# Cooperstown Courier.

PUBLISHED FVERY FRIDAY MORNING By FRED'K H. ADAMS.

The signal service officers predict cyclones to follow the stagnant condition of the atmosphere for a week or two. The signal service theory is that such a shell of stagnation is a precurser of violent disturbances of the atmosphere. Now we shall see what kind of prophets Uncle Sam has in his employ.

The "sweet girl graduate" is doubtless a very sweet creature but a goodly number of sensible people think she will know more after a while though she may not be so handsome as at present, nor as capable of attracting, in the shape of bouquets and in baskets, all the expensive treasures of a hot house as she did at the close of her little recitation on "the pleasures of hope" or "the delights of spring."

Notwithstanding railroad stocks have lost a third of their entire speculative value, the railroads are still where they were, are in successful operation, and are in better condition and many of them are more valuable property than ever before. A very large amount of money has simply passed from the hands of one gang of operators to the hands of the other gang. There has been no actual loss or destruction of property as if large sections of track had been swept away or stations and cars consumed by fire.

The Boston Advertiser says, as is indisputably true, that the true sources of our wealth are not in Wall street, but on our prairies, in the cotton fields, in the coal mines, in the factories, in the work shops, and in the people that produce tangible values; but the modest but sounder trader is curtailed in his discounts because of the shock of a great failure and the depression of stocks in the metropolitan city. Inflation reaches the suburban districts in one form or another, and gambling in Wall street means sconer or later loss to many, who with all their conservatism are unable to control the commercial tide which ebbs and flows alike beyond their view and their power for di-

Old Commodore Garrison the latest millionaire caught up by rotten practice in financering on a grand scale, is said to have been a party to the gigantic steal of which, eight years ago, Jay Gould obtained possession of the enormously valuable Missouri Pacific Railroad, by means of the foreclosure of a third mortgage for \$4,000,000,-property in the name of which \$54,000,000 of securities have since been put on the market. One party of resistants to this "snap" were induced to withdraw their opposition, on the promise that they should receive \$4,000,000 of new stock in the new company to be organized by Commodore Garrison, for whom the road was to be bought, and who is charged with having been a party to the fraud. In such operations as these and the rumor and suspicion of them that keeps and will keep the financial world in suspense and solicitude until all men like their authors have been completely crushed by the sure grinding of "the mills of the gods" and thrown out of business, and their places supplied by the men they laugh at as too simple and honest for this world.

There seems to be no reason to doubt that the Gladstone administration of the British government will soon be superseded by one more in harmony with the present sentiments of the people on foreign affairs. Mr. Gladstone realizes the situation in which his Egyptian policy has placed him, and will not be surprised at any time by a vote of want of confidence, which means an appeal to the country. Mr. Gladstone's second administration began April 28, 1880, and has lasted therefore, over four years. This is a longer period than the average ministry has held power during the past half century. Lord Melbourne was Prime Minister for six years and four months; Sir Robert Peel four years and nine months; Lord Russell, five years; Lord Derby, ten months; Lord Aberdeen, three years; Lord Derby, again, one year and three months; Lord Palmerston, six years and four months; Lord Russell, eight months; Lord Derby, a third time, two years; Disraeli, nine months; Gladstone, five years; Disraeli, a second term, six years, and then came Gladstone's second administration. It does not now appear probable that the Liberal party will triumph in the next general election.

#### NEWS OF THE WEEK.

## Washington News.

toffices Established-Dakota-Copp, Potter a unty; Warren, Clark county. Iowa-Clark, Clay county; De Leon, Cherokee coun-

O. M. Laraway, postmaster at Minneapolis, has arrived in Washington and called on the supervising architect to consult in regard to the public building.

The following postmasters have been commissioned: Maggie M. Alexander, Esler, Dak,; William Rogers, Pleasant Valley, Iowa; William W. Wilcox, Driscoll, Burleigh county, Dak.

His term of office as governor of Washington Territory having expired, Gov. Newell of New Jersey will be appointed inspector of In-dian affairs in the place of Gen. Charles H. Howard of Illinois, who resigned some time

The commissioner of the general land office has reversed the decision of the receiver of the land office at Bismarck refusing a certificate of deposit which was accompanied by a power of attorney made subsequent to the issue of the certificate. The commissioner decides that the receiver should have taken the certificates.

#### Rail and River News.

The governing committee of the New York stock exchange listed Wednesday \$650,000 first mortgage 6 per cent bonds of the Minneapolis Union Railway company, making \$2,150,000 in

#### Crimes and Criminals.

At. St. Paul Martin Gunderson was found guilty of fourth degree manslaughter.

Col. Hornet, one of the oldest citizens of Randolph county, W. Va., and one of the most fearless bear and panther hunters in the state, committed suicide a day or two ago by drowning himself in the Cheat river.

In a difficulty at Wharton, Texas, recently over a false arrest, H. Gibbs shot Sheriff W. C. Brooks, of Wharton county, and his brother E. N. Brooks. Gibbs escaped. The sheriff was fatally and his brother severely wounded.

At Helena, Mont., Mrs. C. E. Kemp, while ill and in great pain attempted to shoot herself. Her daughter Ella, twenty years old, tried to take the pistol away, when it was discharged, the bullet passing through the daughter's brain, killing her instantly.

Two daughters of James Burge in Franklin county, Pa., quarreled about some article of dress while preparing to go to church. The father interfering, Sela, aged seventeen, sent an ax crashing through his brain. The murderess is in Carnesville jail.

Two of the horse theives recently killed or captured in Idaho by Montana men prove to have belonged to the party that robbed the Helena coach recently. George Munn and Neal Murphy were the coach robbers. The former was killed by the posse in Idaho, and the latter is now a prisoner in Virgina City.

## Personal News Notes.

Capt. John A. Stevenson, formerly a wellknown steamboat man, later a prominent merchant, and more recently one of the largest planters in Louisiana, and republican candidate for governor in the late election, died at his home on Claiborne plantation, Iberville parish, of congestion of the brain; aged sixty-six years.

Judge William A. Beach, a well-known lawyer, died at Tarrytown Saturday afternoon. Mr. Beach was one of the most familiar figures of the New York bar, and possessed a large and lucrative practice. He was at various times connected with celebrated case, the most famous being the Tilton-Beecher trial in 1875, in which Judge Beach acted as counsel for Tilton.

## General News Items.

Brooklyn is spending \$100,000 putting fire-alarm wires under ground.

San Francisco realty valuation this year is \$223,500,000, an increase of \$3,000,000.

Mrs. Eliza Bethune of New York, widow of John G. Bethune, has sued Thomas J. Nichols of Bourbon county, Ky., for the recovery of \$50,000 worth of blooded race horses, consigned to Nichols' care by her husband.

The city council of Omaha, impeached and removed from office Mayor Chase on charges of bribery, drunkenness and total unfitness for discharging the duties of the office. His trial for bribery will come up in the district court next week.

Fairbanks, Palmer & Co., subscription book publishers, of Chicago, were closed by the sheriff. The failure is due to the failure of G. W. Borland & Co., whose paper in the firm held to the extent of \$40,000. Liabilities \$40,-000; assets nearly the full amount.

If the shrinkage of stocks keep up much longer Mr. Vanderbilt will have to go to the poorhouse. A year ago he had \$55,000,000 in registered government bonds. Now he has only \$32,000,000. The difference is supposed to have evaporated in the depression.

Frank W. Lord, ex-city clerk of Rochester, and a brother of ex-Senator Jarvis Lord, has begun a libel suit against the Buffalo Daily begin a noer suit against the Bullaco Jany. News for \$20,000 damages. The alleged libel was an editorial which savagely attacked Mr. Lord for being implicated in the canal ring.

## Foreign Flashes.

Father Callaghan, the Dominican rriar who was recently appointed coadjutor of the bishop of Cork and bishop of Lamboy in partibus, was consecrated in Rome Sunday by Cardinal Sim-eoni. Most of the English colony were present. Students of the Irish college assisted at the

The new governor of Washington Territory is a Mr. Squires of Ilion, N. Y., a son-in-law of Remington, the celebrated manufacturer of firearms at that place. The appointment is made at the request of Senator Warner Miller, who is an old friend and neighbor of Mr. Squires. The latter has large landed interests in Washington, and intended to make his permanent residence there before his appointment was talked of

# Bartlett Presley Dead.

Mr. Bartlett Presley of St. Paul, well known throughout the Northwest, died at St. Paul on Tuesday. He has been engaged in the mercantile business in St. Paul for thirty-five years, and was the oldest merchant in the city. When he came to St. Paul had but about 500 inhabitants, and he had scarcely as many dollars; but he has lived to see a municipality with 100,000 inhabitants, and to know himself worth about twice as many thousands of dollars. worth about twice as many thousands of dol-lars. His success in accumulating wealth was owing largely to the industry and frugality of himself and wife. But the rise in value of real estate helped him a great deal. He was 63 years of age.

#### No Help for Gen. Swaim.

Washington Special:-Maj. Collins headed a delegation of congressmen who called at the White House to persuade the president to revoke the order for a court martail of Gen. Swaim, but the president was very emphatic in his refusal. He expressed his utter sur-prise that an officer of Gen. Swaim's rank, and the head of the department of military justice, should be willing to rest under such charges as are now pending against Swaim, and thought that his anxiety to avoid a court martial was the very best reason for ordering one. The de-tail of the court will be announced without de-lay. Swaim has very much injured himself lay. Swaim has very much injured himself in public opinion, and has lost the respect of many who were his friends, by his presistent effort to escape an investigation, and his failure has broken him down in health and spirits. He sees dismissal and disgrace before him.

## The Claim Against Duluth Site.

Justice Miller delivered his decision orally in the case of Frederick Prentice of Toledo, Ohio, vs. Orzard P. Stearns of Duluth, in the United States circuit court at St. Paul on Monday, the 20th. The decision is in opposition to Prentice's Duluth claims, and states that Armstrong, who had deeded the property to the strong, who had deeded the property to the plaintiff, had been properly designated by Chief Buffalo as the person entitled to the section of land mentioned in the treaty; that the deed from Armstrong to the plaintiff was properly executed, witnessed, acknowledged and recorded, but that the description of the property in that deed failed to describe the property in suit or to convey any land beyond that specifically described in the deed by metes and bounds; the deed in this respect not being helped by the words immediately following, the particular description, "being the lands set off to the Indian Chief Buffalo by the treaty of September, 1854, etc." The case will be taken to the United States supreme court by the plaintiff. plaintiff.

#### The Pre-emption Bill in Congress.

Washington Special: Delegate Raymond received the following dispatch from James-

At a mass meeting of the business men and citizens of Jamestown and Stutsman county, to consider the repeal of the pre-emption and timber culture laws and amending the home-

timber culture laws and amending the homestead law now pending before the United States senate, a resolution was unanimously adopted protesting against the passage of the bill, and I am instructed by the committee to forward to the senate through you, their carnest protest against the passage of the measure. Petitions will follow by mail. [Signed].

R. E. WALLACE, Chairman.

Mr. Raymond says that senators and members are also receiving similar dispatches from Dakota. He thinks the senate committee is opposed to such a sweeping repeal of the laws, and that the session being so near a close it will be impossible for them to make the proper amendment and get the concurrence of the house. The bill will therefore go over until the next session and may never pass both houses.

#### Prof. Boyesen's Battery.

A suit for \$5,000 damages has been begun against Prof. Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen, of Columbia college, by Mr. E. J. Lovey, editor of the New York Brewers' Journal, as guardian ad litem for his son, David Lovey, seven years of age. A year ago Mr. Lovey's family went to West Hampton, L. I., to summer. The boy David and Prof. Boyesen's son, four years old, became playmates. One day they quarrelled over a butterfly young Lovey had caught, and the Boyesen boy, who wanted it, fore one of the wings off. Lovey, boy-like, gave little Boyesen a kick. The latter ran to his father crying, when Prof. Boyesen fired up, and before young Lovey could apologize, which he began doing, knocked the little fellow down, as Mrs. Lovey alleges, by striking him a blow on the side of the head. The boy's face became greatly swollen, and Mrs. Boyesen endeavored to relieve his suffering. Since then young Lovey, it is charged, has been deaf, hearing only when spoken to very loudly. Prof. Boyesen, it is alleged, has never even expressed a regret over the occurrence. He is now on a tour in the Northwest. Prof. Boyesen is himself a cripple, one leg being shorter than the other, in consequence, it is said, of a wound received in a duel when he was a university student. the New York Brewers' Journal, as guardian

# Terrorizing in Northern Dakota.

The hanging of O'Neill and his pal and the mysterious disappearance of two more thieves of the plains have been related in the telegrams. Later developments, coming from the Gallien brothers, who own a ranch near Belfield, Dak., show that the settlers near there, and, in fact, through the country tributary to Medora, show that the settlers near there, and, in fact, through the country tributary to Medora, Dickinson and Belfield, are completely terrorized. One of the Galliens came to St. Paul recently, and in confidential conversation, stated that an organized band of thieves had made both life and property insecure in the neighborhood of Belfield. Mr. Gallien would not speak for publication, as he said his own life, should he return to Dakota, and his brother's would not be safe if he were known as the teller of the truth about the exand his brother's would not be safe if he were known as the teller of the truth about the ex-isting state of things. The thieves laid corrals and drive away every head of stock, leaving the ranchmen completely destitute of animals with which to prosecute farm work. Efforts to re-gain the stock are fruitless, and the civil au-thorities are powerless, or pretend to be sethorities are powerless, or pretend to be so. No one trusts his neighbor, so that forming vigilance committee is out of the question. In short, the country, according to Mr. Gallien, is so completely in the power of the thieves that they stole \$2,000 worth of stock near Belrield within four days, and not a head was recovered nor a thief brought to justice. In this state of things Mr. Gallien appreciate to was recovered nor a thief brought to justice. In this state of things Mr. Gallien appealed to Gen. Terry for aid, but the United States troops are powerless to do anything, except in case of armed insurrection. Gen. Terry is considering the case, and if legal method for so doing appears, is likely to send cavalry to the scene.

## Market Reports.

ST. PAUL.—Wheat. No. 1 hard, 96@\$1.00; No. 1, 87c; No. 2 hard, 91c; No. 2, 78@80a, Corn, No. 2, 52c; No. 3, 47@50c. Oats, No. 2 mixed, 27c; No. 3 mixed, 26c; No. 2 white, 30c.; No. 3 white, 28c. Barley, No. 2, 55c.; No. 3 extra 48c.; No. 8

Rye, No. 2, 54c. Baled Hay, wild, \$8.00; timothy, \$10.50 Eggs, 131/40141/c. Milwaukee.—Wheat, No. 2, 85% a
Corn, No. 2, 55c.
Oats, No. 2, 32@34c.
Ryc, No. 1, 65c.
Barley, No. 2, 58c,
Mess Pork, \$18.50.
Lard, \$7.45.
Butter, choice creamery, 19@30c; fair to
cood, 17@18c; best dairy, 14@15c.
Eggs, 14%@15c.

CHICAGO. - Wheat, No. 2 Chicago spring, 84%

CHICAGO.—Wheat, No. @8554c.
Corn, 5554@55034.
Oata, 3134c.
Rye, 644c.
Barley, 60c.
Flax Seed, \$1.56.
Pork, \$18.00@\$18.50.
Lard, \$7.40@\$7.45.
Butter, cresmery, 20@
Eggs, 1514@316c. Butter, creamery, 20@23c; dairy, 18@19a. Eggs, 15%@16c.

### CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

descrition and for the relief of Myra Clark Gaines passed.

In both houses Friday some campaign talk was indulged in, friends of Logan in the senate and house, and Logan himself in the former body, denying that the republican candidate for vice president owned 80,000 acres of land, as charged in a recent publication. Mr. Hawley called the attention to the senate to a statement in the Record that Senator Logan owned 80,000 acres of land. This statement, he said, was untrue. The gentleman referred to is only owner of the land on which his father died and to which he had added a little, in his own state of Illinois. Alluding to the same matter, Mr. Logan said: The statement is utterly false. I do not propose to give a schedule of my property to anybody, but property I do own is in the state of Illinois. Ido own some two or three tracts of land, but all put terether would own some two or three tracts of land, but all put together would not make one-hundredth part of what they charge.

The conference of Indian inspectors army of the Indian appropriation bill was on Monday taken up and disposed of by the house. The principal point of disagreement was the house provision to abolish the office of Indian inspector and detail five army officers to act as Indian inspectors. The senate struck out this provision, and the point of difference was settled by the house receding from its disagreement to the senate amendment. This action was taken in the inthe approval of the president to become a law. The rest of harmony, and the bill now only needs the approval of the president to become a law. The rest of the day was occupied in considering the fortification bill, the last one to be considered. Two bills were reported from the committee, the majority by the republicans and Messrs. Ellis of Louisiana and Hancock of Texas, democratic of the committee The Texas, democrats, of the committee. The minority bill was recommended by Messrs. Randall, Forney, Holman, Townsend, Hutchins, Foliett and Barnes. The majority bill appropriates over \$3,000,000 and the minority barely \$600,000. Among the speeches to day in favor of the majority bill was each by to-day in favor of the majority bill was one by Mr. Finerty, who made a very earnest appeal in favor of better coast defenses. Mr. Horr, in favor of better coast defenses. Mr. Horr, who has charge of the minority bill, also made a very strong speech in its favor. Mr. Holman opposed it on the ground that there was no need of appropriating more than \$175,000 for the protection, repair, construction of work already begun, and for the construction of new works of defense, instead of \$3,000,000, as recommended by the majority. He was also opposed to the large appropriation of \$600,000 for the armament of the sea-coast fortifications, and the item of \$1,000,000 for the procecurment of heavy steel rifle guns and carriages.

In the Senate Mr. Cockrell, committee on military affairs reported favorably with amend-

military affairs reported favorably with amendments the house bill relieving from the charge of desertion, soldiers who served until the expiration of their terms and are improperly charged with desertion. The bill after amendment passed. As passed it requires that applications for relief provided for shall be made within five years for its passage. The house bill passed granting a pension of \$50 a month to the widow of Gen. James B. Steadman.

The Prosident sent in the following nominations: Watson S. Squire, Washington Territory, governor of Washington Territory; David P. B. Pride, Idaho, secretary of the Territory of Idaho; Edwin L. Curtis, Idaho, register of the land office, Boise City, Idaho; William A. Newell of New Jersey, Indian inspector.

On Friday, in the House, Mr. Randafl submitted the report of the conference committee on the naval appropriation bill, announcing the inability to sures. military affairs reported favorably with amend-

naval appropriation bill, appounding the inability to agree. The chief items of disagreement are the appropriation for new cruisers and the continuation of work on the agreement are the appropriation for new cruisers and the continuation of work on the double-turreted monitors. Mr. Randall said nothing but an instruction from the house would induce the house conferrees to yield on these two points, because they had not that confidence in the manner of construction of those cruisers that warranted a further expenditure of public money in order to duplicate them. Beside, there was not thrown around these propositions that safeguard in the expenditure of money which present circumstances known to the country warranted, and which should be thrown around a department which was now the subject of investigation.

Mr. Calkins then moved that the house recede from its disagreement to the steel cruisers amounted. Lost—yeas 90, nays 147. The following democrats voted with the republicans in the affirmative: Belmont, Dorsheimer, Finerty, Morse, O'Neil, (Mo.) and Sumner, (Cal.)

A similar motion in regard to the monitors clause was also lost—yeas 85, nays 136. The house further insisted on its disagreement and Randall, Holman and Calkins were appointed conferrees.

The senate amendment to Mr. Raymond's

Randall, Holman and Calkins were appointed conferrees.

The senate amendment to Mr. Raymond's bill to create two additional associate justices of Dakota was concurred in by the house Wednesday, the 2nd. The bill will now become a law as soon as it is approved by the president. The amendment gives an additional justice to Washington Territory. This is the second bill Mr. Raymond has passed through both houses. One of them, doubling the number of the legislature of Dakota, is now a law.

The President on Wednesday sent the following nominations to the Senate:—Lebarron B. Colt, Rhode Island, United States Judge First judicial circuit; Charles Cane, Illinois, chief justice of Utah; postmasters, E. L. Evarts, Menomonee, Wis., and Charles W. Howes, Rock Island, Ill.

The senate confirmed the following nominations. Watson C. Squire, Washington territory, governor of Washington territory; Gilbert A. Pierce, Illinois, governor of Dakota; Henry S. Neal, Ohio, solicitor of the treasury; Samuel A. Lasch, Pennsylvania, secretary of New Mexico; David P. B. Pride, Idaho, secretary of Idaho; Jesse W. George, Washington territory; P. Kelly, Oregon, United States marshal of Oregon. Postmasters—Ernst O. Brauns, Tracy, Minn., Henry O. Bassford, Austin, Minn.

In the senate Mr. Van Wyck, committee on public lands, reported favorably the joint resolution prohibiting the secretary of the interior from certifying or patenting any lands to railroad corporations until congress shall have acted upon any bill or report from a committee favoring the forfeiture of such lands.

Mrs. Warren, wife of Bishop Henry W. Warren of Denver, has donated \$100,000 to the Denver university for the establishment of a department of divinity, to be known as the 'Iliff School Divinity," on condition that others endow a single professorship.

#### Telegraphic Summary.

Mrs. Catherine N. Singer died in Brooklyn

The following nominations were sent to the Senate on Friday:

Gilbert A. Pierce of Illinois, governor of Dakota; John H. Kinkead of Nevada, governor of Alaska; Andrew Rolson of Minnesota, receiver of the public moneys, Redwood Falls, Minn.; James M. Armstrong of Washington Territory, register of the land office, Spokane Falls, Wash.; Charles A. Witherell, Nevada, register of the land office, Carson City, New Postnasters—E. O. Brauns, Tracy, Minn.; Henry O. Basford, Austin, Minn.; Jacob Rycord, Jowa City, Jowa; Charles G. Perkins, Onawa, Jowa; W. F. Scott, Mapleton, Iowa, F. B. Southmaid, Alexandria, Dak.; Samuel H. Elrod, Clark, Dak.; John R. James, Columbia, Dak.; John H. Carroll, Desmet, Dak.; N. E. Westoon, Blunt, Dak.; J. D. G. Grippen, Kimball, Dak.; Henry F. Rissing, Redfield, Dak.; David R. Mead, Glendive, Mont.

Conference report in the house on Friday the pension and army bills were agreed to. An unsuccessful attempt was made to consider the Northern Pacific land grant forfeiture bill. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to forfeit the Backbone railroad land grant was finally killed by a vote of 114 to 124. The bill to f

Albertina Anderson was shot at San Francisco by William C. Milton, who then blew his own brains out. The cause was her refusal to

Andrew Long, the wife murderer, was taken from jail at Iona, Mich., and conveyed to Muir for a preliminary examination. The people took him from the officers and got a rope around his neck. The officers by a desperate struggle receued him.

A large painting of Mrs. President Polk, presented by the ladies of Tennessee has been hung in the green room of the White House.

William A. Cook appeared before the Springer committee and characterized certain statements made concerning him by George Bliss as studied, deliberate falsehoods, malignant inventions and perjury.

Postoffice bullitin: Postmasters Commissioned-Hans O. Haukness, Albert Lea, Minn.; John Kellogg Reedsburg, Wis.; Alexander J. Reid, Appleton, Wis.; Trevanion N. Berlin, Castle Hock, Minn. New Offices—Humphrey Wyant, Bloomville, Lincoln county, Wis.

James A. Winston, of the clerk's office at Springfield, who assisted Special Agent Bowman, of the department of justice, in the examination of ex-Marshal Wheeler's accounts, tesination of ex-marshal wheeler's accounts, testified before the Springer committee, but presented no new facts. He places the amount of fraudulent charges made by Wheeler at something more than \$2,000.

The president holds that the legislative power of congress should not be interfered with except for constitutional reasons and to protect the treasury. It has been his inclination to veto the Porter bill, as he feels that its passage is a reflection upon the official act of his predecessor, who was a member of the court, but he does not think he should use the veto

There was great excitement in oil circles at Pittsburg, Pa., occasioned by the failure of Tomas J. Watson, the heaviest dealer on the floor of the exchange. He has been heavily short for some weeks and this forenoon was unable to fulfill a contract for the delivery of 77,000 barrels. His shortage was \$11,000.

Mrs. Langtry has wrestled another \$15,000 in New York real estate.

Yale conferred the degree of LL.D. upon Gov. Hoadly of Ohio, and Ellis H. Roberts, editor of the Utica (N. Y.) Herald.

The Troy Standard editors were fined \$100 each Saturday, for libel in declaring that Lawrence Sheary, the superintendent of streets, has been stealing money from laborers.

The Lindell Hotel association of St. Louis has made an assignment to James L. Huse for the benefit of creditors. The assets and liased of Charles A. Scudder, Henry Ames and J. H. Chassaing.

The T. J. Nottingham Supply company, of Cincinnati, manufacturers of brass goods, iron pipe, etc., has assigned. Liabilities, \$26,000; assets, \$44,000.

Andrew J. O'Dell of East Troy, Wis., was arrested at Geneva Lake, Wis., on Monday, the 23d, charged with an attempted outrage on Miss Susie Ingalls of that village. The allegations are that Miss Ingalls was staying with Mr. O'Dell's people, near East Troy, and that Sunday night young O'Dell attempted the base deed. The girl's cries were heard by Andrew O'Dell's father. The latter armed himself with an ax-helve and went to the room. The son took the helve from his father and beat him over the head. The elder O'Dell died Tuesday the 24th. The son is now in jail at Elkhorn.

Sunday morning the 22d, two Italians, giving the names of Marco and Palidino, were arrested at La Crosse on suspicion. An officer came and took them to Chicago. They are suspect-ed of having robbed a countryman in Balti-more of \$5,500 in money and property.

Intelligence received from Nizhue, Novgorod confirms the reports of a conflict between Christians and Jews at that place last Thursday. A rumor was circulated to the effect that a Jew had kidnapped a Christian child and taken it to the synagogue. A mob attacked the synagogue, and killed ninety-six Jews, while many others were roughly handled. Much damage was done to houses of Jews, many being plundered. The police and a few detachments of Cossack infantry succeeded in restoring order and 150 arrests were made.

Moody says his revival campaign in London has been eminently successful. Something like 400 meetings were held in eleven districts, at 400 meetings were held in eleven districts, at which a million and a half persons were present. All classes of society were reached and influenced. The number of persons converted will reach into the thousands, among them several pronounced sceptics. Two large halls are now in process of building at Stratford and Wadsworth to continue the work begun there. The cost of the mission is £15,000. Moody expects to sail with his family and Pentecost and Stebbins for New York on the steamship Oregon, which leaves Liverpool July 12.

The president received the resignation of Judge Drummond, of the Seventh judicial circuit, and directed Attorney General Brewster to accept it. Judge Drummond writes that having reached the age of seventy-five, and being enfeebled by his years, he desires to avail himself of the privilege of the law which entitles him to retirerent from the bench, and asks the president to nominate his successor at his earliest convenience. There is very little doubt of the appointment of Postmaster Gen-eral Gresham as Drummond's successor.

Joseph Johnson skipped from Wilmington, Del., with \$5,000.