep Thanksgiving to-morrow."

"What's Thanksgiving?" asked Ortelia.

"It's one of our holidays up North," said the man, "and we all go to church, and give thanks for our many blessings."

"I'm thankful," said Ortelia, softly. "We always have a plenty."

"Be you a minister?" asked Granny, turning toward their new friend. "You're good enough fur one."—Nina H. Clark.

Artemus Ward's Programme.

Artemus Ward was very eccentric in everything he did. Some old admirer of the great humorist has fished up one of his memorial programmes. It is one of the programmes of his "Among the Mormons" entertainment, dated Sandusky, May 8 (probably 1864). We copy a few specimens: "The music on the grand piano will compromise: 'Dear mother, I have come home to die by request,' etc., 'W-a-shoe, the land of silver—Good quarters to be found there. Playful population, fond of high-low jack and homicide.' 'Heber C. Kimball's Harem—Mr. Kimball is a kind husband and a numerous father.' 'Selections from the piano—Mr. Forrester. Mr. Forrester once boarded in the same street with Gotschalk. The man who kept the boarding-house remembers it well.' 'Those of the audience who do not feel offended with Artemus Ward are cordially invited to call upon him often at his fine new house in Chicago. His house is on the right hand side as you cross the ferry, and may be easily distinguished from the other houses by its having a cupola and mortgage on it.' 'Answer to correspondence: Laura Matilda—I have an unfortunate tendency even on trivial occasions, to shed tears. How can I prevent it? 'Lock up the shed.' 'Traveler—How long was Artemus Ward in California? 'Five feet ten and a half.' 'Citizen—I am getting bald. What will make my hair come out? 'Oil of vitriol will make all your hair come out.'"

"Rules of the house: Ladies or gentlemen will please report any negligence or disobedience on the part of the lecturer. Artemus Ward will not be responsible for money, jewelry or valuables unless left with him—to be returned in a week or so. Persons who think they will enjoy themselves more by leaving the hall early in the evening are requested to do so with as little noise as possible."

Violent Gales in England.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Violent gales throughout England last evening and to-day did much damage in London and the provinces, and many lives were lost at sea. At Wolverhampton the exhibition building, which was only partially completed, was destroyed. At Newry the lamp posts in the streets were bent. Huge trees were torn up and carried away. Low lying districts in Birmingham were flooded. A portion of the roof of the Church St. Chad, at Derby, was destroyed. The Congregational church here was also damaged. The Parish church at Rotherham was much injured. Chimneys and shafts were thrown down at Manchester and Leeds. A large gas-holder near Belford capsized, and the chemical works at Widnes were damaged. The Leicester carriage works were destroyed. At Birkenhead great damage was done. The chief officer of a steamer just arrived from Glasgow was killed. Cabs were overturned and many buildings damaged. At Lincoln the parapet tower of the cathedral was blown down. A ship was blown from her moorings in Belfast harbor. At South Shields vessels broke adrift. Three wharves sunk. The British ship Liverpool from Quebec for Greenock is a total wreck off Stranraer, Scotland; only a man and boy were saved of the crew. Two persons were killed at Hull and several injured. A portion of Portsmouth is flooded. At Hartlepool many ships were damaged. At Birmingham two persons were killed and a number wounded. Three were killed in Manchester. At Dewsbury three were killed. At Chester a man was blown down in the street and killed and two other persons were killed. A portion of the roof of St. Mary's church, Berwick, was destroyed. Several houses in the suburbs of Nottingham were blown down. At Kidwellie the gasometer was demolished. A postal telegraph inspector was cut in halves in Leeds. At Bradford monuments under the Cliff cemetery, and a portion of the depot of the Midland railway were blown down. Several vessels docked in the Mersey were damaged. Two vessels were wrecked at Dunbar, Scotland, and two men drowned. The low lands of West Lancashire and the Gasland district are flooded. At Glasgow the damage to property is very great.

Truth is Mighty and Must Prevail

Is a good old maxim, but no more reliable than the 'oft repeated verdict of visitors that

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,

is the Queen City of a magnificent county and the most beautifully located of the many new and prosperous places of North Dakota. It is the

Permanent County Seat of Griggs County, and, though only a few months old, already has a representation in nearly every branch of business and each man enjoying a profitable trade. Plenty of room for more business houses, mechanics or professional men. Cooperstown is not only the

TERMINUS OF THE S. C. & T. M. R. R., but is also Headquarters thereof. In short, the place is, by virtue of its situation

The Central City of the Central County of North Dakota.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL CENTER! THE COMMERCIAL CENTER!
THE FINANCIAL CENTER! THE RAILROAD CENTER!

and the outfitting point of settlers for fifty miles to the North and West. The energetic spirit of Cooperstown's citizens, who in most cases have not yet reached the meridian of life, the singleness of purpose and unity of action in pushing her interests, have resulted in giving her an envious reputation for business thrift even this early in her history.

GRIGGS COUNTY

is the acknowledged Eden for settlers and home-seekers. Its soil is unsurpassed; its drainage the very best; its climate salubrious, and its railway advantages par-excellent. Public land in the county is becoming scarcer every day, yet there are still thousands of opportunities for the landless to get homes.

GREAT STRIDES

toward Metropolitan comforts have been made in Cooperstown and the wandering head of the weary traveler can here find rest and entertainment at an

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY APPOINTED HOTEL.

erected at a cost of \$21,000. The man who becomes a citizen of Griggs county's thrifty capital can have, without price or waiting, the advantages of

GOOD SCHOOLS AND SPLENDID SOCIETY.

The rapidly growing embryonic city of Cooperstown is surrounded on all sides by the very richest lands in North Dakota. Cooperstown, situated as it is in the very heart of a new and fertile region, must boom to keep pace with the

UNPARALLELED RAPID DEVELOPMENT

of the surrounding country. When you stop and consider the facts you will realize the advantages this new town enjoys. It being the terminus of a railroad, the entire country makes it a

UNIVERSAL TRADING POINT,

a fact demonstrated by the merchants already established and enjoying big trades. Cooperstown is not an experiment but is built on the solid rock of commercial industry. Sound investments can be made in Cooperstown city property or Griggs county farm lands by applying to the

COOPER TOWNSITE CO., Cooperstown, D. T.,

Or J. M. BURRELL, Sanborn, D. T.
Plans sent on Request. Uniform Prices to All.

The Story of the Book Agent.

A Philadelphia book agent imported James Watson, a rich and close New York man, living out at Elizabeth, until he bought a book—the "Early Christian Martyrs."

Mr. Watson didn't want the book, but he bought it to get rid of the agent; then taking it under his arm, he started for the train which takes him to his New York office.

Mr. Watson hadn't been gone long before Mrs. Watson came home from a neighbor's. The book agent saw her, and went in and persuaded the wife to buy another copy of the same book!

She was ignorant of the fact that her husband had bought the same book in the morning. When Mr. Watson came back from New York at night Mrs. Watson showed him the book.

"I don't want to see it," said Watson, frowning terribly. "Why, husband?" asked his wife.

"Because that rascally book agent sold me the same book this morning. Now we've got two copies of the same book—two copies of the 'Early Christian Martyrs,' and—"

"But, husband, we can—"

"No, we can't either!" interrupted Mr. Watson. "The man is off on the train before this. Confound it! I could kill the fellow. I—"

"Why, there he goes to the depot now," said Mrs. Watson, pointing out of the window at the retreating form of the book agent making for the train.

"But it's too late to catch him, and I'm not dressed. I've taken off my boots, and—"

Just then Mr. Stevens, a neighbor of Mr. Watson, drove by, when Watson pounded on the window-pane in a frantic manner, almost frightening the horse.

"Here, Stevens," he shouted, "you're hitched up; won't you run your horse down to the train and hold that book agent till I come? Run! Catch 'em now!"

"All right," said Mr. Stevens, whipping up his horse and tearing down the road.

Mr. Stevens reached the train just as the conductor shouted "all aboard!"

"Book agent!" he yelled, as the book agent stepped on to the train. "Book agent! hold on! Mr. Watson wants to see you."

"Watson? Watson? Watson? Watson?" repeated the seemingly puzzled book agent. "Oh, I know what he wants! He wants to buy one of my books; but I can't miss the train to sell it him."

"If that is all he wants, I can pay for it and take it back to him. How much is it?"

"Two dollars for the 'Early Christian Martyrs,'" said the book agent, as he reached for the money and passed the book out through the car window.

Just then Mr. Watson arrived, puffing and blowing in his shirt sleeves. As he saw the train pull out he was too full for utterance.

"Well, I got it for you," said Stevens; "just got it and that's all."

"Got what?" yelled Watson.

"Why, I got the book—'Early Christian Martyrs,' and—"

The Washington Star contains a standing advertisement: "The prayers of God's people are most earnestly requested for the thorough purification of a young church whose pastor and officers are inveterate tobacco users, much against the wishes of its members."

The new pasture of Captain King, in Coleman County, Tex., is to contain 650,000 acres, and will be the largest tract of land within one fence in the world.

The reason why so many die with consumption, is because they neglect to use the proper remedy in season. When the system is first attacked with a cough, oppression of the chest, or seated pains in the breast, Allen's Lung Balsam will cause the phlegm to raise, heal the irritated parts, and restore the system to health.

The Dow Agricultural works, Peru, Ind., has failed for \$35.

Remarkable Escape. John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., had a very narrow escape from death. This is his own story: "One year ago I was in the last stages of consumption. One of the best physicians gave me a case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, which benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles. I am now in perfect health having used no other medicine."

Henry's Carbolic Salve. The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, etc. Get Henry's Carbolic Salve, as all others are but imitations. Price 25 cents.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has relieved me of an obstinate case of Dry Tetter, which had troubled me for twenty-five years and had bailed all sorts of treatment. Rev. I. R. BRANHAM, Macon, Ga.

I was troubled with chronic catarrh and gathering in my head, was very deaf at times had discharges from my ears, and was unable to breathe through my nose. Before the second bottle of Ely's Cream Balm was exhausted I was cured, and to day enjoy sound health.—C. J. COBBIN, 923 Chestnut st., Field Manager, Philadelphia Pub. House, Pa. (See advt.)

Piles! Piles! Piles! Sore cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured worst chronic case of twenty years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying. William's Indian Pile Ointment. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching (particularly after getting warm in bed). Prepared only for piles and itching for the private parts. Noyes Bros. & Cutler, St. Paul, Wholesale Agents.

Banish Melancholy. Allen's "Iro. Tonic Bitters" is the grand tonic, liver invigorator, blood purifier and appetizer of the age. It banishes melancholy like magic, and gives strength, tone and vigor to the whole system. See that you get the genuine made by J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

After long Mercury and Potash treatment, I found myself a cripple from Mercurial Rheumatism. Tried Hot Springs two years without relief, and was finally cured sound and well by the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) CHAS. BEING, Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Cured Clergymen. Rev. L. S. Caulton, of C. Greenville, Kansas, says: Dr. Warner, your White Wine of Tar Syrup has been in my family and found to be all and even more than you claim it of. It is a speedy cure for all Throat and Lung diseases.

My Wife and Children. Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mt. Vernon, says: My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from Measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping more or less for years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all.

SAMARITAN NERVE NEVER FAILS. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR. It quiets and composes the patient—not by the introduction of opiates and drastic cathartics, but by the restoration of activity to the stomach and nervous system, whereby the brain is relieved of morbid fancies, which are created by the causes above referred to.

DR. HORNE'S ELECTRIC BELT. Cures Nerve Pains, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Spine and Liver Diseases, Heart, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Insanity, Premature Death, etc.

PATENTS. NO PATENT, NO PAY. AGENS WANTED for the best and latest patent. Address: B. S. & C. P. HAYES, Patent Attorneys, 110 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

WHITE LEVERS COUGH CREAM. Cures Cough, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc. Dr. Frank Powell, La Crosse, Wis.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam. A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY! THAT WILL CURE Coughs, Colds, Croup, CONSUMPTION.

CONSUMPTION. Wm. C. Digges, Merchant, writes April 4, 1881, that he wants to know of the Lung Balsam that cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable.

Allen's Lung Balsam. Is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form!

TUTT'S PILLS. TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE. GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE.

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA. TUTT'S HAIR DYE. GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE.

HOSTETTER'S Bitters. As an invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has received the most positive endorsement from medical authorities.

STRAWBRIDGE SEED SOWER. THE BEST, CHEAPEST and SIMPLEST. Sows all grains, and requires but little attention.

CATARRH Ely's Cream Balm. When applied by the finger into the nostrils, it is absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions.

ELLY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y. YOUNG MEN READ TELEGRAPH here and we will give you a Situation. Circulars free.

CHICAGO SCALE CO. 4 Ton 800, Beam Scale Included. 240 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, 35. 150 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, 25. 100 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, 15.

FORGES, TOOLS, &c. BEST FORGE MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, \$10. 40 lb. Anvil, \$10. 100 lb. Anvil, \$15. 200 lb. Anvil, \$25.

DR. SPINNEY'S NERVE TONIC. A Positive Remedy for all forms of Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Spinal Affections, Chronic Rheumatism, etc.

Beware. Of the continued use of mercury and potash for the treatment of Blood and Skin diseases—they never cure, and nearly always injure or totally ruin the general health.

A WELL-KNOWN DRUGGIST. I have seen a great many cases cured with Swift's Specific—some who have tried all sorts of treatment.

CONSUMPTION. It is a well-known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless.

MAKE HENS LAY. It is a well-known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL. A Mechanical Wonder. Last year we first introduced this charming novelty to the children of America.

Foot and Ankle. The EDSON ELECTRIC GARTER develops the FOOT and ANKLE into perfect form, supports and strengthens the limbs, adds marvellous grace and elasticity to the step.

Edsons' Electric Garter. This matches every other form of Garter for Ladies, Gentlemen or Children's wear.

ABSOLUTELY WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER! Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world.

AN OPTICAL WONDER. Magic Lanterns are sold by the Polychrome Co. Lots of fun for everyone in our jolly picture party.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Reliable information concerning its soil, climate, resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc.

There have been three hundred miles of railroad built in Dakota this year.

All the citizens of Falk county except ten have petitioned that no liquor licenses be granted in the county.

Postoffices established in Dakota: Gates, Foster county; Odell, Barnes county; Romness, Griggs county.

The party who ties the connubial knot generally gets from \$2 to \$10, while the lawyers who untie it in the divorce court get from \$100 to \$150.

Connecticut has passed a law that no person shall venture out after dark with a cent of money in their possession.

Parties who have recently returned from visits to Northern Illinois state that the farmers there are very much discouraged over their poor crops.

Mr. Blaine continues to be mentioned as a Presidential candidate, notwithstanding his repeated assertions that he is out of political life.

The days have passed away when a gladsome face was deemed an index of a frivolous mind, and a solemn and long drawn visage the forerunner of every virtue.

MRS. H. J. CURTISS, DEALER IN MILLINERY! and FANCY GOODS. SANBORN, DAKOTA.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TO THE LAND EXPLORER, TO THE BUSINESS MAN, TO THE FARMER, TO THE MECHANIC, TO THE LABORER, TO THE SPORTSMAN, TO THE TOURIST, TO THE MINER.

TO ALL CLASSES!! For the Raising of Wheat! For the Raising of Stock! For Ready and Cash Markets!

The Northern Pacific Country has no EQUAL. SAVE MONEY. By purchasing tick...

Elegant Horton Chair Cars without exception the finest on the continent, are an all time first.

L. C. BOYINGTON'S PATENT AUTOMATIC CABINET FOLDING BEDS. Cheapest and Best.

The most perfectly balanced FOLDING BED in the world. Substantial, yet so light that a child can open and close it with ease.

Consult Dr. BUTTS. In diseases of the Blood, Skin and Bones—Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and Venereal Diseases.

FIRST-CLASS, Airy Rooms. FAIR CHARGES.

PALACE HOTEL!

COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA. H. C. FITCH, Proprietor. BILLIARD PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

This house, which has but recently been opened to the public, is all that can be desired by the Tourist.

Game abounds in the vicinity, affording special attraction for Sportsmen or men desiring a brief respite.

ROOMS SINGLY OR ENSUITE.

HAVE YOU SEEN that immense display of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

at the general store of NELSON & LANGLEY, COOPERSTOWN, D. T.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Clothing, Underwear, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Fancy Goods, Groceries, Canned Goods, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Is complete, and if prices and quality of goods are an object to the buyer they will find it an advantage to call.

Our goods were purchased at unusual bargains through a personal visit to the wholesale markets.

This space has been chartered by the COOPERSTOWN LIVERY! and an adv. will soon appear.

The "Household" Sewing Machine is now the leading machine in the market.

EXCLUSIVE SALE! of this machine for Cooperstown and Griggs County. Ladies should give it a trial before purchasing a Sewing Machine.

Needles, Oils & Attachments kept in stock. Old Machines Repaired. DEALERS IN

General Farm Machinery, Etc., COOPERSTOWN, NORTH DAKOTA.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

NEW LINE AT THE LUMBER YARD BOUGHT FOR CASH. Will be sold at Sanborn prices.

HOLLIDAY BROS., GENERAL DEALERS IN

FARM MACHINERY! Champion Binders and Mowers, Casady Sulky Plows, MOLINE WA ONS, BUGGIES, ETC.

Wm. Holliday, Sanborn. J.F. Holliday, Cooperstown.

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, Fargo, D. T., Dec. 6, 1883. Complaint having been entered at this office by Ole C. Erickson, against Ellian A. Runnells for abandoning his homestead entry No. 11014 dated July 7th, 1882, upon the s e quarter section 4, township 148 n, range 59 w, Griggs county, D. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of January, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota: We the undersigned citizens of said county and residents within the immediate neighborhood of the road hereafter mentioned and described as a public highway, do hereby petition your honorable body to cause to be laid out, established and opened a road or public highway as follows: Commencing at the n e corner post of section 3, town 148 n, range 59 w, and running south along section line between sections 3 and 10 and 11, 14 and 15, 22 and 23, following said section line as near as possible; thence south in a southeasterly direction across sections 25 and 35 to the s e corner post of said section 35 of the aforesaid township, and your petitioners will ever pray that said road may be laid out according to law.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 14, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Florence Frazier, D. S. No. 14158 for the n e 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Charles Kettelson, J. M. Freer, Sheppard, all of Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE.—Timber Culture. Complaint having been entered at this office by Herjus Osmundson against Mark Shepard, for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 6375, dated March 13, 1882, upon the s 1/2 of section 20, township 148 n, range 59 w, in Griggs county, D. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contesting alleging that said defendant, Mark Shepard, failed to cause to be broken five acres or any part thereof on said tract on or before the 18th day of March, 1882, during the first year of said entry or at any time heretofore; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of January, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., December 14, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 29th day of January, 1884, viz: Andrew P. Rastens, D. S. No. 14158 for the s w 1/4 of section 5, township 148 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Andrew H. Berg, Ole Elfsaun, Peter Gunderson, Edward Olson, all of Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Tosten N. Gilderhus, H. E. No. 10269 for the s w 1/4 of section 5, township 148 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Gunder Nave, Ole O. Nave, Andrew Iverson, Elias Monn, all of Lee P. O., Grand Forks county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., December 7, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 31st day of January, 1884, viz: Grace Bartram, D. S. No. 14158 for the s w 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 61 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: John I. Reilly, Iver Syverson, Lauren Syverson, Robert L. Johnson, all of Helena, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 27th day of Dec. 1883, viz: Knud Knudson, D. S. No. 12326 for the s e 1/4 of section 25, township 146 d, range 58 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Nels E. Nelson, Ole Halverson, Elling Olson Sever Halverson, all of Marsden, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1883 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., Nov. 16, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 12754 for the s e 1/4 of section 2, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Omund Nelson, Knudson Knudson, John Hanson, John Arneson, all of Marsden, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., November 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of January, 1884, viz: Ingebor Gunderson, one of the heirs of Abraham Gunderson, D. S. No. 10269 for the s w 1/4 and s 1/2 e 1/4 of section 34, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Alnak Gunderson, Peter H. Molstad, Erick Anstad, Knud Stee all of Dazy, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 12754 for the s e 1/4 of section 2, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Omund Nelson, Knudson Knudson, John Hanson, John Arneson, all of Marsden, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., November 13, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 16th day of January, 1884, viz: Ingebor Gunderson, one of the heirs of Abraham Gunderson, D. S. No. 10269 for the s w 1/4 and s 1/2 e 1/4 of section 34, township 144 n, range 60 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Alnak Gunderson, Peter H. Molstad, Erick Anstad, Knud Stee all of Dazy, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 10th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 12754 for the s e 1/4 of section 2, township 146 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Omund Nelson, Knudson Knudson, John Hanson, John Arneson, all of Marsden, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of the district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., November 26, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and secure final entry thereof on the 31st day of January, 1884, viz: Emma Erickson D. S. No. 10735 for the northeast quarter of section 34, township 146 n, range 57 w, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Carl Gustafson, Alfred Gustafson, Andrew G. Anderson, G. L. Peterson, all of Marsden, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses and claimant to be taken before W. F. Miller, clerk of district court at Hope, D. T., on the 14th day of January, A. D. 1883 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land Office at Fargo, D. T., December 8, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 14158 for the s w 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Charles Kettelson, J. M. Freer, Sheppard, all of Griggs county, D. T. The testimony to be taken before John N. Jorgensen, clerk of district court, at Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1884 at his office.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.—Land office at Fargo, D. T., December 8, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof on the 30th day of January, 1884, viz: Thore S. Serungard, D. S. No. 14158 for the s w 1/4 of section 18, township 144 n, range 59 w, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: Iver O. Eimon, Andrew J. Anderson, and E. Sellwood, all of Helena, D. T., and Claus Jackson, of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T. The testimony of witnesses to be taken before Ole Serungard, a notary public of Cooperstown, Griggs county, D. T., on the 10th day of Dec. 1883, and of claimant, Thore S. Serungard, Receiver U. S. Land Office at Fargo, Cass county, D. T., on the 30th day of Dec. A. D. 1883 at his office.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS. Notice is hereby given that the tax lists for Griggs county are now in my hands for collection. According to territorial law all taxes paid before the first Monday in February become delinquent and are subject to an increase of 5 per cent collection fees and 1 per cent a month interest until paid, providing they are paid on the 1st day of September next.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, D. T.: We the undersigned residents of Griggs county, living adjacent to the proposed highway do respectfully petition your honorable body to cause a public road to be laid out as follows: Beginning at the northwest section corner of section 30, and southwest corner of section 19, town 148, range 58, thence east to the section corner of sections 24, 25, 26, town 148, range 58; thence south on the section line to the quarter stake between sections 30 and 35; thence east on the quarter line as near as possible to the county line and your petitioners will ever pray.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In the matter of the estate of Frank L. Axtell, deceased. All persons having claims against Frank L. Axtell, deceased, are required to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned administrator of said estate, at his office in Cooperstown, in the County of Griggs, Territory of Dakota, and that four months have been limited as the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, D. T.: We the undersigned citizens and freeholders of said county, residing in the immediate neighborhood of the route hereinafter mentioned and described as a public highway, do hereby petition your honorable body to cause to be laid out, established and opened a road or public highway as follows: commencing at the n w corner post of section 3, township 148, range 59, in said county and running south on the west boundary line of sections 3-10-15-22-27 and 34 to the south boundary line of said township 148, range 59; thence in the most direct and practicable route to intersect the proposed county road from the Sherburne river to Cooperstown, and your petitioners will ever pray that said road may be laid out according to law.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota: The undersigned residents and freeholders of said Griggs county, respectfully petition your honorable board to locate, lay out and establish a public highway or road from the n e corner post of section 1, town 148, range 59, to the town of Cooperstown in section 24, town 146 of said range. The course and location of said road to be more particularly as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the n e corner post of section 1 in town 148, range 59 in said Griggs county, and thence running south in a straight line along the side hill of the bluffs east of the Sherburne river to the n e corner post of section 36 in said township; thence in the most practicable and feasible route across the Sherburne river in a south-westerly direction to the south west corner post of said section 36; thence running in a straight line directly south along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13-24-25 and 36 in township 147, and continuing in the same direction along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13 and 24 in township 146 to the southwest corner post of said section 34 in said last named township; said road to be sixty feet wide throughout its entire length, and where following a section line said section line shall be the centre of said road.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota: The undersigned residents and freeholders of said Griggs county, respectfully petition your honorable board to locate, lay out and establish a public highway or road from the n e corner post of section 1, town 148, range 59, to the town of Cooperstown in section 24, town 146 of said range. The course and location of said road to be more particularly as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the n e corner post of section 1 in town 148, range 59 in said Griggs county, and thence running south in a straight line along the side hill of the bluffs east of the Sherburne river to the n e corner post of section 36 in said township; thence in the most practicable and feasible route across the Sherburne river in a south-westerly direction to the south west corner post of said section 36; thence running in a straight line directly south along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13-24-25 and 36 in township 147, and continuing in the same direction along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13 and 24 in township 146 to the southwest corner post of said section 34 in said last named township; said road to be sixty feet wide throughout its entire length, and where following a section line said section line shall be the centre of said road.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota: The undersigned residents and freeholders of said Griggs county, respectfully petition your honorable board to locate, lay out and establish a public highway or road from the n e corner post of section 1, town 148, range 59, to the town of Cooperstown in section 24, town 146 of said range. The course and location of said road to be more particularly as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the n e corner post of section 1 in town 148, range 59 in said Griggs county, and thence running south in a straight line along the side hill of the bluffs east of the Sherburne river to the n e corner post of section 36 in said township; thence in the most practicable and feasible route across the Sherburne river in a south-westerly direction to the south west corner post of said section 36; thence running in a straight line directly south along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13-24-25 and 36 in township 147, and continuing in the same direction along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13 and 24 in township 146 to the southwest corner post of said section 34 in said last named township; said road to be sixty feet wide throughout its entire length, and where following a section line said section line shall be the centre of said road.

ROAD PETITION. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Griggs County, Dakota: The undersigned residents and freeholders of said Griggs county, respectfully petition your honorable board to locate, lay out and establish a public highway or road from the n e corner post of section 1, town 148, range 59, to the town of Cooperstown in section 24, town 146 of said range. The course and location of said road to be more particularly as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the n e corner post of section 1 in town 148, range 59 in said Griggs county, and thence running south in a straight line along the side hill of the bluffs east of the Sherburne river to the n e corner post of section 36 in said township; thence in the most practicable and feasible route across the Sherburne river in a south-westerly direction to the south west corner post of said section 36; thence running in a straight line directly south along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13-24-25 and 36 in township 147, and continuing in the same direction along the west boundary line of sections 1-12-13 and 24 in township 146 to the southwest corner post of said section 34 in said last named township; said road to be sixty feet wide throughout its entire length, and where following a section line said section line shall be the centre of said road.

HARRIS REMEDY CO., ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI. Prof. Harris' Remedy for Catarrh of the Bladder, Prostate Gland, etc.

Nervous Exhaustion, Premature Decay, Loss of Manhood. A 50-page Cloth-bound Book of Advice to Young or Middle-aged Men, with prescriptions for Self-treatment by a Regular Physician.

N. L. Lenham's
INSURANCE AGENCY
 Representing the following old and reliable companies.

| | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Cash Recs. | |
| ETNA, of Hartford | \$9 654 611 00 |
| HOME, of New York | 7 208 489 00 |
| UNDERWRITERS agency | |
| N. Y. | 5 125 957 00 |
| GER. AMERICAN, N. Y. | 3 704 274 00 |
| North British & Mercantile | |
| N. Y. | 3 265 875 00 |
| PHENIX, Brooklyn, N. Y. | 3 265 327 00 |
| SPRINGFIELD, Springfield, Mass. | 2 395 288 00 |
| St. Paul Fire and Marine | 1 048 673 00 |
| GERMAN, Freeport, Ill. | 1 185 979 00 |

Policies promptly written on Business, Residence, Farm and other property.
 At Sanborn by C. A. VANWORMER, office in Barnes County Bank Building.
 At Cooperstown by H. G. PICKETT, office in Bank of Cooperstown.
 Your Insurance business is respectfully solicited.

PATENTS
 MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven years experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper, \$3.00 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 231 Broadway, New York.

CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS
 AND THE
Cooperstown COURIER for \$2.50 PER ANNUM.

The CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS is recognized as a paper unsurpassed in all the requirements of American Journalism. It stands conspicuous among the metropolitan journals of the country as a complete News-paper. In the matter of telegraphic service, having the advantage of connection with the CHICAGO DAILY NEWS, it has at its command all the dispatches of the Western Associated Press, besides a very extensive service of Special Telegrams from all important points. As a News-paper it has no superior. It is INDEPENDENT in politics, presenting all political news free from partisan bias or coloring, and absolutely without fear or favor as to parties. It is, in the fullest sense, a FAMILY PAPER. Each issue contains several COMPLETED STORIES, a SERIAL STORY of absorbing interest, and a rich variety of condensed notes on Fashions, Art, Industries, Literature, Science, etc., etc. Its Market Quotations are complete and to be relied upon. It is unsurpassed as an entertaining, pure, and trustworthy GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER. We republish here from the columns of the WEEKLY NEWS a few of the voluntary commendations it has received:

WHAT O. D. SUBSCRIBERS SAY
 About the "Chicago Weekly News" when they renew their subscriptions.
 William Cannon, Pontiac, Oakland County, Mich., says: "I think it is the best paper in America."
 L. A. Welch, Sullivan, O., says: "It is better than many of the 20 papers."
 James P. Malone, 251 St. Charles street, New Orleans, La., says: "In comparing your paper with others I receive, I must say yours, the CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS, is good, better, best. I would sooner miss a meal than a number of the NEWS. It is the newspaper of the day. It is true to its name."
 Alfred P. Foster, Woodhull, Henry County, Ill., says: "It is one of the cleanest papers published."
 W. W. Rhodes, Adrian, Mich., says: "I don't want to miss a number. It is the best paper for news I have ever seen."
 Peter Lansing, Petoski, Saunders County, Neb., says: "I like THE WEEKLY NEWS. It is full of readable and valuable news, and, although I am in receipt of nine weekly journals, I am constrained to adopt THE WEEKLY NEWS as No. 10 to be sure of its non-partisan attitude in politics, giving me the unvarnished truth concerning the actions of all political parties."
 M. E. Havenport, Palmyra, N. Y., says: "It is the cheapest and best paper I ever read."
 Mrs. L. Schuman, Hannibal, Mo., says: "I like your paper very much. I get it at other papers, but do not like them as well as THE WEEKLY NEWS."
 W. R. Law, Mansfield, Tex., says: "I am highly pleased with the NEWS, for I get policies presented in it in such a way that I get both sides of the question, and in a strictly party journal it is utterly impossible to get in a strictly party journal of either side."
 The above extracts are sufficient to show its what esteem the CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS is held by its old subscribers.
 Our special Clubbing Terms bring it within the reach of all. Specimen Copies may be seen at this office.
 Send subscriptions to this office.

WEIGHTS' INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
LIVER
 Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles.
 Purely Vegetable; No Opiates. Price 25c. All Druggists.

GOLD
 for the working class. Send 10 cents for package, and we will mail you FREE a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can be universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want to work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortune will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

A PRIZE
 Send six cents for postage and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, in any condition. The broad road of fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, Taux & Co., Augusta, Maine.

One Thing and Another.
 Thirty-two thousand photographs brought up at the Dead Letter Office at Washington last year.
 An Indiana lady who refused to make public profession of penitence for horse-whipping a man in the street has been expelled from church.
 About 200,000 acres will be added to the cultivation lands of Arizona next year, by canals and irrigating ditches, at an expense of \$300,000.
 Over ten thousand women are engaged in the shirt and collar manufactures at Troy, N. Y., and the pay-roll of one concern alone averages \$1,000 per day.
 Governor Ireland of Texas, tells the people to shoot train wreckers on the spot. He makes a standing reward of \$500 for every train wrecker caught.
 They have got to killing for money in Connecticut, and will probably keep at it, inasmuch as the last victim yielded up eleven good American dollars.
 A dispatch from Salt Lake City says that the Utah part of President Arthur's message is received with demonstrations of joy by the "Americans" of that city.
 Colorado has 2,000 miles of narrow-gauge roads in operation; Texas has 1,100; Mexico 1,110; Arizona has 700 under construction, and Utah about 1,600 projected.
 Mrs. Price, of St. Clair county, Ala., over eighty years of age, who had been wearing spectacles for a number of years, can now see without them, and is cutting a new set of teeth.
 Jennie Martin, a widow with nine children, had Jacob Wallowitch, sixteen years younger than herself, sent to prison in New York for breach of promise of marriage. While his lawyers were arguing in court for his release she went to jail and was married to Wallowitch.
 The investigation in the case of Rev. B. C. Ambler, charged with ravishing Mrs. Keith, of Casselton, resulted in finding the charge not fully sustained, but enough to expel him from the ministry until the annual conference. Rev. W. W. Satterlee of Minneapolis conducted the prosecution and Dr. S. G. Smith of St. Paul the defense.
 The following item from the Chicago Herald furnishes food for reflection: There was a lively race before the divorce decrees and the marriage licenses Saturday, and the divorce record came out ahead. There were issued fifty-one decrees of divorce and only forty-three marriage licenses. This will not do. Cupid must "whoop up" his forces and make a better showing.

Wm. Glass loans money for final proof, and on titled land.
 The Bank of Cooperstown is offering some No. 1 Land in the immediate vicinity of Cooperstown at big bargains.
 Prices that compete with Fargo, Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.

The CENTURY
 PROGRAMME for 1883-'84.
 The programme for the fourteenth year of this magazine, and the third under the author's drawing, is anything more interesting and popular than ever. With every season, The Century shows a decided gain in circulation. The new volume begins with November, and, when possible, subscriptions should begin with that issue. The following are some of the features of the coming year:
 A NEW NOVEL BY GEORGE W. CABLE, author of "Old Creole Days," etc., entitled "Dr. Sevier," a story of New Orleans life, the time being the eve of the late Civil War.
 "LIFE IN THE THIRTEEN COLONIES," by Edward Eggleston, separate illustrated papers on subjects connected with the early history of this country.
 THREE STORIES BY HENRY JAMES, of varying lengths, to appear through the year.
 THE NEW ASTRONOMY, untechnical articles, by Prof. S. P. Langley, describing the most interesting of recent discoveries in the sun and stars.
 A NOVELLETTE BY H. H. BOYSEN, author of "Gunnar," etc. A vivid and sparkling story.
 THE NEW ERA IN AMERICAN ARCHITECTURE, a series of papers descriptive of the best work of American architects in Public Buildings, City and Country Houses, etc. To be profusely illustrated.
 A NOVELLETTE BY ROBERT GRANT, author of "Confessions of a Frivolous Girl," etc., entitled "An Average Man," a story of New York.
 THE BREAD-WINNER, one of the most remarkable novels of the day, to be completed in January.
 "CHRISTIANITY AND WEALTH," with other essays, by the author of "The Christian League of Connecticut," etc., on the application of Christian morals to the present phase of modern life.
 COASTING ABOUT THE GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE, a series of entertaining articles, profusely illustrated.
 SCENES FROM THE NOVELISTS, Hawthorne, George Eliot, and the author's authentic drawings, ON THE TRACT OF ULYSSES, the record of a yacht-cruise in the Mediterranean, identifying the track of Ulysses on his return from the Trojan war.
 "GARFIELD IN ENGLAND," extracts from his private journals kept during a trip to Europe in 1867.
 "THE SILVERADO SQUATTERS," by Robert Louis Stevenson, author of "Neg Arabian Nights."
 There will be papers on outdoor England by John Burroughs and others, a beautiful illustrated series on Dante, a number of papers by the eminent French novelist Alphonse Daudet, articles on art and archaeology by Charles Dudley Warner and others, illustrated papers on sport and adventure, short stories by the leading writers, essays on timely subjects, etc., etc.
 Subscription price, \$4.00 a year; single numbers sold every where at 35 cents each. All dealers receive subscriptions, or remittance may be made direct to the publishers by postal or express order, registered letter, bank check, or draft.
 SPECIAL OFFERS.
 To enable new subscribers to begin with the first volume under The Century name, we make the following special offers:
 New subscribers beginning with November, 1883 may obtain the magazine for one year from date, and the twenty-four previous numbers, unbound, for \$8.00. Regular price for three years, \$24.00.
 Or, if preferred, a subscription and the twenty-four numbers bound in four elegant volumes will be furnished for \$10.00. Regular price, \$16.
 THE CENTURY CO., New-York, N. Y.

BLACKSMITHING!
 The Place for Blacksmithing
AS IT SHOULD BE
 —IS AT—
MOORE & SANBURN'S
 On Roberts Street, Cooperstown.
 HORSESHOING receives special attention and is done in the Best and Most Careful manner.
 JOBBING of every description.
 A trial solicited.

G. F. NEWELL, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon!
 Corner of Lenham Ave. and Tenth St.,
 Cooperstown, Dakota.

PURE DRUGS,
 MEDICINES,
 TOILET GOODS
 and STATIONERY.
 Will examine and prescribe for patients, compound prescriptions and practice surgery generally.

BYRON ANDRUS,
Law and Real Estate,
 COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA.
 Special attention given to business before the U. S. Land Office at Fargo. Farm Lands and Town Lots bought and sold on commission.

COOPERSTOWN LOTS!
 For sale at first hands.
 L. E. Booker, President. J. K. Musselman, Cashier.

STEELE COUNTY BANK,
 HOPE, D. T.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
 Collections of all kinds will receive Prompt and Careful Attention.
 CORRESPONDENTS:
 U. S. NAT'L BANK, New York. NAT'L GER. AM. BANK, St. Paul.

A. B. ZINCC,
 —DEALER IN—
REAL ESTATE.
GRAIN
 —AND—
SANBORN TOWN LOTS.
 Money to Loan for Final Proofs, and Settlers Located.
 Also Agent for N. P. Ry. Lands.
 SANBORN, DAK.

GODEY'S
LADY'S BOOK.
 LOW PRICE OF \$2 PER YEAR.
 Subscriptions will be received at this office in clubs with the Courier.
 The Courier and Godey's Lady's Book for one year at \$3.50.
Prospectus for 1884.
 We propose to make it, without exception, the best as well as the cheapest Home and Fashion Magazine in America, and we believe a perusal of the list of attractions to appear each month will prove convincing to every reader.
 Each number will contain:
 A beautiful steel plate accompanied by a story or poem. A finely executed portrait of one of the ex-presidents of the United States, with a short sketch. Excellent colored fashion plates of the prevailing styles of dresses. Numerous illustrations of fashions in black and white. Bustle-trims and designs of the latest patterns in fancy work, in colors, or black and white. An illustrated household department. A piece of nicely selected music. A full-size cut paper pattern. Choice recipes for the household. Besides a rich variety of literary matter contributed by eminent writers, embracing novels, novelettes, stories, poetry, charades, dialogues, art and fashion notes, together with current news of the day. As this magazine has been before the public for over fifty years, all may feel assured that the above will be carried out to the letter.
 Address all communications to
J. H. HAULENBEEK & CO.,
 1006 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
 Send for Illustrated Circular and Club Rates' List.

MUIR & CHRISTIE,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS,
 COOPERSTOWN, D. T.
 Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished on application. A call solicited.

VIGOROUS HEALTH FOR MEN
PROF. HARRIS' Rastille
 A Radical Cure FOR SPERMATORRHEA AND IMPOTENCY.
 Tested for over 5 years by use in thousands of cases.
Free TRIAL PACKAGE.
 SEND ADDRESS
HARRIS REMEDY CO., M'Pg Chemists,
 306 1/2 North 10th St., St. Louis, Mo.
 ONE MONTH'S TREATMENT, \$3; 2 MONTHS, \$5; 3 MONTHS, \$7

GEO. L. LENHAM, —(—) **J. M. BURRELL**
H. G. PICKETT, Cashier.
BANK OF COOPER TOWN
 A General Banking Business Transacted.
 Interest Paid on City Deposits.
 Negotiate for Non-Residents First Mortgage Loans **BEARING 10 AND 12 PER CENT!**
 Interest on City Property and Improved Farms.
 COUNTY AND SCHOOL SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
 Insurance Written in the best Companies at reasonable rates. A large amount of city property, improved and unimproved farms for sale.
 SEND FOR OUR CIRCULAR.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
 that the cheapest place in seven counties to buy
HARDWARE & STOVES
 is at the emporium of
STEVENS & ENGER,
 COOPERSTOWN, DAKOTA,
 where can be found a complete Line of
Stoves and Tinware.
Builders' Hardware,
Iron, Nails, Glass Putty.
 OUR STOCK OF
HEAVY & SHELF GOODS
 is full and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest.
Guns, Ammunition, Blacksmith coal, etc., etc.
 We keep a First-Class Tinsmith and are prepared to do jobbing expeditiously. Come and look our stock over before doing any business in our line, and you will find us ready to sell honest goods for honest prices.
STEVENS & ENGER.

GEO. L. LENHAM, President. **LOUIS S. LENHAM, Treasurer.**
N. L. LENHAM, Gen'l Manager. **RUDDLE HERZ, Secretary.**
The Lenham Elevator & Lumber Co.,
 (INCORPORATED.)
CAPITAL \$500,000.00.
Grain Elevators,
LUMBER YARDS,
Farm Machinery!
ETC., ETC.
 At all points on the line of the Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain Railroad.
COAL BY THE TON OR CARLOAD.
 Prices Lower than can be found elsewhere in North Dakota
 ... on all kinds of ...

LUMBER,
SASH DOORS, MOULDINGS,
BUILDING PAPER,
BUILDING MATERIAL, ETC.
 Allow us to Estimate on anything in our line. It will convince you that we will not be Undersold.
MAYNARD CRANE, Manager,
COOPERSTOWN, Dak.

WILLIAM GLASS,
LAND ATTORNEY AND LOAN AGENT,
 Cooperstown, Griggs Co., D. T.
SPECIAL ATTENTION Given to FINAL PROOFS and CONTEST CASES.
 Money to Loan on Final Proof and Real Estate.
 Plats and Abstracts of Griggs County on Hand.
Real Estate Bought and sold on Commission.
 Taxes paid and Investments Made for Non-Residents.
 Choice Farm Lands and City Lots For Sale.

C. A. ROBERTS.
Fargo Roller Mills!
 Flour at Wholesale and Retail.
 ORDERS BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH ALWAYS PROMPTLY ATTENDED
 —ON THE USUAL TERMS—
The Highest CASH PRICE Paid for Wheat.

By E. D. STALL.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DA.

Over 400 applications have been filed in the patent office since the adoption of standard time in this country for clock dials and other devices intended to present the 24 hours in convenient form.

Brockway, the great counterfeiter, lately arrested in New York, was a man with an exceptionally good education; yet almost his first venture in life was in the ways of crime, as far back as 1853.

The official treasury statement on the list of December shows that the reduction of the public debt in November amounted to less than \$1,750,000.

The secretary of the treasury has transmitted to congress estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. The amount estimated required for all expenses of the government is \$283,125,305, which is \$22,323,282 less than the aggregate appropriations for the present fiscal year.

There were 7000 bills introduced in the last congress, most of which found their way to the paper makers. And there will be as many more introduced in the present congress.

From the annual report of the surgeon general of the army it appears that the general belief that colored soldiers do not endure military service so well as whites is erroneous. Four of the regiments in the army are composed of colored men.

The Indianapolis Journal makes the recent lynching at Oxford in that state, a text for some very pointed criticisms of the legal fraternity.

William I. Weld, Jr. of Boston, has sailed on a six months' tour, accompanied by Dr. Royal Whitman, Patrick Grant, Jr., and Richard Sears, in the yacht Gitava.

EPITOME OF THE NEWS.

Washington Gossip.

The following are the changes in the chairmanships of a majority of the senate committees: Foreign relations, Miller, California, vice Windom; manufacturers, Riddleberger, vice Conger; agriculture, Miller, New York, vice Mahone; postoffices and postroads, Hill, vice Ferry; pensions, Mitchell, vice Platt; mines and mining, Wilson, vice Hill; revision of laws, Conger, vice Miller, California; engrossed bills, Allison, vice Saulsbury; improvement of Mississippi river, Van Wyck, vice Mitchell; transportation routes to seaboard, Aldrich, vice Harrison; examining branches of civil service, Culom, vice Sawyer; Nicaragua claims, Maxey, vice Davis of West Virginia; public buildings and grounds, Mahone, vice Rollins; revolutionary claims, Jones of Florida, vice Johnston; Sherman and Wilson were placed on the committee of foreign relations.

The bill introduced by Mr. Belford to regulate railway traffic between states and territories provides for the establishment in the department of the interior of a bureau to consist of three commissioners appointed by the president to receive a salary of \$10,000 each with necessary expenses, and within ninety days after the appointment of the board the railway companies are required to forward statement of franchises and present condition of the roads.

In conversation recently with a prominent senator President Arthur spoke of the proposed English expedition to the Arctic regions as "more of this Arctic insanity."

Mr. Strait has made the following recommendations to the postmaster general for reappointment of postmasters: V. M. Hall of Glencoe, and J. H. Morris of Litchfield. Their appointments expire next month.

The bill introduced by Gen. Rosecrans for the encouragement of building of American iron and steel steamers provides postal subsidies of not more than \$5,000,000 a year to owners of steamers built after the passage of the act in the United States iron and steel manufactured in the United States.

Postoffice Established—Dakota, Ida, Clark county. Postoffice Name Changed—Dakota, Camba, Billings county, to Medora.

Postoffices established—Minnesota: Suerdum, Lyon county. Postmasters commission—John McAuley, Dannville, Wis.; William Henry Dufraze, Scranton, Wis.

The government disposed of 19,430,032 acres of land during the year, getting therefor \$11,713,883.

Representative Warner will soon introduce a bill in the house for the retirement of trade dollars.

Railroad News.

The Northern Pacific land sales in the Montana districts for the month of November were 2,193 acres for \$10,000. The town-site sales amounted to \$9,960.

Crimes and Criminals.

J. B. Seeley, a prominent contractor and builder of Joliet, Ill., was arrested on a charge of bigamy, on receipt of a telegram from Chief Campbell of St. Louis. The case excites considerable interest, as this is the third time he has been hauled up on this charge by his avenging nemesis, V. S. Jordan, the divorced husband of Seeley's present wife. Seeley threatens to kill his persecutor when he sees him.

Dr. John S. Matthews of Cleveland, Ohio, who decoyed Mr. George A. Gordon into an unoccupied house and robbed him, was sentenced at Sandusky to two year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Personal Gossip.

Joseph Beach, who gained notoriety by kidnapping his divorced wife's child and fleeing with it to Canada, whither she pursued him, recovered the child and brought it back to New Hartford, Winona county, in this state, is again in trouble. He was arrested recently on a warrant for assault sworn out by Mrs. Clow, sister of Mrs. Beach. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to jail for fifteen days.

Col. Allen of the Merchants hotel was arrested and tried in St. Paul for keeping his bar open on election day. A detective testified that the bar was open and liquor sold, but Col. Allen and a dozen others denied the story. The jury was out but three minutes and on their return announced a verdict of not guilty.

William I. Weld, Jr. of Boston, has sailed on a six months' tour, accompanied by Dr. Royal Whitman, Patrick Grant, Jr., and Richard Sears, in the yacht Gitava.

Jack Sturges, the old Chicago speculator is the managing man of Henry Clew & Co., Wall street, now. He makes \$1,000 a week as a broker.

Rev. Dr. John O'Mears corresponding secretary of the American board of foreign missions, died in Boston on the 9th.

Mrs. R. B. Hayes is visiting in Chicago, and on the 5th inst., was given a reception by Mrs. John N. Jewett.

Rev. W. H. Hoyt, of St. Ann's church, New York, was stricken with apoplexy, at mass recently.

Arthur Schofield, who died recently in New York, left \$50,000 to the Boston public library.

Bob Toombs has made \$100,000 from his Texas lands, and owns three times as much more.

Casualty Record.

The young men who were drowned in attempting to cross from Lake City to Stockholm on Sunday evening, the 2d inst., were named Andrew Barger, nineteen years of age, and John Johnson, about seventeen years old. They came from Stockholm, on the day they lost their lives, in a boat mounted on a sled, which was drawn by Louis Lundgren, who was on skates.

At Chattanooga, James Gillespie, a workman at the Lookout mill, while boiling brick clay in a huge vat, missed his footing and fell into the seething liquid up to his shoulders. His body was stewed, and the skin hung in huge flakes, and in parts of his body the flesh was cleaned from the bone.

The Athens worsted mills in Milbury, Mass., burned on the 7th. Loss estimated at \$100,000. The stock and a portion of the machinery was owned by Keating & Briggs of Milbury. Their loss is estimated at \$50,000.

On the night of the 8th inst., the Catholic church at New Richmond, Wis., was burned to the ground. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$5,000.

James F. Gein, a spiritualist, died suddenly of heart disease in St. Louis, while giving an exhibition.

Foreign Items of News.

A meeting of Orangemen, to express indignation at the suspension of Lord Rossmore's commission was held at Monaghan, Ireland. A carriage containing Lord and Lady Rossmore was unharnessed and drawn by the crowd to the place of meeting. A resolution was passed condemning the removal of Rossmore. The latter said that what he had already done he was ready to do again. The hall was a scene of confusion and a resolution was passed, declaring a strong resolution addressed to loyalists of the British empire, resenting the insult offered to loyalists in Ireland through the suspension of Rossmore's commission, and asking all to stand by and for the integrity of the empire and honor the throne against rapine and rebellion.

The British Columbia house recently passed a resolution instructing the government to introduce a bill to restrict Chinese immigration. The startling statement is made by the provincial government that there are 3,000 destitute Chinese on the mainland, who can only subsist by murdering or stealing, which they have already begun.

An immense throng of poor people in Moscow gathered before the house of a merchant lately deceased to receive money usually distributed from the estates of wealthy persons. The pressure was so great that several persons were crushed to death, and four severely injured.

Miscellaneous News Items.

The point will be raised that the jury in the O'Donnell trial should have been composed of six British subjects and six Americans, American citizens of Irish birth or parentage, resident in London, are about to visit upon Lowell to urge him to use his influence with the British government to obtain a respite for O'Donnell even if proofs of his American citizenship do not arrive before the day fixed for his execution. O'Donnell continues calm in demeanor, and pays marked attention to priests who visit him. He seems prepared for the worst.

The first strike of the locomotive engineers that ever occurred in Manitoba took place on the 11th inst., when 300 Canadian Pacific railway engineers stopped work on the same day. Up to that morning everything was running as usual, and now the entire business of the road was at a standstill. Three hundred firemen are also on a strike. The cause of the trouble is, that when the Canadian Pacific made a general reduction on the 1st inst., a reduction was also made of the wages of engineers and firemen.

Negotiations between Marquis de Mores and the citizens of Billings, Montana, have culminated in a written agreement being entered into by which the marquis agrees to erect a slaughtering and refrigerating establishment in Billings, of a size and style similar to those at Little Missouri, and to carry on a general slaughtering business at that place.

Flora Gulpe, sixteen years old, the daughter of one of the wealthiest citizens of Elkhart, Ind., eloped with a hackman named McGowan, who is about forty years old. A telegram was received the 9th from Sturgis, Mich., announcing that the pair had been married at that place.

Thomas Evans, an aged and wealthy citizen of Erie, worth over \$100,000, has disappeared mysteriously. He is nearly blind, is the sole occupant of a large homestead, and has a reputation for keeping valuables.

Rev. Anna Oliver, lately in charge of the Methodist church, Brooklyn, was muled in \$860 at the suit of Rev. Edward Jones. She claimed the money was a gift to the church. He said it was a loan to the lady.

William Conlin's suit against Daniel Newhall at Waukesha, for \$5,000 damages, came to a sudden end by the plaintiff's withdrawing. Conlin accused the defendant of having caused his wife to leave him.

Edward Malley, father and uncle of Jennie Cramer's persecutors, was beaten in his suit for \$150,000 against the Fireman's Fund Insurance of California for the burning of his dry good store at New Haven.

Business of the Fargo land office for the past week: Homesteads, 52; tree claims, 23; declaratory statements, 31; soldiers' declaratory statements, 3; final proofs, 91. Total, collections, \$22,260.60.

In the Vermillion region there is plenty of snow or lumberjacks, and lakes are frozen so teams cannot cross.

San Francisco is shipping nearly 1,000,000 feet of hard lumber this month.

The St. Paul postoffice is now handling 70,000 pieces of mail per day.

The agricultural report puts the wheat crop at 400,000,000 bushels.

Chicago put up 2,684 buildings last year, worth \$15,648,700.

Castle Garden received 24,444 immigrants in November.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Monday, December 10.

SENATE.—Mr. Cameron of Wisconsin introduced a bill regulating elections for members of congress.

A resolution of Mr. Voorhees was agreed to authorizing the committee on military affairs to inquire into the expediency of purchasing encampment grounds occupied by the revolutionary army at Valley Forge for a national park. He also offered the following which he asked to have printed: Resolved, That in the judgment of the senate, the public debt is not a public blessing, and any measure of financial policy looking to the perpetuation of the present interest-bearing national debt for purposes of national banking or any other account meets the disapproval of this body, and should be viewed with alarm by taxpayers of the United States.

HOUSE.—An immense number of bills was introduced, the following being the principal ones: Repealing the pre-emption and timber culture laws; amending the homestead law; preventing undue discrimination in railway transportation; declaring forfeited land grants to the Northern Pacific, Houghton & Ontonagon, North Wisconsin, St. Vincent extension and Brainerd branch, Hastings, & Dakota and other railroad companies; appropriating \$6,000,000 for Mississippi river improvement; establishing maximum rates of fare on the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads; abolishing the postage of second class matter and reducing drop letter postage to one cent; putting salt and agricultural implements on the free list; regarding the presidential succession; for a civil rights amendment to the constitution; appropriating \$25,000,000 annually for common schools, for a postal telegraph; prohibiting special legislation; a prohibition amendment to the constitution; relieving the merchant marine; repealing internal revenue laws; limiting the disposal of public agricultural lands to actual settlers; granting women suffrage; repealing the silver dollar coinage act; removing taxes on national bank circulation and fixing the amount of such circulation. The call of states was not finished. A resolution was adopted calling the attention of the president to the case of Patrick O'Donnell.

Something of a breeze was raised just before adjournment, when Mr. Hewitt of New York asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution asking the president to request the English government to delay the execution of O'Donnell's sentence until the facts in relation to his trial could be inquired into, and it could be ascertained whether or not O'Donnell was an American citizen, and whether he had been tried in accordance with English and international law. The resolution was passed without discussion and without dissent.

Tuesday, December 11.

SENATE.—Senator Anthony was present and took the oath. Bills were introduced promoting commercial relations between the United States and Mexico and Central and South America, and determining presidential disability.

Senator McMillan introduced a bill for public buildings at Wisconsin and Duluth. A similar Cameron of Wisconsin introduced a bill to provide for places of deposit and distribution of public documents.

The president sent a large number of nominations to the senate mostly recess appointments. Among them were: Walter Evans, commissioner of internal revenue; Benjamin Buterworth, commissioner of patents; Albert U. Wyman, treasurer of the United States; Martin S. Chandler, surveyor general, Minnesota. Collectors of internal revenue; James H. Stone, first district of Michigan; John W. Burette, fourth district of Iowa; William W. Carter, seventh district of Indiana; Jacob Wheeler, eighth district of Illinois; Edwin Farley, second district of Kentucky.

The senate confirmed: Walter Q. Gresham postmaster general.

The president has nominated William Livingston, Jr., to be collector of customs at Detroit, Mich.

HOUSE.—Bills and resolutions were introduced for a postal savings deposit branch of the postoffice department; enlarging the powers and duties of the agricultural department; establishing a bureau of animal industry and preventing the spread of cattle diseases; making snar free of duty; calling on members of the cabinet for information concerning our relations with Great Britain; abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; authorizing the secretary of the treasury to purchase and cancel 4 and 4 1/2 per cent. bonds instead of calling in 3; establishing a board of interior-commerce as a bureau of the interior department; putting lumber for house, fence and ship building on the free list; reorganizing the legislative power of Utah; for general amnesty; for the relief of Fitz John Porter; fixing the postage an first class matter at two cents per ounce; establishing the Territory of North Dakota; of the admission of Utah and Arizona into the Union; regarding the duty on wool, retreating trade dollars; limiting the coinage of silver dollars; repealing internal revenue laws; civil rights amendments to the constitution; suppressing polygamy; increasing pensions of one-armed and one-legged soldiers; punishing violation of the election laws; regulating inter-State commerce, transferring the Indian bureau to the war department, for the election of Territorial governors.

Delegate Raymond introduced a bill to establish the territory of North Dakota by dividing the recent territory on the forty-sixth parallel. He also introduced a bill to provide two additional judges of the federal court of Dakota, one for the north and another for the south part of the territory; also, a bill to vacate the Fort Randall and Fort Rice military reservations.

Wednesday, December 12.

SENATE.—A long discussion took place on the sinking fund, participated in by Messrs. Beck, Sherman and Plumbo. Mr. Wilson's proposed civil rights amendment was debated by the author and Mr. Garland.

The following nominations were made by the president:

Royal A. Johnson, New York, surveyor general of Arizona; Lawrence Welden, Illinois, judge of the court of claims; John R. Tanner, United States marshal for the Southern district of Illinois.

Confirmations.—Seth Ledyard Phelps, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Peru; William W. Finck, Jr., minister resident to Sweden and Norway; Henry White, second secretary of legation, London; Edwin Farley, collector of internal revenue second district of Kentucky.

HOUSE.—Not in session.

The Case of the Rev. R. C. Ambler.

The trial of the Rev. R. C. Ambler of Sauk Center, Minn., charged with raving Mrs. Keith of Casselton, Dak., took place at Casselton and resulted in finding the charge not fully sustained, but enough to suspend him from the ministry until the annual conference. Rev. W. W. Satterlee of Minneapolis conducted the prosecution and Dr. S. G. Smith of St. Paul the defense.

Mr. Keith, the alleged injured party, states that evidence was brought out showing Ambler had previously been a horse doctor in Illinois, and that one of his previous wives had dropped dead in a southern Minnesota town, under circumstances pointing strongly to foul play by the accused. Mr. Keith has not decided on what course he will pursue in view of the verdict. It was on the 4th of October last, while Rev. C. Ambler of Sauk Center was attending the Methodist state convention in St. Paul, that Bishop Sampson was given an affidavit signed by D. E. Keith of Casselton charging Ambler with having attempted to rape his wife. It was stated that on January the 19th Keith sent for Ambler and charged him first with indecent proposals, afterward with attempted outrage and finally with the commission of rape. He wanted Ambler to sign a confession; but the clergyman denied the whole matter. Mr. Ambler was formally both a physician and lawyer, practicing in Iowa and this state and it was while attending Mrs. Keith as a physician that the alleged offense was committed. After the adjournment of the state conference at St. Paul, Ambler was arrested at Casselton and gave bonds. He is fifty-three years old and has preached, having previously held a pastorate for two years at Casselton.

Big Fire in St. Paul.

Tuesday, at midnight, an alarm called the entire department to quench a fire in the five-story pressed brick block of E. F. Drake, Numbers 178 and 180 East Third street, St. Paul. The fire caught in the lower basement, and either in the engine room or in the wine room of George W. Magee's place which occupies nearly the whole of the ground floor. At 1:30 Magee's restaurant, which, with the bar at the lower corner, occupies nearly all of the first floor, was seen to be in flames. It was the handsomest restaurant west of New York, its fittings costing \$30,000.

Mrs. Magee, who was on watch at midnight, had just finished counting the cash and put it in the safe when she smelled the smoke and immediately sent a waiter to give the alarm. She then warned the ten girls and as many men's servants, who sleep in the basement, and they readily escaped, some of them taking a few of their effects, though in the hurry but little salvage was secured. There were some fifty tenants in the building, which was completely gutted.

Magee's fittings cost him fully \$30,000, and his insurance amounted to but \$13,000. E. F. Drake says his insurance is between \$50,000 and \$60,000, but how much he cannot tell, neither can he tell his loss.

At 2:50 o'clock the burning roof of the Drake building fell in, forcing the flames through into the Hardenbergh building adjoining. The fire made rapid headway, in spite of the efforts of the firemen, and in a few minutes the flames reached the upper floors and burst through the windows, breaking the glass as if struck by a heavy instrument.

P. R. L. Hardenbergh & Co., leather and findings, lost \$115,000, fully covered by insurance in various companies.

Arthur, Warren & Abbott, notions and furnishing goods occupying the second floor of the Hardenbergh building, lost their entire stock, estimated in value at \$50,000. They are also fully covered by insurance and will lose nothing. Loss on Hardenbergh building \$40,000. The total losses will amount to \$253,000.

Romance in Texas.

Houston Special.—J. W. Rose, a wealthy carriage manufacturer, disappeared on the 23. His wife and her supposed step-son tell the grand jury Rose is Cornelius Kaum, who in Kingston, N. Y., in 1866, committed a heavy forgery, deserted his wife and three children, came to Texas, made money and married Mrs. Bagnall. Rose returned to Kingston in 1876, after the charge of forgery was outlawed and promised to bring his first wife to Texas. Failing, the son followed him a few months ago and threatening exposure Rose shot him six times. The son showing signs of recovery, was sent to Alabama, Rose assuring him that his second wife was only his mistress, and at the same time inducing her to say he did the shooting. The boy is now at Houston, but his father's whereabouts is unknown.

An Interesting Patent Suit.

An interesting case, involving a very ingenious and economical device, has just been decided by the courts, the particulars of which will bear brief mention. Nelson Lyon of Albany, N. Y., has recovered judgment of \$8,447.10 besides cost and interest against G. L. Fisher & Co., in the United States Circuit Court at Detroit, Mich., for an infringement of what is known to the trade as Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Sifter. This contrivance is one of the most useful of modern inventions, and has achieved a remarkable sale—over three-quarters of a million dollars worth, the testimony in the present suit showed having been disposed of since the patent was granted, being a grand total of 273,478 pounds, or 3,888,000 pairs. At one time the Attorney General of the United States declared the Lyon patent invalid, simply on account of an informality in the application, but this was afterward corrected by the Commissioner of Patents, in accordance with a special act of Congress authorizing such correction. Fisher's main improvement consisted in elongating the screw-hole fastening the plate, and as defendants rely based their main defence in trying to show the special act of congress was unconstitutional and that plaintiff's invention was not new. Action was commenced in May, 1880, a perpetual injunction was obtained in December following, and the case was referred to a master to ascertain the profits made by defendants and the loss sustained by Mr. Lyon. The master reported the sum as \$3,384, but on motion the court doubled the same, and directed judgment to be entered against defendants for such double damages, with interest from the date of the master's report and costs.

Joseph Proctor, the actor, well known through his performances in "Nick of the Woods," first appeared on the stage in Boston on November 29, 1833, and his fiftieth anniversary is to be celebrated in that city by a special benefit matinee at the Boston Theater.

Senator Miller of California is president of the Alaska Fur Seal company and a millionaire.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Senator Sabin Elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, Which Decides Upon Chicago, June 3, as the Place and Date of the National Convention.

The Republican National Committee met at Washington on Wednesday. All the states and territories were represented. First in the order of proceedings was the election of chairman to succeed the late Gov. Jewell, and this subject was disposed of shortly after the committee was called together. It was shown that he was the only man whom it seemed possible to hit upon as absolutely free from old factional agreements, and the only committee who could be elected to the place without a contest, which it was desired to avoid. This having been settled, the programme was carried out by placing Charles in the chair temporarily, and then electing Sabin permanent chairman, he being named by Mr. Elkins. This was done unanimously, and Sabin presided over the deliberations of the day, and will continue to manage the business of the committee and convention. On taking the chair, Mr. Sabin said:

"While deeply sensible to the distinguished courtesy you have conferred, I am doubtless, as much surprised as the country at large will be at the announcement of your choice, but being pressed by all parties in the interest and claim of peace and harmony I accept what is rather a distasteful position this time. I trust, however, the work of this committee will be characterized by the same unanimity with which I have been elected and the next election a republican president by a like unanimous vote of the whole country. [Applause.]

Gen. John C. New offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing that a committee of five should be appointed by the chairman to have complete charge of the convention, of which committee the president and secretary should be members.

It was also decided to have the district conventions within ninety days of the convention the date of which was fixed as June 3.

The place for holding the convention excited a good deal of interest. Gentlemen were heard in favor of Philadelphia, Indianapolis, New York, Chicago, etc., but Chicago won on the first ballot as follows:

| | | | |
|--------------|----|--------------|---|
| Chicago | 30 | Saratoga | 1 |
| Indianapolis | 18 | Philadelphia | 1 |

Chicago was declared the place of the next Republican convention.

The following was adopted:
A Republican national convention will meet in Chicago, Ill., Tuesday, June 3, 1881, at 10 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing candidates to be supported for president and vice-president at the next election. Republican electors of the several states, and all other voters without regard to past political differences, who are in favor of elevating and dignifying American labor; extending and promoting home industry; giving free popular education to the masses of people; securing free suffrage and honest counting of ballots; effectually protecting all human rights in every section of the common country; and who desire to promote friendly feeling and permanent harmony throughout the land by securing a national government pledged to these objects and principles, are cordially invited to send for each state four delegates at large, for each congressional district two delegates, and for each representative at large two delegates.

The call is signed by all the members of the convention. Mr. Chandler offered the following, which was unanimously adopted:
Resolved, that the committee views with regret and indignation the recent attempts to suppress human rights, destroy free suffrage and honest counting of ballots in various States, by methods foreign to humanity and civilization. Against the prevalence of such methods the Republican party stands irretrievably pledged and we extend our sympathy to all sufferers from such inhumanities, and pledge our earnest unconditional support and right hand of fellowship to all men, all organizations; whatever may be in past political action, who now unreservedly commit themselves to an organized effort to secure free education, free suffrage and protection of life and property of all citizens, without regard to race, color, political opinion or vote.

The committee at 11 o'clock adjourned to meet at the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, the 31st of May, 1881.
Mr. Frye of Maine then submitted his proposition for the new basis of representation in the next convention which was discussed at great length by various members. Logan argued that the resolution proposed was not such as the committee had power to act upon. He was willing to defer it to the next national committee, for that was a body that had the right to consider it. Clayton opposed the plan, and Mages moved that the whole matter be referred to the next national convention. Mages' motion was finally agreed to—yeas 25, nays 48.

The plan was finally referred to the convention by a decisive vote, so that the ratio of delegates and the size of the next convention remains as it was. Senator Logan proposed a resolution, making it mandatory upon the districts to hold their conventions separately and within the several districts. By the action of the committee at the last meeting, it was left optional with the districts either to hold their conventions for the selection of delegates separately, or to separate at the State conventions and do their business at the same place. The Southern members of the committee objected to Senator Logan's resolutions to strike out the optional feature, saying that in many districts they had no organizations and could not hold separate meetings. It being evident that the proposition could not pass, Senator Logan withdrew it.

Washington Special:—The election of Senator Sabin as chairman gives universal satisfaction, owing to the confidence felt by all in his personal fairness and his business-like politics. He said that the honor was unexpected and unsuspected. He had declined it, thinking it wiser to take some other member; but his colleagues believe otherwise and he had yielded when it was known that he was the unanimous choice. He had been in favor of Blaine in 1880, but had no candidate, as yet, for 1884. He was not insensible to the compliment to himself and to Minnesota, and should do all in his power to accomplish the most good for his party, with perfect fairness to all aspirants for the presidential honor. Mr. Sabin is one of the youngest men in the senate, being but forty years of age, and is, in addition one of the new members of that body; but is already considered one of its most promising men. He has been a delegate to every national convention since he went to Minnesota, namely those of 1872, 1876 and 1880, having gone to the state in 1871. In 1872 he was in favor of Grant's nomination, and in 1876 and in

1880 favored Blaine, although obliged to cast the Minnesota vote at Chicago for Widdowson.

Painting the Sky Red.

Another surprising sunset spectacle was witnessed in St. Paul late yesterday afternoon, the phenomenon presenting all the characteristics of the bright red atmospheric picture of a week or ten days ago. Shortly before 5 o'clock the red glow began to light up the western horizon, gradually spreading until a huge area of sky was marked by the blood-red coloring. The brightest and clearest tinge was just before 6 o'clock, after the sun had disappeared from view, and the effect was marvellously pretty and brilliant. This reflection seemed to extend to everything in the range of one's vision, giving the atmosphere, the buildings, and the high bluffs across the river a reddish or dark pink tinge; while, looking toward the illuminated sky, seemed as if there really was a tremendous fire raging at Minneapolis or away beyond. The red glow extended upward to a great height, and it was after 6 o'clock before it had subsided. The brilliant spectacle attracted wide-spread attention and admiration. A similar display, occurring about ten days ago, was made the subject of extended comment by the scientists and newspapers throughout the civilized world. Last evening's phenomenon was much less striking, though brilliant enough to entitle it to mention as a most remarkable atmospheric spectacle. The display of ten days ago was puzzled astronomers and the scientific world generally. Wide differences of opinion existed as to the causes leading to such a wonderful effect. At a meeting of the American Astronomical society in New York on the evening of the 3d, the various problems were exhaustively discussed. One of the members said the first phenomenon appeared in San Francisco about Nov. 20 of the present year. It was then supposed that the appearance was caused by some fire burning in the West, although a suggestion placed the fire in the Pacific ocean. Subsequently the phenomenon was observed in the Mississippi valley. It seemed as if it progressed from west to east across the continent. But on the 9th or 10th of November, nearly two weeks before it was observed at San Francisco, similar phenomena were seen in England. So wide-spread was the red glow that the speaker soon formed the opinion that it was due to a general cause. He advanced the theory that the cause of the phenomena might be reflection from meteoric dust. He also suggested that the phenomena of the green sun seen in India and South America might be accounted for in the same way. The idea was that either of these phenomena could be accounted for by the volcanic vapors from the island of Java. Certain it is that some very unusual condition of things exists in the atmosphere to produce regular appearances that have recently been witnessed, and the display of last evening will tend to still further incite the scientist and stimulate an effort to solve the extraordinary problem.

EASTERN INVESTIGATION.

New York Sun: A remarkable observation was made by Prof. Brooks, an industries astronomer of Western New York on Wednesday evening. While searching with his telescope for comets, he saw what he describes as a shower of telescopic meteors "near the sun." This, of course, means that they were near the apparent place of the sun in the sky, and not literally near that body, for the sun had already set at the time, and if what Prof. Brooks saw was really a meteor swarm, the meteors must have been in the upper regions of our atmosphere. Supposed flights of meteors seen through telescopes have occasionally turned out to be flocks of birds, but an observer as careful and experienced as Prof. Brooks seems to be would not be likely to make such a mistake. That Assumption then that he really did see an extraordinary swarm of meteors, and remembering that meteors large enough to be visible without telescopes and some of great size and brilliancy, have recently been unusually numerous, the suggestion that the red light seen in the sky for several evenings past, and long since, may be caused by reflection from clouds of meteoric dust in the upper portion of the atmosphere is not unnatural. There are several reasons for thinking that the strange light is the result of some such cause as the presence of meteoric dust rather than of differences of density in the atmosphere leading to extraordinary refraction. In the latter case, the phenomenon has not only been visible over an immense extent of territory, but it has lasted several days, and has been seen in the east before sunrise as well as in the west after sunset, so that any abnormal refraction in the atmosphere would have to be of almost incredible persistence in order to account for the observed appearances. Besides, during this time there have been constant and marked changes in respect to temperature. These remarkable sunset displays have also been accompanied by a notably hazy appearance of the sky.

It is well known that the earth is daily and nightly pelted with millions of meteors, the vast majority of which are almost instantly consumed by the intense heat developed as they dash into our atmosphere. The products of the combustion of these meteors fall slowly down through the air, and have been found in the shape of metallic dust on the snow fields in the arctic regions, on mountain peaks in Europe, and in other similar localities, being recognizable by their peculiar chemical composition. It is also known that the solar system abounds with swarms of comets, circling around the sun, and that the earth crosses the path of a number of these, occasionally encountering the swarms themselves. The vast majority of these meteors are very small, those that are seen weighing on an average probably only a few grains; and since the telescope reveals millions which escape the naked eye, it is reasonable to conclude that millions more are too small to be seen, even with telescopes—mere meteoric dust. There are historic instances of supposed falls of meteoric dust, the most remarkable, perhaps, being that of 1783, when Europe, part of Asia, and part of North America were covered for months with a dry fog, or haze, which excited the greatest alarm. Prof. Brooks's suggestion that the earth has encountered a cloud of meteoric dust is not, therefore, without foundation in probability. If the recent blazing sunsets have really resulted from such a cause, they are likely to continue, in a modified form, for some time, gradually disappearing as the dust sinks lower in the atmosphere. But although so many reasons can be advanced which give probability to the theory that meteoric dust is concerned in the production of these strange sunset effects, yet it cannot be considered as proved, and some better explanation may be offered. Whatever the true explanation may turn out to be, however, everybody seems to agree in the opinion that the red glare in the west during the last three or four evenings has been one of the most singular spectacles beheld in the sky for many years.

Frank James Not Yet Clear.

Kansas City Special: There was a gathering here recently of old time confederates and companions of Quantrell and other rough riders of the "Lost Cause," in order to assist Frank James, the noted outlaw, in obtaining bail for his many crimes. It has been known for some time that the step was to be taken, and in consequence officers from various localities were on hand to secure the prisoner, if perchance he was secured liberally. His bail in the sum of \$5,000 for the Blue Cut robbery was finished, but he was immediately re-arrested by the sheriff of Gallatin county upon the charge of having murdered Cashier Sherman at Gallatin, Dec. 7, 1879, and will be taken to that point the 14th. United States marshals were on hand with writs for James' arrest for the Mussel Shoals (Ala) robbery, and for stopping United States mails. Also an officer from Northfield, Minn., with a requisition from Gov. Hubbard. The prisoner and his friends were greatly surprised at the course taken by the officers in returning the outlaw to

his old quarters at Gallatin. It is not known whether he will be allowed bail in that case.

A Sad Tale of City Life.

C. P. Pease forged checks in New York for \$43, being driven to it by hunger. When caught he was so weak that it was with difficulty that he was led to a restaurant, where a hearty meal enabled him to tell his story. About two weeks ago he came to New York with his young wife. The couple endured a great many hardships through the inability of Pease to obtain work, and after daily wandering about the streets they were obliged to stoop at nights in the parks. At last the woman's strength gave out and she went to the home for the friendless. Pease, while waiting himself in the Metropolitan hotel, found the check on the floor where it had been dropped by Lesh & Hecht's bookkeeper, and was in so destitute a condition that it induced him to commit the crime of forgery. The prisoner was dressed in a summer suit, and had a number of newspapers wrapped around his body to keep him warm. He had no stockings. The complaining parties refused to prosecute the unfortunate man. He was discharged.

Pine Land Classification and Sale.

Mr. Strat also introduced a bill to provide for the classification and disposition of the pine timber lands belonging to the public domain. It withdraws these lands from sale or other disposal and provides that: They shall not be subject to pre-emption or homestead entry. It directs the secretary of the interior to classify the lands which are chiefly valuable or salable for other than timber and cause an appraisal of the timber thereon, so far as surveys have been made. The pine timber lands are to be divided into forty and eighty acre tracts or fractions thereof, and all pre-emption or homestead entry, or claims thereof, made after the date of the approval of this act, shall be canceled and the lands so entered returned in the manner provided by law in case of erroneous sales. It further provides that the president may from time to time, at his discretion, by proclamation, authorize the secretary of the interior to receive, in the name of the government, the registers and receivers of the land districts in voluntary such lands as authorized to be sold, and shall, upon the terms of such proclamation, receive the same in their respective districts in the manner now provided by law and the regulations of the general land office, and in such notice the tracts and lands to be sold. The public sales of such lands shall be kept open for one year, and no longer. The bids shall be for forty or eighty acre tracts, or fractions thereof, and each bid shall be in writing and sealed, and no sale shall be made unless the conditions of the time of public sale, and the mode of payment of said lands shall specify the time and place of opening such bids. The commission of the general land office shall prescribe such rules and regulations for making, receiving, opening and entering such bids as he may deem proper, and no bids shall be considered for a less sum than two-thirds the appraised value thereof. The land to be sold shall be put up for sale, to be paid for in accordance with the bid, and the same shall be subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, and shall be canceled if it appears that by the commission of bidders, or other cause or causes, a fair sale has not been made. All unimproved lands shall be exempt from the operations of the act.

A Southern Tragedy.

Milledgeville (Ga.) Special: Twelve years ago Robert Humphreys of Bartow county grew jealous of the attention paid his wife by other men. He watched for criminal evidence without a trial, and finally, one day, he pushed the bedroom window, he thought he detected a man in bed, and, being at him, ran off, not knowing that it was his own child he had killed. The mother, knowing that her husband was not coming back, had taken her daughter to bed with her. Humphreys was tried, convicted, and sentenced to hang, but the day of execution arrived he made his escape. Twelve years elapsed and nothing was heard of him, during which time his wife, believing him dead, had remarried. Three months ago several Bartow county men, prospecting through the neighboring county of Calhoun, came across the almost forgotten murderer, who, under another name, had gone to work, carried a small form, and was living within a day's walk of the scene of his crime. They promptly took him in charge. Since then he has been in Bartow jail awaiting sentence. The governor, on being appealed to, ordered a commission of inquiry, which decided that the man was hopelessly demented. To-day he was placed in the State asylum for insane.

Gen. Longstreet made a speech at Woodstock, Ill., last summer, and was visibly over-joyed, according to the papers, by his feelings on the new friendship of north and south. He now explains that it was simply pain caused by a bullet in his throat which he got at the battle of the Wilderness.

Mrs. Mary Penfield of Rockford, Ill., and her daughter, were arrested in Berlin, Germany, recently on suspicion of being nihilists. They were simply going about shopping in the unattended American way.

The postmaster general has called on the attorney general for an interpretation of the act of March 3, 1883, providing a readjustment of salaries of postmasters in accordance with the act of June 12, 1866. A very large number of claims have been made by postmasters for back pay under this act, and the amount involved is variously estimated at \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

A meeting of members of the Vander-slice family was held at Philadelphia to prosecute their claim to the property of Jacob Vander-slice, who died in Dort, Holland, in 1824, leaving an estate now valued at \$50,000. Jacob had no children and the claimants are descendants of his five brothers.

The wife of John Horrie of Homerville, New Brunswick, gave birth to four boys on the afternoon of the 13th inst. One died two hours afterward. The others are doing well.

One of the largest cattle sales on record was consummated at Denver, D. H. and J. W. Snyder & Co., of Denver, bought of Snyder Bros., of Georgetown, Tex., over 29,000 head of cattle and 400 horses; consideration, \$700,000 cash.

At Indianapolis Dr. Edward Griffiths, whose daughter, Mrs. E. T. Johnson, died recently from the effects of a pistol shot wound, supposed to have been inflicted by herself, has brought suit to set aside a deed executed by her the night before the tragedy. He alleges that her husband obtained the property by fraud and deception, aided by Rev. Dr. Wakefield of Richmond, Ind., who was misled and connived at the scheme. The plaintiff charges that Johnson falsely represented his wife to have been seduced by Col. Henry of Knoxville, Tenn. He says she was shot and killed in bed, intimating foul play.

Tyler & Frost, shoe manufacturers, of Lynn, Mass., and Joseph Mullet of East Brookfield, have failed. Liabilities not stated.

A CLOSE CALL.

A Storm of Bullets—An Incident of the Battle of Fredericksburg.

"Did you ever have a very 'close call' during the war?" asked a Star reporter of a prominent clerk in the Postoffice department, who served in Hancock's old division of the 2d corps. "Close call"—yes, several. We had them nearly every day from '61 to '63; but the closest call I ever had was at Fredericksburg, when Gen. Burnside ordered the attack on Marye's Heights. Our division was in the advance, and lost more men that day than the balance of the troops engaged on the right wing. When my regiment filed out the streets of the town we mustered 218, and that night only twenty-seven answered roll call. All were not killed but every man left alive outside of the twenty-seven could show a wound. I was one of the number who responded at muster after the fight. Our adjutant was also present, yet during the engagement he received an injury that prevented him from lying on his back or taking a comfortable seat for two weeks. We noticed something peculiar in his gait, but, he being a proud man, no one dared to ask what was the cause, and it was months before we found out."

"I will tell you the story of my experience that day," continued the veteran. "Directly after we left the streets to make the attack, I felt a tug at the haversack by my side, but was too busy, looking ahead, to investigate the cause. Next came a decided jerk under the left arm, and upon examination a hole was found through both my coats—for it was winter, December 13th 1862. The Johnnie's bullets did not touch my clothes again until we got to within 50 feet of the stone wall, at the base of the hill, under the Marye's mansion. The fire from the three lines of battle of the enemy,—one at the top, one on the side, and one at the foot of the ridge,—had been steady all the way up the slope from the town; but when we reached the vicinity of the wall, and it appeared we were carrying everything before us, the jaws of hell seemed to open on both sides. I never was in such a fire, from Bull Run to Appomattox, as we experienced that moment. Bullets or pieces of shell seemed to be striking everything above ground, near where we stood in line, and one by one our men fell dead or wounded. A small board fence in our front disappeared in less than half a hour. A splinter from this fence struck me across the bridge of the nose and eyelids, and made the bloody fly for a second or two. It was only a scratch, but I thought at the time that half my head was gone and concluded to lie down and calmly await the approach of death. Just then a piece of a shell took off my right coat-tail. This hastened the movement into a horizontal position on the ground, from which I did not stir, until darkness put a stop to the slaughter, except to crawl up a few feet closer to the hub of an old wagon-wheel, that had been stuck in the ground probably for years. The rains of many seasons had washed the earth down hill against the hub, and it afforded an excellent protection for my wounded (?) head. Once, and only once, did I venture to look out from this haven of rest, and then a southern gentleman behind that memorable stone wall took the cap off my head with a bullet from his rifle. God only knows where that cap went, for I never looked for it again. After this a bullet lodged in my knapsack, which was exposed above the wheel hub. The old spokes of the wheel were all knocked out. In fact the members of the opposition behind the wall shot off their guns at everything within range until they got tired, and the line of blue coats was so still that there seemed to be no life in it. Some few were crowded behind a brick house a short distance off. These were the only men who appeared to be alive, and towards the last all their energies were apparently devoted to keeping under cover of the house.

"Just at this time a new danger appeared in our rear. A green regiment, over whose backs we marched into the fight that morning, opened fire on the enemy, as they thought, but their range was too low, and the bullets from their guns were striking along our position and finishing the work of destruction. My place of shelter and that behind the house was open and exposed to this attack. One of the first bullets, fired by this regiment caught in the hollow of my right shoe and tore off the heel. This was the only danger done me by these blundering volleys, but many of our men were killed by the shots from behind. The knowledge that a fellow in nearly three long miserable hours we waited for night to relieve us from our awkward position. It was by this fire from the rear that our gallant adjutant was damaged in the way I have mentioned.

"When darkness came on the few who had strength enough to move crawled down to the city. A tall old veteran, who had followed Gen. Scott through Mexico and who was then a member of my company, was the only man in my immediate neighborhood whom I could recognize as belonging to the regiment of 218 men who faced the heights that morning. We brought out the colors and by rolling and creeping succeeded in reaching shelter under the brick walls of the town. Nearly two and a half years after, when Lee's army stacked arms for the last time, I asked what was the hottest place he was ever in, and he replied, without a moment's hesitation, 'Fredericksburg.' That night while old Mike and I were preparing to have some supper, near the corner of Prince and Caroline streets, I put my right hand in my haversack to get some crackers and upon examining the handful brought out we found the bullet, which had caused the first tug at my side that morning. This discovery led Mike to remark: 'Better have it in your hand than where you are putting that hard tack and coffee.' "That is the story of one day's life in the army of the Potomac," added the veteran. "The experience is not exclusively mine. Hundreds can tell a similar story, and for that reason you are not to use my name. All you want is some more light on the events of a

day that will never be effaced from my memory if I live to the age of Methuselah."

Miscellaneous.

Some San Francisco fishermen recently caught a singular marine monster, which they call an elephant fish, in their net, after a struggle of several hours, during which the creature dragged the smack a long distance. It measures nine feet eight inches in length, four feet wide, and seven feet in circumference, and has a mouth eighteen inches wide. It appears to belong to the shark species, and part of a human body was found in its maw.

The value of the willow crop of Wyoming county, N. Y., is estimated at \$12,000. The heaviest crops are found in the towns of Perry, Gainsville and Warsaw, and the willows are shipped to Syracuse, Buffalo and New York to German basket-makers, where they command from \$1 to \$24 per ton. Before 1869 the willows had to be stripped of their bark where they were raised, which was accomplished by standing the bunches in a stream of water. Since 1869 the buyers take them bark and all, and strip the stalk by steam power, which makes it more profitable for the producers.

Among the Oriental rugs on exhibition at the Boston Fair there are two which are so fine that photographs have been made of them for exhibition, and they are some of the finest ever seen in this country. One of them is 21 feet, 10 inches by 7 feet in size. One scarcely recognizes the fact that such specimens as these find ready sale among connoisseurs at \$1,000 each. Another good rug, smaller in size, fine and thin, woven in dark, rich colors, is the Senoh. In many respects it resembles the Afghan rug. These rugs are valued at about \$200. There is not one factory in the world that makes Mecca rugs. They are made entirely by hand, and it is only possible to get three or four at a time.

Some views on cholera, based on a successful practical experience with the disease in Madrid and the Philippines, have been expressed to the Paris Academy of Sciences by Mons. Raouin de Luna. He believes that the cause of cholera is always to be found in the atmosphere; that it exerts its action exclusively through the respiratory organs; that its incubation is most likely to take place during a passive condition of the individual, particularly during sleep; that the microbe or ferment acts chiefly on the blood-corpuscles, preventing proper oxidation, and so leading to gradual suffocation; that the only safe remedy is the inhalation of nitrous acid mixed with air; and that the best means of prevention is the nitrous fumigation of rooms, utensils, etc., twice a day.

The Dashaway Society, a noted temperance organization of San Francisco, had a peculiar origin. One night in the early history of the city a party of men were winding up a spree in a saloon, when one of the members dashed the liquor from the glass, and said: "I dash it away forever!" From this incident the society was formed.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat claims that, according to the census report, although the southern states possess only one-eighteenth of the wealth of the country, they contribute one-sixth of all the money expended for school purposes—contributing to their schools three times as liberally as the north or west, while they furnish one-fourth of all the scholars in the public schools. In the south, too, there is no distinction in the pay of male and female teachers—both are paid alike. The census also shows that children are much more numerous in the south than in the north and west, in proportion to the population, the birth rate being decidedly higher, and the number of children to the family greater.

One of the best stories of the season comes from Wrightsville, S. C., and is thus told by the Recorder: "A lady while engaged in the pursuit of her domestic duties, encountered a mouse in the flour barrel. Now most ladies, under such circumstances, would have uttered a genuine shriek and then sought safety in the garret; but this one possessed more than the ordinary degree of genuine courage. She summoned the man servant and told him to get the gun, call the dog and stationed herself at a convenient distance, then she clambered up-stairs and commenced to punch the flour barrel with a pole. Presently the mouse made its appearance and started across the floor. The dog started at once in pursuit. The man fired and the dog dropped dead. The lady smiled, fell down the stairs, and the man, thinking she was killed, and fearing that he would be arrested for murder, disappeared, and has not been seen since. The mouse escaped."

New York spent for education last year, \$3,626,328.

How "The Scarlet Letter" Was Written.

An intimate friend of Hawthorne's has related the following charming little anecdote, showing the circumstances under which one of his best novels was written: One wintry day Hawthorne received at the office notification that his service would no longer be required. With heaviness of heart he repaired to his lunatic home. His young wife recognized the change and stood watching for the silence to be broken. At length he faltered: "I am removed from office." She left the room; soon returned with fuel and kindled a bright fire with her own hands; next she brought pen, paper, ink, and settlem before him. Then she touched the sad man on the shoulder, and, as he turned to the beaming face, said: "Now you can write your book." The cloud cleared away. The post office looked like a cage from which he had escaped. "The Scarlet Letter" was written, and a marvelous success rewarded the author and his stout-hearted wife.—N. Y. Home Journal.

LIGHTNING HAS BEEN TAMED!

and Thunder Explained, but how in the Dickens those Pioneer Merchants

ODEGARD & THOMPSON,

Sell the best grades of goods in every line so amazingly cheap remains an inexplicable mystery. Now is the time to call and get great bargains in

DRY GOODS or CLOTHING,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps or Notions.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Kept in Large, Fresh and Full Quantities, and a big line of

Agricultural Implements!

from the best manufacturers can be had of us at inside figures and on terms to suit. Don't buy a Sleigh, Wagon, plow, seeder, harrow, harvester, or a single farming utensil before you have consulted us. Of

FOUR & FEED

we carry an immense stock, and prices are way down, so fat up your stock.

REMEMBER we believe in honorable, square-toed dealing and the nimble sixpence, therefore when you need anything in the line of Family Supplies you can get it—unless it is soft soap you want—of the old reliable "Pioneers,"

ODEGARD & THOMPSON.

P. S.—WE DICKER FOR ALL KINDS OF PRODUCTS OR STOCK.

N. W. CAMPBELL,
Attorney at Law.

FRED A. SABIN,
U. S. Surveyor.

CAMPBELL & SABIN, LAND ATTORNEYS,

Offices at Fargo and Cooperstown.

PRACTICE In any and all courts in Dakota, and before the land department at Washington.

ACT as agents for Eastern Capitalists and the Business Man. Collections promptly made and taxes paid for non-residents.

FILE all necessary papers at the Land Office at Fargo and other land office districts.

LOAN money on Final Proof, Real Estate and chattels.

LOCATE parties on A No. 1 land.

CONTEST claims before District Land Offices and the courts of last resort, and transact a general Land Office Business.

KEENEY BLOCK,
FARGO.

Palace Hotel and Newell Block,
COOPERSTOWN.

HOMESTEADS!

TREE CLAIMS!

WHIDDEN BROS.

Will still be the firm name, but owing to the death of our junior partner a change becomes necessary, and all those indebted to us are earnestly requested to PAY UP within the next 30 DAYS. The balance of our

HEAVY STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices, some lines being marked away down below cost and others 10 and 25 PER CENT. OFF.

BOOTS & SHOES

Will be closed out regardless of cost. Big discount on

Ready - Made Clothing,

Duck Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc. Don't forget that we can sell you

FURNITURE

Cheaper than anywhere in Dakota. Now is the time to get a premium on your Wheat Checks, Government Bank Sight Drafts and Gold.

Give us a call and be convinced that what we say we mean, and can back it up in a substantial manner.

WHIDDEN BROS.

Holiday Goods!

Holiday Goods!

J. F. BRONSON,

The Sanborn Jeweler, is now at the Palace Hotel where he will hold forth until Monday next, with a large assortment of

JEWELRY,

—and a nice line of—

FANCY GOODS!

Call early and get a bargain and a present. Remember Monday forenoon will be the last chance to get good bona fide goods of a regular dealer.

MISS THIRZA GIMBLETT, Dress & Mantle Maker

Work done at residence of patrons or taken home. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply at Mr. Adams' Burrell Ave., D. T. COOPERSTOWN.

FISH!

DRIED, CANNED, PICKLED, AT WHIDDEN BROS.

"No lady can get along without it."—Detroit (Mich.) Advertiser.

Cheapest and Best!

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE!

Splendid premiums for getting up clubs: Illustrated "Golden Gift." Large-size Steel-Engraving.

FULL-SIZE PAPER PATTERNS. A supplement will be given in every number for 1884, containing 1 full-size pattern for a lady's or child's dress. Every subscriber will receive, during the year, twelve of these patterns—worth more, alone, than the subscription price.

Peter's Magazine is the cheapest and best of the lady's books. It gives more for the money and contains greater merit than any other. In short, it has the best steel engravings, best colored fashions, best dress patterns, best music, etc. Its immense circulation and long established reputation enable its proprietor to distance all competition. Its stories, novels, etc., are admitted to be the best published. All the most popular female writers contribute to it. In 1884, more than 100 original stories will be given, besides six copyright novels—by Ann S. Stevens, Mary V. Spencer, Frank Lee Benedict, Lucy H. Hooper, the author of "Josiah Allen's Wife," and the author of "The Second Life."

COLORED STEEL FASHION-PLATES. "Peter's" is the only magazine that gives these. They are twice the usual size and are unequalled for beauty. Also, Household, Cookery, and other receipts; articles on art embroidery, Flower culture, house-decoration—in short, everything interesting to ladies.

Terms, Always in Advance, \$2 a Year.

UNPARALLELED OFFERS TO CLUBS. 2 copies for \$3.50, 3 for \$4.50—With a superb illustrated volume, "The Golden Gift," or a large size costly steel-engraving, "Tired Out," for getting up the club.

4 copies for \$6.50, 6 for \$9.00—With an extra copy of the magazine for 1884, as a premium to the person getting up the club.

5 copies for \$8.00, 7 for \$10.20—With both an extra copy of the magazine for 1884, and the "Golden Gift," or the large steel-engraving, "Tired Out," to the person getting up the club.

For larger clubs, still greater inducements. Address, post-paid,

CHARLES J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up clubs with.

THEO. F. KERR, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon!

Cooperstown, Dakota.

Office in Newell's Drug Store.

IVER JACOBSON,

Attorney

—AND—
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COOPERSTOWN, DAK.

COOPERSTOWN MEAT MARKET!

—BY—
Andrew Johnson,
A Full Line of Fresh and Salt

MEATS,

Salt & Canned Fish,
Sugar Cured Hams,
PIPED BREAD, ETC.,
Constantly on Hand.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Live Stock.

We are determined to give the public entire satisfaction, to which end we respectfully solicit all to call.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

J. W. SHANNON, —DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—

Furniture

—AND—
UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES.

SANBORN, DAK.

Agent for the New Howe and New Home Sewing Machines.

Minneapolis & St. Louis RAILWAY,

AND THE FAMOUS
Albert Lea Route.

TWO THROUGH TRAIN DAILY FROM ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TO CHICAGO

Without Change, connecting with the Fast Train of all lines for

EAST AND SOUTHEAST!

The Direct and only Line running through cars between MINNEAPOLIS and

DES MOINES, IOWA,

Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS

and the Principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in the Union Depot for all points South and Southwest!

MANY HOURS SAVED!

and the Only Line running Two Trains Daily to Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railways.

Close Connections made in Union Depot with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific; St. Paul & Duluth Railways, from and to all points North and Northwest.

REMEMBER! The Trains of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway are composed of Comfortable Day Coaches, MAGNIFICENT PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, and our justly CELEBRATED Palace Dining Cars!

150 Lbs. of Baggage Checked Free. FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST! For Time Tables, Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest Ticket Agent or write to

S. F. BOYD,
Gen'l Tkt. & Pass Agt., Minneapolis, Minn.

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE.

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U.S. (now retired) for the cure of *Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Depravity*. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO. Louisiana, Mo.

JOHN N. JORGENSEN,

Clerk of District Court.

Land Attorney,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAK.

Money Invested and Taxes paid for Non-Residents.

Money to Loan on Real Estate on Reasonable Terms.

Correct Abstracts of Griggs County Always on Hand!

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

Office Over Nelson & Langlie's Store. COOPERSTOWN.

BOYUM & HOILAND,

—DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF—

Farm Machinery,

And General Agents for the

RELIANCE TWINE BINDERS,

Monitor Seeders,

Norwegian Plows.

COOPERSTOWN AND ANETA.

The amount of time consumed in procuring divorces is often reported, if the decree is granted quickly. Probably mention of a quick marriage is equally interesting. Byron Andrus recently spent a few days in Valley City. Mr. Andrus, as many friends here know, is judge of probate for Griggs county, and while acting in his official capacity at a marriage ceremony tied the nuptial knot so quickly that it fairly took the breath of the bride away; time, twenty seconds. Timid young men, who are afraid of their knees giving way at the altar, are referred to Mr. Andrus, who will marry them and salute the bride almost before they are aware of it.—Valley City Times.

NORTHERN THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TO THE LAND EXPLORER,
TO THE BUSINESS MAN,
TO THE MECHANIC,
TO THE LABORER,
TO THE SPORTSMAN,
TO THE TRAVELER.

TO ALL CLASSES!!

For the Building of Wheat!
For the Harvesting of Stock, Horses, etc.
For a Healthy Climate!
For Sure and Good Crops!
For remunerative Investments!
For the most Superior
For the most Superior

The Northern Pacific Country has no EQUAL.

SAVE MONEY. By purchasing ticket round trip, tickets are at all Ticket Offices to all stations, reduced rates.

Company tickets are sold at Sanborn to all Eastern and Northern points.

Without charge on all Trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fargo and Duluth; for beauty and comfort these cars are unsurpassed.

Elegant Hotel & Dining Cars. These cars are served with new refined china and other special attractions.

Superior Dining Cars.

Without exception the finest on the continent are on our all Trains. First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second, Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth, Sixtieth, Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth, Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth, Sixty-seventh, Sixty-eighth, Sixty-ninth, Seventieth, Seventy-first, Seventy-second, Seventy-third, Seventy-fourth, Seventy-fifth, Seventy-sixth, Seventy-seventh, Seventy-eighth, Seventy-ninth, Eightieth, Eighty-first, Eighty-second, Eighty-third, Eighty-fourth, Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth, Eighty-seventh, Eighty-eighth, Eighty-ninth, Ninetieth, Ninety-first, Ninety-second, Ninety-third, Ninety-fourth, Ninety-fifth, Ninety-sixth, Ninety-seventh, Ninety-eighth, Ninety-ninth, One hundredth.

Agents: Superintendant, Trunk, St. Paul.