Cooperstown Courier. | PITH OF THE NEWS.

By E. D. STAIR.

COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAT.

The great shoe and leather failures of Boston and vicinity are attributed to our production. The manufacturers loaded themselves up so heavily with made-up stock that it was only a question of time when the crash would come.

The meeting in St. Paul of some twenty-five gentlemen, dignified as the Na tional Forestry Congress, was not productive of great results, though the papers presented and the discussion thereon were interesting to listeners, they were altogether too wordy and diffuse for popular approval. Dr. George B. Loring, commissioner of agriculture, was elected president, and the recording secretary was taken from the District of Columbia-two selections that will probably ally the organization more closely to the department of agriculture. The proceedings will be published in pamphlet for m and those immediately interested in awakening public sentiment to the importance of forestry work will find therein much material for thought and action.

France is contracting a new loan for \$60,000,000. She owes nearly \$5 000,000,-000, and it is becoming rather a serious question as to whether the amount has not become too large to be controlled. Her government expenditure, including that of the immense standing army and the payment of interest, reached last year the sum of about \$1,000,000,000, or four times that of the United States. If there were no other cause of discontent in France, this burden would be sufficient to cause disquietude.

The mineral products of the United States are immense. According to the official report recently issued by Mr. Albert Williams, Jr., the chief of the division of mining statistics and Technology of the United States geological survey, the value of the mined products of this country in 1882 amounted to a grand total of \$453,913,406, of which \$219,756,004 was in metallic products, iron alone reaching \$106,336,429. The value of the silver mined was \$46,800,-000; gold, \$32,500,000; coal, over \$146,-632,000. But large as these figures are, they are a mere bagatelle when compared to our agricultural products, the aggregate value of which amounts up into annum. billions.

The startling statement is published that since the 1st of last January sixtyfive criminals have been hanged by due process of law, while seventy-one have been hanged or shot without it. In January there were six, in February fif-teen, in March three, in April eleven, in May seven, in June nineteen, and in July ten. At first sight this statement of the operations of the lynch law dur-ing the last six months would seem to be an exaggeration, but careful readers been hanged or shot without it. In be an exaggeration, but careful readers of the daily record of crime must admit that it comes very near the truth. It is a sad commentary on the lax administration of criminal law in this country, not only that so many lynchings should the National Liberal League, signed by T. not only that so many lynchings should have occurred but that none of the lynchers have been punished, for they are no less violators of law than their victims. But the prime cause of this condition of the lyncher of the prime cause of this condition of the lyncher of the prime cause of this condition of the lyncher of the lyncher of the lyncher of the lyncher of the light of the things is found in the popular distrust of ordinary forms of law, which seem to give the criminal every advantage for escaping conviction, and when convicted, so many chances of escaping adequate punishment, through the abolition of the death penalty and unwise executive clemency. The administration of justice should be marked by certainty and celerity, as in England and other countries, where lynch law is scarcely ever resorted to for the punishment of crime and all officials are held to strict accountability for the due execution of criminal laws. Manitoba is in a bad way financially, at the present time, owing to a collapse of the speculating bubble, that was inflated beyond sense or reason. But the greatest sufferers are not in Manitoba, but the bankers and capitalists of the eastern provinces, who freely lent money to traders and speculators. The banks have had up to within a year the most unbounded faith in the Manitoba loans. The progressive policy of the government confirmed them in this faith, and the influx of a very good type of farmers supplemented it. But now it is admitted that a very large percentage of the emigrants are lost in passing through the states, and others return after a season or two, battling the climate and the high freight rates. The bank people find that in Manitoba men put in in dollars and take out in cents. that the loans are not safe, and that foreclosing on the wilderness is no easy task. The orgie of speculation, carried to an extreme seldom witnessed in the United States, has been succeeded by a stagnation that will severely tax the courage and patience of the most hope. ful. But the country will probably emerge in time, from the present shadow and attain a degree of real prosperity, but not until fictitious values have been materially reduced and enterprise substituted for reckless speculation.

EVENTS IN WASHINGTON. The cash receipts of the treasury from customs and internal revenue for the first fourteen days of August are less by \$1,874,-000 than the receipts from the same sources for the same time in July. Since August 1. however, there have been large repayments to the treasury, consisting mainly of about \$12,000,000 on the pension accounts. It is now expected that there will be another heavy draft on the treasury to pay pensions until October, and it is regarded as profita-ble that the interest on the bonds last called will be anticipated. called will be anticipated.

Notice is given that on Wednesday, Aug. 22, and on each Wednesday, the United States bonds embraced in the 121st call will States bonds embraced in the 121st call will be redeemed at the treasury department in Washington, to the amount of \$5,000,000, without rebate interest. Bonds presented at the department on the day named, for re-demption, will be paid in the order of their presentation, and if an excess of \$5,000,000 be presented on either day, such excess will be first paid on the next redemption day. A postoffice has been established at Fire,

Kossuth county, Iowa. Special service established—Dakota—Duncan, Buffalo coun-ty; Delta, Buffalo county. Mail messenger service established—Iowa—Central Junc tion, Jones county. "The grading of the Milwaukee & St. Paul

rc ad from Ashton to Walsey, will be com-pleted this week. Cars will be running from Aberdeen to Mitchell by September. United States Fish Commissioner Baird

talks of stocking Montana waters with game fish. Supervising Architect Hill orders work to

be begun at once on the new Minneapolis postoffice.

NEWS OF THE RAILROADS.

The Northwestern has issued another circular in reference to the Minnesota exhibition, offering a practical half-rate on shipments meant as exhibits. The circular differs from the first inasmuch as it in-cludes Minnesota, Dakota, Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois.

Traveling Auditor Landis, of the Manitoba road was at Herman adjusting the loses by damaged freight in the depot fire, which he says will not exceed \$150. The loss on building and fixtures is \$700 or \$800. All the valuable papers and books have been found.

President Colby, of the Wisconsin Central railroad, who gave \$1,000,000 to establish a new university in Milwaukee, is a son of Gardner Colby, who endowed the college which bears his name at Waterville, Me.

A horse was discovered in the railway bridge near North Branch by three citizens, who rescued the equine, just in time to avert the wrecking of the approaching train.

Vice Presicent Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, says that the August earnings of the road will be at the rate of \$9,000,000 per

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

W. B. Dunnell, an architect of Minneapolis, has made drawings for the new Presbyterian college building, located at Albert Lea. The plan adopted consists of persons. The design is of Gothic architec-ture, and will be very attractive in appear-ance. It is intend ed to make this institution exclusively for young ladies. It is well located, and starts out under favorable auspice

A call for the seventh annual congress of

Massachusetts have their homes in towns of more than 10,000 inhabitants. That commonwealth has a larger number of cities of 20,000 or more than any other state. About four-fifths of her p pulation is in towns of more than 5,000.

The federal officers of Topeka, Kans., claim to have advices that the Slade-Mitchell p.ize-fight is to be just across the Indian Territory line, south of Baxter Springs, Kans., and that efforts are being made to have United States officers on hand to stop

The Lancaster (Pa.) Watch company, which suspended operations several week age, owing to inancial embarrassment, will resume. Sufficient additional capital has been pledged to secure the successful opera-tion of the works in the future.

Elections were held throughout the country for members of councils general. Seventy-one districts return republicans and twenty-three conservatives. Second ballots are necessary in seventeen districts. The republican net gain is two.

The Royal Insurance company of Liverpool took out a permit recently, to build a nine-story office building on Jackson street, Chicago, in close proximity to the new chamber of commerce, to cost \$500,000.

Commodore Whiting of Milwaukee has come to the sensible conclusion that asso-ciations for recovering the estates of greatgreat grand fathers are not of much account.

Official returns from 69 of the 117 counties in Kentucky show KBott's majority to be over 37,000. In the same counties Black-burn's majority was but 3,50.0

For the week the entire number of immigrants arrived in New York was 7,309, against 6,682 for the corresponding week last year.

Arrangements are beirg made for the celebration of Masonry among the colored men of the United States.

Gov. Blackburn of Kentucky has pardoned 845 criminsls during his adminstration. Mrs. Johnson of Tom's River, N. J., has had triplets for the third time.

The flax acreage this year in Minnesota has fallen off 7,641 acres.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

A man named Emerson, but generally known as "Texas Bill," shot and killed D. Enger, a baker, at Hutchinson, Ky., Emerson was arrested. About midnight sixty

and was arrested. About midnight sixty masked men went to the jail, hammered down the doors and were just about raking the murderer out to happ him when the sheriff with a large posse arrived, and drove them off. Emerson is known as a desper-ado, and said to have killed several men and his act is characterized as cold-blooded and upproveded and unprovoked.

At Austin, Tex., Lawrence Denman met Rev. R. G. Sewell on the street, and drawing a 44-caliber navy revolver, fired at the minister four times, inflicting wounds which caused death in a short time. The causes leading to the shooting are of a domestic nature, but can only be published on the tri-al of th: case. No one blames Denman, and yet Rev. Sewell is the victim of a conspiracy.

On the 15th, the Red Rock Junction-Salmon City, Mont., coach was stopped by two masked men on the Montana side of the main range and robbed. There were no passengers on board that day. The driver, "Red" McDonald, was held up and robbed of \$30—all the money he had with him.

A Mrs. Schlenar at Racine, Wis., is charged with setting a barn on fire in which her son was consumed. The report appears to leave but little room to doubt that the woman fired the barn for the purpose of de-stroying her wayward son, whose sole crime was that he was a book worm.

Gov. McCutcheon of Montana, has or-

was raised will be given to his widow and her children. More than 70 per cent. of the people in More than 50 per cent. of the A calamity has befallen the village of Vineyard Haven, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. A configration recently swept away the entire business portion of the place, excepting one store and destroyed over thirly dwelling houses, thus throwing out of occupation and home hundreds of persons who have lost everything. Many of these homeless ones are widows and or-phans, and all in need of immediate as-sistance. sistance.

The propeller Potomac, of Cleveland, Ohio, valued at \$40,000, insured for \$25,000, and loaded with rye worth \$26,000, is on the beach near Ahnapee, Wis., with twelve feet of water in her hold, having stove her bottom on a rock. She has been abandoned to the underwriters.

A broken-shouldered woman turns up in St. Paul with a curiously circumstantial story of a terrible accident on the Fort Wayne road on the 14th inst., of which no body else ever heard.

The Crescent Flour mills at Augusta, Ga., owned by J. F. and L. J. Miller, were burned recently. Loss about \$50,000; insur-ance, \$27,000. A considerable amount of four was destroyed.

The livery stable of A. Lubert at Carlisle, Ill., was burned. Pat Claney, a drunken Irishman, who was in the habit of sleep-ing in the stable perished in the flames. Col. Fred Grant has taken a house at

Morristown, N. J., and he and his wife and children will live there in future.

A fire at Tombstone, Ariz., on the 11th destroyed the People's Ice works. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$14,000.

For the six months ended August 1, 160 persons were killed and 501 injured on railroads in New York state.

During a fire in the pickle-work house in Mount Vernon, N. Y., recently, 5,000,000 pickles were destroyed.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Chicago Special: Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, is negotiating in this city for the purchase of material for a new evening daily, which it is un-derstood, is to be started by his son, Rich-ard Smith Jr., in St. Paul. An effort is al-so being made made to secure the use of a special wire, it being impossible to get the associated press telegrams. The new con-cern is backed by unlimited capital, it is

Will C. Jones the young dude who was severely cowhided by Grace Courtland in Milwaukee, is in Berlin, and threatens to return to the Cream City at d begin suits for libel against the newspapers which published accounts of his cowhiding. Mrs. Courtland, who whipped him, left a party in Milwaukee to watch her interests, and if Longs returns he will be given the moment ones returns he will be given the warmest kind of a reception.

James McDermott, who was arrested several days ago on board the steamer City of

Gov. Rusk of Wtsconsin has appointed Charles M. Webb of Grand Rapids judge of the Seventh judicial circuit, vice G. L. Park; has resigned, the appointment to take effect Aug. 15, and continuing until his successor is qualified, after having been elected upon the first Monday in January, 1885.

D. O. Mills has presented the state of California a magnificent piece of statuary, representing Columbus at the court of Queen Isabella. It will be nine feet high and cost \$35,000, and be placed in the rotunda of the capitol at Mills' expense.

A telegram from White Sulphur Springs, Va., announces the death of Pierre Bernard, the husband of the late Caroline Rich-ings Bernard, the vocalist. The remains will be taken to Richmond for interment

dress.

A party of depositors in a small saving bank in London, angry at their inability to draw their money on demand, entered the bank recently and wrecked the premises. Police were called, but refuse to interfere.

Juror Field sold the furniture in his house in Dublin preparatory to quitting Ireland. An abortive attempt was made to boycott the sale.

There is a cloud gathering in India, and uneasy murmurs denote a growing dissatisfaction and unrest.

A street car line is now in operation at Tokio, Japan, with Japanese conductors, who carry the bell-punch.

The prince of Wales has contributed \$100 toward the relief of the sufferers by the Ischia earthquake.

Speedy Justice.

OAKLAND, Miss, Aug. 16 .- On the 26th of last July Townsend Sayle, a young merchant Inst July Townsend Sayle, a young merchant engaged in business here, was assassinated by an unknown party, who mulilated the remains in a horrible manner. Suspicion pointed to a negro named Jo Payne, who was arrested yes-terday. He made a full confession, and to-day at 2:35 p. m. Payne was publicly hanged by the almost unanimous vole of 5000 or 600 citizens. The proceedings were quiet. Sheriff Pearson made an eloquent appeal in favor of the law taking its course, but the crime was so revolting, and his confession of cold, delib-erate murder so clear and satisfactory, that the sheriff was overpowered and relieved of his charge. A court was at once organized, be-fore which Payne made a full confession, say-ing that on the night of the killing he went to the house of Sayle for the purpose of killing him for his money; that he waited there until Sayle came out, when he joined him. They walked about 200 yarde, when he knocked him down, then cut his throat and threw him in a deep gully, rified his pockets of money and store and safe keys. Then he went to the store, got what money was there, amounting in all to about \$30. A gallows was at once erected and the prisoner mounted the scaffold with a firm step. In ten minutes after the drop fell he was pro-nounced dead. The colored people were as clamorous as the white for avenging the crime. engaged in business here, was assassinated by

Murder and Lynching in Georgia.

Brainridge, Georgia Special Telegram, Aug. 12 .- Joseph Tulford has been lynched tor the murder of his wife, and one of two negroes whom he hired for \$1.50 to assist him in the foul deed shared a similar fate. The hideous tragedy exercises the entire people of southwestern Georgia. The \$1.80 paid by Tulford to Harry Bradley and Reuben Robertson for their sevices in murdering his wife was taken from the murdered woman's effects, and had been earned by her with her needle during which time she was confined to her bed. It is also learned was confined to her bed. It is also learned that the lynched murderers carried a gourd and a bucket of water to the creek where they sunk the body, set the bucket on the bank, threw the gourd into the creek, and suspended the dead woman's bonnet from a limb near the buck-et in order to create the impression that she had committed suicide. When Ful-ford was shown the blood-stained body of his murdered wife as it lay in the creek, he his murdered wife as it lay in the creek, he attempted a faint exhibition of grief and said he would not have had it happened for \$5. It is now rumored that, Fulford's father is a party to the crime. If the rumor develops into a truth he will without doubt share the fate of his accomplices

A Strange Summer Guest. Cobbler and Gentleman.

There will probably come a quiet well-mannered gentleman to Saratoga, this year who has spent a few weeks there every season for ten years past. He is a modest, unassuming visitor, who is welcomed every year by the same circle of guests, enjoys himself as the rest do, and departs to his business. The other eleven months of the year he sits on a bench and makes ladies fine in fact. His boots. He has two lives. comrades in his working days think they know all about him. They see him re-appear every season. He is always the same, a little old-fashioned but polished in manners, and very intelligent in mind. He never presumes. He is a charming escort; is attentive to all the ladies in a way that compromises neither them nor himself. But for eleven months in the year he works upon such dainty boots as encase their feet. Such as his life is, it came about naturally, and he will never seek to alter it. His father was a village shoemaker before him, a quiet man of many thoughts—one of the old type of philosphers who were indifferent to the world and asked only food and clothes and leisure for contemplation. The son was like the father, except that he took to roading and developed a fine intellectual interest in the affairs of the world. He wished to see society, but to have a place in it himself was no ambition of his, though from quick perception he was able to take on the manners of a gentleman. At Saratoga, by not appearing to need any one he could be accepted in more than one circle, and came to know per-sonally all the most important men who move our national interests in commerce, politics, and railway communications. He asked no favors, made no claims, borrowed no man's money, made love to no woman's daughter. He made no mystery of himself and attracted no remark. Once he was asked if he was in business, and he calmly replied that he was in the boot and shoe trade in not a large way. At home he works at the bench with skillful hands and with thoughts upon his books or the people he knows, or the larger interest of humanity. He earns as much as any man can at that trade. and he spends nothing in superfluities till his month of vacation, and nothing upon vacations at any time. A man may get on with very little if he is un-married and a philosopher. When he leaves his work he spends his evening as Machiavelli spent his, in exile. Aft-er a bath and a change of garments he takes up his book and enters into the company of the best minds of all ages.— Boston Post.

lieve in the fundamental principles of our lieve in the fundamental principles of our republic, separation of church and state, the equality of all citizens before the law without distinction of creed, race or sex; justice for all priviledges and monoplies for none, need of universal secular education, free speech and a free press as a basis of universal suff-rage are invited to join the National liberal league, and appear or be represented in its seventh annual congress at Milwankee, Wis., Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Sent. 21, 22 Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 21, 22 and 23 next.

The Iowa State fair, which is to be held in Des Moines tor the fifth time, will begin Aug. 31 and will close Sept. 7. The fair will have two new exhibits—education and mining. There will be trotting each day, and each morning hurdle and dash races by noted lady riders. Ou Thursday all children under twelve years will be admitted free. Wednesday is old soldiers' day. Thursday the annual address will be delivered by the annual address will be delivered by Henry Clay Dean. For the best breed of beef cattle \$800 in premiums is offered. In

all, \$23,000 in premiums is offered. The convention at Buffalo of librarians after a spirited discussion, tabled the resolutions of the committee on the abolition of the book tariff, reciting that, in the of the book tarin, reciting that, in the opinion of the association, the duties on books and other printed matter imported was anomalous, unnecessary and unjust; that a memorial be sent to congress on the subject, and that the secretary request li-brarians to sign a similar mentorial.

Great excitement prevails in Vernon and Bates counties, Mo., over the discovery of oil. A firm recently paid \$5,000 for an op-tion lease of 320 acres in Vernon county for eighteen months at \$75 an acre. Machinery for five wells is on the road now from Pittsburg. The oilis of fine quality, and as soon as the refinery, which is to be put up short-ly, gets in operation, the oil men will begin shipping east.

James Finnegan, who has been quite a prominent citizen of Neillsville, Wis., for a good many years, has been arrested by Sheriff Meyers at Camp Douglas, on the charge of adultery, the complaint being made by the father of the girl, Mr. D. G. Babcock. The girl has also been arrested. Finnegan gave \$800 bail for his appearance.

The meeting which was called to express admiration for Capt. Webb, and raise a

and minister.

J. M. Massey, a Connersville,, Ohio. policeman, has distributed circulars in that place, making his affidavit to an improper intimacy between a wealthy manufacturer and a married lady whose husband is in he east. There is great excitement.

The propeller Potomac, loaded with 38,-000 bushels of rye, from Chicago, struck a rock at Ahnapee and was beached. She now lies with twelve feet of water in her hold. The cargo is an entire loss. The ves-sel was insured for \$35,000.

Mr. B. Freshman, clerk of M. A. McLeon, at Winnipeg, has skipped out, and his accounts are desperately short having "knocked down" from \$800 to \$900 a month during his employment by Mr. McLeon.

At Lexington, Mich., W. G. Farwood married a colored girl recently, having divorced a wife and left his two children with her. His neighbors tarred and feathered him, and drove him out of town.

Clayton, Iowa, produces high-toned burglars. A \$10,000 robbery has been traced to a justice of the peace, an insurance agent and a general man about town.

A confidence man took in Louis Bion of Owatonna to the tune of \$1,000 by getting him to endorse a draft for that amount.

James O. Parker, a prominent Williamsport, Pa., lawyer, is missing; and so are \$30,000 and a pretty girl.

John Younger, aged seventy-four years, lately from Illinois, hanged himself in Cleveland recently.

RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

The night of the 15th inst., with nessed the total destruction by fire of the car shops of the United States Rolling Stock company of Chicago. The origin of the fire is a profound mystery. The loss cannot be definitely stated, but it will be above \$300,000 and may reach \$500,-000. The two main buildings, the dry house and all their contents are s total loss, as nothing whatever remains of them but the blackened walls. The shops when running at their full capacity employed 1,500 observation at men, but for the last two years it is said the photographs. fund to be devoted to the erection of a mon-ument to his memory, was almost unat-tended. The project of the monument has been entirely abandoned, and what money is an eonstruction shops were full of the entirely abandoned, and what money is an eonstruction shops were full of the entirely abandoned is and what money is an eonstruction who end who end who eonstruction who end who en

beside his wite

Hon. George Marston, late attorney general of Massachusetts, and member of the law firm of Marston & Cobb, died at his residence, after six weeks' illness, aged sixtyone.

It is stated that Senator Don Cameron is deserving much benefit from the treatment of a celebrated English physician, to whose care he has committed himself.

Dr. Moffat, who died recently in England was for many years a missionary in Atrica. Livingstone, the explorer married his daughter.

Rev. James Cameron, one of the most prominent clergymen of the Presbyterian church of Canada, died at Chatsworth, Ont. recently.

Capt. Phelan of Kansas City, the man reported identical with O'Donnell, the slayer of James Carey is sojourning at Cork.

Edward Dubufe, the French pain ter, is dead.

FOREIGN NEWS GOSSIP.

It is rumored that Mr. Andrew Carnegie is about to offer himself as a candidate for parliament from Wolverhampton and like wise for the hand of a daughter of Mr. Gladstone. Another runcrin the Pitts-burg Post, from the same source, says that Mr. Carnegie has bought the London Echo and an interest in several Wolverhampton journals.

French trade returns for the first seven months of 1883 show the value of imports increased 58,000,000 francs, compared with the same period of last year. Exports de-creased 50,000,000 francs. The increase in the value of imports was due to the demand for foreign raw material. The decrease in exports was in manufactured goods.

The text of the treaty of commerce and amity between Mexico and Germany is published. The treaty contains the most fav-ored nation clause. Germans to pay no taxes not levied on Mexicans, to be exempt from military service and from contribu-tions in lieu thereof, also from forced loans.

The Austrian polar expedition bas arrived at Drentheir, Norway. The exp-dition spent a year on the island of Mayen. Commander Wohlmuth telegraphs that all rr nds are well, and that he made a perfect observation and secured a rich collection of

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