# Cooperstown Courier.

# By E. D. STAIR.

# COOPERSTOWN, GRIGGS CO., DAY

English railways kill between thirteen and fourten times as many people as those of Massachusetts.

There are hundreds of women clerks and accountants in this country, some holding positions of great trust, and it is said that no one has yet heard of one of them being guilty of embezzlement or defalcataon. There are several thousand woman employed by the goverment but not one has ever proved unfaithful to her trust. Many have been discharged for incapacity and for other reasons, but never one for dishonesty.

The scientific officers of the United States Signal Service at Washington have been making close observations of late in order to satisfy themselves as to the theory that disturbances in the sun cause unusual atmospheric disturbances on the earth. Their conclusion is that so-called sun-spots have very little if any connection with our great windstorms. They give it as their opinion that these terrific storms are caused by a collision of warm and cold currents of air, especially in the springtime, following the advance of the warm weather northward

The country will soon be deluged with congressional speeches. This occurs every presidential year, and as usually the case, the more new men there are in the house the more speeches will be printed. Not one in ten are ever delivered, but the orators get leave to print and then put their speeches in the record, commencing "Mr., Dusenberry than addressed the house as follows," with "applause," "continued applause," "cheers," and similar parenthetical words run in through the text. The practice has been severly ridiculed but without apparent effect, for this year the nuisance is more aggressive than ever before.

The supreme court of Pennsylvania has rendered a decision to the effect that minority stockholders in a corporation have a right to inspect the books and papers of the organization at reasonable times for legitimate purposes, and that such right may be enforced by mandamus. There can be no doubt about the injustice of such a decision, and the frequent exercise of the right in question by minority stockholders would have a wholesome general effect. Too have a wholesome general effect. Too often the holders of the majority of stock in a corporation manage its prop-erty and affairs without any regard to the interests or wishos of the minorit of the minorit of the twen-ty-fith infantry, and Maj. Edward Ball of the sweath cavalry, have been placed on the re-stock in a corporation manage its prop-erty and affairs without any regard to the interests or wishos of the minorit of the second of the twen-ty-fith infantry, and Maj. Edward Ball of the sweath cavalry, have been placed on the re-tired list of the army. Both gentlemen ane well known in the department of Dakola, where they have served some years. the interests or wishes of the minority, and frequently to their serious disadvantage.

# THE PITH OF THE NEWS. Washington Gossip.

Postmasters Commissioned-Ambia S. Blow-ers, New York Mills, Minn.; Charles O. Inge-cregetson, Roland, Minn.

It was decided at a cabinet meeting Friday, the It was decided at a cabinet meeting Friday, the 11th, to have exhibits made from various depart-ments of the government at the world's indus-trial and cotton centennial exhibition at New Orleans.

The civil service commission examined ap plicants for positions in the dead letter office for the handling of Scandinavian mails. Six applicants were appointed, two of whom were from Minnesota.

Browster Cameron, who has had charge of the star route cases since Mr. Bliss ceased to draw his \$100 a day, says that the attorney gen-eral has not yet determined whether to prose-cute the civil suits against the star route contractors

There was a conference of leading Demoratic congressmen Friday night, the 11th, at which Morrison, Carlisle and others were pres-ent, and it was there decided to adjourn congress on or before the first of July. It is Carlisle's own idea, and he is determined to carry it out.

The navy department has been informed that rumor prevailed at St. John's, N. F., that the a rumor prevalied at St. John's, N. F., that the Greely party had been rescued from a mass of floating ice by the crew of a whaling schooner. In a communication on the subject, the United States consul at St. John's says the report is not believed them. not believed there.

The probability is that no measure regarding the counting of the electoral vote will be passed at this session of congress. This may turn out unfortunately, as there is no certain assurance that complications concerning the election of president may not ensue, especially if there should be three candidates in the field, which according to present appearances is not which according to present appearances is not unlikely to be the case.

Controller Knox says that he was tendered Controller Knox says that he was tendered and accepted the presidency of the National bank of the Republic, of New York, last Feb-ruary and was to take the position the first of April, when the attack was made upon him by Best and other Boston parties; but he has no: written his resignation and will not do so until he is fully vindicated. He thinks the attempt to involve him in the Boston affair is a matter of spite work and is at a loss to know what he has ever done to aronse the ennity of those who are engaged in it. who are engaged in it.

### Railroad Rumelings.

Hubbard C. Atkins, assistant general super-intendent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, who was stricken with paralysis in La Crosse several days ago, died Monday morn-ing, the 14th, at the Cameron house. He was not conscious for twenty-four hours preceding his death.

### Record of Cassualties

A. L. Newman, one of the most prominent citizens of Anamosa, Iowa, was killed by a falling tree.

### Personal Points.

Bonner's wealth is estimated at \$7,000,000. John Perry of Hartford, Conn., missing since the war, has turned up in Texas.

Mrs. Garfield heads a list of petitioners for the return of the Nez Perces to their old home. P. V. C. Thilley, a prominent Cincinnatian who died of heart disease, was cremated at

Washington, Pa. S. C. Thompson, a prominent New York banker, died in his office in the Chase Nation-al bank, April the 11th.

George A. Leete died April 12th in Provi-dence. Since 1878 he has been president of the Providence and Worcester railroad company. John C. Perry, who a week ago was appointed

John C. Perry, who a week ago was appointed Justice of the supreme court of Wyoming Terri-tory, was stricken with paralysis in the streets of Brooklyn, while walking with his daughter. Judge Perry died a few hours after. Lieut. Col. David H. Brotherton of the Twen.

steamship lines which are compoting for emi-grant business, the WhiteStar, Inman, Cunard, Anchor and Guion lines having reduced their em grant rates to \$21, and the National and Stap lines have come down to \$20.

Sta.) lines have come down to \$20. Articles of incorporation of the Consolidated Clancey Creek Mining company were filed with the Minimesota secretary of state. The capital stock is \$2,500,000 in 100,000 of \$25 each. Also articles of incorporation of the Bald Mountain Mining company, with a capital stock of \$2,500,000, in 100,000 shares of uou-assemblage stock. Also articles of the Crown point min-ing company, with a capital stock of \$2,500, 000. There were also filed articles of incor-poration of the St. Cloud Opera House company, with a capital stock of \$10,000, and the mining company \$6,000.

## Nuggets of Foreign News.

Nova Scotia has extended suffrage to widows and unmarried widows in municipal elections.

Charles Dawson, member of parliament, and Michael Davitt, were presented the freedom of Limerick. In connection with the event a monster meeting was held and resolutions adopted favoring home rule for Ireland and ex-pressing confidence in Parnell.

The duke of Albany is already forgotten, and The duke of Albany is already forgotten, and the only mention of him now is in the society papers, which are chiefly engaged in criticis-ing adversely the arrangements for the funer-al. Truth throws all the blame on the queen, who is said to have so morbid an interest in all things funeral as to literally reveal in under-takers' details, the prices of coffins, services, graves and monuments, and to have drawn up the arrangements for interments with her own heads. hands.

hands. The depression in English shipping has be-come extreme. The ports are crowded with destitute and suffering sailors. In Shields alone there are 4,000 seamen out of employ-ment. A hundred steamors are lying idle upon the Tyne. Ten thousand laborers on the Tyne shipyards are out of work, and as many more in the Sunderland shipyards. Business is slack in the yards along the Clyde, but so far there has been less suffering than in the other ship building localities. ship building localities.

The bourgeoisie of France has been thrown The bourgeoisie of France has been thrown into a state of fierce alarm by the acceptance by the chamber of deputies of the principle of the new army bill. Under the present system young lawyers, doctors and other persons are able to avoid the five years' term by volunteer-ing for one year, but the new law proposes that nothing short of physical incapacity shall ex-emptanybody from three years' service. The bill would raise the peace footing of the army from 480,000 to 760,000 men, and the annual cost from £24,000,000 to £30,000,000. Peace with such an army would be as expensive as war.

In discussing the recent arrests of suspected dynamics, the London Times says: The expectation is strong that these arrests will lead to important disclosures which will will lead to important disclosures which will throw light upon the recent explosions. Wo believe that one or two informers will be pro-duced who will reveal the headquarters of a conspiracy, whether in France or America. We are assured that the French authorities are on our side, and that the French police will prevent outrages. We have, however, no such Assurance from America. We do not believe that the American police would connive at sending infernal machines across the Atlantic, but an open crusade is pretched in America against England, and funds are collected there-for, and things which have been threatened have been done. The facts are well known to the American police. They can act now, if they choose, but in the present temper of the American people we should not hope too much from them.

### How Stands the Presidential Canvass.

A Washington Special says that up to Saturday night the 12th inst., there have been chosen 196 delegates to the Republican convention, or about one-fourth of the entire number. Of these the president's friends claim 106, Mr. Blame's friends claim eighty, and Logan claims twenty-eight. There are three contesting delegatious, from the Second Illinois, the Nine. teenth New York and the Twenty-second Penn-Seventh cavalry, have been placed on the re-tired list of me army. Both genticmen ane well known in the department of Dakola, where they have served some years. Bishop Toebbe of the Catholic diosess of Covington, Ky, has been ill for some they and within a few days grave fears have been expressed for his recovery. A sister, who is a called from Clev, and to attend aim. Ha is soon and been for the order of Nore Dayle, has been called from Clev, and to attend with the the state of the order of t

### Political News of the Week.

Senator Miller of New York has come out for Blain

Nearly all, if not all the Pennsylvania repub-ican delegates to Chicago are committed to Blaine

At the city election in St. Cloud, Minn., C. F. MacDonald was re-elected mayor without opposition.

"Either Grant or Blaine will be the Republi-can nominee for president," said Congressman Belford.

Reuben Ellwood was renominated for con gress by the Republicans of the fifth district of Illinois,

Bob Ingersoll's own preference would be Harlan, and next, he said Postmaste General Gresham.

The date of the Third district delegate and congressional convention at Faribault is April 29, and not April 25.

A Mississippi state convention, to elect delegates to Chicago and presidential electors, is called for June 11 at Jackson.

Powers and Remsen, delegates from the First district of Mississippi, are unpledged but one is for Blaine and the other for Arthur.

The result of the primary elections in Cook county last Friday is a black eye for Logan, he having carried but one district in the county.

Joseph Medill of the Chicago Tribune is still in Washington and has come to the conclusion that the presidential ticket will be Blaine and Lincoln

The Twenty-ninth Republican congressional convention, New York, elects a Blaine delega-tion to Chicago. One of the alternates favors Edmunds.

The Eleventh district republican convention at Bushnell, Ill., elected C. V. Chandler and C. A. Ballard delegates to Chicago. Instructed for Logan.

Gov. Curtin of Pennsylvania, asked his prefer ence for the nomines of the Democratic party for president, said: "Samuel J. Randall, first" last, and all the time.

In the republican congressional convention, Fifth Ilinois district, S. M. Kelly and Charles Fuller were elected delegates to the national convention. Instructed for Logan.

The Thirticth congressional Republican con-vention, New York, elected H. H. Warner and Leonard Barritt delegates to the national con-vention. They are unpledged and uninstructed.

The Missouri delegation to the Republican national convention stand: Blain, 11; Arthur, 9; Logan, 7; Edmunds, 5. None of the delegates are strongly pronounced in their preferences.

The colored voters of Des Moines, Iowa, have organized into a club. The speeches made at the preliminary meeting indicate a dissatisfac-tion with their allotment of the loaves and tion tishes.

The Republican congressional convention of the Thirteenth New York district, elected Ham-ilton Fish, Jr. and B., Platt Carpenter delegates to Chicago, and voted down a resolution endorsing Blaine.

The Seventeenth congressional district of New York elected M. I. Townsend and H. G. Burleigh delegates, and R. C. Betts and William Kisselburg alternates to the Republican convention for Arthur.

The following Republican congressional nominations were made Friday, the 11th: Ninth Illinois, Lewis E. Payson, renominated; Fourteenth, J. H. Rowell, renominated; Seven-teenth, A. J. Hamlin.

The time of holding the national prohibition convention has been changed from May 21 to July 21. This secures representation from twenty two states in the Union to the convention, which will be held at Pittsburg.

The tariff resolutions adopted by the Penn-sylvania State Democratic convention is as fol-lows: We favor a tariff or revenue, hmited to the necessities of government economically ad-misistered and so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage pro-ductive industries at home and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or fos-ter moneonies: and to this end we favor the ter monopolies; and to lise and we favor the abolition of the internal revenue system of axes and such adjustment of existing tariff intics as will be consistent with these princi-ples.

The following delegates to the republica national convention were chosen at various district conventions on the 11th: Seventcenth

### CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY

A joint resolution was introduced in the house by Mr. McCoid of Iowa to provide for the appointment of a committee of seventy-six to be composed of two persons for each state, of different political partices, for the purpose of considering and proposing to the averal states the propriety of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states calling a convention to meet on the 4th day of July, 1857, for proposing araendments to the constitution of the United States.

meet on the 4th day of July, 1857, for proposing avendments to the constitution of the United States. Mr. McMillan presented to the senate the memorial of the St. Paul chamber of com-merce, praying for an appropriation of \$25,-000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river at that city. Mr. Strait presented to the house the petition of E. F. Kennedy, asking for a pension. Mr. Strait introduced a bill for the relief of Mary Monti, widow of a late wagon-master in the United States army in the war with Mexico. In the senate, Mr. Bayard moved and the sen-ate adopted the following amendment to the amendment revives, to report on the begin-ing of the next session of congress for a plan and estimate for the preparation and purchase of a plat for a gun factory to complete guns from six inches calibre to sixteen inches cali-bre, including buildings and shrinking pit, and to report a full and detailed estimate for the cost aforesaid, and whether the same can be better and more economically performed in es-tablishments owned by the government or by private contract, or by a combined system wherby said work can be accomplished partly by the government and partly by mivate con-tract, and in what annual mstallments said ap-propriation can most economically be mide. In the House Mr. Reed of Maine offered a preamble and resolution reciting that the foot and mouth disease had been introduced in Maine through the fault or oversight of United States officials charged with the duty of inspect-ing and quarantining importations of cattle and directing the committee on agriculture to make an investigation of the matter, with authorities of citizens of that state for expenses which had been properly and judiciously in-curred and may be incurred in the sup-prosition of the disease. Adopted. In the house on the 15th Mr. Morrison moved to take up the tariff bill, and by a vote of 140 yeas and 138 nays it was decided to consider

In the house on the 15th Mr. Morrison moved to take up the tariff bill, and by a vote of 140 yeas and 138 nays it was decided to consider the measure. There are 323 members of the house, two districts, the Second Mississippi and the Seventh Virginia, not being represented. Po-litically, congress is divided inte 197 democrats and 126 republicans. The total vote was 273. There were 140 votes in favor of taking up the bill. Of these 135 were democrats, and five were republican. The negative vote consisted of forty democrats and ninety-eight republi-cans. The absentees were twenty-two demo-crats and twenty-three republicans. Three Minnesota members Strait, Nelson and Wakeerats and twenty-three republicans. Three Minnesota members Strait, Nelson and Wake-field—in favor of considering the Monrison bill. There were two other republicans who voted with them—namely, Anderson of Kansas and James of Brooklyn, N. Y. The Minnesota members, who virtually decided the question of taking up the bill do not promise to vote for it, but say the people demand a lower tariff, and therefore they fa-vored a discussion of its merits. After the vote was taken Mr. Morrison made a lengthy speech, to which Mr. Kelly replied. The ar-guments on both sides are familiar to all. Mr. Seymour, from the committee on con-merce, reported the bill authorizing the St. Cloud Water Power company to construct a dam across the Mississippi river at St. Cloud, Minn. Mr. Matson, invalid pensions, reported a bill to pension soldiers and sailors for disabil-ities incurred beyond the loss of a leg or an arm. Committee of the whole. Also, adverce-ly, granting service pension.

arm. Committee of the whole. Also, adverse-ly, granting service pension. The senate Tuesday began the consideration of Mr. Dawes' bill to divide a portion of the reservation of the Sioux Indians in Dakota into separate reservations, and to secure the re-linquishment of the Indian title to the remain-der. Mr. Dawes made a speech in explanation of the bill. of the bill.

The house committee of, coinage, weights and measures unanimously instructed representa-tive Lacey to report favorably his bill to pro-hibit the issue of treasury notes of less than \$5, and provide for the issue of \$1, \$2 and \$5 sil-Senator Sabin has introduced a bill to revive

Senator Sabin has introduced a bill to revive the rank of general of the army, which ex-pired with Sherman's retirement. The house committee on multary affairs has reported aversely on such a bill, and the sis little prospect of its becoming a law. The bill introduced by Mr. Ouray to provide

passed a law repealing the exemption of those belonging to military companies from jury duties in important oriminal peremporty challenges of the jury f .com wenty-three to six, and raised the ose of the prosecution from two to four. The Cincinnati Commercial G .zette urges two more-the relief of, the Supreme Court from the revision and reversion of verdicts; and the 'reduction of the time between a mur derer's sentence and his execution f. com 100 to thirty days. The Leg slature had already passed a law r cohibiting his intelligence from dis' saring a man from jury duty; so that, Altogether, it will be observed that the news from Cincinnati has reached Columbus.

Grain freights from Chicago to the seaboard are at the lowest point ever known. The fifteen-cent rate per hundred pounds is for the time being the regular one, the twelve-and-a-halfcent rate is reported, and is not received with incredulity. These rates barely pay the cost of hauling, and leave nothing of interest charges or the lowest conceivable returns for capital actual invested. This is said to be in accordance with the predictions of twelve years ago. As suggested with much force, that the stock watering and aprailways, which, though likely to be a ourden to the state, would justify their cost by the fact that they would fix the maximum rates beyond which the corporate companies would not be able to go. The forty millions of "water" injected into the so-called capital of the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad was the indirect, if not the direct, source from which sprang the West Shore Railroad, and that road. with all its embarrassments, is to-day the most important fact with which the Vanderbilt direction has to deal.

Since the Cincinnati riot, one of the branches of the Ohio Legislature has branches of the Ohio Legislature has

### The Criminal Calendar.

Dr. W. S. Madden of Scranton Pa., has been cases; reduced the criminal's right + and abusing a young woman during seven weeks.

> While the congregation of the Episcopal church at St. Johns, N. F., were coming out Sunday night the 13th, they were furiously peltof with stones and other missiles. The affray causes much excitement.

In Boston the grand jury indicted for for-gery and larceny Dr. John Hunter, alias John Thompson. Hunter carries a diploma of the Royal college of Dublin, and at one time was surgeon on the State line European steamers.

Bridget Sex of Youngstown, Ohto, has had her husband arrested after submitting to continued abuse from him. She charges him unued abuse from ninh. She charges nim with murdering her mother, Mrs. Finnegan, at Johnstown, Pa., Christmas night fourteen years ago. During a family quarrel he at-tempted to shoot her brother. The mother in-terferred, and was shot in the hip. She lived only a short time.

John Harvey has been committed to the Warm Springs Insane asylum. Harvey is the proprietor of the Lower Bitter Root, Mont, ferry, where he killed an entire stranger re-cently, shooting him twice with a needle gun, and tying his limbs with ropes after he was dead. The ferry is the spot where Halpine was mysteriously murdered last summer. It dead. is thought his insanity is the result of his brooding over that tragedy.

At Ashville, N. C., Jim Green, a white youth At Ashville, N. C., Jim Green, a white youth of seventeen years old, was arrested in Mitchell county, charged with the murder of his cousin, Joe Green, a boy of sixteen. Both of the boys were courting Janet De Birdsall a preity and interesting daughter of a well-to-do farmer of that county. On Sunday evening Jim Greon met Janet at church for the purpose of escort-ing her to her home. On the road the couple met Joe Green, who stepped up to the girl, and without apology or ceremony put his arm through hers and walked off, gallantly raising his hat to his rival. After a moment's hesitaparent monopoly could be remedied by his hat to his rival. After a moment's hesita-tion Jim Green drew a small Colt's revolver and fired at his opponent. He fell dead at the feet of his sweetheart.

and his friends here claim eleven from Arkansas, twenty-four from Georgia, three from Illinons, eight from Indiana, one from Kentucky, sixteen from Louisiana, two from Mississippi, twelve from Missouri, two from New Jersey, twelve from New York, ten from Pennsylvania, and one from the District of Columbia. Blaine has twentythe District of Columbia. Blaine has twenty-two delegates already instructed for him in Pennsylvania and claims eight more. He has six instructed for him in New York and claims six more, without including contesting dele-gates. He also claims four from Arkansas, four from Illinois, fourteen from Arkansas, two from Kentucky, twelve from Missouri, and two from Mississippi. As near as can be gained from newspaper reports. Arthur has gained from newspaper reports, Arthur has about 100 delegates, Blaine fitty, Logan twenty-one, with about twenty-five who are non-commit-tal or favor Edmunds, Gresham or Harrison.

### A Sensation in the Sharon Case.

in the Sharon divorce case in San Francisco on Monday the 14th, the deposition of H. M. True of Santa Cruz was read. During the progress of of Santa Cruz was read. During the progress of the trial Harry Wells, witness for the plaintff, testified that Sharon had, in his presence, in-troduced Miss Hill to True as "Mrs. Sharon." True, who is on his death-bed, deposed: Well's testimony was a "put-up job" be-tween Miss Hill, Wells, and himself. It was arranged that Miss Hill should testify to that effect, and he and Wells would confirm it. He

effect, and he and Wells would confirm it. He became a party to the arrangement, believing he could make money out of it, but, being on his death bed, wanted to tell the whole truth before it was too late. He said: "I don't pro-pose to go to the grave with a lie on my lips." He said counsel for the plaintiff was not a party to the arrangement, but he was told of it atterward.

True's deposition created a sensation. He is sixty-seven yearsold. His death is momentarily expected.

district conventions on the 11th: Seventeenth Illinois, J. J. Rinecker and J. M. Truitt, unin-structed. Fourteenth Pennsylvania, J. H. Wagner and Horace Brock; required to sign a pledge to support Blaine. Twenty-fourth New York, Titus Sheard and Herbert Krul; anti-Arthur and favoring Blaine and Lincoln. Ninth Illinois, S. T. Rogers and V. Ernun; both Logan. Fourteenth Illinois, Charles W. J. Tifor and George Kingdam: instructed for John Logan. Fourteenth Illinois, Charles W. J. Tifer and George Kingham; instructed for Logan. Twentieth and Twenty-sixtb Pennsyl-yania, Blaine and Lincoln delegates. Sixteenth Illinois, Harrison Black and Charles Church-hill.

None of these delegates are specially in-structed, and their personal presidential pre-ferences have not been announced. The electors named were as follows: At large, P. Thompson; Rev. Mr. Gaines, (colored); F A. First Hall; Thompson, Rev. Mr. Gathes, (Goored), This district, S. C. Brock; Second, George Hall; Third, W. H. Homsley; Fourth, Lyman Parker; Fifth, Roderick B. Johnson; Sixth, J. W. Moore; Seventh, L. A. Thompson: Eighth, Gus Sess-inghans; Ninth, Nathan Cole; Tenth, C. A. Newcomb; Eleventh, E. G. Evans; Twelfth, R. C. Macbeth; Thirteenth, Solon Spencer; Four-eenth, W. W. Kramer.

The following is the Democratic electoral ticket of Pennsylvania: At large-Richard Vaux, B. J. McGrann, H. B. Plummer. District Vaux, B. J. McGrann, H. B. Plummer. District Delegates—John Slevin; John P. J. Sensender-fer; John W. Lee; Herbert J. Horn; Richard L. Wright; John H. Brenton; William Stohler; Charles F. Reutschler; H. M. North; Harry J. Stiles; A. G. Broadhead, Jr.; F. V. Rockafellow; no choice. Tie between Michael Beard and Richard Kahn; George H. Irwin; George S. Purdy; P. W. Ackley; John P. Levan; Ezra D. Parker; E. W. Mumma; A. H. Dill; Franklin P. James; P. K. P. Duff; John Swan; A. B. Winternitz; John H. Hill; William A. Farquer; A. J. Greenfield. A. J. Greenfield.

The complete list of Republican district del. egates from Missouri to the Chicago convenis as follows

Egatos Holm Anssoult to the chicage content tion is as follows:
First, J. T. Baker, R. D. Cramer; Second, J. H. Turner, A. W. Muller; Third. J. H. Thomas, Ira It. Hyde; Fourth A. C. Dawes, O. C. Hill; Fifth, John B. Jones, William Warner; Sixth, W. S. Shirk, Oden Guitar; Seventh, Theodore Bremer, M. G. Reynolds; Seight, Henry C. Myer, John C. Buesick; Ninth, Channeey I. Filley, J. H. McLean; Tenth, Fred W. Mott, K. W. Weber; Eleventh, Edward Menchan, E. D. Sankey; Twelfth, Charles H. Burton, W. D. Tyler; Thirteenth, J. B. A. Upton, Norman Gibbs; Fourteenth, A. B. Carroll, Boyd Duncan.

for additional members of the legislatures of the several territories, and an increase of pay to the members and officers thereof was reported by the committee on territories. It provides ed by the committee on ferritories. It provides that the legislatures of the territories shall con-sist of thirteen members of the council and twenty-five members of the house of represen-tatives, the members to receive \$8 per day and mileage during the session: that the additional members shall be elected by the territory un-til otherwise provided by the said several legislatures; that the president of the council and the speaker of the house of representatives shall receive \$10 a day for the same time and that the officers of the legislatures shall receive \$6 per day. S6 per day.

Mr. Slater of Oregon requested and obtained the unanimous consent of the senate Friday to make a few remarks relative to the Northto make a few remarks relative to the North-ern Pacific land grant forfeiture. His remarks related to the division in Washington Territory and Oregon. He was in favor of the forfeit-ure of the lands, but thought the people, who had settled upon these lands, should be al-lowed to retain their titles, paying \$1.25 or ust more than \$2.50 per acre for them. His col-league, Mr. Dolph, asked that the bill be laid on the table for a few days, as he wished to speak on the subject. Representative Beach was instructed by the house committee on public health to report the resolution authorizing the committee to inquire into the extent and character of adulterated food and drugs imported into the United States

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food and drugs imported into the United States or exported therefrom. The resolution pro-vides that the committee sit during the summer recess.

The bill to relieve certain soldiers, from the charge of desertion, which is now being con-sidered by the house, removes the charge of desertion from the record of soldiers who served in the volunteer service in all cases where it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the secretary of war that such soldiers served faithfully until the expiration of their terms of enlistment or until May 1, 1855, but by rea-

Mare courting Jamet De Birdsall a protity and the course. De Birdsall a protity and the course. On the road the couple method of arrange and 11 a decrease. Interesting a single of a large status of the course of t